

Study plan

Name of study plan: Cybernetics and Robotics - Systems and Control

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering
 Department: Department of Control Engineering
 Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Systems and Control
 Garantor of the study branch: prof. Ing. Michael Šebek, DrSc.
 Program of study: Cybernetics and Robotics
 Type of study: Follow-up master full-time
 Required credits: 96
 Elective courses credits: 24
 Sum of credits in the plan: 120
 Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program
 Minimal number of credits of the block: 66
 The role of the block: P

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRDIP
 Name of the group: Diploma Thesis
 Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 30 credits
 Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 1 course
 Credits in the group: 30
 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BDIP30	Diploma Thesis	Z	30	22s	L	P

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MKYRDIP Name=Diploma Thesis

BDIP30	Diploma Thesis				Z	30
Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination.						

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRP
 Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the programme
 Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 36 credits
 Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 5 courses
 Credits in the group: 36
 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
B3M33ARO	Autonomous Robotics Vojtěch Vonásek, Karel Zimmermann, Václav Hlavá Karel Zimmermann Karel Zimmermann (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	3P+2L	L	P
B3M38DIT	Diagnostics and Testing Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	3P+2L	L	P
B3M35LSY	Linear Systems Petr Hušek Petr Hušek Petr Hušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	8	4P+2C	Z	P
B3MPROJ8	Project Petr Pošík, Drahomíra Hejtmánová, Martin Hlinovský, Jaroslava Matjková, Tomáš Svoboda, Martin Šipoš, Jana Zichová	Z	8	0p+6s	Z	P
B3MPVT	Martin Šipoš, Tomáš Drábek Pavel Burget Tomáš Drábek (Gar.)	KZ	6	0P+4S	L	P

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MKYRP Name=Compulsory subjects of the programme

B3M33ARO	Autonomous Robotics	Z,ZK	7
The subject teaches principles allowing to build/explore robots perceiving surrounding world and understanding activities in it including the abilities to modify it. Various architectures of robots with cognitive abilities and their realizations will be explained. Students will experiment with cognitive robots in practical assignments. Studied material is applicable more widely while building intelligent machines.			
B3M38DIT	Diagnostics and Testing	Z,ZK	7
B3M35LSY	Linear Systems	Z,ZK	8
The purpose of this course is to introduce mathematical tools for the description, analysis, and partly also synthesis, of dynamical systems. The focus will be on linear time-invariant multi-input multi-output systems and their properties such as stability, controllability, observability and state realization. State feedback, state estimation, and the design of stabilizing controllers will be explained in detail. Partially covered will be also time-varying and nonlinear systems. Some of the tools introduced in this course are readily applicable to engineering problems such as the analysis of controllability and observability in the design of flexible space structures, the design of state feedback in aircraft control, and the estimation of state variables. The main motivation, however, is to pave the way for the advanced courses of the study program. The prerequisites for this course include undergraduate level linear algebra, differential equations, and Laplace and z transforms.			
B3MPROJ8	Project	Z	8
B3MPVT		KZ	6

Name of the block: Compulsory courses of the specialization

Minimal number of credits of the block: 24

The role of the block: PO

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRPO3

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the branch

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 24 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 5 courses

Credits in the group: 24

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
B3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control Networks <i>Kristian Hengster-Movric Zden k Hurák Michael Šebek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PO
B3M35NES	Nonlinear Systems and Chaos <i>Sergej elikovský Sergej elikovský (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PO
B3M35OFD	Estimation, filtering and detection <i>Vladimír Havlena Martin Hromík Vladimír Havlena (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PO
B3M35ORR	Optimal and robust control <i>Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PO
B3M35SDU	Discrete Event Systems <i>Pavel Burget Pavel Burget Pavel Burget (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PO

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MKYRPO3 Name=Compulsory subjects of the branch

B3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control Networks	Z,ZK	6
The course offers a response to the increasing demand for understanding of networks - large-scale and complex dynamical systems that are created by interconnecting components and subsystems. We will not restrict ourselves to one physical or technological domain. Quite the opposite, we will analyze the network-related phenomena found in several domains, including societal, economic, or biological. We will analyze the fundamental similarities among flight control of formations of unmanned aerial vehicles, tight distance regulation in platoons of trucks on highways, generation and distribution of energy in smart grids, realization of a phone call in a cellular phone network, manipulation of a community through Facebook, or even forecasting the epidemics spread over a globe. For such networks, the resulting behavior is given not only by the individual components and subsystems but also by the way in which they are interconnected (topology of the network). Understanding these issues goes far beyond the boundaries of individual physical and technological or scientific domains. In the first part of the course we will introduce fundamental theoretical and computational concepts for analysis of networks, in particular, we will introduce basics of algebraic graph theory and network algorithms. In the second half of the course we will view the network as a dynamic system and we will study its properties and the ways in which these properties can be affected (controlled). We will use the methodologies from the automatic control theory. Finally, we will introduce some interesting tools for analysis and synthesis of networked systems such as wave and scattering description and distributed optimization.			
B3M35NES	Nonlinear Systems and Chaos	Z,ZK	6
The goal of this course is to introduce basics of the modern approaches to the theory and applications of nonlinear control. Fundamental difference when dealing with nonlinear systems control compared with linear case is that the state space approach prevails. Indeed, the frequency response approach is almost useless in nonlinear control. State space models are based mainly on ordinary differential equations, therefore, an introduction to solving these equations is part of the course. More importantly, the qualitative methods for ordinary differential equations will be presented, among them Lyapunov stability theory is crucial. More specifically, the focus will be on Lyapunov function method enabling to analyse stability of nonlinear systems, not only that of linear ones. Furthermore, stabilization desing methods will be studied in detail, among them the so-called control Lyapunov function concept and related backstepping method. Special stress will be, nevertheless, given by this course to introduce and study methods how to transform complex nonlinear models to simpler forms where more standard linear methods would be applicable. Such an approach is usually referred to as the so-called exact nonlinearity compensation. Contrary to the well-known approximate linearization this method does not ignore nonlinearities but compensates them up to the best possible extent. The course introduces some interesting case studies as well, e.g. the planar vertical take off and landing plane ("planar VTOL"), or a simple 2-dimensional model of the walking robot.			
B3M35OFD	Estimation, filtering and detection	Z,ZK	6
This course will cover description of the uncertainty of hidden variables (parameters and state of a dynamic system) using the probability language and methods for their estimation. Based on bayesian problem formulation principles of rational behavior under uncertainty will be analyzed and used to develop algorithms for parameter estimations (ARX models, Gaussian process regression), filtering (Kalman filter) and detection (likelihood ratio theory) . We will demonstrate numerically robust implementation of the algorithms applicable in real life problems for the areas of industrial process control, robotics and avionics.			

B3M35ORR	Optimal and robust control	Z,ZK	6
<p>This advanced course will be focused on design methods for optimal and robust control. Major emphasis will be put on practical computational skills and realistically complex problem assignments. The unifying concept is that of minimization of some optimization criterion. The properties of the resulting controller depend upon which criterion is minimized. Minimizing the popular integral-of-square-of criterion seeks a trade-off between a regulation error and a control effort. The modern theory introduces the concept of a system norm. Minimizing the H2 norm generalizes the classical LQ/LQG control. Minimizing the Hinf norm gives a controller which is robust (insensitive) to inaccuracies in the mathematical model of the system. The mu-synthesis is then an extension of Hinf methodology for systems with structured uncertainty. Hence robust control can be viewed as an offspring of the powerful paradigm of optimal control. The presented optimization-based control design can be solved either offline, or online. In the latter case the optimization can be done by invoking some nonlinear programming solver in every sampling period. This is the essence of model predictive control, which will be briefly introduced in this course. Also included in this course will be methods for time optimal and suboptimal control, which have already been found useful in applications with stringent timing requirements. In addition, semidefinite optimization and linear matrix inequalities will be introduced as these constitute a very flexible framework both for analysis and for numerical computation in robust control. Finally, computational methods for reduction of model and controller order will be covered in the course.</p>			
B3M35SDU	Discrete Event Systems	Z,ZK	6
<p>Discrete event systems (DES) will be defined formally regarding their description and modelling. Students will learn to understand and use several ways of DES modelling and verification. The acquired knowledge will be evaluated at real (in most cases) industrial applications.</p>			

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 6

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRPV3

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the programme

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 6 credits (at most 90)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 1 course (at most 15)

Credits in the group: 6

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
B3M38INA	Integrated Avionics <i>Martin Šipoš Martin Šipoš</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV
B3M37KIN	Space Engineering <i>Kristian Hengster-Movric, René Hudec, Stanislav Vítek, Martin Hromík, Pavel Ková, Martin Urban Stanislav Vítek René Hudec (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M37LRS	Aeronautical radio systems <i>Pavel Ková Pavel Ková Pavel Ková (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M33MKR	Mobile and Collective Robotics <i>Libor P e u il, Miroslav Kulich Miroslav Kulich Libor P e u il (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M38MSE	Modern Sensors <i>Antonín Platil, Pavel Ripka Antonín Platil Pavel Ripka (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M33PRO	Advanced robotics <i>Zuzana Kúkelová, Tomáš Pajdla Tomáš Pajdla Tomáš Pajdla (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
B3M35PSR	Real -Time Systems Programming <i>Michal Sojka Michal Sojka</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
B3M33PIS	Industrial Information Systems <i>Petr Kadera, Václav Jirkovský, Jiří Vyskočil Petr Kadera Petr Kadera (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
B3M38PSL	Aircraft Avionics <i>Jan Rohá Jan Rohá Jan Rohá (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M38SPD	Data Acquisition and Transfer <i>Radislav Šmíd, Jan V elák Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M35SRL	Flight Control Systems <i>Martin Hromík Martin Hromík Martin Hromík (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M33UI	Artificial Intelligence <i>Petr Pošík, Radek Mařík Petr Pošík Petr Pošík (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PV
B3M38VBM	Videometry and Contactless Measurement <i>Jan Fischer Jan Fischer Jan Fischer (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
B3M38VIN	Virtual Instrumentation <i>Antonín Platil, Jaroslav Roztočil Antonín Platil Antonín Platil (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV
B3M38ZDS	Analog Signal Processing and Digitalization <i>Josef Vedral, Jan Holub Josef Vedral Josef Vedral (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MKYRPV3 Name=Compulsory subjects of the programme

B3M38INA	Integrated Avionics	Z,ZK	6
<p>Integrated Modular Avionics (IMA) course focuses on the latest concept used to the development and design of aircraft electronics (avionics), which is building on software units instead of a distributed hardware systems. The IMA concept uses high-speed data links to exchange data in scheduled air transport services. The current regulatory basis and shared airspace define the requirements for accuracy, reliability and functionality of electronic systems and their behavior in case of a failure. Students will learn the details regarding the requirements of the safety-critical multi-sensor systems, methods of data processing of overdetermined systems, fault detection algorithms, the method of primary/secondary system switching of a control system in parallel architectures, data bus technologies and methods of avionics testing/certification.</p>			

B3M37KIN	Space Engineering	Z,ZK	6
The subject acquaints students with the basics of physics of the space environment and the technologies used in space systems, satellites, spacecrafts and launchers and methods used for the design and preparation of space missions. Subject matter includes a detailed description of the instrumentation of satellites and spacecrafts and its resistance to external influences of the space environment, and analysis of instruments and systems for spacecrafts and methods of their testing. It provides a basic overview of the trajectories of spacecrafts and their applications. The course also covers optoelectronics in space systems, sensors used, their modeling and description. It discusses the principles of underlying calculations, simulations and their processing.			
B3M37LRS	Aeronautical radio systems	Z,ZK	6
The course introduces students to the aeronautical radio engineering, aeronautical analogue, digital and satellite communication systems, aeronautical radio navigation including satellites navigation, primary secondary and passive radiolocation. The course gets students theoretical and practical knowledge of the operation of the aeronautical radio systems and their integration to the aircraft systems.			
B3M33MKR	Mobile and Collective Robotics	Z,ZK	6
The course introduces a basic mobile robot structure design together with control methods aimed to achieve autonomous and collective behaviors for robots. Methods and tools for data acquisition and processing are presented herein with the overall goal to resolve the task of autonomous navigation for mobile robots comprising the tasks of sensor fusion, environmental modeling including Simultaneous Localization And Mapping (SLAM) approaches. Besides sensor-processing related tasks, methods for robot trajectory planning will be introduced. The central topic of the course stands in specific usage of the afore methods capable of execution with groups of robots and taking the advantage of their cooperation and coordination in groups. Labs and seminars are organized in a form of an Open Laboratory whereas the students will implement some fundamental algorithms and study their properties on real data.			
B3M38MSE	Modern Sensors	Z,ZK	6
An overview of sensors of physical quantities used in industry and in research and methods of signal processing.			
B3M33PRO	Advanced robotics	Z,ZK	6
We will explain and demonstrate techniques for modelling, analyzing and identifying robot kinematics. We will explain more advanced principles of the representation of motion in space and the robot descriptions suitable for identification of kinematic parameters from measured data. We will explain how to solve the inverse kinematic task of 6DOF serial manipulators and how it can be used to identify its kinematic parameters. Theory will be demonstrated on simulated tasks and verified on a real industrial robot.			
B3M35PSR	Real -Time Systems Programming	Z,ZK	6
The goal of this course is to provide students with basic knowledge about software development for real-time systems, for example in control and embedded applications. The focus is on embedded systems equipped with a real-time operating system (RTOS). Lectures will cover real-time systems theory, which can be used to formally verify timing correctness of such systems. Another set of lectures will introduce methods and techniques used for development of safety-critical systems, whose failure may have catastrophic consequences. During labs, students will first solve a few simple tasks to familiarize themselves with basic components of VxWorks RTOS and to benchmark the used OS and hardware (Xilinx Zynq). The obtained metrics represent the typical criteria for assessing the suitability of a given platform for the given application. After the simple tasks, students will solve a complex task of time-critical motion control application which will require full utilization of RTOS features. All the tasks at the labs will be implemented in C (or C++) language.			
B3M33PIS	Industrial Information Systems	Z,ZK	6
The aim of this course is to provide students with the necessary set of skills essential for the design and management of modern production systems. In the first part of the course, the students will learn about methods of modeling and simulation of discrete production systems. Students will then gain insight into methods for data analysis to optimize the production as well as into methods for process mining. The final part of the course deals with methods of data and knowledge modeling, which are necessary for explicit capture and machine utilization of information and knowledge about production.			
B3M38PSL	Aircraft Avionics	Z,ZK	6
The subject is focused into a field of aircraft avionics including principles, sensors, measurement and evaluation systems and signal/data processing methods. The subject goes into details of studied systems, i.e. engine and aircraft monitoring systems, power systems, pressure-based systems, low-frequency navigation means, and flight recorders. The subject introduces currently used technology and methodology on aircraft and thus serves to understand fundamentals of avionics. Inertial navigation systems are discussed in more details as well as their aiding systems and sensors. The course focuses on both small and large aircraft as well as on UAV suited avionics.			
B3M38SPD	Data Acquisition and Transfer	Z,ZK	6
The aim of the course is to acquaint students with principles and limits of data transmission from sensors and similar sources of information for IoT and M2M, wireless sensor networks and specific algorithms, respecting the limiting conditions of their function. The basic algorithms of distributed information processing in sensor networks, as well as technology for energy harvesting for powering the wireless nodes of the network, will be studied.			
B3M35SRL	Flight Control Systems	Z,ZK	6
The course is devoted to classical and modern control design techniques for autopilots and flight control systems. Particular levels are discussed, starting with the dampers attitude angle stabilizers, to guidance and navigation systems. Next to the design itself, important aspects of aircraft modelling, both as a rigid body and considering flexibility of the structure, are discussed.			
B3M33UI	Artificial Intelligence	Z,ZK	6
The course deepens and enriches knowledge of AI gained in the bachelor course Cybernetics and Artificial Intelligence. Students will get an overview of other methods used in AI, and will get a hands-on experience with some of them. They will master other required abilities to build intelligent agents. By applying new models, they will reiterate the basic principles of machine learning, techniques to evaluate models, and methods for overfitting prevention. They will learn about planning and scheduling tasks, and about methods used to solve them. Student will also get acquainted with the basics of probabilistic graphical models, Bayesian networks and Markov models, and will learn their applications. Part of the course will introduce students to the area of again populat neural networks, with an emphasis to new methods for deep learning.			
B3M38VBM	Videometry and Contactless Measurement	Z,ZK	6
This course focuses on CCD and CMOS video sensors, and optoelectronic sensors in general and their use in contactless videometric measurement systems. Further optical radiation, its features, behavior and its use for acquiring object parameters, optical projection system, design of measurement cameras and processing of their signal will be presented. Students will design, realize and debug an independent project - 'Optoelectronic reflective sensor', during labs.			
B3M38VIN	Virtual Instrumentation	Z,ZK	6
B3M38ZDS	Analog Signal Processing and Digitalization	Z,ZK	6

Name of the block: Elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: V

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRH

Name of the group: Humanities subjects

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
B0M16FI2	Philosophy 2	Z,ZK	4	2P+2S	L	v
B0M16HT2	History of science and technology 2 Marcela Efmertová Marcela Efmertová Marcela Efmertová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2S	L	v
B0M16HSD	History of economy and social studies Marcela Efmertová	Z,ZK	4	2P+2S	L	v
B0M16MPS	Psychology Jan Fiala Jan Fiala Jan Fiala (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2S	Z,L	v
B0M16TE1	Theology Vladimír Sláma ka Vladimír Sláma ka Vladimír Sláma ka (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2S	L	v
A003TV	Physical Education	Z	2	0+2	L,Z	v

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MKYRH Name=Humanities subjects

B0M16FI2	Philosophy 2 The course is oriented on the transdisciplinary aspects of philosophy, informatics, physics, mathematics and biology.	Z,ZK	4
B0M16HT2	History of science and technology 2 This subject traces historical developments in electrical engineering branches in the world and in the Czech Lands. Its ultimate goal is to stimulate students' interest in the history and traditions of the subject, while highlighting the developments in technical education and professional organizations, the process of shaping scientific life and the influence of technical engineers	Z,ZK	4
B0M16HSD	History of economy and social studies This subject deals with the history of the Czech society in the 19th - 21th centuries. It follows the forming of the Czech political representation, its aims and achieved results as well as the social and cultural development and coexistence of the various ethnical groups in the Czech countries.	Z,ZK	4
B0M16MPS	Psychology	Z,ZK	4
B0M16TE1	Theology This subject provides to students the basic orientation in christian theology and requires no special previous education. After short philosophic lecture the basic theologic disciplines are gone through. The subject is determined not only to believer students who want to know the reliable theologic grounding but also above all to ones who want to get know Christianity - religion from which grows our civilization up.	Z,ZK	4
A003TV	Physical Education	Z	2

Code of the group: MTV

Name of the group: T lesná výchova

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
TVV	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TV-V1	Physical education	Z	1	0+2	Z,L	v
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0	7dní	L	v
TVKZV	Physical Education Course	Z	0	7dní	Z	v

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=MTV Name=T lesná výchova

TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0
TV-V1	Physical education	Z	1
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVKZV	Physical Education Course	Z	0

Code of the group: 2015_MKYRVOL

Name of the group: Elective subjects

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

~Nabídku volitelných předmětů uspořádaných podle kateder najdete na webových stránkách
<http://www.fel.cvut.cz/cz/education/volitelne-predmety.html>

List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
A003TV	Physical Education	Z	2
B0M16FI2	Philosophy 2 The course is oriented on the transdisciplinary aspects of philosophy, informatics, physics, mathematics and biology.	Z,ZK	4
B0M16HSD	History of economy and social studies This subject deals with the history of the Czech society in the 19th - 21th centuries. It follows the forming of the Czech political representation, its aims and achieved results as well as the social and cultural development and coexistence of the various ethnical groups in the Czech countries.	Z,ZK	4
B0M16HT2	History of science and technology 2 This subject traces historical developments in electrical engineering branches in the world and in the Czech Lands. Its ultimate goal is to stimulate students' interest in the history and traditions of the subject, while highlighting the developments in technical education and professional organizations, the process of shaping scientific life and the influence of technical engineers	Z,ZK	4
B0M16MPS	Psychology	Z,ZK	4
B0M16TE1	Theology This subject provides to students the basic orientation in christian theology and requires no special previous education. After short philosophic lecture the basic theologic disciplines are gone through. The subject is determined not only to believer students who want to know the reliable theologic grounding but also above all to ones who want to get know Christianity - religion from which grows our civilization up.	Z,ZK	4
B3M33ARO	Autonomous Robotics The subject teaches principles allowing to build/explore robots perceiving surrounding world and understanding activities in it including the abilities to modify it. Various architectures of robots with cognitive abilities and their realizations will be explained. Students will experiment with cognitive robots in practical assignments. Studied material is applicable more widely while building intelligent machines.	Z,ZK	7
B3M33MKR	Mobile and Collective Robotics The course introduces a basic mobile robot structure design together with control methods aimed to achieve autonomous and collective behaviors for robots. Methods and tool s for data acquisition and processing are presented herein with the overall goal to resolve the task of autonomous navigation for mobile robots comprising the tasks of sensor fusion, environmental modeling including Simultaneous Localization And Mapping (SLAM) approaches. Besides sensor-processing related tasks, methods for robot trajectory planning will be introduced. The central topic of the course stands in specific usage of the afore methods capable of execution with groups of robots and taking the advantage of their cooperation and coordination in groups. Labs and seminars are organized in a form of an Open Laboratory whereas the students will implement some fundamental algorithms and study their properties on real data.	Z,ZK	6
B3M33PIS	Industrial Information Systems The aim of this course is to provide students with the necessary set of skills essential for the design and management of modern production systems. In the first part of the course, the students will learn about methods of modeling and simulation of discrete production systems. Students will then gain insight into methods for data analysis to optimize the production as well as into methods for process mining. The final part of the course deals with methods of data and knowledge modeling, which are necessary for explicit capture and machine utilization of information and knowledge about production.	Z,ZK	6
B3M33PRO	Advanced robotics We will explain and demonstrate techniques for modelling, analyzing and identifying robot kinematics. We will explain more advanced principles of the representation of motion in space and the robot descriptions suitable for identification of kinematic parameters from measured data. We will explain how to solve the inverse kinematic task of 6DOF serial manipulators and how it can be used to identify its kinematic parameters. Theory will be demonstrated on simulated tasks and verified on a real industrial robot.	Z,ZK	6
B3M33UI	Artificial Intelligence The course deepens and enriches knowledge of AI gained in the bachelor course Cybernetics and Artificial Intelligence. Students will get an overview of other methods used in AI, and will get a hands-on experience with some of them. They will master other required abilities to build intelligent agents. By applying new models, they will reiterate the basic principles of machine learning, techniques to evaluate models, and methods for overfitting prevention. They will learn about planning and scheduling tasks, and about methods used to solve them. Student will also get acquainted with the basics of probabilistic graphical models, Bayesian networks and Markov models, and will learn their applications. Part of the course will introduce students to the area of again populat neural networks, with an emphasis to new methods for deep learning.	Z,ZK	6
B3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control Networks The course offers a response to the increasing demand for understanding of networks - large-scale and complex dynamical systems that are created by interconnecting components and subsystems. We will not restrict ourselves to one physical or technological domain. Quite the opposite, we will analyze the network-related phenomena found in several domains, including societal, economic, or biological. We will analyze the fundamental similarities among flight control of formations of unmanned aerial vehicles, tigh distance regulation in platoons of trucks on highways, generation and distribution of energy in smart grids, realization of a phone call in a cellular phone network, manipulation of a community through Facebook, or even forecasting the epidemics spread over a globe. For such networks, the resulting behavior is given not only by the individual components and subsystems but also by the way in which they are interconnected (topology of the network). Understanding these issues goes far beyond the boundaries of individual physical and technological or scientific domains. In the first part of the course we will introduce fundamental theoretical and computational concepts for analysis of networks, in particular, we will introduce basics of algebraic graph theory and network algorithms. In the second half of the course we will view the network as a dynamic system and we will study its properties and the ways in which these properties can be affected (controlled). We will use the methodologies from the automatic control theory. Finally, we will introduce some interesting tools for analysis and synthesis of networked systems such as wave and scattering description and distributed optimization.	Z,ZK	6
B3M35LSY	Linear Systems The purpose of this course is to introduce mathematical tools for the description, analysis, and partly also synthesis, of dynamical systems. The focus will be on linear time-invariant multi-input multi-output systems and their properties such as stability, controllability, observability and state realization. State feedback, state estimation, and the design of stabilizing controllers will be explained in detail. Partially covered will be also time-varying and nonlinear systems. Some of the tools introduced in this course are readily applicable to engineering problems such as the analysis of controllability and observability in the design of flexible space structures, the design of state feedback in aircraft control, and the estimation of state variables. The main motivation, however, is to pave the way for the advanced courses of the study program. The prerequisites for this course include undergraduate level linear algebra, differential equations, and Laplace and z transforms.	Z,ZK	8
B3M35NES	Nonlinear Systems and Chaos The goal of this course is to introduce basics of the modern approaches to the theory and applications of nonlinear control. Fundamental difference when dealing with nonlinear systems control compared with linear case is that the state space approach prevails. Indeed, the frequency response approach is almost useless in nonlinear control. State space models are based mainly on ordinary differential equations, therefore, an introduction to solving these equations is part of the course. More importantly, the qualitative methods for ordinary differential	Z,ZK	6

equations will be presented, among them Lyapunov stability theory is crucial. More specifically, the focus will be on Lyapunov function method enabling to analyse stability of nonlinear systems, not only that of linear ones. Furthermore, stabilization desing methods will be studied in detail, among them the so-called control Lyapunov function concept and related backstepping method. Special stress will be, nevertheless, given by this course to introduce and study methods how to transform complex nonlinear models to simpler forms where more standard linear methods would be applicable. Such an approach is usually refered to as the so-called exact nonlinearity compensation. Contrary to the well-known approximate linearization this method does not ignore nonlinearities but compensates them up to the best possible extent. The course introduces some interesting case studies as well, e.g. the planar vertical take off and landing plane ("planar VTOL"), or a simple 2-dimensional model of the walking robot.

B3M35OFD	Estimation, filtering and detection	Z,ZK	6
This course will cover description of the uncertainty of hidden variables (parameters and state of a dynamic system) using the probability language and methods for their estimation. Based on bayesian problem formulation principles of rational behavior under uncertainty will be analyzed and used to develop algorithms for parameter estimations (ARX models, Gaussian process regression), filtering (Kalman filter) and detection (likelihood ratio theory) . We will demonstrate numerically robust implementation of the algorithms applicable in real life problems for the areas of industrial process control, robotics and avionics.			
B3M35ORR	Optimal and robust control	Z,ZK	6
This advanced course will be focused on design methods for optimal and robust control. Major emphasis will be put on practical computational skills and realistically complex problem assignments. The unifying concept is that of minimization of some optimization criterion. The properties of the resulting controller depend upon which criterion is minimized. Minimizing the popular integral-of-square-of criterion seeks a trade-off between a regulation error and a control effort. The modern theory introduces the concept of a system norm. Minimizing the H2 norm generalizes the classical LQ/LQG control. Minimizing the Hinf norm gives a controller which is robust (insensitive) to inaccuracies in the mathematical model of the system. The mu-synthesis is then an extension of Hinf methodology for systems with structured uncertainty. Hence robust control can be viewed as an offspring of the powerful paradigm of optimal control. The presented optimization-based control design can be solved either offline, or online. In the latter case the optimization can be done by invoking some nonlinear programming solver in every sampling period. This is the essence of model predictive control, which will be briefly introduced in this course. Also included in this course will be methods for time optimal and suboptimal control, which have already been found useful in applications with stringent timing requirements. In addition, semidefinite optimization and linear matrix inequalities will be introduced as these constitute a very flexible framework both for analysis and for numerical computation in robust control. Finally, computational methods for reduction of model and controller order will be covered in the course.			
B3M35PSR	Real -Time Systems Programming	Z,ZK	6
The goal of this course is to provide students with basic knowledge about software development for real-time systems, for example in control and embedded applications. The focus is on embedded systems equipped with a real-time operating system (RTOS). Lectures will cover real-time systems theory, which can be used to formally verify timing correctness of such systems. Another set of lectures will introduce methods and techniques used for development of safety-critical systems, whose failure may have catastrophic consequences. During labs, students will first solve a few simple tasks to familiarize themselves with basic components of VxWorks RTOS and to benchmark the used OS and hardware (Xilinx Zynq). The obtained metrics represent the typical criteria for assessing the suitability of a given platform for the given application. After the simple tasks, students will solve a complex task of time-critical motion control application which will require full utilization of RTOS features. All the tasks at the labs will be implemented in C (or C++) language.			
B3M35SDU	Discrete Event Systems	Z,ZK	6
Discrete event systems (DES) will be defined formally regarding their description and modelling. Students will learn to understand and use several ways of DES modelling and verification. The acquired knowledge will be evaluated at real (in most cases) industrial applications.			
B3M35SRL	Flight Control Systems	Z,ZK	6
The course is devoted to classical and modern control design techniques for autopilots and flight control systems. Particular levels are discussed, starting with the dampers attitude angle stabilizers, to guidance and navigation systems. Next to the design itself, important aspects of aircraft modelling, both as a rigid body and considering flexibility of the structure, are discussed.			
B3M37KIN	Space Engineering	Z,ZK	6
The subject acquaints students with the basics of physics of the space environment and the technologies used in space systems, satellites, spacecrafts and launchers and methods used for the design and preparation of space missions. Subject matter includes a detailed description of the instrumentation of satellites and spacecrafts and its resistance to external influences of the space environment, and analysis of instruments and systems for spacecrafts and methods of their testing. It provides a basic overview of the trajectories of spacecrafts and their applications. The course also covers optoelectronics in space systems, sensors used, their modeling and description. It discusses the principles of underlying calculations, simulations and their processing.			
B3M37LRS	Aeronautical radio systems	Z,ZK	6
The course introduces students to the aeronautical radio engineering, aeronautical analogue, digital and satellite communication systems, aeronautical radio navigation including satellites navigation, primary secondary and passive radiolocation. The course gets students theoretical and practical knowledge of the operation of the aeronautical radio systems and their integration to the aircraft systems.			
B3M38DIT	Diagnostics and Testing	Z,ZK	7
B3M38INA	Integrated Avionics	Z,ZK	6
Integrated Modular Avionics (IMA) course focuses on the latest concept used to the development and design of aircraft electronics (avionics), which is building on software units instead of a distributed hardware systems. The IMA concept uses high-speed data links to exchange data in scheduled air transport services. The current regulatory basis and shared airspace define the requirements for accuracy, reliability and functionality of electronic systems and their behavior in case of a failure. Students will learn the details regarding the requirements of the safety-critical multi-sensor systems, methods of data processing of overdetermined systems, fault detection algorithms, the method of primary/secondary system switching of a control system in parallel architectures, data bus technologies and methods of avionics testing/certification.			
B3M38MSE	Modern Sensors	Z,ZK	6
An overview of sensors of physical quantities used in industry and in research and methods of signal processing.			
B3M38PSL	Aircraft Avionics	Z,ZK	6
The subject is focused into a field of aircraft avionics including principles, sensors, measurement and evaluation systems and signal/data processing methods. The subject goes into details of studied systems, i.e. engine and aircraft monitoring systems, power systems, pressure-based systems, low-frequency navigation means, and flight recorders. The subject introduces currently used technology and methodology on aircraft and thus serves to understand fundamentals of avionics. Inertial navigation systems are discussed in more details as well as their aiding systems and sensors. The course focuses on both small and large aircraft as well as on UAV suited avionics.			
B3M38SPD	Data Acquisition and Transfer	Z,ZK	6
The aim of the course is to acquaint students with principles and limits of data transmission from sensors and similar sources of information for IoT and M2M, wireless sensor networks and specific algorithms, respecting the limiting conditions of their function. The basic algorithms of distributed information processing in sensor networks, as well as technology for energy harvesting for powering the wireless nodes of the network, will be studied.			
B3M38VBM	Videometry and Contactless Measurement	Z,ZK	6
This course focuses on CCD and CMOS video sensors, and optoelectronic sensors in general and their use in contactless videometric measurement systems. Further optical radiation, its features, behavior and its use for acquiring object parameters, optical projection system, design of measurement cameras and processing of their signal will be presented. Students will design, realize and debug an independent project - 'Optoelectronic reflective sensor', during labs.			
B3M38VIN	Virtual Instrumentation	Z,ZK	6
B3M38ZDS	Analog Signal Processing and Digitalization	Z,ZK	6
B3MPROJ8	Project	Z	8
B3MPVT		KZ	6

BDIP30	Diploma Thesis	Z	30
Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination.			
TV-V1	Physical education	Z	1
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVKZV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html>

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