

Study plan

Name of study plan: Electronics and Communications - Radio and Optical technology

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering

Department: Department of Radioelectronics

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Radio and Optical Technology

Garantor of the study branch:

Program of study: Electronics and Communications

Type of study: Follow-up master full-time

Required credits: 109

Elective courses credits: 11

Sum of credits in the plan: 120

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program

Minimal number of credits of the block: 67

The role of the block: P

Code of the group: 2015_MEKEP2

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the programme

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 42 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 7 courses

Credits in the group: 42

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|--|------------|---------|---------|----------|------|
| BE2M17ANT | Antennas Pavel Hazdra, Miloš Mazánek, Hynek Bártilík, Jan Kraek Jan Kraek Miloš Mazánek (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | L | P |
| BE2M37ART | Architecture of Radio Receivers and Transmitters Josef Dobeš, Pavel Ková Karel Ulovec Pavel Ková (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | P |
| BE2M37DKM | Digital Communications Pavel Puri er, Jan Sýkora Pavel Puri er Jan Sýkora (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 3P+1C | Z | P |
| BE2M17VOT | Fiber Optic Technology Stanislav Zvánovec, Mat j Komanec, Jan Šístek Stanislav Zvánovec Stanislav Zvánovec (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | P |
| BE2M32MKS | Mobile Networks | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2L | Z,L | P |
| B2MPROJ6 | Project Jan Šístek, Ji í Jakovenko, Pavel Máša, Ivan Pravda, František Rund, Lubor Jirásek, Tomáš Zeman, Ladislav Oppl František Rund František Rund (Gar.) | Z | 6 | 0p+6s | | P |
| BE2M17SBS | Wave Propagation for Wireless Links Miloš Mazánek, Jan Kraek, Pavel Pecha Jan Kraek Pavel Pecha (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | L | P |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MEKEP2 Name=Compulsory subjects of the programme

| | | | |
|--|--|------|---|
| BE2M17ANT | Antennas | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Student will get strong knowledge about theory of electromagnetic field radiation and basic principles of antenna design. Methods of analysis are demonstrated on various types of antennas and their arrays. Seminars are both theoretical (analytical and numerical calculation using MATLAB and EM simulators CST) and practical (measurement of antenna parameters). | | | |
| BE2M37ART | Architecture of Radio Receivers and Transmitters | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject deals with the architecture of the radio receivers and transmitters and software radio. The student s familiarize with the design and the modern methods of optimization of the radio receivers and transmitters' functional blocks and with the phenomena related with frequency conversion, noise sources and noise analyses. They learn conceptual radio receiver and transmitter design, including the level and frequency plans and their optimization. The course also deals with the digital signal processing blocks of the modern radio receivers and their practical implementation. | | | |
| BE2M37DKM | Digital Communications | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides fundamentals of digital communications theory: modulation, classical coding, channel models, and basic principles of decoding. The exposition is systematically built along the theoretical lines which allow to reveal all inner connections and principles. This allows students to develop the knowledge and use it in an active way in a design and construction of the communication systems. The course provides a necessary fundamental background for subsequent more advanced communications theory courses. | | | |
| BE2M17VOT | Fiber Optic Technology | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim of the course is to introduce mechanisms of propagation of optical waves in optical fibers and fiber components. Furthermore, the optical measuring techniques and measuring methods for the characterization of optical fibers will be presented. Lectures include both the design and methodology of measuring transmission parameters for optical communication systems such as numerical aperture, attenuation, dispersion, and measurement of basic characteristics of active and passive elements of optical communication systems - connectors, splices, couplers, refractive indices etc. | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|---|
| BE2M32MKS | Mobile Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The lectures introduce principles and functionalities of mobile networks with special focus on currently deployed technologies and future mobile networks. Furthermore, architecture and fundamental principles of GSM, UMTS, LTE and LTE-A will be explained. Then, selected key technologies for future mobile networks (e.g., 5G) will be explained. | | | |
| B2MPROJ6 | Project | Z | 6 |
| Independent work in the form of a project. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The project will be defended within the framework of a subject. Project list http://www.fel.cvut.cz/en/education/semestral-projects.html | | | |
| BE2M17SBS | Wave Propagation for Wireless Links | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim of the course is to study the wireless transmission channel in real environments focusing on wave propagation for planning of terrestrial and satellite wireless links. The syllabus includes both deeper theoretical foundations of radio wave propagation in the atmosphere as well as ITU-R design procedures for terrestrial and satellite, fixed and mobile communications in various frequency bands. | | | |

Code of the group: 2015_MEKDIP

Name of the group: Diploma Thesis

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 25 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 1 course

Credits in the group: 25

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|--------|---|------------|---------|-------|----------|------|
| BDIP25 | Diploma Thesis | Z | 25 | 22s | L | P |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MEKDIP Name=Diploma Thesis

| | | | |
|---|----------------|---|----|
| BDIP25 | Diploma Thesis | Z | 25 |
| Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination. | | | |

Name of the block: Compulsory courses of the specialization

Minimal number of credits of the block: 42

The role of the block: PO

Code of the group: 2015_MEKEPO2

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the branch

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 42 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 8 courses

Credits in the group: 42

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|---------|----------|------|
| BE2M37DTR | Digital Audio and Video Broadcasting Karel Ulovec | Z,ZK | 5 | 2p+2l | Z | PO |
| BE2M17MIO | Microwave Circuits Milan Polívka, P emysl Hudec, Karel Hoffmann Milan Polívka Milan Polívka (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | Z | PO |
| BE2M17MIM | Microwave Measurements P emysl Hudec, Karel Hoffmann, Tomáš Ko ínek P emysl Hudec P emysl Hudec (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2L | L | PO |
| BE2M32OSS | Optical Systems and Networks Michal Luckí Michal Luckí | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2L | L | PO |
| BE2M34PIO | Planar integrated optics Vít zslav Je ábek, Václav Prajzler Václav Prajzler Vít zslav Je ábek (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | Z | PO |
| BE2M37RNV | Radio Navigation Pavel Ková Pavel Ková Pavel Ková (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | Z | PO |
| BE2M34SST | Solid State Physics Jan Voves Jan Voves Jan Voves (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 3P+1L | Z | PO |
| BE2M32BTS | Wireless Technologies and Sensor Networks | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P + 2L | Z,L | PO |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MEKEPO2 Name=Compulsory subjects of the branch

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| BE2M37DTR | Digital Audio and Video Broadcasting | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject makes students familiar with topics related to video and audio transmission. Described are methods of data stream creation, methods of source and channel coding, error correction principles and modulation formats. Attention is paid to transmission systems standards with regard to transmission channel properties. The subject also deals with multimedia data services and with measurement in transmission systems. | | | |
| BE2M17MIO | Microwave Circuits | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Subject is focused on the design of planar passive and active microwave circuits. | | | |

| | | | |
|--|---|------|---|
| BE2M17MIM | Microwave Measurements | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Fast development of wireless radio data communications (both mobile and stationary) also results in requirements for measurement of numerous related electrical parameters in frequency band ranging from hundreds of MHz to tens of GHz. The "Microwave measurements" subject brings description of all important measurement instruments and measurement methods used in this field. Instructions devoted to measurement devices also cover detailed inner structures, principles of operation, common measurement setups and optimum setting. Even relatively complex measurement instruments and setups are discussed, for example those used for measurement of noise and non-linear parameters. Exercises are focused on practical measurements commonly performed in the wireless communication field. Besides modern measurement instruments, students also learn a number of typical RF and microwave components, circuits, subsystems and digitally modulated signals. | | | |
| BE2M32OSS | Optical Systems and Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course deals with the use of optical radiation for the transmission of information. The aim is to acquaint students with the functions of important components used in an advanced optical communication systems and networks. Students will learn how to design practical optical fiber link and the network. Students will receive theoretical knowledge for the implementation of a all-optical photonic networks in the future, which will be based on a combination of wavelength multiplex with an all-optical switching. | | | |
| BE2M34PIO | Planar integrated optics | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes theoretical and technological principles and design of planar integrated optics and optoelectronics as optical dividers, The students get acquainted with the principles of the light propagation in planar waveguide and with basic devices and structures of integrated optics and optoelectronics as coupling elements, optical microresonators, planar optical transmitters an receivers with SS-LD, WG-PD . In the course are integrated devices and structures for telecommunication for multiplexing and signal processing. There are optical elements for physical and chemical sensor application and basic important measurement and diagnostic methods. | | | |
| BE2M37RNV | Radio Navigation | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course introduces students to the terrestrial and satellite radio navigation and radar systems. Students get knowledge of the radio navigation systems, and of the structure of navigation and radar signals and methods of their processing. They become familiar with coordinate systems, fundamentals of celestial mechanics, and methods of position estimation. Students get knowledge of practical applications and the integration of navigation systems. | | | |
| BE2M34SST | Solid State Physics | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject is aimed on solid state physics including some parts of statistical physics. | | | |
| BE2M32BTS | Wireless Technologies and Sensor Networks | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The lectures give overview of fundamental principles of wireless networks in various areas of their application. Students will understand architecture, principles and protocols used in different wireless technologies and learn how these technologies can be exploited in real world applications. The goal is to teach students how to solve problems related to deployment of wireless networks, their operation or development of wireless networks components. | | | |

Name of the block: Elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: V

Code of the group: 2015_MEKEVOL2

Name of the group: Elective subjects

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group: ~Student can choose arbitrary subject of themagister's program (EEM - Electrical Engineering, Power Engineering and Management, EK - Electronics and Communications, KYR - Cybernetics and Robotics, OI - Open Informatics, OES - Open Electronics Systems) which is not part of his curriculum. Student can choose with consideration of recommendation of the branch guaratee. You can find a selection of optional courses organized by the departments on the web site
<http://www.fel.cvut.cz/cz/education/volitelne-predmety.html>

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|---------|----------|------|
| BE2M31ADA | Adaptive signal processing | Z,ZK | 5 | 2p+2c | Z | v |
| BE2M37MOT | Advanced areas in image and video technology Karel Fliegel | Z,ZK | 5 | 2p+2l | Z | v |
| BE2M32PST | Advanced Networking Technologies Leoš Bohá Zbyn k Kocur Leoš Bohá (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2L | Z,L | v |
| BE2M31ZAS | Analog Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| BE2M99ZVT | Audio Technology 1 František Rund, Libor Husník, Ond ej Ji í ek František Rund Libor Husník (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | v |
| BE2M37ZV2 | Audio Technology 2 František Rund | Z,ZK | 5 | 2p+2l | L | v |
| BE0M33BDT | Big Data Technologies Jan Hu ín, Petr Paš enko, Marek Sušický Marek Sušický Jan Hu ín (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+1C | Z | v |
| BE2M31BSG | Biological Signals Roman mejla | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2L | L | v |
| BE2M37KDK | Coding in digital communications Jan Sýkora | Z,ZK | 5 | 3P+1C | L | v |
| BE2M37KAS | Compression of images and signals Karel Fliegel | Z,ZK | 5 | 2p+2c | L | v |
| BE2M34ZET | Custom Electronics Design Vladimír Janí ek Vladimír Janí ek (Gar.) | KZ | 5 | 2P+2L | Z | v |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|------|---|---------|---|---|
| BE2M34NIS | Design of Integrated Circuits <i>Ji í Jakovenko, Vladimír Janí ek Vladimír Janí ek Ji í Jakovenko (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | L | v |
| BE2M32DMT | Diagnostics and Measurement in Telecommunications <i>Zbyn k Kocur</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2L | L | v |
| BE3M38DIT | Diagnostics and Testing <i>Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 3P+2L | L | v |
| BE2M31CZS | Digital Signal Processing <i>Petr Pollák</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | Z | v |
| BE2M32DSV | Distributed Computing | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P + 2C | Z | v |
| BE2M34EZS | Electronic Security Systems <i>Miroslav Husák Adam Bou a Miroslav Husák (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | Z | v |
| BE2M37OBT | Image Technology <i>Petr Páta, Miloš Klíma Petr Páta Petr Páta (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | v |
| BE2M32IBE | Information Security <i>Tomáš Van k, Robert Beš ák, Iyad Khuder Robert Beš ák Tomáš Van k (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P + 2C | Z | v |
| BE2M34SIS | Integrated System Structures <i>Ji í Jakovenko, Vladimír Janí ek Vladimír Janí ek Ji í Jakovenko (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | Z | v |
| BE2M37MAM | Microprocessors <i>Stanislav Vítek Stanislav Vítek Stanislav Vítek (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | v |
| BE2M34MST | Microsystems <i>Miroslav Husák, Adam Bou a Miroslav Husák (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | L | v |
| BE2M34NAN | Nanoelectronics and Nanotechnology <i>Jan Voves Jan Voves Jan Voves (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | L | v |
| BE2M34VKE | Power Electronics | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2L | L | v |
| BE2M32THO | Queueing Theory <i>Petr Hampel</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 3P + 1L | Z | v |
| BE2M31ZRE | Speech Processing <i>Petr Pollák Petr Pollák Petr Pollák (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | L | v |
| AE0M37SEK | Synchronization and Equalization in Digital Communications <i>Jan Sýkora</i> | Z,ZK | 4 | 3P+1S | Z | v |
| BE2M31SYN | Synthesis of Audio Signals <i>Michal Novotný Michal Novotný Roman mejla (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | Z | v |
| BE2M32RTK | Telephony Communication Control <i>Robert Beš ák, Pavel Troller Robert Beš ák Robert Beš ák (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2L | L | v |
| BE2M34NSV | VLSI System Design <i>Pavel Hazdra Pavel Hazdra Pavel Hazdra (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | v |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MEKEVOL2 Name=Elective subjects

| | | | |
|--|--|------|---|
| BE2M31ADA | Adaptive signal processing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course provides a basic discourse on adaptive algorithms for filtering, decorrelation, separation and beamforming. The course explains adaptive algorithms for estimation and prediction, including analysis, implementation and practical applications. Next, it describes the algorithms for adaptive decorrelation and separation of multidimensional signals. Last, the course provides analysis of adaptive beamforming techniques. | | | |
| BE2M37MOT | Advanced areas in image and video technology | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course focuses on the state-of-the-art techniques for digital image and video technology. These techniques and their applications cover almost all areas of technical professions dealing with human interaction. A significant part of the course is focused on the methods of image signal processing and main hardware and software functional blocks of related imaging systems. The aim of the laboratory exercises is to familiarize with advanced methods for capturing, processing and reproduction of image information. Due to the fast progress in this area, the content of the lectures and exercises is being continuously updated. | | | |
| BE2M32PST | Advanced Networking Technologies | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Subject Advanced Network Technologies extends student knowledge in an area of modern network technologies. The course strives to deepen student's knowledge in more advanced technical features of contemporary networking protocols in data networks. Students will get hands-on experience with topics like Internet unicast routing, multicast routing, IPv6 and design of MPLS networks using various network simulation tools. | | | |
| BE2M31ZAS | Analog Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course deals with analog input-output blocks for signal transmission and processing. They discussed circuit solution of amplifiers and filters, including their design process, simulation and measurement. Students learn the circuit concepts and possibilities for solving the contemporary analogue structures. The second part of the course describes the design and implementation of analog filters, including discrete-time circuits. The conclusion is devoted to the possibilities of computer optimization of electronic circuits and filters. | | | |
| BE2M99ZVT | Audio Technology 1 | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides fundamentals of physical acoustics and acoustic measurement, including problems of noise from technical and perceptual point of view. In the second part principles of electroacoustic and electromechanical transducers are explained along with their analysis. Principles of audio compressing systems and spatial sound processing are also treated. | | | |
| BE2M37ZV2 | Audio Technology 2 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course deals with advanced topics related to audio technology in recording studios, namely room acoustics, multichannel signal recording and reproduction, digital audio signal processing, its impact on auditory perception, audio signal optimization from the psychoacoustic point of view. | | | |
| BE0M33BDT | Big Data Technologies | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The objective of this elective course is to familiarize students with new trends and technologies for storing, management and processing of Big Data. The course will focus on methods for extraction, analysis as well as a selection of hardware infrastructure for managing persistent and streamed data, such as data from social networks. As part of the course we will present how to apply the traditional methods of artificial intelligence and machine learning to Big Data analysis. | | | |
| BE2M31BSG | Biological Signals | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course is focused to the native and evoked biosignals used in clinical medicine and current methods of capturing, processing, recording and evaluating in the time and frequency domains. For important biological signals, the students are introduced with their genesis, and nature and physiological characteristics of the signals required for construction of instruments. Students are introduced also with the physical and mathematical models. In laboratory exercises, students have the opportunity to capture their own biological signals and their subsequent processing in MATLAB. | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|------|---|
| BE2M37KDK | Coding in digital communications | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course extends and deepens the topics of the basic communication theory courses in the following main areas. 1) Advanced information theory in coding and Network Information Theory develop a framework for understanding the principles of the channel coding in single-user and multi-node/multi-user scenarios. 2) The algebraic coding presents classical topics of block and convolutional codes. 3) Advanced coding technique focuses on turbo, LDPC, Space-Time codes and Wireless Network Coding. 4) Advanced decoding technique, namely iterative and multi-user decoding is a fundamental tool for decoding capacity approaching channel codes. | | | |
| BE2M37KAS | Compression of images and signals | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject deals with compression methods and techniques. Main goal is to introduce basic concepts of lossless and lossy compression of audiovisual information (entropy, redundancy and irrelevancy). Within the laboratory exercises students will work with implementations of particular algorithms, including objective and subjective methods of quality evaluation. | | | |
| BE2M34ZET | Custom Electronics Design | KZ | 5 |
| The course deals with the design methodology of advanced custom electronics. The aim is to convert theoretical knowledge of previous studies into specific proposals for practical applications. Student are getting familiar with the problems encountered in the professional electronic design and manufacturing. This course is based on real experience in development and production, showing the latest technological trends and component base. | | | |
| BE2M34NIS | Design of Integrated Circuits | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Main tasks of integrated circuits designer; design abstraction levels - Y chart. Definitions of specification, feasibility study, criteria for technology and design kits selection. Integrated systems design and simulation methodologies. Main features of full custom design, gate array, standard cells, programmable array logic. Design aspects of RF and mobile low power systems. Verilog-A, Verilog-AMS, VHDL-A. Logic and physical synthesis. Front End and Back End design. Floorplanning, place and route, layout, parasitic extraction, time analysis, testbenches design and verification. | | | |
| BE2M32DMT | Diagnostics and Measurement in Telecommunications | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject builds on knowledge of basic types of interfaces used in telecommunications (from classic, via a packet-oriented and expected future generation system). Explains the importance of key parameters, presents tools for the monitoring and measurement methodology and fault diagnosis. Students verify acquired knowledge to practical tasks in the laboratory to real systems and advanced measurement techniques. | | | |
| BE3M38DIT | Diagnostics and Testing | Z,ZK | 7 |
| The course introduces the fundamentals of the fault-detection, fault tolerance, machine condition monitoring, vibrations based diagnostics, non-destructive testing and testing of analog and digital circuits. | | | |
| BE2M31CZS | Digital Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject gives overview about basic methods of digital signal processing and their applications (examples from speech and biological signal processing): discrete-time signals and systems, signal characteristics in time and frequency domain, Fourier transform, fast algorithms for DFT computation, introduction to digital filter design, digital filtering in time and frequency domain, decimation and interpolation and their usage in filter banks, basics of LPC analysis. Further details can be found at http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31czs><a href=http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31czs . | | | |
| BE2M32DSV | Distributed Computing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course is focused on technologies that support distributed computing: on mechanisms ensuring reliable, efficient and secure connection of application processes, programming interfaces of communication channels and up-to-date middleware technologies. A significant part of lectures is dedicated to distributed algorithms that assure causality, exclusive access, deadlock detection/avoidance, fault-tolerance, mobile computing, and security. | | | |
| BE2M34EZS | Electronic Security Systems | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes the system design, electronic solutions, conception characteristics, reliability and its increasing of electronic security and safety systems. It reports solutions of electronic sensor systems and methods of security system design, usage of modern electronic components and microprocessors. It offers practical applications suitable for safety systems of houses, cars, industry companies. | | | |
| BE2M37OBT | Image Technology | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course deals with multimedia technology and it is focused mainly on acquisition, processing and reproduction of image information. It covers area of measurements in photometry, radiometry and colorimetry; design of objective lenses, image sensors and displays including their parameters. Further the course deals with cinematography, photography and with other special methods of image reproduction, e.g. polygraphy and digital printing techniques. Studied problems are completed with explanation of advanced methods of image processing (preprocessing, compression, image reconstruction, etc.). | | | |
| BE2M32IBE | Information Security | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The Information Security course provides a complete source of information on the field of security of information systems and information technologies. The most of information in today society is created, transferred, stored in electronic form so information security is very important part of it. Technical background for information security is provided by cryptology. | | | |
| BE2M34SIS | Integrated System Structures | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Student learn main design methodologies of analog, digital and optoelectronic integrated systems; Detailed description of the technological process for the IC production; CMOS technologies and its advanced sub-micron trends; IC chip topology, layout and design rules; Technology of micro-electro-mechanical systems MEMS. | | | |
| BE2M37MAM | Microprocessors | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim is to make students acquainted with the properties of microprocessor systems, make students familiar with on-chip peripherals, connect external circuit to the processor bus, and with implementation of the memory or I/O space address extension. Next, taught the students to make simple program in the assembly language, C language and combination of both. After completion of this subject student should be able to design and implement simpler microprocessor system including connection of necessary peripherals and software design. | | | |
| BE2M34MST | Microsystems | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course deals with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems. It demonstrates the new possibilities of implementation and application of integrated microelectronic devices based on various physical and biochemical principles. It presents primarily MEMS technology that increases reliability with all its attributes. The course presents the modern action elements and microactuators, whose operation is based on fundamental physical and biochemical principles, including basic applications in micromanipulation, microrobots, microdrives, microsurgery, multimedia, medical, industrial control, automotive, etc. In the course are presented the principles of touch screens, microgenerators of electrical energy. There are mentioned basic elements of the use of nanotechnology and nanoelectronic structures and basic microsystem technologies. | | | |
| BE2M34NAN | Nanoelectronics and Nanotechnology | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject is oriented on the present nanotechnologies in the connection with their electronic, photonic and spintronic applications. Quantum theory basics are used to explain the effects observed in nanostructures. Basic nanoelectronic structures are described with their possible applications. Modern computer methods and models, which are able to simulate the operation of nanoelectronic structures and which are the important tools for their design and optimisation, are studied. | | | |
| BE2M34VKE | Power Electronics | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course introduces into the problematic of power electronics. First part of lectures deals with principles and structures of contemporary semiconductor power devices. The impact of novel semiconductor materials is discussed, as well. Circuit models of particular devices will be then explained, driving circuits, switching of the resistive, inductive and capacitive loads, power losses and device operation reliability will be thoroughly discussed. Second part of lectures is dedicated to the problematic of power converters, their topologies, control techniques and circuits. Electromagnetic compatibility and PCB design for power converters will be discussed, as well. | | | |
| BE2M32THO | Queueing Theory | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The aim of the course is to present an overview of dimensioning of telecommunication networks on the basis of results of the queueing theory (QT) and to introduce possibilities of simulation and modelling of networks, both from the point of view of grade of service (GoS) and quality of service (QoS). Results of the QT are applied on different service systems and telecommunication networks being currently operated and developed. Theoretical knowledge about models of service systems can be applied on dimensioning of different service systems in real life - not only on the telecommunications one. | | | |

| | | | |
|--|--|------|---|
| BE2M31ZRE | Speech Processing | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject is devoted to basis of speech processing addressed to students of master program. Discussed speech technology is currently applied in many systems in different fields (e.g. information dialogue systems, voice controlled devices, dictation systems or transcription of audio-video recordings, support for language teaching, etc.). Students will learn basic algorithms for speech analysis (spectral analysis, LPC, cepstral analysis, pitch, formants, etc.), principles of speech recognition (GMM-HMM, ANN-HMM systems, small and large vocabulary recognizers), speaker recognition (based on VQ and GMM), speech synthesis or speech enhancement. Further information can be found at http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31zre. Pro zapsané studenty jsou detailní informace na výukovém portálu Moodle FEL. | | | |
| AE0M37SEK | Synchronization and Equalization in Digital Communications | Z,ZK | 4 |
| We explain principles of the receiver signal processing (synchronization and equalization) for the parametric channel including variety of the implementation possibilities. We focus on the essential particular forms of the channel phase, frequency and timing parameterization, channels with multipath propagation and MIMO channels. We develop the ideas of synchronization and equalization in the context of the data decoding in the parametric channel. All basic categories of the CSE algorithms are targeted: feed-forward, feed-back, iterative and recursive, including the theoretical background of the parameter estimation theory, and theory of the feed-back and iterative systems. | | | |
| BE2M31SYN | Synthesis of Audio Signals | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course introduces the fundamentals of sound synthesis algorithms (everyday, music and speech), digital audio effects and sonification. Multimedia synthetic signals are used in modern digital systems, virtual reality systems, computer animations, games and film. Understanding of theoretical concepts will be consolidated through practical programming assignments in Matlab. | | | |
| BE2M32RTK | Telephony Communication Control | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course is oriented to audio or video issues in telecommunication networks, both fixed and mobile. Students will learn principles of switching systems and their management as well as the course will provide them with an overview of signaling systems in central exchanges and networks. The focus is on digital switching systems as circuit as packet switch oriented, i.e. so-called next generation network (NGN) and voice communication in 4G networks. (VoLTE). | | | |
| BE2M34NSV | VLSI System Design | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Introduction to basic building blocks, architecture and design methodologies of advanced VLSI systems. Structure and design of digital and analogue integrated circuit subsystems. Integrated system description and synthesis using cell libraries and IP cores. Synchronization, power consumption and parasitics reduction issues. Testing and reliability of integrated systems. In seminars and labs, the hardware description language VHDL will be explained and used for practical design, synthesis and testing of a system on chip. | | | |

Code of the group: 2015_MEKEH

Name of the group: Humanities subjects

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|-------|----------|------|
| BE0M16HSD | History of economy and social studies | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| BE0M16HT2 | History of science and technology 2 | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| BE0M16FI2 | Philosophy II | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| BE0M16MPS | Psychology | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| BE0M16TE1 | Theology | Z,ZK | 4 | 2P+2S | L | v |
| A003TV | Physical Education | Z | 2 | 0+2 | L,Z | v |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2015_MEKEH Name=Humanities subjects

| | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| BE0M16HSD | History of economy and social studies | Z,ZK | 4 |
| This subject deals with the history of the Czech society in the 19th - 21th centuries. It follows the forming of the Czech political representation, its aims and achieved results as well as the social and cultural development and coexistence of the various ethnical groups in the Czech countries. | | | |
| BE0M16HT2 | History of science and technology 2 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| This subject traces historical developments in electrical engineering branches in the world and in the Czech Lands. Its ultimate goal is to stimulate students' interest in the history and traditions of the subject, while highlighting the developments in technical education and professional organizations, the process of shaping scientific life and the influence of technical engineers | | | |
| BE0M16FI2 | Philosophy II | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The course is oriented on the transdisciplinary aspects of philosophy, informatics, physics, mathematics and biology. | | | |
| BE0M16MPS | Psychology | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M16TE1 | Theology | Z,ZK | 4 |
| This subject provides to students the basic orientation in christian theology and requires no special previous education. After short philosophic lecture the basic theologic disciplines are gone through. The subject is determined not only to believer students who want to know the reliable theologic grounding but also above all to ones who want to get know Christianity - religion from which grows our civilization up. | | | |
| A003TV | Physical Education | Z | 2 |

List of courses of this pass:

| Code | Name of the course | Completion | Credits |
|-----------|--|------------|---------|
| A003TV | Physical Education | Z | 2 |
| AE0M37SEK | Synchronization and Equalization in Digital Communications We explain principles of the receiver signal processing (synchronization and equalization) for the parametric channel including variety of the implementation possibilities. We focus on the essential particular forms of the channel phase, frequency and timing parameterization, channels with multipath propagation and MIMO channels. We develop the ideas of synchronization and equalization in the context of the data decoding in the parametric channel. All basic categories of the CSE algorithms are targeted: feed-forward, feed-back, iterative and recursive, including the theoretical background of the parameter estimation theory, and theory of the feed-back and iterative systems. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| B2MPROJ6 | Project Independent work in the form of a project. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The project will be defended within the framework of a subject. Project list http://www.fel.cvut.cz/en/education/semestral-projects.html | Z | 6 |
| BDIP25 | Diploma Thesis Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will be specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination. | Z | 25 |
| BE0M16FI2 | Philosophy II The course is oriented on the transdisciplinary aspects of philosophy, informatics, physics, mathematics and biology. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M16HSD | History of economy and social studies This subject deals with the history of the Czech society in the 19th - 21th centuries. It follows the forming of the Czech political representation, its aims and achieved results as well as the social and cultural development and coexistence of the various ethnical groups in the Czech countries. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M16HT2 | History of science and technology 2 This subject traces historical developments in electrical engineering branches in the world and in the Czech Lands. Its ultimate goal is to stimulate students' interest in the history and traditions of the subject, while highlighting the developments in technical education and professional organizations, the process of shaping scientific life and the influence of technical engineers | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M16MPS | Psychology | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M16TE1 | Theology This subject provides to students the basic orientation in christian theology and requires no special previous education. After short philosophic lecture the basic theologic disciplines are gone through. The subject is determined not only to believer students who want to know the reliable theologic grounding but also above all to ones who want to get know Christianity - religion from which grows our civilization up. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE0M33BDT | Big Data Technologies The objective of this elective course is to familiarize students with new trends and technologies for storing, management and processing of Big Data. The course will focus on methods for extraction, analysis as well as a selection of hardware infrastructure for managing persistent and streamed data, such as data from social networks. As part of the course we will present how to apply the traditional methods of artificial intelligence and machine learning to Big Data analysis. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| BE2M17ANT | Antennas Student will get strong knowledge about theory of electromagnetic field radiation and basic principles of antenna design. Methods of analysis are demonstrated on various types of antennas and their arrays. Seminars are both theoretical (analytical and numerical calculation using MATLAB and EM simulators CST) and practical (measurement of antenna parameters). | Z,ZK | 6 |
| BE2M17MIM | Microwave Measurements Fast development of wireless radio data communications (both mobile and stationary) also results in requirements for measurement of numerous related electrical parameters in frequency band ranging from hundreds of MHz to tens of GHz. The "Microwave measurements" subject brings description of all important measurement instruments and measurement methods used in this field. Instructions devoted to measurement devices also cover detailed inner structures, principles of operation, common measurement setups and optimum setting. Even relatively complex measurement instruments and setups are discussed, for example those used for measurement of noise and non-linear parameters. Exercises are focused on practical measurements commonly performed in the wireless communication field. Besides modern measurement instruments, students also learn a number of typical RF and microwave components, circuits, subsystems and digitally modulated signals. | Z,ZK | 5 |
| BE2M17MIO | Microwave Circuits Subject is focused on the design of planar passive and active microwave circuits. | Z,ZK | 5 |
| BE2M17SBS | Wave Propagation for Wireless Links The aim of the course is to study the wireless transmission channel in real environments focusing on wave propagation for planning of terrestrial and satellite wireless links. The syllabus includes both deeper theoretical foundations of radio wave propagation in the atmosphere as well as ITU-R design procedures for terrestrial and satellite, fixed and mobile communications in various frequency bands. | Z,ZK | 6 |
| BE2M17VOT | Fiber Optic Technology The aim of the course is to introduce mechanisms of propagation of optical waves in optical fibers and fiber components. Furthermore, the optical measuring techniques and measuring methods for the characterization of optical fibers will be presented. Lectures include both the design and methodology of measuring transmission parameters for optical communication systems such as numerical aperture, attenuation, dispersion, and measurement of basic characteristics of active and passive elements of optical communication systems - connectors, splices, couplers, refractive indices etc. | Z,ZK | 6 |
| BE2M31ADA | Adaptive signal processing This course provides a basic discourse on adaptive algorithms for filtering, decorrelation, separation and beamforming. The course explains adaptive algorithms for estimation and prediction, including analysis, implementation and practical applications. Next, it describes the algorithms for adaptive decorrelation and separation of multidimensional signals. Last, the course provides analysis of adaptive beamforming techniques. | Z,ZK | 5 |
| BE2M31BSG | Biological Signals The course is focused to the native and evoked biosignals used in clinical medicine and current methods of capturing, processing, recording and evaluating in the time and frequency domains. For important biological signals, the students are introduced with their genesis, and nature and physiological characteristics of the signals required for construction of instruments. Students are introduced also with the physical and mathematical models. In laboratory exercises, students have the opportunity to capture their own biological signals and their subsequent processing in MATLAB. | Z,ZK | 5 |
| BE2M31CZS | Digital Signal Processing The subject gives overview about basic methods of digital signal processing and their applications (examples from speech and biological signal processing): discrete-time signals and systems, signal characteristics in time and frequency domain, Fourier transform, fast algorithms for DFT computation, introduction to digital filter design, digital filtering in time and | Z,ZK | 5 |

frequency domain, decimation and interpolation and their usage in filter banks, basics of LPC analysis. Further details can be found at [| | | | |
|---|--|------|---|
| BE2M31SYN | Synthesis of Audio Signals | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course introduces the fundamentals of sound synthesis algorithms \(everyday, music and speech\), digital audio effects and sonification. Multimedia synthetic signals are used in modern digital systems, virtual reality systems, computer animations, games and film. Understanding of theoretical concepts will be consolidated through practical programming assignments in Matlab. | | | |
| BE2M31ZAS | Analog Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course deals with analog input-output blocks for signal transmission and processing. They discussed circuit solution of amplifiers and filters, including their design process, simulation and measurement. Students learn the circuit concepts and possibilities for solving the contemporary analogue structures. The second part of the course describes the design and implementation of analog filters, including discrete-time circuits. The conclusion is devoted to the possibilities of computer optimization of electronic circuits and filters. | | | |
| BE2M31ZRE | Speech Processing | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject is devoted to basis of speech processing addressed to students of master program. Discussed speech technology is currently applied in many systems in different fields \(e.g. information dialogue systems, voice controlled devices, dictation systems or transcription of audio-video recordings, support for language teaching, etc.\). Students will learn basic algorithms for speech analysis \(spectral analysis, LPC, cepstral analysis, pitch, formants, etc.\), principles of speech recognition \(GMM-HMM, ANN-HMM systems, small and large vocabulary recognizers\), speaker recognition \(based on VQ and GMM\), speech synthesis or speech enhancement. Further information can be found at <a .<="" a="" a&gt;="" fel&lt;="" href="http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31zre&gt;http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31zre&lt;/a&gt; . Pro zapsané studenty jsou detailní informace na výukovém portálu | | | |
| BE2M32BTS | Wireless Technologies and Sensor Networks | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The lectures give overview of fundamental principles of wireless networks in various areas of their application. Students will understand architecture, principles and protocols used in different wireless technologies and learn how these technologies can be exploited in real world applications. The goal is to teach students how to solve problems related to deployment of wireless networks, their operation or development of wireless networks components. | | | |
| BE2M32DMT | Diagnostics and Measurement in Telecommunications | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject builds on knowledge of basic types of interfaces used in telecommunications \(from classic, via a packet-oriented and expected future generation system\). Explains the importance of key parameters, presents tools for the monitoring and measurement methodology and fault diagnosis. Students verify acquired knowledge to practical tasks in the laboratory to real systems and advanced measurement techniques. | | | |
| BE2M32DSV | Distributed Computing | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course is focused on technologies that support distributed computing: on mechanisms ensuring reliable, efficient and secure connection of application processes, programming interfaces of communication channels and up-to-date middleware technologies. A significant part of lectures is dedicated to distributed algorithms that assure causality, exclusive access, deadlock detection/avoidance, fault-tolerance, mobile computing, and security. | | | |
| BE2M32IBE | Information Security | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The Information Security course provides a complete source of information on the field of security of information systems and information technologies. The most of information in today society is created, transferred, stored in electronic form so information security is very important part of it. Technical background for information security is provided by cryptology. | | | |
| BE2M32MKS | Mobile Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The lectures introduce principles and functionalities of mobile networks with special focus on currently deployed technologies and future mobile networks. Furthermore, architecture and fundamental principles of GSM, UMTS, LTE and LTE-A will be explained. Then, selected key technologies for future mobile networks \(e.g., 5G\) will be explained. | | | |
| BE2M32OSS | Optical Systems and Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course deals with the use of optical radiation for the transmission of information. The aim is to acquaint students with the functions of important components used in an advanced optical communication systems and networks. Students will learn how to design practical optical fiber link and the network. Students will receive theoretical knowledge for the implementation of a all-optical photonic networks in the future, which will be based on a combination of wavelength multiplex with an all-optical switching. | | | |
| BE2M32PST | Advanced Networking Technologies | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Subject Advanced Network Technologies extends student knowledge in an area of modern network technologies. The course strives to deepen student's knowledge in more advanced technical features of contemporary networking protocols in data networks. Students will get hands-on experience with topics like Internet unicast routing, multicast routing, IPv6 and design of MPLS networks using various network simulation tools. | | | |
| BE2M32RTK | Telephony Communication Control | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course is oriented to audio or video issues in telecommunication networks, both fixed and mobile. Students will learn principles of switching systems and their management as well as the course will provide them with an overview of signaling systems in central exchanges and networks. The focus is on digital switching systems as circuit as packet switch oriented, i.e. so-called next generation network \(NGN\) and voice communication in 4G networks. \(VoLTE\). | | | |
| BE2M32THO | Queueing Theory | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The aim of the course is to present an overview of dimensioning of telecommunication networks on the basis of results of the queueing theory \(QT\) and to introduce possibilities of simulation and modelling of networks, both from the point of view of grade of service \(GoS\) and quality of service \(QoS\). Results of the QT are applied on different service systems and telecommunication networks being currently operated and developed. Theoretical knowledge about models of service systems can be applied on dimensioning of different service systems in real life - not only on the telecommunications one. | | | |
| BE2M34Ezs | Electronic Security Systems | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes the system design, electronic solutions, conception characteristics, reliability and its increasing of electronic security and safety systems. It reports solutions of electronic sensor systems and methods of security system design, usage of modern electronic components and microprocessors. It offers practical applications suitable for safety systems of houses, cars, industry companies. | | | |
| BE2M34MST | Microsystems | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course deals with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems. It demonstrates the new possibilities of implementation and application of integrated microelectronic devices based on various physical and biochemical principles. It presents primarily MEMS technology that increases reliability with all its attributes. The course presents the modern action elements and microactuators, whose operation is based on fundamental physical and biochemical principles, including basic applications in micromanipulation, microrobots, microdrives, microsurgery, multimedia, medical, industrial control, automotive, etc. In the course are presented the principles of touch screens, microgenerators of electrical energy. There are mentioned basic elements of the use of nanotechnology and nanoelectronic structures and basic microsystem technologies. | | | |
| BE2M34NAN | Nanoelectronics and Nanotechnology | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject is oriented on the present nanotechnologies in the connection with their electronic, photonic and spintronic applications. Quantum theory basics are used to explain the effects observed in nanostructures. Basic nanoelectronic structures are described with their possible applications. Modern computer methods and models, which are able to simulate the operation of nanoelectronic structures and which are the important tools for their design and optimisation, are studied. | | | |
| BE2M34NIS | Design of Integrated Circuits | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Main tasks of integrated circuits designer; design abstraction levels - Y chart. Definitions of specification, feasibility study, criteria for technology and design kits selection. Integrated systems design and simulation methodologies. Main features of full custom design, gate array, standard cells, programmable array logic. Design aspects of RF and mobile low power systems. Verilog-A, Verilog-AMS, VHDL-A. Logic and physical synthesis. Front End and Back End design. Floorplanning, place and route, layout, parasitic extraction, time analysis, testbenches design and verification. | | | |](http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31czs>http://noel.feld.cvut.cz/vyu/be2m31czs .</p>
</div>
<div data-bbox=)

| | | | |
|---|--|------|---|
| BE2M34NSV | VLSI System Design | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Introduction to basic building blocks, architecture and design methodologies of advanced VLSI systems. Structure and design of digital and analogue integrated circuit subsystems. Integrated system description and synthesis using cell libraries and IP cores. Synchronization, power consumption and parasitics reduction issues. Testing and reliability of integrated systems. In seminars and labs, the hardware description language VHDL will be explained and used for practical design, synthesis and testing of a system on chip. | | | |
| BE2M34PIO | Planar integrated optics | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes theoretical and technological principles and design of planar integrated optics and optoelectronics as optical dividers, The students get acquainted with the principles of the light propagation in planar waveguide and with basic devices and structures of integrated optics and optoelectronics as coupling elements, optical microresonators, planar optical transmitters an receivers with SS-LD, WG-PD . In the course are integrated devices and structures for telecommunication for multiplexing and signal processing. There are optical elements for physical and chemical sensor application and basic important measurement and diagnostic methods. | | | |
| BE2M34SIS | Integrated System Structures | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Student learn main design methodologies of analog, digital and optoelectronic integrated systems; Detailed description of the technological process for the IC production; CMOS technologies and its advanced sub-micron trends; IC chip topology, layout and design rules; Technology of micro-electro-mechanical systems MEMS. | | | |
| BE2M34SST | Solid State Physics | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject is aimed on solid state physics including some parts of statistical physics. | | | |
| BE2M34VKE | Power Electronics | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course introduces into the problematic of power electronics. First part of lectures deals with principles and structures of contemporary semiconductor power devices. The impact of novel semiconductor materials is discussed, as well. Circuit models of particular devices will be then explained, driving circuits, switching of the resistive, inductive and capacitive loads, power losses and device operation reliability will be thoroughly discussed. Second part of lectures is dedicated to the problematic of power converters, their topologies, control techniques and circuits. Electromagnetic compatibility and PCB design for power converters will be discussed, as well. | | | |
| BE2M34ZET | Custom Electronics Design | KZ | 5 |
| The course deals with the design methodology of advanced custom electronics. The aim is to convert theoretical knowledge of previous studies into specific proposals for practical applications. Student are getting familiar with the problems encountered in the professional electronic design and manufacturing. This course is based on real experience in development and production, showing the latest technological trends and component base. | | | |
| BE2M37ART | Architecture of Radio Receivers and Transmitters | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The subject deals with the architecture of the radio receivers and transmitters and software radio. The student s familiarize with the design and the modern methods of optimization of the radio receivers and transmitters' functional blocks and with the phenomena related with frequency conversion, noise sources and noise analyses. They learn conceptual radio receiver and transmitter design, including the level and frequency plans and their optimization. The course also deals with the digital signal processing blocks of the modern radio receivers and their practical implementation. | | | |
| BE2M37DKM | Digital Communications | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides fundamentals of digital communications theory: modulation, classical coding, channel models, and basic principles of decoding. The exposition is systematically built along the theoretical lines which allow to reveal all inner connections and principles. This allows students to develop the knowledge and use it in an active way in a design and construction of the communication systems. The course provides a necessary fundamental background for subsequent more advanced communications theory courses. | | | |
| BE2M37DTR | Digital Audio and Video Broadcasting | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject makes students familiar with topics related to video and audio transmission. Described are methods of data stream creation, methods of source and channel coding, error correction principles and modulation formats. Attention is paid to transmission systems standards with regard to transmission channel properties. The subject also deals with multimedia data services and with measurement in transmission systems. | | | |
| BE2M37KAS | Compression of images and signals | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject deals with compression methods and techniques. Main goal is to introduce basic concepts of lossless and lossy compression of audiovisual information (entropy, redundancy and irrelevancy). Within the laboratory exercises students will work with implementations of particular algorithms, including objective and subjective methods of quality evaluation. | | | |
| BE2M37KDK | Coding in digital communications | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course extends and deepens the topics of the basic communication theory courses in the following main areas. 1) Advanced information theory in coding and Network Information Theory develop a framework for understanding the principles of the channel coding in single-user and multi-node/multi-user scenarios. 2) The algebraic coding presents classical topics of block and convolutional codes. 3) Advanced coding technique focuses on turbo, LDPC, Space-Time codes and Wireless Network Coding. 4) Advanced decoding technique, namely iterative and multi-user decoding is a fundamental tool for decoding capacity approaching channel codes. | | | |
| BE2M37MAM | Microprocessors | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim is to make students acquainted with the properties of microprocessor systems, make students familiar with on-chip peripherals, connect external circuit to the processor bus, and with implementation of the memory or I/O space address extension. Next, taught the students to make simple program in the assembly language, C language and combination of both. After completion of this subject student should be able to design and implement simpler microprocessor system including connection of necessary peripherals and software design. | | | |
| BE2M37MOT | Advanced areas in image and video technology | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course focuses on the state-of-the-art techniques for digital image and video technology. These techniques and their applications cover almost all areas of technical professions dealing with human interaction. A significant part of the course is focused on the methods of image signal processing and main hardware and software functional blocks of related imaging systems. The aim of the laboratory exercises is to familiarize with advanced methods for capturing, processing and reproduction of image information. Due to the fast progress in this area, the content of the lectures and exercises is being continuously updated. | | | |
| BE2M37OBT | Image Technology | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course deals with multimedia technology and it is focused mainly on acquisition, processing and reproduction of image information. It covers area of measurements in photometry, radiometry and colorimetry; design of objective lenses, image sensors and displays including their parameters. Further the course deals with cinematography, photography and with other special methods of image reproduction, e.g. polygraphy and digital printing techniques. Studied problems are completed with explanation of advanced methods of image processing (preprocessing, compression, image reconstruction, etc.). | | | |
| BE2M37RNV | Radio Navigation | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course introduces students to the terrestrial and satellite radio navigation and radar systems. Students get knowledge of the radio navigation systems, and of the structure of navigation and radar signals and methods of their processing. They become familiar with coordinate systems, fundamentals of celestial mechanics, and methods of position estimation. Students get knowledge of practical applications and the integration of navigation systems. | | | |
| BE2M37ZV2 | Audio Technology 2 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course deals with advanced topics related to audio technology in recording studios, namely room acoustics, multichannel signal recording and reproduction, digital audio signal processing, its impact on auditory perception, audio signal optimization from the psychoacoustic point of view. | | | |
| BE2M99ZVT | Audio Technology 1 | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides fundamentals of physical acoustics and acoustic measurement, including problems of noise from technical and perceptual point of view. In the second part principles of electroacoustic and electromechanical transducers are explained along with their analysis. Principles of audio compressing systems and spatial sound processing are also treated. | | | |

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html>

Generated: day 30. 11. 2020, time 05:07.