Recomended pass through the study plan

Name of the pass: Doctoral study block, combined study

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering Department: Pass through the study plan: Doctoral studies, combined studies Branch of study guranteed by the department: Welcome page Guarantor of the study branch: Program of study: Electrical Engineering and Information Technology Type of study: Doctoral combined Note on the pass: ~Student si plánuje rozložení do semestr individuáln .

Coding of roles of courses and groups of courses:

P - compulsory courses of the program, PO - compulsory courses of the branch, Z - compulsory courses, S - compulsory elective courses, PV - compulsory elective courses, F - elective specialized courses, V - elective courses, T - physical training courses

Coding of ways of completion of courses (KZ/Z/ZK) and coding of semesters (Z/L):

KZ - graded assesment, Z - assesment, ZK - examination, L - summer semester, Z - winter semester

| Number of semes | ster: 1 | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------|------------------|-------|----------|------|
| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
| РККРРР | P edm ty doktorského studia XP02AME,XP02AMA, (see the list of groups below) | Min. cours. 0 | Min/Max 20/30 | | | S |

List of groups of courses of this pass with the complete content of members of individual groups

| Kód | | Name of the group of group (for specification | courses an | d codes of members of this or below the list of courses) | Con | pletion | Credit | s Scope | Semester | Role |
|----------|--------------|---|------------|---|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|
| PKK | PPP | | | , kého studia | | . cours. 0 | | | | S |
| XP02AME | Active Met | hods in Acoustics | XP02AMA | Active Methods in Acoustics | | XP37AE | M / | Acoustic and | Electroacoustic | Mea |
| XP37APF | Acoustics a | and Electroacoustics o | XP37AR | Speech Acoustics | | XP31AS | N / | Algorithms an | d Structures of | Neu |
| XP34AIC | | | XP31AEO | Electric Circuit Analysis | | XP04A2 | SZK I | English Langu | lage | |
| XP04AZK | English La | nguage | XP04MIN | English Language 2 | | XP04A12 | ZK I | English langu | age 1 | |
| XP04A1 | English lar | iguage 1 | XP04A2 | English language 2 | | XP04A22 | ZK I | English langu | age 2 | |
| XP34AT | TCAD Tool | s Applications | XP37AEA | Applied Electroacoustics | | XP32AK | R / | Applied Crypt | ography | |
| XP17APL | Applied Op | toelectronics in Medic | XP36ASP | Architecture of Symbolic Compute | | XP37AR | A / | Architectural / | Acoustics | |
| XP31ART | Architectur | es for Real Time Impl | XP38ATM | | | XP02BF | Y I | Biophysics | | |
| XP33BID | Bionics | · · | XEP33CML | Computational Intelligence Techn | | XEP35C | MS (| Computationa | al Methods for M | Materi |
| XP04 1 | Czech lang | juage 1 | XP04C1ZK | Czech language 1 | | XP04C2 | ZK (| Czech langua | ge 2 | |
| XP04 2 | Czech lang | juage 2 | XP31DSP | Digital signal processing | | XP31CZ | s I | Digital signal | processing | |
| XP33RG2 | Reading G | roup | XP33RCV | Reading group in Pattern Recogni | | XP13DF | D I | Data and Fun | ctional Analysi | s of |
| XP13DEZ | Degradatio | on processes of electri | XP16HPH | History of Physic | | XP34OR | D | Optical Radia | tion Detection a | and |
| XP36DRO | Diagnostic | s and Reconfiguration | XP34DTM | DIAGNOSTICS AND TESTING IN | MICRC | XP15DV | N I | Diagnostics o | f HV and EHV | Insula |
| XP02DP | Electric Dis | scharges and their Ap | XP34DTM | | | XP32DZ | s I | Digital Signal | Procesing in Te | ele |
| XP32DKS | Sizing of c | ommunications network | XP13DTF | Thin film diagnostics | | XP36DS | V I | Distributed Sy | vstems | |
| XP36DSY | Distributed | Systems | XP33DID | Distributed Artificial Intellige | | XP14DS | D I | Dynamics of E | Electric Machin | es |
| XP14DES | Dynamics | of Electric Machines | XP37DRS | Satellite communication and navi | | XP01EA | L I | Effect algebra | S | |
| XP01EKM | Mathemati | cs Models for Economics | XP16EES | Economics of energy systems | | XP16EK | 0 1 | conomics | | |
| XP16MES | Economics | and Management of Ener | XP16ERU | Accounting | | XP16ME | UI | Economics ar | nd Managemen | t of Ener |
| XP16EPM | Economics | of power markets | XP16EME | Economics and Management of Er | ner | XP37EL/ | A I | Elastoacousti | cs | |
| XP15ES | Electrical L | ighting | XP16ERE | Economics of power generation fr . | | XP02EV | A I | Physics for El | ectroenergetics | 3 |
| XP34ETS | Electrical T | ransport in Semicond | XP15ET | Electroheat | | XP14EM | C I | Electromagne | tic Compatibilit | y |
| XP14ECD | Electromag | gnetic Compatibility | XP17ELD | Electrodynamics | | XP15EH | 1 | Energy Econo | omy | |
| XP15EZP | Control in | Power Engineering | XP38EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility of | | XP15EX | E I | Expert Syster | ns in Electrical | Pow |
| XP16FVT | Philosophi | cal Problems of Scienc | XP33ECD | Evolutionary Computing | | XP31FS | K I | Phonetic sign | als and their co | odin |
| XP31FON | Speech Ph | onetics and Advanced Vo | XP16FIM | Financial Management | | XP37FO | s I | Photonic Imag | ging Systems | |
| XP13FCD | Photovolta | ics systems | XP15FAK | Photometry and Colorimetry | | XP04F1 | 1 | French langua | age 1 | |
| XP04F2ZK | French lan | guage 2 | XP04F1ZK | French language 1 | | XP01FA | 1 | unctional An | alysis 1 | |
| XEP33FLO | Fuzzy Log | ic | XP04F2 | French language 2 | | XP35FM | D I | uzzy Modelli | ng and Control | |
| XP35FMC1 | Fuzzy mod | leling and control | XP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic | | XP37PA | C 1 | Physiological | Acoustics | |

| Physic of Dielectrics | XP37FZS | Fuzzy Signal Processing | XP34ASD | Physics of Advanced Semiconducto |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Semiconductor Physics | XP02FPL | Solid State Physics | XP37FHA | Physiological, Psychological and |
| Physiological, Pychologycal and | XP02FPT | Physics for Therapy | XP37GAB | Genesis and Analysis of Biosigna |
| Geometrical Algebras | XP37FHA2 | Physiological, Psychological and | XP16HKA | Historical structures and techno |
| History of Transport Systems and | XEP33GMM | Graphical Markov Models | XP16HIS | Historiography of the Developmen |
| Noise Surveys | XP16HEL | History of Electrical Engineerin | XP37IAR | Implementation algoritms in radi |
| Informatics in Clinical Medicine | XP36HS | Hypermedia Systems and Internet | XP34IO | Integrated Optics |
| Engineering Methods in Mechanics | XP01ITZ | Integral Transforms and Z Transf | XP33CHM | Chapters in higher mathematics |
| Complexity and Combinatorical AI | XP36JAI | Languages for Artificial Intelli | XP35CCM1 | Cooperative control of multi-age |
| Integrated Optics | XP36KP | | XP16ECM2 | Quantitative research methods in |
| | XP16ECM1 | | | Medical Applications of Electrom |
| | XP01KVP | | | Linear matrix inequalities |
| - | | - | | Logic and Logic Programming |
| | | | | Management |
| | | • | | Accounting for management |
| - | | | | Mathematical Analysis of Dempste |
| | | * * | | Mathematics for cryptography |
| | | | | Matrix Calculus |
| - | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | High Voltage Measurement |
| | | * | - | |
| ** | | | | Analysis and visualization metho |
| · · | | | | Methods for Precision Measuremen |
| | | | | Microprocessor Control of Electr |
| | | | | Microsystems and Microactuators |
| | | | | Modal Logics for Distributed Sys |
| Modelling and Simulation of Tech | | Mobile Networks | - | |
| | XP33ICT | Modern ICT for Industry and Smar | XP14MRP | Advanced Controlled Drives |
| CNS Modern Systems | XP14MPO | Advanced Controlled Drives | XP14MZR | New Control Methods for Electric |
| Advanced Control Methods of Elec | XP34APD | Advanced Power Semiconductor Dev | XP37NAV | Navigation systems |
| Design and circuit structures of | XP37MPS | Multimedia Signals Transmission | XP34PIC | Programmable IC Design |
| CAD for RF and Microwave Circuit | XP31DIF | Digital filter synthesis | XP35NES | Nonlinear Systems |
| German language 1 | XP35NES1 | Nonlinear systems | XP04N2ZK | German language 2 |
| German language 2 | XP04N1ZK | German language 1 | XEP33NEP | Neuroprosthetics |
| New Matherials and their Applica | XP36NSN | Neural Networks and Neurocompute | XP14MTD | New Trends in Converter Technolo |
| New Trends in Electric Device Ap | XP14MEN | New Trends in Converter Technolo | XP14APD | New Trends in Electric Device Ap |
| New Trends in Electric Device Th | XP14NAP | New Trends in Electric Device Ap | XP14TPD | New Trends in Electric Device Th |
| Numerical Analysis | XP14TPR | New Trends in Electric Device Th | XP01NLA | Numerical Linear Algebra |
| | XP33NUM | Numerical Analysis | XP34EHA | Renewable Energy Microsources fo |
| | XP17NME | | XP35OFD | Estimation and Filtering |
| | | ° | | Optical Design and Simulation |
| | | | | Optimal and robust control |
| | | · | | Advanced Electronic Devices |
| | | | | Computer Vision Theory and Prac |
| 5 | - | | | Advanced Computational Game The |
| | | - | | - |
| | | | | Advanced methods of UI design |
| | | <u> </u> | | Advanced Parallel Algorithms |
| | | | | Advanced Electromagnetism |
| | | - | | Practical Data Mining Problems |
| * | | | | Principles and Applications of D |
| Biomedical Engineering in Clinic | | Probabilistic Models of Uncertai | | Industrial application of multi |
| Flexible Production Systems | XP36PAS | Algebraic Specifications Prototy | XP38PSL | Aircraft Instrumentation |
| | XP15PEE | Transmission of Electricity | XP36RSY | Reconfigurable Systems |
| Robust Control | XP37RAD | Radioelectronics | XP33ROD | Pattern Recognition |
| Russian language 1 | XP33RSK | Robust Statistics for Cybernetic | XP04R2ZK | Russian language 2 |
| | VD04D47K | Russian language 1 | XP35FSC | Flexible Structure Control |
| Russian Language 2 | XP04R1ZK | Trabbian language 1 | | |
| Russian Language 2 Quality Management | XP04R12K XP35FSC1 | Flexible structures control | XP35CCM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age |
| | | | | |
| Quality Management | XP35FSC1 | Flexible structures control | XP35CCM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots | XP35CCM XP15RE | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP34STV XP33SDD | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD XP04S1 | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co Spanish language 1 | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK XP13TND | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 Technology of Low Temperatures a |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 Technique of Highly Sensitive Re | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD XP04S1 XP37TMP | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co Spanish language 1 Medical Instrumentation | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK XP13TND XP13TPD | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 Technological Processes in Elect |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 Technique of Highly Sensitive Re Technology of Optical Devices | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD XP04S1 XP37TMP XP13TMD | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co Spanish language 1 Medical Instrumentation Technological Aspects of Microco | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK XP13TND XP13TPD XP37TEM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 Technological Processes in Elect Theoretical Electroacoustics and |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 Technique of Highly Sensitive Re Theoretical Physics 1 | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD XP04S1 XP37TMP XP13TMD XP37TEA | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co Spanish language 1 Medical Instrumentation Technological Aspects of Microco Theoretical Eletroacoustics | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK XP13TND XP13TPD XP37TEM XP17TOM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 Technological Processes in Elect Theoretical Electroacoustics and Theoretical Optoelectronics in M |
| Quality Management Management of Software Projects Scientific Writing Selected Topics in Pattern Recog Computer Graphics Seminar Radio Receivers Special Technolo Statistical Signal Processing Stringology Light sources and Equipment Measurement and Data Acquisition Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 Technique of Highly Sensitive Re Technology of Optical Devices | XP35FSC1 XP33RMD XP32RTS XPE04SCWR XP01SPJ XP36SEP XP13SID XP13SAV XP16SDE XEP33SML XP33SCD XP13SRD XP04S1 XP37TMP XP13TMD | Flexible structures control Control of Mobile Robots Telecommunications Systems Manag Scientific Writing Syntax and semantics of a formal Seminars on Architectures of Par Software in Industrial Engineeri Statistic analysis and technolog Building heritage of the industr Structured Model Learning Man-Machine Systems Real Time Systems for Process Co Spanish language 1 Medical Instrumentation Technological Aspects of Microco | XP35CCM XP15RE XP15SPS XP39SCG XP38SSB XP13SSD XP02SF XP16STV XP34STV XP33SDD XP13SJD XP04S2ZK XP13TND XP13TPD XP37TEM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age Control of Power Systems Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren . Seminar in Comnuter Graohics Sensors and Buses Special Methods of Devices Quali Statistical Physics Product Strategy VLSI Structures and Technologies Discrete Event Systems Quality Control Systems Spanish language 2 Technological Processes in Elect Theoretical Electroacoustics and |
| | Semiconductor Physics Physiological, Pychologycal and Geometrical Algebras History of Transport Systems and Noise Surveys Informatics in Clinical Medicine Engineering Methods in Mechanics Complexity and Combinatorical Al Integrated Optics Quantitative Research Methods in Aircraft Navigation Linear Systems Magnetism in Engineering Practic Production Management Marketing Mathematical Statistics Mathematics for Cybernetics - Se Mechatronics in Electrical Power Scientific Work Methodology Analysis Methods for Passive Ele Metrology Microprocessor Control of Electr Microwave Technique Modelling and Simulation of Tech Advanced Controlled Drives CNS Modern Systems Advanced Control Methods of Elec Design and circuit structures of CAD for RF and Microwave Circuit German language 1 German language 1 German language 2 New Matherials and their Applica New Trends in Electric Device Ap New Trends in Electric Device Th Numerical Analysis Numerical Methodes of Electromag Image Processing and Photonics Estimation and filtering Optical Fibers Parallel Systems and Algorithms Plastics in Electrical Engineeri Advanced Computational Tools for Semiconductor Structures Probabilistic Algorithms Biomedical Engineering in Clinic Flexible Production Systems | Semiconductor PhysicsXP02FPLPhysiological, Pychologycal andXP02FPTGeometrical AlgebrasXP37FHA2History of Transport Systems andXEP33GMMNoise SurveysXP16HELInformatics in Clinical MedicineXP36HSEngineering Methods in MechanicsXP01ITZComplexity and Combinatorical AlXP36JAIIntegrated OpticsXP36KPQuantitative Research Methods inXP16ECM1Aircraft NavigationXP01KVPLinear SystemsXP35LMIMagnetism in Engineering PracticXP36LSMProduction ManagementXP03MZTMathematical StatisticsXP16MASMathematics for Cybernetics - SeXP01MTSMechatronics in Electrical PowerXP34MTPScientific Work MethodologyXP38MDRMicroprocessor Control of ElectrXP14MIDMicroprocessor Control of ElectrXP34MSYModelling and Simulation of TechXP34MSYModelling and circuit structures ofXP33MSTCNS Modern SystemsXP14MPOAdvanced Controlled DrivesXP35NSNNew Trends in Electric Device ApXP35NSNNew Trends in Electric Device ApXP14MENNew Trends in Electric Device ApXP14MPOAdvanced Methodes of ElectromagXP33NSNNew Trends in Electric Device ApXP14MENNew Trends in Electric Device ApXP14MPNNumerical AnalysisXP14TPRNumerical Methodes of ElectromagXP33NSN <td>Semiconductor Physics XP02FPL Solid State Physics Physiological, Pychologycal and XP02FPT Physiological, Psychological and Geometrical Algebras XP37FHA2 Physiological, Psychological and Inistory of Transport Systems and XEP33GMM Graphical Markov Models Noise Surveys XP16HEL History of Electrical Engineerin Informatics in Clinical Medicine XP36JA1 Languages for Artificial Intelli Engineering Methods in Mechanics XP01FVP Communication Protocols Quantitative Research Methods in XP16ECM1 Quantitum research methods in Aircraft Navigation XP36LM Linear Matrix Inequalities Marceting XP36LM Logical Simulation Production Management XP02MHD Magnetohydrodynamics Marketing XP38LSM Logical Simulation Marketing XP38MAT Management of Knowledge and Info Mathematics for Cybernetics - Se XP01MTS Mathematics on Signal T Methodology of Science XP34MTP Materials and Technologies for P Scientific Work Methodology XP3</td> <td>Semiconductor Physics XP02FPL Solid State Physics XP37GAB Physiological, Pychologycal and XP02FPT Physiological, Psychological and XP37GAB Geometrical Algebras XP37FHA2 Physiological, Psychological and XP16HKA History of Transport Systems and XEP33GMM Graphical Markov Models XP16HKA Noise Surveys XP16HEL History of Electrical Engineerin. XP33CH Informatics in Clinical Mechanics XP03HEL History of Transf XP33CCM Complexity and Combinatorical Al. XP36JAI Languages for Artificial Intelli<</td> XP33CCM Linear Systems XP15ECMI Quantitutive research Methods in XP17LAE Aircraft Navigation XP16KVP Quantum Computing XP33LMI Linear Systems XP33LMI Logical Simulation XP16MAN Marketing XP33MAD Magnetityridordynamics XP16MAN Marketing XP33MAD Magnetotyridordynamics XP16MAN Magnetism in Engineering Practic XP16MAN Magnetotyridordynamics XP16MAN Marketing XP33MAD <td< td=""></td<> | Semiconductor Physics XP02FPL Solid State Physics Physiological, Pychologycal and XP02FPT Physiological, Psychological and Geometrical Algebras XP37FHA2 Physiological, Psychological and Inistory of Transport Systems and XEP33GMM Graphical Markov Models Noise Surveys XP16HEL History of Electrical Engineerin Informatics in Clinical Medicine XP36JA1 Languages for Artificial Intelli Engineering Methods in Mechanics XP01FVP Communication Protocols Quantitative Research Methods in XP16ECM1 Quantitum research methods in Aircraft Navigation XP36LM Linear Matrix Inequalities Marceting XP36LM Logical Simulation Production Management XP02MHD Magnetohydrodynamics Marketing XP38LSM Logical Simulation Marketing XP38MAT Management of Knowledge and Info Mathematics for Cybernetics - Se XP01MTS Mathematics on Signal T Methodology of Science XP34MTP Materials and Technologies for P Scientific Work Methodology XP3 | Semiconductor Physics XP02FPL Solid State Physics XP37GAB Physiological, Pychologycal and XP02FPT Physiological, Psychological and XP37GAB Geometrical Algebras XP37FHA2 Physiological, Psychological and XP16HKA History of Transport Systems and XEP33GMM Graphical Markov Models XP16HKA Noise Surveys XP16HEL History of Electrical Engineerin. XP33CH Informatics in Clinical Mechanics XP03HEL History of Transf XP33CCM Complexity and Combinatorical Al. XP36JAI Languages for Artificial Intelli< |

| XP33TTM | Text mining | XP02TZP | Theory of Sound Field | XP33UID | Artificial Intelligence |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| XP01UAG | Introduction to Algebraic Geomet | XP02UZ | Ultrasound and Quantum Acoustics | XP02UFL | Introduction to Laser Physics |
| XP37ISS | Introduction to space science an | XP02UEF | Introduction to Electrophysiolog | XP01UNA | An introduction to nonassociativ |
| XP01USA | An introduction to superalgebras | XP01UKS | Introduction to Quantum Structur | XP13VTK | Vacuum technology and cryogenics |
| XP16HKC | Science, Technics and Technology | XP15UEE | Electric Energy Use and Conserva | XP37VRA | Research Seminars in Radioelectr |
| XP16VPB | Science, Technology and Industri | XP16VTK | Everyday Science and Technology | XP02VNP | Plasma Waves and Instabilities |
| XP16DEL | History of technology and econom | XP39VR | Virtual reality | XP37FOT | Selected Parts from Photonics |
| XP38VKP | Selected Parts of Instrumentatio | XP37VKF | Selected Parts from Photonics | XP33KSI | Sotware Engineering - Selected c |
| XP38VKZ | Selected Chapters of Signal Proc | XP01TEM | Selected chapters of the measure | XP36VPD | Selected Parts of Data Mining |
| XP01VPS | Selected topics in probability a | XP38VDI | Selected Chapters of Diagnostics | XP17ANS | Selected Chapters from Antennas |
| XP02VPA1 | Selected Topics of Physics 1 | XP33PUD | Artificial Intelligence | XP02VPB | Selected Topics of Physics B |
| XP02VPO | Selected Topics of Optics | XP02VPA2 | Selected Topics of Physics B | XP16MVE | Selected Problems of Economy and |
| XP37SFA | Fundamentals of Physical Acousti | XP33ROZ | Selected Topics in Pattern Recog | XP36VAV | |
| XP39VPG | Computational Geometry | XP16STM | Selected Statistical Methods | XP12VVM | Development and Research of Mate |
| XP13VVM | Development and Research of Mate | XP36VAP | Advaced Computer Architecture | XP13VNM | Research of new materials |
| XP15VME | Research Methods in th Use of El | XP16VTS | Development of Technical Univers | XP33KHD | Introduction to Game Theory |
| XP33ZPM | | XP02ZFP | Fundamentals of the Plasma Physi | XP33POS | Fundamentals of Possibilistic Me |
| XP33TPS | Foundations of the Possibilistic | XP33ZVD | Introduction to Computer Vision | XP16ZVP | Fundamentals of Scientific Work |
| XP01ZWT | Wavetet Transform. | XP01ZOA | Fundamentals of the theory of op | XP34RSD | Radiation Saurces and Photodetec |
| XP33ZDD | Processing of Biological Data | XP37ZI | Information recording | XP37ZSN1 | Signal processing in satellite n |
| XP37ZSN2 | Signal processing in satellite n | XP31ZBS | Biological Signal Processing | | * |
| | | XP33VID | 3D Computer Vision | 1 | |

List of courses of this pass:

| Code | Name of the course | Completion | Credits |
|---|--|--|--|
| XEP17SWR | Scientific Writing | ZK | 4 |
| This course is inter | nded to help researchers organize and effectively communicate, in English, their scientific results. While the instructor is an Electrical applicable to all technical disciplines. | Engineer, the app | roaches are |
| XEP33CML | Computational Intelligence Techniques for Machine Learning | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | become familiar with the theory and applications of computational intelligence methods in the context of systems capable of learning fro | • | n, motivatio |
| for learning, comp | putational intelligence. Supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning paradigms. Fuzzy systems, neural networks, neuro-fuzzy | y systems, and oth | er general |
| function approxim | nators for supervised learning. Fuzzy clustering methods for unsupervised learning. Reinforcement learning for single-agent and multi | agent systems. E | kamples of |
| | applications and case studies. The course will be connected with - a computer assignment with Matlab/Simulink and a literature ass | signment. | |
| XEP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic | ZK | 4 |
| | Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control. | | |
| XEP33GMM | Graphical Markov Models | ZK | 4 |
| | aught in WS 2023/24 for the last time. It will not be opened anymore. Markov models on graphs represent a model class widely applie | | f computer |
| science, such as c | omputer networks, data security, robotics and pattern recognition. The first part of the course covers inference and learning for Marko | v models on chain | s and trees |
| All these tasks inc | luding structure learning can be solved by efficient algorithms. The second part addresses graphical models on general graphs. Here | on the contrary, p | actically al |
| | inference and learning tasks are NP-complete. The focus is therefore on efficient approximative algorithms. | | |
| XEP33NEP | Neuroprosthetics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Neuroprosthetics | is concerned with the use of artificial devices to replace or improve the function of the human nervous system. The neuroprosthetic d | evice in most wide | spread use |
| materials and their system and to dire | ant with approximately 150,000 in use worldwide. In this course we will look at the different technologies involved, particularly in term r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms c | nonitor signals on t of practical restorat | he nervou ive use, n |
| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of nplants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised entary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human human human human human biolity to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human huma | nonitor signals on t of practical restorat ncement and inves all students shoul d will also be discu | he nervou ive use, no tigate how d be able t issed. The |
| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math course is complem | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of nplants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised entary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human technology. | nonitor signals on the formation of practical restoration of practical restoration of the formation of the f | he nervous ive use, no stigate how d be able to issed. The system wit |
| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math course is complem XEP33NUM | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain.As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of implants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised interaction of the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human be technology. Numerical Analysis | nonitor signals on the format of practical restoration for the format and investigation and students should will also be discubrain and nervous Z,ZK | he nervous ive use, no stigate how d be able t issed. The system wit |
| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math course is complem XEP33NUM The course introd | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of nplants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised entary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human technology. | nonitor signals on t of practical restorat neement and invest all students shoul d will also be discu orain and nervous Z,ZK of transcendent and | he nervous ive use, no stigate how d be able t issed. The system wit 4 d (ordinary |
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| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math course is complem XEP33NUM The course introd and partial) differer XEP33SML | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain.As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of implants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised tentary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human technology. Numerical Analysis luces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiations and integration, solution on that equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors , practical skills with the methods and demonst | Anonitor signals on the formatting of the format | he nervous ive use, no stigate how d be able t issed. The system wit 4 d (ordinary erties usin 4 |
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| materials and their system and to dire only in Cochlea in the presenters owr follow (i.e. a math course is complem XEP33NUM The course introd and partial) differer XEP33SML This advanced math XEP33VKR The course deals which substantial XEP35CMS The final goal of the | r practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to m ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of mplants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhant in self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that mematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised entary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human technology. Numerical Analysis luces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiations and integration, solution of ntial equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors , practical skills with the methods and demonst Maple and computer graphics. Structured Model Learning achine learning course covers learning and parameter estimation for structured models like Markov Random Fields, Belief Networks a Networks. Selected Topics in Pattern Recognition and Computer Vision with fundamental results from computer vision and pattern recognition. The course treats selected key results, as well as latest areas ly influence the development in the subject field. Education is performed in the form of a reading group. The course is mainly targeting available for Msc students with strong interest, possibly experience too, on a research topic that is relevant to the course. Computational Methods for Materials Science | nonitor signals on the practical restoration of practical restoration of the practical restoration of the practical restoration of the process of transcendent and rervous Z,ZK and (stochastic) Description ZK of the process of t | he nervou: ive use, no stigate how d be able t issed. The system with 4 d (ordinary erties usin 4 eep Neural 4 cially those but is also 4 e end of th |

model experimental results; and - a general protocol through which to design new materials at the atomic scale. By means of simulation laboratory experience, the students will eventually learn how to setup and run simulations, and how to analyse and present the results by using post-processing softwares.

| model experimental | learn how to setup and run simulations, and how to analyse and present the results by using post-processing softwares. | ce, the students w | meventually |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| XEP36AGT | Advanced Computational Game Theory | ZK | 4 |
| XP01EAL | Effect algebras | ZK | 4 |
| I | Bsic course on effect algebras. Effect algebras, MV-effect algebras, various types of elements, compatibility, partitions, state | ·S. | I |
| XP01EKM | Mathematics Models for Economics | ZK | 4 |
| This course is an i | introduction to the theory of time series and random processes used in economics for describing values (financial assets, product pr | ices, financial loss |) randomly |
| | developing in time will be shown. Further, the terms of stochastic differential and stochastic integral are introduced. | | |
| XP01FA1 | Functional Analysis 1 | ZK | 4 |
| | Measure theory and Lebesgue integral. An introduction to Hilbert spaces. Theory of linear operators in Hilbert spaces. Spectral t | | |
| XP01ITZ | Integral Transforms and Z Transform | ZK | 4 |
| | egral transforms, linearity. Laplace transform, inversion, limit theorems. Fourier transform. Application to solving integral and different Fourier and Laplace transforms of distributions. Linear dynamic systems, causality, passivity, convolution. Systems with bounded spectr | | |
| distribution theory, r | equations. | JIII. Z-(18115101111 81 | |
| XP01KAS | Complexity and Combinatorical Algorithms | ZK | 4 |
| | nplexity of algorithms. P and NP problems and their solutions: exact solutions, heuristics, approximation schemes, probabilistic algorith | | 1 - |
| XP01KVP | Quantum Computing | ZK | 4 |
| | g represents a new programming paradigm. The safety of nowadays encypering techniques is based on enormous computation compl | | nathematica |
| | fety may be broken by quantum computers. The "building stones" of a quantum computer and quantum computers will be develope | | |
| | design fast factorization algorithms, fast database search, etc. | | |
| XP01MKR | Mathematics for cryptography | ZK | 4 |
| | Introduction to the theory of groups, finite fields, and polynomials over finite fields and their applications in cryptography. | | |
| XP01MST | Mathematical Statistics | ZK | 4 |
| - | g, ordered sampling and their distributions. Sample statistics. Point estimates and interval estimates. Confidence intervals. Estimation | | consistent |
| | stimates. Hypothesis testing for distribution parameters. Hypothesis testing for equality of parameters. Nonparametric tests. Regressi | - | |
| XP01MTP | Matrix Calculus | ZK | 4 |
| | rdan blocks, Jordan canonical matrices. Real canonical form of a real matrix. Characteristic and minimal polynomial. Caley-Hamilton the | | |
| exponential matrix. | Symetric, orthogonal and positive matrices. Diagonalization of symetric, positive and circulant matrices. Singular value decomposition. I matrix. Generalized solution of systems of linear equations. | vioore-Penrose ps | seudoinverse |
| XP01MTS | Mathematical Methods in Signal Theory | ZK | 4 |
| | te, periodic and almost periodic signals. Fourier series and Fourier integral. Band-limited signals. Theorems of Paley-Wiener and Sha | | 1 - |
| | Analytic signals. | | |
| XP01NLA | Numerical Linear Algebra | ZK | 4 |
| - 1 | x algebra. Norms of vectors and matrices. Numerical linear algebra. Special systems. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Iterative method | 1 | n. Singular |
| | value decomposition. Generalized solutions of linear systems. | | |
| XP01PDR | Partial Differential Equations | ZK | 4 |
| Problems in partial | differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral | form and numeric | al methods. |
| XP01POA | Advanced theory of operator algebras | ZK | 4 |
| Some advanced a | aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor pr | oducts, cross proc | ducts, and |
| 1 | modular theory. | | 1 |
| XP01SPJ | Syntax and semantics of a formal language | ZK | 4 |
| - | ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence the of functional assures a department of functional association of functional associations of functional associations and the second | | |
| | ts of functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functionl language, denotational semantics. New functions definiti anal semantics. Other approaches to semantics, continuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a progr | | |
| XP01TEM | Selected chapters of the measure theory | ZK | . 4 |
| 1 | of finetely additive and sigma-additive measures, classic results (the Radon-Nikodym theorem and the Carathéodory theorem), the | | 1 |
| | measures (the Horn-Tarski technique, the Banach limit method, some questions of the lifting, etc.), the Hammer-Sobczyk theo | | .y dadii.ro |
| XP01TGR | Graph Theory | ZK | 4 |
| | aph theory. Trees, their characterization, minimal spanning tree. Strongly connected components, rooted trees. Shortest paths, Floyd | 1 | 1 |
| their applications, | Hamiltonian graphs and their applications. Chvatal's theorem. Flow in networsk, admissible flows and admissible circulations. Matchi | ngs in general gra | aphs and in |
| bipartite graphs. Ve | ertex cover and independent sets. Cliques. Colorings. Plannar graphs. Graphs and vector spaces. The content of the course is modifi | ed according to th | ne needs of |
| | students. | | |
| XP01TJA | Languages, Automata and Grammars | ZK | 4 |
| Finite automata. Ne | rod theorem and its applications. Nondeterministic automata. Regular expressions nad Kleene theorem. Grammars and their classific | | e grammars |
| VDadusa | Chomsky hierarchy. CYK algorithm for context-free grammars. Turing machines, decision problem. Algorithmically nonsolvable pro | | |
| XP01UAG | Introduction to Algebraic Geometry | ZK | 4 |
| | he solution sets of systems of polynomial equations in more than one variable and their relationship with the ideals in polynomial ring | - | |
| Dasis meorem, Groe | ebner's bases and their properties, Buchberger's algorithm for searching a Groebner's basis, elimination theory, Hilbert's Nullstellens varieties and radicals. | aiz, corresponder | ICE DELWEEI |
| XP01UKS | Introduction to Quantum Structures | ZK | 4 |
| | Introduction to Quantum Structures Intum structures. The notions of an orthomodular lattice, orthomodular poset, orthoalgebra, effect algebra, state, center are introduce | 1 | |
| - aoio oouroe or qua | structures are studied included representations of quantum structures. | | s si quantun |
| XP01UNA | An introduction to nonassociative algebras | ZK | 4 |
| I | in the theory of nonassociative algebra. We introduce the otions of free nonassociative algebra, tensor algebra, bimodules and irepr | | 1 - |
| | v a big attention on the ariety of alternative algebras and composition algebras. We define Lie, alcev and Jordan algebras, their unive | | - |
| XP01USA | An introduction to superalgebras. | ZK | 4 |
| | | | 1 |
| 1 | the theory of superalgebras. We introduce notions of a graded algebra, superalgebra, Grassmann envelope of a superalgebra. Cons | idel valleties of st | |
| 1 | the theory of superalgebras. We introduce notions of a graded algebra, superalgebra, Grassmann envelope of a superalgebra. Cons and identities in superalgebras. We pay a big attention on the variety of alternative and Jordan superalgebras. | | 1 |
| 1 | | ZK | 4 |

| XP01ZOA | Fundamentals of the theory of operator algebras | ZK | 4 |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | he theory of operator algebras aimed at the theory of C* algebras and von Neumann algebras in its concrete Hilbert space represent | ation. The state sp | ace, GNS |
| construction and re | presentations are studied. Comparison theory of projections, states and representations is explained. Von Neumann algebras are class | ssified as finite and | l infinite and |
| | structural types I, II, III. | | |
| XP01ZWT | Wavetet Transform. | ZK | 4 |
| Hilbert spaces. Co | ontinuous wavelet transform. Time and frequency localization. Discrete wavelet transform. Riesz bases and frames. Multiresolution ar | nalysis. Application | s to signal |
| | processing. | 71/ | 4 |
| XP02AMA | Active Methods in Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| | s, interference, Huygens principle, sound field in ducts, vawe-guides and enclosures. Active noise control in a duct. One or more seccustic coupling, modes, local control. Feedback and feedforward strategy, analog adn digital realisations, algorithms based on LMS, stab | | |
| | algorithms. Practical realisations of active systems. Active control of vibrations, transducers for active control. | inty of algorithms, f | nunchanner |
| XP02AME | Active Methods in Acoustics | ZK | |
| XP02BFY | Biophysics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | s related to blood flow, measurement of haemodynamic parameters in vivo, properties of blood vessels. Special attention will be give | · · · | |
| | on in treatment of renal or lung insuficiency. The students will learn how to measure blood pressure under various degrees of load ar | • | |
| | ventilation parameters. Theoretical knowledge will be complemented by practical experience from excursions. | | |
| XP02DP | Electric Discharges and their Applications | ZK | 4 |
| Classification of e | electric discharges. Townsend?s theory. Glow discharge. Processes on the surface of electrodes. Technological applications. Plasma of | displays. High-freq | uency and |
| microwave disch | arge. Arc. Corona. Spark discharge. Lightning. Ball lightning. Z-pinch and its properties. Electromagnetic collapse. X-ray sources, con | trolled fusion. Gen | eration of |
| | magnetic fields of Earth. | | |
| XP02EVA | Physics for Electroenergetics | ZK | 4 |
| | lected parts of physics for students of electric power engineering: Physical principles of gas discharges - glow, arc, spark and corona dis | - | |
| I he students becor | me acquainted with characteristics for magnetized, astrophysical and fusion energy generation. A part of the course is two excursions i Academy of Sciences. | in laboratories CTC | and Czech |
| XP02FPL | Solid State Physics | ZK | 4 |
| AFUZFFL | The course provides fundamentals of solid state physics at large. | 21 | 4 |
| XP02FPT | Physics for Therapy | Z,ZK | 3 |
| - | focused to Over Using Syndrome problems. Besides that, there will be discussed pain treatment for patients with cancer. A significar | , , | - |
| | vsiotherapy and phototherapy. Also healing processes, organ conservation methods and progressive surgery methods will be spoken | | |
| | many practical knowledge via labs. | | |
| XP02HS | Noise Surveys | ZK | 4 |
| | and vibration measurement, noise legislation, hygiene control. Types of noise surveys, examples, types of noise sources. Noise map | pping, principles ar | nd types of |
| | sources. Noise in working environment. Noise in buildings. Transport noise, airport noise. Technical principles of noise contri | ol. | |
| XP02MHD | Magnetohydrodynamics | ZK | 4 |
| | Qualitative description of the behaviour of hot plasma in magnetic fields | | |
| XP02MPF | | Z,ZK | 2 |
| XP02PT | Plasma Technologies | ZK | 4 |
| XP02SF | Statistical Physics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. | | |
| XP02TF1 | Theoretical Physics 1 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The lecture Theore | etical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanics | s - to master the de | scription of |
| VDOOTEO | motion in curvilinear coordinates. | 7 71/ | 4 |
| XP02TF2 | Theoretical Physics 2 The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cy | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | | | 4 |
| XP02TZP | Theory of Sound Field rse is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the | ZK | 4 |
| | use is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and it was of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its spe | | |
| | f the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integr | | |
| | radiation and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier ac | - | |
| XP02UEF | Introduction to Electrophysiology | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | Course is oriented on anatomical, physiological and physical aspects of selected electrophysiology problems. | | |
| XP02UFL | Introduction to Laser Physics | ZK | 4 |
| The subject intro | duces the basics of laser physics. It explains the principle of laser operation, presents basic terms and describes in detail individual ty | pes of lasers, inclu | uding their |
| | acterizes the main properties of laser radiation and briefly indicates the possibilities of creating short pulses of radiation. The next par | | |
| in various areas o | of human activity. It also lists safety principles for working with lasers. In the practical part, it is supplemented by visits to top workplac | es (e.g. PALS, ELI | , HILASE) |
| VD00L17 | dealing with the given issue. | 71/ | 4 |
| XP02UZ | Ultrasound and Quantum Acoustics se lectures is to familiarize doctoral students with the issues of ultrasonic waves needed for the design of a wide range of ultrasonic c | ZK | 4 use in detail |
| | e parts that the doctoral student could use in his work. The subject of the offer is a range of classic and recently developed findings fr | | uss in ueldil |
| XP02VNP | Plasma Waves and Instabilities | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | mena will be introduced in the first part of the lecture (dispersion relation, phase and group velocities, Fourier analysis). Fundamenta | · · | |
| | m the linearized MHD equations (magnetoacoustic waves - Alfven, F and S wave; electromagnetic waves in plasma - O, X, R, L wave | | |
| | part of the lecture will be devoted to final size waves, nonlinear phenomena (Landau damping) and solitons in plasma. | | |
| XP02VPA1 | Selected Topics of Physics 1 | ZK | 4 |
| XP02VPA2 | Selected Topics of Physics B | ZK | 4 |
| XP02VPB | Selected Topics of Physics B | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP02VPO | Selected Topics of Optics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | vave equation, plane wave, polarization, reflection and refraction, natural and artificial anisotropy, optical modulators, coherence, interfere | | |
| diffraction, optical | grating, holography, methods of visualization, normal and anomalous dispersion, optical image formation, optical devices, photometry | , colorimetry, atom | is radiation, |
| | stimulated emission, lasers. | | |

| XP02ZFP | Fundamentals of the Plasma Physics | ZK a of observed porti | 4 |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------|
| I his course will | provide you with a basic knowledge of plasma physics and of its applications. Plasma definition. Main plasma characteristics. Collision model Magneto-hydrodynamics. Aplications. | is of charged parti | cies. Fiuid |
| XP04A1 | English language 1 | NIC | |
| | general English from previous studies, further develops speaking skills, listening and recalling spoken English as well as note-taking | - | l sic scientific |
| | terminology (cause-effect relationship, definitions, classification, basic information on composing written documents). | | |
| XP04A1ZK | English language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| The subject A1 ZK | is only for those postgraduate students studying in older study program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying languages | according to the i | newer study |
| XP04A2 | program . English language 2 | NIC | |
| | j ing written documents (papers, reports, articles, dissertations, official letters); oral presentations, reading skills (getting both general | | nation): the |
| | ding speech in a foreign language ; selected parts of difficult grammar; selected items focused on practical skills (reading mathematica | | |
| | writing CV). Oral presentations. | | |
| XP04A2SZK | English Language | ZK | 0 |
| XP04A2ZK | English language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| | ect is only for those postgraduate students who study in older program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying the new lang | | 0 |
| XP04AZK | English Language | ZK | 0 |
| XP04C1ZK | Czech language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04C2ZK | Czech language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04F1 | French language 1 | NIC | |
| | of grammar and vocabulary, with the emphasis on technical style ; ability to understand technical texts on an intermediate level (teste | | 50 pages of |
| | exts). Oral presentations - ability to talk on subjects studied by the postgraduate student. Writing cover letters , CV, answering advertis | | 1 |
| XP04F1ZK | French language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04F2 | French language 2 | NIC | |
| | ency both in grammar and lexical issues with emphasis on what is typical for technical style. Ability to be oriented in a more difficult texes). Oral presentations, i.e. ability to talk about problems on a sufficiently good level, (both language and content level studied by postgr | | |
| tonio (oca 120 pag | skills related to job applications, cover letters etc. | | ig language |
| XP04F2ZK | French language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04MIN | English Language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| - | m of defense of professional study in English. The task of the doctoral student before the committee to defend his professional work dra | - | - |
| As part of the subs | equent discussion. PhD student is evaluated in presentation skills , mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills during the debate . Account is also the linguistic correctness of written text. | quickly and corre | ctly respond |
| XP04N1 | German language 1 | NIC | |
| | h the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering, eliciting basic info | | ext. Reading |
| | professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific to | 1 1 1 | |
| conversation less | ons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, profess | ional and scientific | c work, the |
| XP04N1ZK | profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts. German language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| | h the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering, eliciting basic info | | - |
| - | professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific to | | - |
| conversation less | ons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, profess | ional and scientific | c work, the |
| VD04ND | profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts. | NIIC | |
| XP04N2 | German language 2 | NIC ts_preparing pape | ers reviews |
| | presentations etc.) | io, proparing pape | , |
| XP04N2ZK | German language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04R1 | Russian language 1 | NIC | |
| The course is sui | table for intermediate students who have an equivalent command of the language as someone who has completed book Raduga. Co | urse objective: Ac | quiring the |
| | language skills required to get by in everyday situations and a basic understanding of straightforward technical texts. | 71/ | 0 |
| XP04R1ZK XP04R2 | Russian language 1 | ZK NIC | 0 |
| - | Russian Language 2 | | esentations: |
| | tructures and pronunciation. Russian realia and the way of Russian life.Besides the course books, the supplementary texts and AV aid | | ocontationo, |
| XP04R2ZK | Russian language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04S1 | Spanish language 1 | NIC | 0 |
| Increasing active k | nowledge of Spanish language, including the language for specific purposes. Specific technical style characteristics focused on specifi | c grammar and lex | kis.Listening |
| VD040471 | comprehension, oral presentations, understanding the text-all based on intermediate level language. | 71/ | |
| XP04S1ZK XP04S2 | Spanish language 1 | ZK NIC | 0 |
| | Spanish language 2 (ills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation | | d oral.news |
| | vidual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent spe | | |
| XP04S2ZK | Spanish language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04 1 | Czech language 1 | NIC | 0 |
| XP04 2 | Czech language 2 | NIC | 0 |
| XP12IMM | Engineering Methods in Mechanics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | plution of problems in rigid bodies mechanics, hydromechanical, thermodynamic and electromechanical systems. Dynamics of combine | - | - |
| | nalytical mechanics, assembling of mathematical model and resources for simulation. Identification of system parameters with respect energy losses. Physical similarity and analogy, dimensional analysis, dimensionless parameters, PI-terms,fundamentals of experiment | - | ances and |
| | and analogy, and analysis, | | |

| D | Development and Research of Materials | Z,ZK | 5 |
|--|--|--|---|
| Research of con | nposite materials wth specific electrical properties. Diagnostics of materials in electrotechnology. Polymers. Phase transitions. Thin an | d thick conductive | layers on |
| | polymers. Organic solar cells. Models of function of biomaterials. | | |
| XP13DEZ | Degradation processes of electridal equipment | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | rizes students with the basic processes of degradation, which is exposed to the electrical product in a production environment. The stu | | - |
| | luct for a model operating environment. The student should try to verify the dominant degradation process of the product in the labora | | computer |
| | tion. Attention is also paid to environmental aspects associated with the choice of materials (technology) that are able to limit the dec | | |
| XP13DFD | Data and Functional Analysis of Production Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | em of production enterprise and its structure. Relationship of technological system to other systems. Tools of control and information of e | | - |
| | alysis of enterprise. Date base of technical preparation of production. Methodology of functional analysis of enterprise. Methods of da sis of user interface of enterprise IS. Object oriented methodology of analysis of enterprise. Methods of time analysis of enterprise. U | | |
| Methous of analys | enterprise. Documentation and standards for data and functional analysis. Automation of analysis methods, CASE tools. | | anaiy515 01 |
| XP13DTF | Thin film diagnostics | 776 | 4 |
| | erization. Definition of a thin film. Deposition methods; chemical vapor deposition, physical vapor deposition. Thin film characterizatio | Z,ZK | 1 |
| Sunace charact | diffraction. Ion implantation. X-ray diffraction and photoelectron spectroscopy. Thickness, mechanical, optical and electrical prop | | election |
| XP13FCD | Photovoltaics systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | sses the most important problems of principle, technology of production and final use of photovoltaic systems for power generation. The | · · | - |
| | version. Photovoltaic effect, photovoltaic cells. Optimization of cell structure in terms of optical and electrical properties of individual l | | |
| | Determination of the maximum theoretically achievable energy conversion efficiency of a given structure. Photovoltaic modules. Technol | | |
| | otovoltaic cells and modules. Characterization and diagnostic methods, analysis of failure types, influence on durability. Photovoltaic sys | | |
| to the grid). Com | ponents of photovoltaic systems. Simulation of yield for a given type of climate and season. Trends in applications of photovoltaic sys | tems and economi | c aspects. |
| XP13FDD | Physic of Dielectrics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Types and mech | anizmus of polarization. Dielectric absorption. Electrical conductivity of insulators. Dielectrics in static electrical field. Dielectrics in tim | e-dependent elect | rical field. |
| Frequency dispe | rsion of polymers. Thermal dispersion of polymers. Optical properties of dielectrics. Dielectrics losses. Electrical strength of insulators | s. Electrical propert | ies of thin |
| | dielectrics films. Ageing of insulators. Properties of feroelectrics. Main and joined phenomena in dielectrics. | | |
| XP13FPD | Semiconductor Physics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the co | burse is to deepen the knowledge of the properties of semiconductor materials and structures that are important for a deeper underst | anding of the semi | conductor |
| | components technology. | | |
| XP13MSD | Modelling and Simulation of Technological Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Program tools of co | omputer modelling and simulation. Programs processing port diagrams or block diagrams. Text edited systems and examples. Graphic | edited systems ar | nd examples |
| - SIMULINK. Mode | lling of electric and electronic systems. Models of power semiconductor devices, modelling of power semiconductor systems. Example | les of simulations. | Modelling of |
| | mechanical and electromechanical systems, hydraulic systems and thermal systems. Examples of simulations. | 1 | |
| XP13NM | New Matherials and their Application | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The course is for | cused on the topic of the doctoral thesis, e.g. carbon materials and composites, conducting polymers and composites, biomimetic ma | ateriály, selfassemb | oly, glassy |
| | materials, and new materials for actuators. | | |
| XP13PED | Plastics in Electrical Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | s in electrical manufacturing. Exercise plastics in the production of the cables, structural members etc. The specialty requirements on the | Diastic materials (C | onductance |
| | idity of above constancy.) Composite materials from out plastics. Technology treatment of plastics. Degradation of plastics impact of a | | |
| - | idity, of shape constancy). Composite materials from out plastics. Technology treatment of plastics. Degradation of plastics impact of e chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste, Recycling of plastics (materials from out plastics on the second stability and chemical resistance). | environment(climat | |
| me | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on the | environment(climat | ic and the |
| XP13PSD | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems | environment(climat le environment. Z,ZK | iic and the |
| mer XP13PSD Evulutionary stage | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, | environment(climat le environment. Z,ZK allocation and con | tic and the 4 trol of tools. |
| Meric XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS and | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and | environment(climat le environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com | tic and the 4 trol of tools. ponents of |
| Med XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport at | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal | trol of tools. ponents of problems. |
| Meri XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS au FMS. Transport a XP13SAV | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK | tic and the 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK | trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 4 |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK | trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 4 |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS au FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK database and CAI | 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 D, examples |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin XP13SJD | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. Quality Control Systems | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK database and CAI Z,ZK | tic and the 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 4 D, examples 4 |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin XP13SJD The concept of qua | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK database and CAI Z,ZK uality loop. Factor of | 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 D, examples 4 experiments |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin XP13SJD The concept of qua and their role in qu | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. Quality Control Systems ality and reliability. Basic quality management systems. ISO 9000, TQM, Kaizen. Basic characteristics of ISO 9000. Quality manual. Q | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK database and CAI Z,ZK uality loop. Factor of and its implement | 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 0, examples 4 experiments ation. Basic |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin XP13SJD The concept of qua and their role in qu | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. Quality Control Systems ality and reliability. Basic quality management systems. ISO 9000, TQM, Kaizen. Basic characteristics of ISO 9000. Quality manual. Q uality. Mathematical model based on factor experiments. Optimization of mathematical model. Six Sigma quality management system | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK database and CAI Z,ZK uality loop. Factor of and its implement | 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 0, examples 4 experiments ation. Basic |
| XP13PSD Evulutionary stage Control of FMS at FMS. Transport a XP13SAV XP13SID Introduction to usin XP13SJD The concept of qua and their role in qu | chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on th Flexible Production Systems s of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, nd its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency Statistic analysis and technological data evaluation Software in Industrial Engineering Ig of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. Quality Control Systems ality and reliability. Basic quality management systems. ISO 9000, TQM, Kaizen. Basic characteristics of ISO 9000. Quality manual. Q uality. Mathematical model based on factor experiments. Optimization of mathematical model. Six Sigma quality management system Sigma system. Reliability as a subset of quality. Mathematical distributions used in the field of reliability. Usage and maintenance coe | environment(climat e environment. Z,ZK allocation and con robots as the com of FMS. Personal Z,ZK Z,ZK database and CAI Z,ZK uality loop. Factor of and its implement | 4 trol of tools. ponents of problems. 4 0, examples 4 experiments ation. Basic |
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valuation of MCMs. Poliability

| XP13VNM The course will cove | of MCMs. Design tools. Programmable modules. Applications of MCMs. | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1 | Research of new materials | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | r the topics of materials such as Piezoelectrics, pyroelectrics and ferroelectrics without lead, Multiferroics, Special magnetic elements, | , | and carbon |
| nanomaterials, Bio- | inspired materials and hybrid organic inorganic materials, Polymers and composites containing polymer for electrical engineering, Na | anofibers, Metals (| ODS, HEA |
| | lled content of amorphous / crystalline / nanocrystalline mass, Metals with extreme dependence of electrical resistance on temperation | | |
| | rial behavior, Carbides and nitrides (MAX phase). Critical methods for study of these materials will be discussed - Characterization of | - | |
| spectroscopic tech | niques, Characterization of materials by microscopy (SEM, TEM, polarized light, confocal), Characterization of materials by impedar simulation of temperature and el. fields. | nce analyzers, Mo | deling and |
| XP13VTK | Vacuum technology and cryogenics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | minous processes. Surface processes. Processes circulative to wall. Vacuum pumps. Measurements in vacuum techniques. Principle | , , | - |
| | s for achievement of low temperatures. Properties and behavior of matters at low temperatures. Transport of heat and insulating syste | - | |
| | nometry.Laboratory training and seminars are focused to obtain a basic practical proficiencies and the other knowledges in vacuum | | |
| XP13VVM | Development and Research of Materials | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Research of com | posite materials wth specific electrical properties. Diagnostics of materials in electrotechnology. Polymers. Phase transitions. Thin and | d thick conductive | layers on |
| | polymers. Organic solar cells. Models of function of biomaterials. | | |
| XP14APD | New Trends in Electric Device Applications | ZK | 4 |
| | lopment and design of electric apparatus. Electric apparatus and electric devices co-operation. Electric apparatus switching characte | | |
| switched circuit. | Switching overvoltage and possibility of its limitation. Up to date systems for overvoltage limitation. Problems of high voltage motor sv measuring and testing up to date methods. Internal smart installations. New generation of building installations. | witching. Electric a | oparatus |
| XP14APR | | ZK | 3 |
| XP14AFK XP14DES | New Trends in Electric Device Apply | ZK | 4 |
| - | Dynamics of Electric Machines | | |
| | ents with deep understanding of the principles, operation, and analysis of rotating electric machinery. Mathematical models based on | - | |
| - | oped for various types of electric machines (induction machines, electrically excited synchronous machines, permanent magnet sync | | - |
| understanding of | electrical machine theory on such a level is necessary, for instance, for design of modern control methods of electric drives or constr | ruction of electric n | nachines. |
| XP14DSD | Dynamics of Electric Machines | ZK | 4 |
| Assumptions for ele | ctric machine general theory. Mathematical transformation systems, per unit system. Mathematical model of DC machine, of synchro | onous and inductio | n machine, |
| of collector machi | ne. Electro-dynamic transient phenomena in electric machines. Short-circuit. Switching of the motor on the network. Electromagnetic | torque and its cor | nponents. |
| | Synchronous motor oscillation. Circle diagram methods for transient effect solves. Non-symmetrical short-circuits. | | |
| XP14ECD | Electromagnetic Compatibility | ZK | 4 |
| | ces. Different manner and coupling factors of interference spreading. Grounding influences. Screening. Non-linear electric appliances | | |
| Current and Voltag | e forms of different electric appliances. Harmonic current and voltage components of different electric appliances. Steady state and t harmonics components. Interference suppression of converters on the network. Compensation and filtration substations. | | iu voltage |
| XP14EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility | ZK | 4 |
| 1 | es. Interference coupling. Shielding. Earthing. Nonlinear consumers. Harmonics in electric convertors in steady and transient conditi | | - |
| | converor influences on the network. Compensation and filtration. | | - 3 |
| XP14MEN | New Trends in Converter Technology | ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the stu | dy is to introduce students to the principles and functions of latest topologies of power semiconductor electric energy converters, taki | ing into account th | e scope of |
| | ntent of the subject is the optimization of the power conversion parameters in power semiconductor converter systems. The subject is | | |
| - | nciples, topologies, functions and possibilities of application of power semiconductor converters realized on the basis of modern pow | | devices and |
| | owerful control microcomputers. The topics are focused on pulse width modulation methods for voltage and current control, modes c | | and a new could be |
| unity power lactor | | - | |
| | active control of the current curve and the voltage curve, as well as the overall quality of electric energy transmission. The problems matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve | of analysis and sy | |
| | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve | of analysis and sy ed. | nthesis of |
| XP14MID | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives | of analysis and sy ed. ZK | rnthesis of |
| XP14MID Control compute | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array | nthesis of 4 s. Serial |
| XP14MID Control compute communication. D | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ers, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te | nthesis of 4 s. Serial chniques. |
| XP14MID Control compute communication. D | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ers, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, set also a solve and a solve | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te | nthesis of 4 s. Serial chniques. |
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| XP14MID Control compute communication. D Polled loops, phase XP14MIP The aim of the co | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ares, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, f /state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels. Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphor and issues. SW, HW design examples. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives urse is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te res. Control algorit ZK e deals with topics | A s. Serial chniques. hms design 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 |
| XP14MID Control compute communication. D Polled loops, phase XP14MIP The aim of the co computer, digital s | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ares, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, f /state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels. Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphor and issues. SW, HW design examples. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives urse is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course gnal processor (DSP) architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA con- | of analysis and sy ad. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te res. Control algorit ZK e deals with topics ntroller, special blo | A s. Serial chniques. hms design 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 |
| XP14MID Control compute communication. D Polled loops, phase XP14MIP The aim of the co computer, digital s event memory, FIFC | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ares, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, f /state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels. Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphor and issues. SW, HW design examples. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives urse is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course gnal processor (DSP) architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA con 0, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor | of analysis and sy ad. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te res. Control algorit ZK e deals with topics ntroller, special blo r systems, parallel | A s. Serial chniques. hms design 4 of control cks, ADC, processing, |
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| XP14MID Control compute communication. D Polled loops, phase XP14MIP The aim of the cc computer, digital s event memory, FIFC RT systems, preem | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ers, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, if state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels. Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphor and issues. SW, HW design examples. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives urse is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course ignal processor (DSP) architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA con b, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor to electric drives. | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te res. Control algorit ZK e deals with topics ntroller, special blo r systems, parallel ion in scalar and ve | A s. Serial chniques. hms design 4 of control ocks, ADC, processing, actor control |
| XP14MID Control compute communication. D Polled loops, phase XP14MIP The aim of the cc computer, digital s event memory, FIFC RT systems, preem XP14MIR | matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solve Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ares, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport SP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, if state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels. Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphor and issues. SW, HW design examples. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives urse is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course gnal processor (DSP) architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA con b, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor tive RTOS, tasks, queues, semaphors, critical section, control computer programming methods, control computer resources application to a section of the programming methods, control computer resources application | of analysis and sy ed. ZK RAMs, gate array SW, HW design te res. Control algorit ZK e deals with topics ntroller, special blo r systems, parallel ion in scalar and ve ZK | A s. Serial chniques. hms design 4 of control ocks, ADC, processing, ctor control 3 |
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| XP14MZR | New Control Methods for Electric Drives | ZK | 4 |
|--------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| | se is to introduce students to the latest issues of control and regulation of electric drives, taking into account the focus of their doctoral | | |
| electromechanical | energy conversion parameters in electric drive systems and relevant power electronics, in particular by using modern control and reg | ulation algorithms. | The course |
| | is mainly focused on electric AC drives, especially drives with asynchronous and synchronous motors. | | |
| XP14NAP | New Trends in Electric Device Apply | ZK | 4 |
| XP14NTP | New Trends in Electric Device Theory | ZK | 4 |
| XP14RPD | Advanced Controlled Drives | ZK | 3 |
| | riable frequency feeding. Current source converter. Voltage source converter, PWM, Electromagnetic torque by feeding from frequence | - | |
| - | Direct and indirect torque control system, Self-controlled synchronous motor drive. Methods for rotor position determination. Switch R | eluctance Motor, S | |
| XP14TPD | New Trends in Electric Device Theory | ZK | 4 |
| - | er models and theory. Switching arc physics. Interaction between switching breaker and electric circuit. New knowledge in electric arc | - | |
| extinguishing me | dium on physical process in arcing chamber. Switcher braking capacity and possibility of their inducement. Fuses theory. Electric circ | uit braking with sho | ort current |
| | limitation. Electric contact theory. | 71/ | |
| XP14TPR | New Trends in Electric Device Theory | ZK | 3 |
| XP15DVN | Diagnostics of HV and EHV Insulating Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | ation, fault sources and mechanisms. Indoor and outdoor insulation of electrical equipment. Diagnostic methods, using in operation. Cl ion of database systems for electrical machines and equipment of HV and EHV. Application of systems with element of artificial intell | | |
| | | - | - |
| XP15EH | Energy Economy | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | part of national economy. Terminology of energy economy. The energy systems. Forecast of energy consumption. Energy balance in pr Energy economy and its impact to environment. Energy economy on the organization level. The control of energy economy. Basic pro | | |
| XP15ES | | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | Electrical Lighting presses. Light micro climate design. Daylight, artificial and mixed lighting. Visual performance. Visual comfort. Colorimetry. Light source | | |
| visual sensory pre | Lighting systems. Exterior and interior lighting. Lumen method. Integrated and remote controlled lighting systems. | co. Eurimane onar | 00101101100. |
| XP15ET | Electroheat | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | fundamental equations of heat and mass transfer in electromagnetic field in continuum. Thermal effects of electromagnetic field. The | | |
| | induction, dielectric and arc heating. Similarity and analogy of equations and their use. Numerical methods in electroheat. | - | 55101110 01 |
| XP15EXE | Expert Systems in Electrical Power Engineering | Z.ZK | 4 |
| | nd evaluation. Expert systems in electrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Application of rule-based expert | I ' I | - |
| | ectrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Creation of expert systems for electrical power engineering and ele | - | |
| XP15EZP | Control in Power Engineering | Z.ZK | 4 |
| - | pomental problems. The role of power engineering. Global climate change. The greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide emissions.Impact o | 1 ' 1 | nts.Impact |
| of hydro power pla | nts. Renewable energy sources. Methods and technology for decreasing of impact to environment. Electric power transmission and the | ne environment. The | e control of |
| | power energy system | | |
| XP15FAK | Photometry and Colorimetry | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Principle of photo | metric methods. Standards of luminance and luminous flux. Receivers of radiation and modification of their characteristics. Photomet | ric distance. Measu | urement of |
| light source para | meters. Luminaire parameters. Measuring of indoor lighting systems. Measuring of outdoor luminance and illuminance. Colour vision | theory. Chromaticit | y. Colour. |
| | Colorimeter space. Colour rendering-index. Chromaticity system.Diagram of chromatic. Colorimeter. Spectroscop | | |
| XP15MPE | Mechatronics in Electrical Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | es, models and control systems of steam generators, steam and water turbines and nuclear reactor. Dynamics and control of STATCOM ar | | |
| XP15MVN | High Voltage Measurement | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | roltages and high voltage generators. Measurement cables, attenuators. Disturbances of HV measurement. Measurement of impulse | | |
| | Dividers for measurement of fast transients, calibration of dividers. Measurement of DC high voltages, HV resistors and dividers. Measurement of RMS voltages. Instruments for measurement of voltage peak values. Measurement of high current, shunt reactors, Ro | | |
| | current on potential by utilization of optical-fibre waveguides. Voltage tests of transformers. HV measurement of dielectrics | • | |
| XP15PEE | Transmission of Electricity | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | and transmission systems. Multiple overhead lines. Symmetrical components. Calculation of load flow. Analysis of faulted power sys | | |
| | s and simultaneous faults. Special transients in the integrated power systems. Distance and comparison protection relays, principles | | |
| | ower networks, prediction and limitation of disturbances due to non-linear loads. Static stability of the power system and its criteria. D | | |
| | and its criteria. Methods for increasing of the stability in power systems. Multimachine transient stability. Reliability of the power trans | | |
| XP15RE | Control of Power Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | is of power system control, feasibility and algorithms of optimization methods, handling of constrain conditions. Hierarchy and decom | | controlling |
| tasks. System sta | te estimation. Load forecasting and load curve civering. Unit commitment. Optimization of operation with respect to net topology const | strains.Control of vo | oltage and |
| reactive powers I | balance. Control of frequency and active powers balance. Optimal power flow. Dynamical models of power stations and systems. Solu | tion of extraordinar | y states |
| | Dispatch, system and subsidiary services. | | |
| XP15SPS | Coupled Problems in Heavy Current and Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | led problem, classification of the coupled problems typical for heavy cur-rent and power applications. Mathematical description of the | | |
| | ding partial differential equations. Characteristics of electromagnetic-thermal problems (with respecting eventual thermoelasticity), electron | | - |
| and electromagneti | ic-mechanical problems and also problems based on a com-bination of the electromagnetic field and electric circuits. Formulation of the | ar mathematical an | a computer |
| VD4FT00 | models and algorithms of their solution. Information about available SW, its existing capabilities and perspectives. | 774 | |
| XP15TOS | Theory of Light field | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | I. Mathematical description of emission of unsymmetrical luminaires. Photometry of distante and close point. New characteristics of splate of integral characteristics. Light field of surface type and cube type luminaire. Light flux distribution from point course. Distribution | | |
| | lation of integral characteristics. Light field of surface type and cube type luminaire. Light flux distribution from point source. Distribution Distribution of light flux of surface source. Interreflection theory. Design of indoor illumination using PC. | | |
| XP15UEE | Electric Energy Use and Conservation | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP15VME | Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy | Z,ZK Z,ZK | 4 |
| | he mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aero | | |
| | Id. Mathematical modeling. Analytical solutions of electromagnetic field. Discrete parameters and their relation with field parameters. Nu | - | |
| | mathematical modeling of fields. Non-deterministic modeling. Experiment and data processing, practical examples. | | |
| XP15ZSS | Light sources and Equipment | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

| XP16AFM | Advanced Financial Management Methods | ZK | 4 |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| | e is a deeper understanding of the more complex financial management issues. It builds on knowledge of standard financial manage | | - |
| - | tal market models, other investment valuation methods (generalized NPV method, general IRR method). The student will learn how g exotic derivatives. In addition, students will assess using the Monte Carlo method the value of derivatives and financial instrument | | - |
| | lable. Other modern finance issues will be addressed through case studies. An integral part is the question of numerical methods, the | | |
| | te their own models and simulations based on the chosen topic. The output will be a comparative analysis of the proposed method | - | - |
| | wide use of computational tools and models (Matlab, Mathematica, others) is assumed. | | |
| XP16DEL | History of technology and economic | ZK | 2 |
| XP16ECM1 | Quantitative research methods in economy 1 | ZK | 4 |
| | ct sequel to Statistics/Linear regression. The objective of the course is to expose the student to variety of common and practical ec | - | - |
| • • | ng a stronger appreciation of strengths and weaknesses of econometric methodology and to overview historical developments in ap with the general linear model and knowledge how to deal with basic model and data deficiencies, simultaneous systems, and simp | | |
| | loping theoretical topics covered in the essential courses on Econometrics. The course will follow with different empirical research print and the second pr | • | |
| | introduced by the relevant economic theory-model. Using own and empirical data sets, the students will apply standard economet | | |
| economic question | ns. Exercise sessions will provide introduction into advance use of statistical packages (best is TSP or Stata or their derivatives like | E-views) and a fee | edback on |
| | possible solutions of problem sets. The course will require intensive work with data and statistical packages. | | |
| XP16ECM2 | Quantitative research methods in economy 2 | ZK | 4 |
| | e a sequel to the basic Econometrics (Basic statistical methods and Linear regression model). It assumes familiarity with the gener c model and data deficiencies, simultaneous systems, and simple time-series processes. Advanced Econometrics is the next cours | | - |
| | egression) designed to introduce tools necessary to understand and implement empirical studies in (micro)economics. The main em | | |
| | ssion models in the context of cross section and panel data analysis, (ii) to focus on situations where linear regression models are | - | |
| alternative methods. | The objective of the course is to expose the student to variety of basic applied microeconomic challenges with the ultimate goal of | gaining a stronger a | appreciatior |
| of strengths and wea | knesses of the econometric methodology. Examples from applied work will be used to illustrate the discussed methods. Selected topic | cs from advanced ed | conometrics |
| | will be covered as well. | 71/ | |
| XP16EES | Economics of energy systems e is to acquaint students with the emerging issues and problems associated with decentralization and liberalization of energy mark | ZK ZK | 4 |
| | Iress economic issues within interconnected markets and how to address economic issues within a decentralization of energy market. In the co | | |
| | culations with the determination of economic variables - especially prices. Key issues are supply zones, transit payments, loss-shar | | |
| | een customers, setting tariffs for electricity, dividing effects from decentralized production and more. Within the subject, the students | | |
| and procedures | that are currently delivered within the interconnected electricity system. The aim is to analyze and identify the strengths and weakn | nesses of these pro | cesses. |
| XP16EKO | Economics | ZK | 4 |
| | erms. Principles of microeconomics, consumer behaviour and producer behaviour. Profit maximization. Perfectly competitive market | | |
| - | oeconomics, aggregate demand and aggregate supply. Labour market. Money market and capital market. Macroeconomic policy o cting and correcting the market. Comment: The subject is a necessary precondition for understanding other economic and manage | - | s a lactor |
| XP16EME | Economics and Management of Energetics | ZK | 4 |
| | ure of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs o | 1 1 | |
| - | policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects. | | - |
| XP16EPM | Economics of power markets | ZK | 4 |
| | s basic theoretical knowledge about the organization and functioning of electricity markets. The starting point is the theory of short- | - | - |
| - | f the electricity supply curve. This is followed by the theory of integration of electricity markets and the creation of economic welfare on tend to decarbonise and integrate electricity markets. This, together with the massive rise in electricity from intermittent sources. | | |
| 1 0 | icity markets and new business models including demand response and the development of the prosumers concept (where end co | | |
| |). Part of the subject is also discussion of other links of the electricity market - emission allowances, connection to the heat market | | - |
| XP16ERE | Economics of power generation from RES | ZK | 4 |
| - | on complex problems of economy of production of electricity and heat from renewable energy sources. The course develops the a | | |
| - | ement due to the specifics of electricity / heat generation from RES and the expected development of energy markets. Consequent | - | |
| | ricity market, taking into account current trends in the decentralization of energy systems, decarbonisation of energy and the expecte actricity market. These trends require the development of different types of energy accumulation and the implementation of smart te | | - |
| | of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share. | | lanagomon |
| XP16ERU | Accounting | ZK | 4 |
| | ting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit and cash flow. | rofit and loss accou | nt. Analysis |
| | of company's financial position. | | |
| XP16FIM | Financial Management | ZK | 4 |
| | present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making an | | |
| XP16FVT | apital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short te Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology | rm finance, cash fic | w finance. |
| | Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology ed in the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and math | 1 | 1 |
| | ctual themes linked to the so called "Postmodernism" and to the alternative ways of understanding and their social coherences are | | |
| | History of Transport Systems and Communications | ZK | 2 |
| XP16HDS | History of Electrical Engineering | NIC | 2 |
| XP16HDS XP16HEL | | ZK | 4 |
| | Historiography of the Development of Science, Technology and the Methodology | | 2 |
| XP16HEL | Historiography of the Development of Science, Technology and the Methodology Historical structures and technologies in architecture | NIC | L 2 |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS | Historical structures and technologies in architecture | NIC ZK | 4 |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS XP16HKA | Historical structures and technologies in architecture Science, Technics and Technology in the Historic Landscape of the Czech Lands | ZK | |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS XP16HKA XP16HKC XP16HPH | Historical structures and technologies in architecture Science, Technics and Technology in the Historic Landscape of the Czech Lands History of Physic | ZK ZK | 4 |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS XP16HKA XP16HKC XP16HPH XP16JAK | Historical structures and technologies in architecture Science, Technics and Technology in the Historic Landscape of the Czech Lands | ZK ZK ZK | 4 4 4 |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS XP16HKA XP16HKC XP16HPH XP16JAK | Historical structures and technologies in architecture Science, Technics and Technology in the Historic Landscape of the Czech Lands History of Physic Quality Management | ZK ZK ZK plementation of rec | 4 4 4 |
| XP16HEL XP16HIS XP16HKA XP16HKC XP16HPH XP16JAK Quality assurance i XP16KVM | Historical structures and technologies in architecture Science, Technics and Technology in the Historic Landscape of the Czech Lands History of Physic Quality Management n the organization. Statistical methods in quality management. Models of quality systems. Economic issues in quality assurance. In | ZK ZK plementation of red nization. ZK | 4 4 quirements 4 |

| XP16MAN Principles of | Management f management and its innovation, modern ways of management, responsibility of managers, manager's ethics, successful manager | ZK | 4 |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|
| XP16MAR | Marketing | | 4 |
| | ons of the marketing management. Marketing research and marketing information system. Concepts of marketing strategy. The use of Product and service policy, pricing and contractation policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix. | | and portfolio. |
| XP16MAS | Marketing Strategies | ZK | 4 |
| | sic knowledge of marketing. The analysis of marketing strategies in different market situations. The firm's behavior under competitio Case studies in the field of product policy, price and condition policy, communication policy and distribution policy. | | 1 - |
| XP16MAU | Accounting for management | ZK | 4 |
| | anagerial accounting. Relations to the organisational structure of the enterprise and to the production process. Budgets, use for managerial analyses. Productivity and measurement of productivity in the production process. The managerial information systems. | agement. Calculati | 1 |
| XP16MAV | Production Management | ZK | 4 |
| | ion process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods. | 1 | ion typology. |
| XP16MES | Economics and Management of Energy Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | of electric power sector, gas systems and central heating systems functions. Marginal revenue in electric power system. Marginal central timization, subsystem and system optimization in generation and transportation of different kinds of energy. Reliability in energy del | | - |
| | in power industry. Energy price regulation and its consequences | | |
| XP16MEU | Economics and Management of Energetics | ZK | 4 |
| Organizational stru | cture of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs o | f energy. Governm | ental energy |
| XP16MVE | policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects. Selected Problems of Economy and Management of Energy | ZK | A |
| | Selected Problems of Economy and Management of Energy ion process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with | | 4 |
| | Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods. | | ion typology. |
| XP16SDE | Building heritage of the industrial era | NIC | 2 |
| XP16STM | Selected Statistical Methods | ZK | 4 |
| | s. Transformation of random variables. Aproximation of theoretical distributions. Interval estimates. Hypothesis testing. Simple and multi series. Index number. | | · · |
| XP16STV | Product Strategy | ZK | 4 |
| | vice policy, pricing and contractation policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix. Inovations. Concepts of marketing strategy. | | 1 |
| | management. The strategic marketing simulation Markstrat. | | |
| XP16VPB | Science, Technology and Industrial Boom | ZK | 4 |
| XP16VTK | Everyday Science and Technology | ZK | 4 |
| XP16VTS | Development of Technical Universities | ZK | 4 |
| XP16ZVP | Fundamentals of Scientific Work | ZK | 4 |
| XP17ANS | Selected Chapters from Antennas and Propagation | ZK | 4 |
| | nas and modern antenna technology. Selected problems of antennas and propagation for fixed and mobile communication, earth ar | | |
| - | different services and communication. Topics of near a far field antenna measurement, compact antenna measurement. Measurem services. Antenna anechoic chambers design. | | |
| XP17APL | Applied Optoelectronics in Medicine | ZK | 4 |
| | of non-invasive measurement techniques in medical diagnostics. Fundamental physiology of the vascular system, hemodynamics, | | |
| | on of the cardiovascular system. UV, VIS and IR spectroscopy. Fundamental optics of the eye and color analysis. Optical parameters | | |
| | of light, Design of optical sensors, Optical visualisation principles of translumiscetion and tomography, Optoelectronic systems in | medicine. | |
| XP17ELD | Electrodynamics | ZK | 4 |
| XP17LAE | Medical Applications of Electromagnetic Field | ZK | 4 |
| | es of EM Field medical applications. Principals and technical equipment for EM thermotherapy, hyperthermia applicators. Calculation ails of microwave thermotherapy apparatus are given, especially from the point of view of applicators for local, intracavitary and regional structure in the second structure in the seco | | |
| | thermometry (NMR, ultrasound and radiometry) and special compatible applicators are described. | 71/ | A |
| XP17MAPP | Analysis Methods for Passive Elements of Microwave and Millimeter-wave Technique namission lines parameters. Computation of microwave circuits scattering parameters, analysis of planar antennas. Survey of basic | ZK | 4 |
| - | stress on methods: spectral domain, integration equation, finite differences, finite elements, mode matching, transversal resonance. electromagnetic fields, moment method, disturbance method. | | |
| XP17MT | Microwave Technique | ZK | 4 |
| Microwave transm | ission lines and its circuit elements including hybrid and monolithic integrated circuits technology. Resonators and other type of pass | sive microwave ele | |
| | Iers, isolators and circulators, modulators etc.) and active microwave circuits (e.g. oscillators, mixers and amplifiers), microwave filte CAD of microwave circuits. | 1 | asurement. |
| XP17MVP | Methodology of Science | ZK | <u> </u> |
| XP17NME | Numerical Methods in Electromagnetic Field | ZK | 4 |
| Matching Method, M | noholtz and wave equations. Analytical, semianalytical, seminumerical and numerical methods. Matrix equations and algorithms: Mo Method of Moments, Multiple MultiPoles, Boundary Element Method, Finite Difference Method, Finite Element Method, Finite Integrati of matrix equations: direct methods, Gauss-JordanOs elimination, pivotation, LU-decomposition, banded and sparse matrix, conjug | ion Method. Stabilit | y of solution. |
| XP17OV | Of main equations, direct methods, Gauss-JordanOs elimination, protation, E0-decomposition, banded and sparse mains, conjug Optical Fibers | ZK | 4 |
| | ptical fibers, attenuation and dispersion, step-index fibers, gradient fibers, single and f1ibers, optical cables, splices and connectors, | 1 | 1 |
| J J V | fabrication, nonlinear phenomena in optical, fibers, fibers for sensors. | | , |
| XP17PEM | Advanced Electromagnetism | ZK | 3 |
| | ts advanced topics of classical electromagnetic field theory, especially: electric and magnetic vector potential; reciprocity, duality, and | 1 | |
| function; multipole | expansion; scattering and characteristic modes; homogenization and Bloch's theorem; synthesis and topological optimization The kind can be used in many branches of applied electromagnetism, especially in antenna theory and microwave circuit design. | | n this course |
| | | | |

| XP17TAM | Evaluation of Applicators for Microwave Thermotherapy | ZK | 4 |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|
| | ssed on methodology of evaluation of microwave applicators, which means measurements of SAR distribution in water phantom and | | emperature |
| distribution in vari | ious types of agar phantoms. Further design and optimisation of measuring probes is discussed, methodology of probes calibration a | nd measured data | evaluation |
| are o | described. Numerical modelling of microwave applicators by aid of software product FEMLAB, comparison of mathematical and expension | rimental models. | |
| XP17TOM | Theoretical Optoelectronics in Medicine | ZK | 5 |
| | o doctoral students from different disciplines the opportunity of both highly theoretical studies and numerical simulations of interaction | • | |
| | he spectrum (and adjacent UV and IR bands) with biological tissues. And to learn about modern optoelectronic sensor concepts and | | |
| | and diagnostics. Interdisciplinary topics will be discussed and focused on the benefits and current applications of optoelectronics in m | - | |
| | on intensity, etc.) will be formulated and important methods will be described, in particular: radiometry, photometry, eye as a radiation | | |
| | ferometry, scattering measurements, integration of spherical theory, etc. Emphasis will be placed on modern theoretical approaches in the light integration destribution is biological tissue, theory of radiation transmission (e.g. theory, and model Kubelka Munk), at | | |
| | ulation of the light intensity distribution in biological tissue, theory of radiation transmission (e.g. theory and model Kubelka-Munk), et is of numerical simulations of the given problems by aid of modern SW products (like e.g. COMSOL Multiphysics, SEMCAD / Sim4Life | | |
| | al methods FDTD, FEM, MoM, Monte-Carlo etc. Operating principle of the optoelectronic reflective and transmissive sensors. Measure | , | 0 |
| | eral blood volume dynamics, clinical examples and typical examination tests. Principles and applications of functional optical imaging | - | |
| | nanoscopy, IR thermography, Laser Doppler perfusion imaging (LDPI), Photoplethysmo-graphy imaging (PPGI), optical coherence to | | |
| XP17TVC | Technique of Highly Sensitive Receivers | ZK | 4 |
| | y sensitive microwave receivers, mm - wave and submm - wave receivers. Electromagnetic spectrum and noise properties of the Earl | h atmosphere and | 1 |
| | tre wave communication. Semiconductors for microwave and millimetre wave bands, SIS detectors, mixers, infrared receivers. High freq | | |
| mea | surement of noise parameters. Multispectral radiometry and remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation - interference, EMC theory and | d measurement. | |
| XP31AEO | Electric Circuit Analysis | ZK | 4 |
| Circuit models of | devices and structures. Methods of analysis and algorithms for linearized circuit models in time domain and frequency domain. Trans | ient analysis. Perio | dic steady |
| state analysis. A | nalysis of nonlinear circuits in time and frequency domains. Parametric models. Circuits with non-linear energy storing elements. Circuits and the stories of the stories o | cuit analysis with th | ne help of |
| | professional software packages. | | |
| XP31ART | Architectures for Real Time Implementation | ZK | 4 |
| Architectures of ce | ntral processing units and synthesis of data paths for DSP. Implementation strategies of DSP algorithms. Influence of algorithm modi | fication on the imp | lementation |
| processing time. S | Sequential and parallel processing. Numerical characteristics of algorithms. Implementation alternatives, dedicated hardware and prog | grammable signal p | processors. |
| Architectures of dig | gital signal processors with fixed point and floating points. Developments tools for real time processing. Analysis of real time implemen | itation of FFT, digita | al filters and |
| | special algorithms for communications. | | |
| XP31ASN | Algorithms and Structures of Neurocomputers | ZK | 4 |
| Information about | t the basic principles and possibility of the application of the neural informative technology for the signal processing are the main topic | c. The lectures are | devoted to |
| | to the artificial neural networks (ANN) theory and applications, to the choice and the optimisation of the structures and the neural net | | at the signal |
| | ssing are investigated in detail. Some neural network applications in the biomedical engineering and hardware realization of the KSC | | 1 |
| XP31CZS | Digital signal processing | ZK | 4 |
| XP31DIF | Digital filter synthesis | ZK | 4 |
| LTI systems and di | gital signals. Impulse response, step response, convolution. Elements of z-transform and Fourier transform. Difference equation, trans | fer function, magni | itude, phase |
| | esign methods for finite impulse response (FIR) digital filters - windowing and frequency sampling methods, optimal design algorithms | | |
| half-band and narro | ow-band filters. Design methods for infinite impulse response (IIR) digital filters. Bilinear transformation. Analytic design methods in dig | tal z-domain. All-pa | ass sections |
| | as building blocks for signal processing. Group delay equalization, phase shift and notch filters. Wave digital filters. | | |
| XP31DSP | Digital signal processing | ZK | 4 |
| | s on the basic courses of digital signal processing in master's degree, develops and deepens the knowledge corresponding to the ne | | |
| | processing. It covers spectral and cepstral analysis, parametric methods, optimal LTI filters, frequency analysis, methods of analysis of | | |
| XP31FON | Speech Phonetics and Advanced Voice Technologies | ZK | 4 |
| XP31FSK | Phonetic signals and their coding | ZK | 4 |
| | duces the processing of speech signals. Within the subject students should manage from basic to advanced and modern algorithms of | | - |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | ment. Further reasonable part is focused on speech recognition, where students will get to know modern and advanced technique in tasl ion or speaker recognition. Special attention is devoted to usage of classification techniques based on GMM, DTW, HMM, ANN/DNN | • | |
| | | | r |
| XP31NOS | Design and circuit structures of electronic systems | | 4 |
| | vith important applications of analogue technique. The subject is divided into the three basic parts. The first part is devoted to amplifier and signal processing. Special application amplifiers, nonlinear and parametric analog functional blocks and fast analog circuits oper | - | |
| | cond part is devoted to linear analog systems, their characteristics, description and synthesis capabilities. There are discussed: the t | - | |
| | thods of filter synthesis and their optimization with regard to real properties and value variances of the circuit elements, implementation | - | |
| | rs, i.e. switched capacitor (SC) and switched-current (SI) circuits. The last part deals with computer-aided circuit design. The principle | | • |
| system, including | g models of functional blocks and circuit elements are discussed together with simulation result processing and their utilization for circ | cuit design and opt | timization. |
| XP31TSS | Signal and system theory | ZK | 4 |
| | sformations - Laplace and Z-transforms, Fourier transform, cepstra, wavelet transforms. Signal parameterization - AR, MA, ARMA me | 1 1 | 1 |
| | classification - spectral distances, Markov models, neural nets, signal prediction. | • | 0 |
| XP31ZBS | Biological Signal Processing | ZK | 4 |
| | vith the processing of biosignals and advanced methods of processing resulting from current research in solving common projects in c | | institutions |
| (media | cal faculties, institutes of the ASCR, foreign universities). The subject concept allows us to respond flexibly to new directions and know | vledge in the field. | |
| XP32AKR | Applied Cryptography | ZK | 4 |
| | ryptography.Mathematics Foundations of Cryptography.Related Problems of Number Theory.Public Key Parameters. Pseudorandom | Bits and Sequence | es. Stream |
| Ciphers. Block Ciph | ners. Public Key Enciphering. Hash Functions and Data Integrity. Entity Identification and Autentication. Digital Signatures. Key Management | ent Protocols.Key N | lanagement |
| | Techniques. Effective Implementations of Supporting Algorithms. Patent Pendings and Standards. | | |
| XP32DKS | Sizing of communications networks | ZK | 4 |
| XP32DZS | Digital Signal Procesing in Telecommunications | ZK | 4 |
| XP32MOS | Mobile Networks | ZK | 4 |
| | izes students with evolution and standardization of mobile networks and mainly provides a detailed description of network architectures | | 1 |
| | used in mobile networks. The course as well depicts trends and the future development of mobile networks. | | |
| XP32NMR | Numerical Methodes of Electromagnetic Tasks Solution | ZK | 4 |
| | with analysis of electromagnetic field distribution through both air and other environment. It offers a view deep inside to popular numeric | 1 1 | 1 |
| - | Element Method and Finite Element Method. Handling the software is obvious nowadays; nevertheless, the mayor attention is paid to u | | |
| | background of the used apparatus and understanding the physical principles of the solved tasks in symbiosis to particular used s | oftware. | |

| | Intellectual property protection | ZK | 4 |
|---|---|--|---|
| This subject introd | uces the basic issues of intellectual property (IP) protection. Students learn why it is necessary to protect research results, how they of | an protect their ow | vn technical |
| solutions and de | signs, how to obtain a trademark and also how to succeed with IP protection at the international level. The course also deals with lice | nse granting proce | edures for |
| | tion methods as part of a standard way of commercializing original IP. Emphasis is put on quality methodology for database searching | - | successful |
| | earch and development projects. Motto: Those who do not protect the results of their research work can never dream of being on par | with the best | |
| XP32OSY | Optical Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | ion systems are being more extensively used in a practice, particularly in a telecommunication networks. Tremendous transmission ca | | |
| by a fiber are just t | wo key factors making it attractive. The objective of this subject is to provide students with a more rigorous theoretical background of fi | ber and transmissi | ion systems |
| | function. | | |
| XP32RTS | Telecommunications Systems Management | ZK | 4 |
| Telecommunication | ns Systems Management is a discipline which deals problems of interactions of technical and business aspects of management of tele | ecommunication ne | etworks and |
| | services provided. | | |
| XP32TPZ | Teletraffic Theory | ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the cou | rse is to present an overlook of dimensioning of telecommunications networks on the basis of results of the queuing theory (QT). Introd | duce possibilities o | f simulation |
| and modeling | networks both from the point of view of grade of service GoS and quality ofservice QoS as well. Results of the QT are applied on diffe | erent service system | ms and |
| telecommunication | I networks deploying and operating at time being. Theoretical knowledge about models of service systems can be utilized for dimensioni | ng of different servi | ice systems |
| | in real life - not only in the telecommunication. | | |
| XP33BID | Bionics | ZK | 4 |
| Relationship: bio | logy + technology = bionics. Bionics Classification. An overview of biological principles and its technological parallels: reproduction, gr | owth, movement, b | breathing, |
| heart action, diges | tion, excrementation, thermoregulation, vision, hearing, taste, smell, sense of touch, speech, memory. Neural and neuronal systems. N | Notion control. Bios | sensors and |
| | ics. Information transfer in biotechnological systems. Biosystems modelling. Biosystems diagnostics. Orientation and navigation. Func | | |
| external substitute | s, bioprotheses. Artificial organs and its control. Intelligent interaction and communication in biotechnical systems. Intelligent input and | output filters. Supp | port system |
| | for creative thinking. | r | |
| XP33CHM | Chapters in higher mathematics | ZK | 4 |
| | ts of several deeper results in a few mathematical disciplines. The idea is to help a student to read, with a certain comfort, the monog | | |
| | contents of the course are fundamental results (principles) of nowadays mathematics. More specifically, the course concerns the Stor | - | |
| - | : (as applied in mathematical logics and probability theory), the Banach fixed-point theorem for complete metric spaces (as applied in | | |
| | on compact spaces (as applied in measure theory), the Riesz representation theorem for linear forms in a Hilbert space (as applied i | - | |
| Brower theorem for | r balls in Rn (as applied in linear algebra the Perron theorem), the elements of category theory for a practical man, etc. The asset may | y be a certain enco | ouragement |
| | in a students research. | | |
| XP33DID | Distributed Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| | 2023/24 the course runs for the last time. In future years, it will not be opened anymore. Distributed problem solving. Multiagent plannir | | |
| | Communication strategies, message passing. Various AI approaches, case studies. Types of agent behavior. Negotiation. Organization | - | - |
| | board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learn | | systems. |
| | Atta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent | architecture. | |
| XP33ECD | Evolutionary Computing | ZK | 4 |
| | lutionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorithms (GA) for optimisation. | | |
| GA Convergence, | negative phenomena. GA and constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical tas | sks, GP and machir | ne learning. |
| | GA and GP applications. Special methods for improving GA performance. | | |
| XP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic | ZK | 4 |
| | Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control. | | |
| XP33GAD | Geometrical Algebras | | |
| Algebraic structu | | ZK | 4 |
| / ligobialo oli dola | res used in geometry: Groups and linear spaces, ordered groups and fields, othogonal groups, Clifford algebras, etc. Discussion of po | | - |
| , igosiaio otraota | res used in geometry: Groups and linear spaces, ordered groups and fields, othogonal groups, Clifford algebras, etc. Discussion of po processing. | | - |
| XP33ICT | processing. | | - |
| XP33ICT | processing. Modern ICT for Industry and Smart Grids | tentital applications | s in image |
| XP33ICT XP33IMD | processing. Modern ICT for Industry and Smart Grids Informatics in Clinical Medicine | ztentital applications | s in image 4 4 |
| XP33ICT XP33IMD Medical data pr | processing. Modern ICT for Industry and Smart Grids | ZK ZK ZK spital information s | s in image 4 4 systems. |
| XP33ICT XP33IMD Medical data pr Requirements on in | processing. Modern ICT for Industry and Smart Grids Informatics in Clinical Medicine ocessed by automatized systems. Specific problems of medical informatics. Computer supported documentation in doctor's work. Ho | ZK ZK Spital information s d diagnosis. Knowle | s in image 4 4 systems. edge-based |
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| XP33MOL | Modal Logics for Distributed Systems | ZK | 4 | |
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| | ledge in distributed environment and "muddy children puzzle". Introduction of modal operators and their semantics based on possible | -worlds model. Pro | perties of | |
| know | vledge. Correspondence between axioms and properties of possibility relation in the model. Knowledge in MAS. Common knowledge | and agreement. | | |
| XP33MZT | Management of Knowledge and Information Technologies | ZK | 4 | |
| | ch to the design of knowledge-based and information systems. Configuration of information systems. User interfaces, especially cogni | | - | |
| | ysis of the problem solving processes based on description of the workflows. Simplification of the processes by the support of IT (Proce | 5 S. | | |
| Engineering). Mo | dels and tools for modelling. IT applications in enterpreneurship as well as in the project management. Business Intelligence. Value c manufacturers and customers. E-commerce. Role of knowledge in globalization of businesses. Virtual enterprises and organiza | - | suppliers, | |
| | | | 1 | |
| XP33NUM | Numerical Analysis ces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiation and integration, solution of t | Z,ZK | 4 ordinary and | |
| | al equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors, practical skills with the methods and demonstra | | - | |
| | Maple and computer graphics. | | | |
| XP33OSD | Real Time Operating Systems | ZK | 4 | |
| | for operating systems, system and user modes, memory protection, operating systems (OS) classification and types, special requirer | 1 | - | |
| OS structure, syste | m processes and application programs, kernel and its services, system calls. Concurrent processes and threads, inter-process communic | ation, process sync | hronization. | |
| | ectures. Process scheduling, scheduling in single- and multiprocessor systems. Processor management, process creation and terminatio | | | |
| - | file system functions, disk allocation strategies, device drivers. Inter-process communication (IPC), IPC based on shared memory an | | | |
| time errors, errors c | letection, critical section, deadlocks. Synchronization tools: semaphores, monitors, looks, deadlock detection and prevention. OS kernel c TCP/IP. | omponents for inter | networking, | |
| XP33PAD | Probabilistic Algorithms | ZK | 2 | |
| | notions of statistic and probability. An analysis of the notion of non-deterministic algorithm. Effectivity criteria for non-deterministic algorithm. | 1 | | |
| of probabilistic algo | orithms. The probability of failure. Loss function. The expected risk. Probabilistic analysis of deterministic algorithms. Criteria for applica | tion of probabilistic | algorithms. | |
| | Probabilistic algorithms and their practical importance. | | | |
| XP33PAM | Industrial application of multi-agent systems | ZK | 4 | |
| XP33PMD | Probabilistic Models of Uncertainty in Al | ZK | 4 | |
| Basic (discrete) pro | bability. Foundations of graph theory. Triangulated graphs and their characteristics. Information as a measure of dependence. Condition | al independence (F | actorization | |
| Lemma, Block Ind | ependence Lemma). Knowledge representation by multidimensional distributions. Qualitative knowledge represented by dependence | | cal Markov | |
| | models and Bayesain networks. Decomposable models for computation in Graphical Markov models. Examples of application | | | |
| XP33POS | Fundamentals of Possibilistic Measures | ZK | 4 | |
| | res present a mathematical tool for uncertainty (randomness) quantification and processing applying the notions and apparatus of the | - | - | |
| | abilistic measures in the sense that they are based on the maxitivity priciple in spite to the additivity principle applied in the standard n at that the operation of maximum (supremum) can be defined also in certain non-numerical structures, possibilistic measures taking t | | | |
| | icular, in complete lattices, are worth being investigated. The lecture will not suppose any preliminary knowledge in fuzzy set theory, I | - | - | |
| | measure and probability theory. | | | |
| XP33PPD | Practical Data Mining Problems | ZK | 4 | |
| | sed on solving of practical data mining problems. Lectures deal with data transformation, pre-processing and verification, selection of a | 1 | ng algorithm | |
| | a second and the second se | | | |
| and data mining | process evaluation and results interpretation. The attention is paid to solving of an individual data mining problem based on real-life c | lata under supervis | | |
| | lecturer. | | sion of the | |
| XP33PUD | lecturer. Artificial Intelligence | ZK | sion of the | |
| XP33PUD Natural language | lecturer. Artificial Intelligence communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, sen | ZK nantic support of ar | sion of the 4 nalysis and | |
| XP33PUD Natural language | lecturer. Artificial Intelligence | ZK nantic support of ar | sion of the 4 nalysis and | |
| XP33PUD Natural language | lecturer. Artificial Intelligence communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, sen rganization. Knowledge engineering and knowledge elicitation. Machine learning -review of methods and tools. PAC learning. Learning | ZK nantic support of ar | sion of the 4 nalysis and | |
| XP33PUD Natural language efficient memory of XP33RCV | lecturer. Artificial Intelligence communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, sen rganization. Knowledge engineering and knowledge elicitation. Machine learning -review of methods and tools. PAC learning. Learning and scheduling. | ZK nantic support of ar in 1st order logic, II ZK | 4 halysis and P. Planning 4 | |
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| XP33SDD | Discrete Event Systems | ZK | 4 |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|
| | crete event systems. Modeling of discrete event systems, GRAFCET and it is applications with practical examples. Petri nets overview | • | |
| relations to real sys | stems. Reduction methods, formal languages and algebraic description of PNs. Timed PNs and modeling in P- and T-timed PNs. Practi | cal examples and a | applications |
| VDOOTDO | in CIM systems. | | |
| XP33TPS | Foundations of the Possibilistic Measures | ZK | 4 |
| | ility measures can be sen as an alternative mathematical model for uncertainty quantification and processing, topical and intensively ne maxitivity principle replacing the additivity principle applied in the classical measure theory. Besides the real-valued possibilistic me | • | |
| are based on ti | possibilistic measures taking their values in complete lattices will be introduced and analyzed. | asures also non-n | umencai |
| XP33TTM | Text mining | ZK | 4 |
| XP33UID | Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| | al issues. Knowledge representation: production systems, predicate logics, semantic nets, frames, and scenarios. Problem solving, sta | I | |
| and informedness | of the search algorithms. Expert systems for diagnostics and planning tasks. Uncertainty processing. Hajek's algebraic theory. Creation of | knowledge bases. | Knowledge |
| acqui | sition, induction from examples. Distributed expert systems with the blackboard architecture, multi-agent systems. Backgrounds of pat | tern recognition. | |
| XP33VID | 3D Computer Vision | ZK | 4 |
| | spective geometry, perspective camera. Fundamental and essential matrices, their robust estimation, camera calibration. Correspond | | |
| | scopic vision problem, cyclopean representation, disparity, disparity gradient limit, ordering constraint, four basic formulations of the de | - | - |
| | reconstruction from stereovision, error propagation, examples. Physics of image reflection, image irradiance equation, basic reflectance shading problem. Local shading analysis. Overview of other Shape-from-X methods. Up-to-date info at https://cw.felk.cvut.cz/doku.ph | | - |
| XP33VTP | Computer Vision Theory and Practice | ZK | 4 |
| | PhD students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication publication and the students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication and the students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication and the students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication and the students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication and the students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication and the students will students and the students will students and the students an | | |
| | ethods that have been successfully used in a number of applications, including large scale search in high-dimensional spaces, deep n | - | |
| labelling algorithm | ns. The methods selected for the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the stude | nts interests. The ç | goal for the |
| | udents is to understand the method, to understand the implementation, and to be able to use the implementation as a tool to solve oth | ner problems. | |
| XP33ZDD | Processing of Biological Data | Z,ZK | |
| XP33ZPM | | ZK | 4 |
| XP33ZVD | Introduction to Computer Vision | ZK | 4 |
| | The subject does not exist anymore. Its last lecture run in the academic year 2021/2022. | | |
| XP34ADM | Principles and Applications of Device Models | ZK | 4 |
| | e computer-aided technological design. Device simulators Silvaco Atlas and Synopsys Quantum ATK: principles, applications. Basic ec s. Recombination models. Avalanche ionisation models. Mobility models. Practical exercises (individual projects) according to the tasks | | |
| XP34AIC | | ZK | 3 |
| | res of the IC's. Bipolar and unipolar structures. BiCMOS structures. 3D structures. Sub-micron structures. Memory structures. Testing s | I | - |
| | sses. Advanced semiconductor technology. IC design, design of technology. Design rules. Reliability, yield. Outlooks and limitations of | | <u>-</u> |
| XP34APD | Advanced Power Semiconductor Devices and ICs | ZK | 4 |
| Physical and tech | nological structures. Development trends. Parameters and applications. Bipolar structures. MOS structures. BiMOS structures. PN dio | des. Schottky diod | les. Bipolar |
| transistors. MOS a | nd IGBT transistors. Thyristors (including GTO and MCT). Secondary breakdown, mechanism, safe area. Smart-power devices. High vol | tage ICs, operation | n, principles, |
| | applications | | |
| XP34ASD | Physics of Advanced Semiconductor Devices and Materials | ZK | 4 |
| | ictor devices and integrated circuits are based on unique energy band, carrier transport, and optical properties of semiconductor mater e properties for operation of semiconductor devices. Emphasis is on quantum mechanical foundations of the properties of solids, ene | | |
| | statistics, semi-classical transport theory (Boltzmann transport equation), carrier scattering, electro-magneto transport effects, high fie | | - |
| | adiative and non-radiative recombination. These princliples will be studied on the experimental basis as well. Students will prepare ow | • | • |
| - | thesis subjects and they will characterise them during their individual projects | | - |
| XP34AT | TCAD Tools Applications | ZK | 4 |
| | he computer-aided technological design. Device simulators Atlas and Sentaurus: principle, applications. Basic equations. Boundary co | | |
| | ation models. Avalanche ionisation models. Mobility models. Hands-on exercises on SUN workstations according to the tasks of stude | | |
| XP34CNO | Integrated Optics | ZK | 4 |
| | chnological principles of IO Basic materials for IO. Light propagation in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Pu ule structures. Modal spectroscopy. Fundamental physical effects and interactions for IO. Preparation of dielectric waveguides and structure structure design. | • | |
| | s. Electro-optical modulators. Applicable measurement methods. Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconductor integrated opto-e | | • |
| XP34DTM | DIAGNOSTICS AND TESTING IN MICROELECTRONICS | ZK | 3 |
| XP34EHA | Renewable Energy Microsources for Electronics - Energy Harvesting | ZK | 4 |
| | with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems with application of system engineering, in i tis solved interc | | |
| | systems on a chip as well as external. The course shows new possibilities of realization and application of integrated micro-components | | |
| | ntities using mainly MEMS technology, increasing reliability with all its attributes. The course introduces modern elements - microactua | | - |
| | uding basic applications in industry, medicine, regulation, automotive control, etc. Basic elements of nanotechnology and nanoelectro | | |
| nere. The subject | extends students' expertise with the latest multidisciplinary chip elements and their wide use in information technologies, IoT, biomed industry etc. | icine, aerospace, a | automotive |
| XP34ETS | Electrical Transport in Semiconductors | ZK | 4 |
| | ransport in semiconductor crystals. Effective mass, mobility Boltzmann's transport equation. Scatter mechanisms, frequency. Scattering of | 1 | |
| | on. Relaxation time approximation Carrier transport in a strong electric field, velocity saturation. Carrier transport in magnetic field. Car | - | - |
| structures. Quar | tum transport, density matrix, Green's and Wigner's functions. Resonance tunnelling, transport of electrons in superlattices. Single ele | ectron transport, C | Coulomb's |
| | blockade. Ballistic transport. Quantum Hall's effect. Simulation of transport effects. | | |
| XP34IO | Integrated Optics | ZK | 4 |
| | in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Waveguide coupling elements. Gratings structures at waveguides. F | | |
| | or IO. Design and preparation of dielectric and polymer waveguides and structures. Optical waveguide gratings. Passive waveguide st nd thermo-optical effects and their use for IO. Structures for control of optical radiation. Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconomic | | - |
| - | Detical components for informatics and sensors, multiplexing and optical processing. Applicable measurement methods, principles of | - | |
| | optics application. | | |
| | | | |

| | Microsystems and Microactuators | ZK | 3 |
|---|--|--|--|
| | with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems with application of system engineering, in i tis solved inter | | |
| | systems on a chip as well as external. The course shows new possibilities of realization and application of integrated micro-component: | - | |
| | tities using mainly MEMS technology, increasing reliability with all its attributes. The course introduces modern elements - microactu uding basic applications in industry, medicine, regulation, automotive control, etc. Basic elements of nanotechnology and nanoelectro | - | - |
| | extends students' expertise with the latest multidisciplinary chip elements and their wide use in information technologies, IoT, biomec | | |
| | industry etc. | ioinio, doroopdoo, e | |
| XP34MSY | Microsystems | ZK | 4 |
| | epts and classification of microsystems. Micro-sensors. Micro-actuators. Signal processing within the system. MEMS (micro-electrical- | I I | - |
| | ectrical structures). MEMOS (micro-electrical-mechanical-optical structures). Microsystem design. Microsystem modelling. Manufactu | | , |
| | Industrial applications. Medical applications. | | |
| XP34MTP | Materials and Technologies for Photonic Devices and Structures | ZK | 3 |
| The students get a | equainted with optical materials such as semiconductors, optical glass, crystals, and polymers. The students get acquainted also with | echnologies for the | fabrication |
| of optical and opto | electronic devices and structures. It will be present technologies for deposition of the micro and nano layers deposition. Students will | be introduced to n | ew modern |
| technologies and it | will be shown principles of integrated optoelectronic devices and structures. It will be also shown the design of the photonic structure | es and diagnostic r | nethods for |
| | the measurement of the optical and optoelectronic properties. | | |
| XP34ORD | Optical Radiation Detection and Detectors | ZK | 4 |
| | magnetic radiation, radiometric and photometric units. Detection of optical radiation. Ideal detectors, internal and external photo-effect. | • | |
| | nternal photo-effect detectors, PN junction. PIN photodiode, physical principles, properties. Avalanche photodiode, physical principles | | |
| physical principles, | properties. Thermal energy conversion detectors. Bolometers, thermocouples. Pyroelectric detectors. Some other detector types. Optic | al receivers, desigi | n principles, |
| | properties, noise. Solar cells, properties. Measurement methods, applications. | 71/ | |
| XP34PED | Advanced Electronic Devices | ZK | 4 |
| , s, s | eering. Quantum well, wire, point. 2D electron gas based devices (HEMT, MOD FET). Devices based on resonance double-barrier tunn | 0 | |
| device application | ns (memories, generators, multipliers). Heterogeneous structures. Microwave devices, HBT, Gunn diodes. Microwave device applicati with internal optical coupling. Cryotronic devices. Recording media. IC development trends. | ons. Helerogeneou | s devices |
| | | 71/ | 4 |
| XP34PIC | Programmable IC Design | ZK | 4 |
| | urse is to acquaint students with advanced methods of design, synthesis and verification of programmable systems and systems with the basic building elements, architecture and design procedures used to implement complex integrated systems, methods of describi | | |
| | learn verification strategy, design and analysis of tests. This project-oriented course would with the use of state-of-the-art EDA tools t | U / 1 | |
| Synthesis. They will | programmable integrated system whose application would be linked to the topic of the dissertation. | o implement a con | prenensive |
| XP34RSD | Radiation Saurces and Photodetectors for Integration | ZK | 4 |
| | cquainted stimulated emission in semiconductors. Homogeneous and heterogeneous junction, double heterostructure laser. Waveguid | I I | • |
| - | quantum wells. Electromagnetic fields in semiconductor lasers. Types of lasers and their properties. Tunable injection lasers. Spectra | | |
| | ristic, coupling the laser to a waveguide. Bi-stable and voltage devices, switches. Non-coherent LED's, super-luminescence diodes. La | | - |
| - | ications, injection and coherent external modulators. Injection laser amplifiers. Principles of nano-optoelectronic components. Measu | | |
| Students will be | introduced to new principles of integrated optoelectronic components and subsystems for informatics and sensor technique, design | methods and techr | ologies. |
| XP34SDS | Semiconductor Structures | ZK | 2 |
| | | 211 | 3 |
| The aim of this cou | rse is to provide postgraduate students with a deeper and more detailed insight into principles of and properties of advanced electronic | | - |
| | rse is to provide postgraduate students with a deeper and more detailed insight into principles of and properties of advanced electronic s course enables doctoral students to deepen the basic knowledge, which they obtained in the bachelor and master stages of study | and optoelectronic | structures. |
| Completion of thi | | and optoelectronic in the field of semic | structures. |
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| XP35ESF1 | Estimation and filtering | ZK | 4 |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|
| Methodology: expe | riment design, structure selection and parameter estimation. Bayesian approach to uncertainty description. Posterior probability densit | y function and poin | t estimates: |
| MS, LMS, ML and | MAP. Robust numerical implementation of least squares estimation for Gaussian distribution. Parameter estimation and state filtering | - Bayesian approa | ch. Kalman |
| | filter for white noise. Properties of Kalman filter. Kalman filter for colored/correlated noise. | | |
| XP35FMC1 | Fuzzy modeling and control | ZK | 4 |
| | es, the control-related fundamentals of fuzzy logic, fuzzy sets, fuzzy operations and relations are covered. Then the methodology of a | | - |
| | g a basis of fuzzy rules is explained while deriving various types of inference mechanisms. Fuzzy system is interpreted as a nonlinear | | |
| | proximation are discussed. These are then exploited for modeling fuzzy systems from measured data using gradient and least-squar | | |
| | Is of fuzzy clustering analysis using three most popular algorithms: fuzzy c-means, Gustafson-Kessel and Gath-Geva algorithms. We | | |
| | ynthesis of Takagi-Sugeno fuzzy systems, that is, systems based on a model that was obtained either by linearizing along a trajector In compared. Careful discussion of various Lyapunov functions is included - quadratic, piecewise quadratic, fuzzy sharing the same se | | |
| | odels. The problems are formulated as convex optimization invoking the frameworks of linear matrix inequalities (LMI) and sums of so | - | |
| | methods for fuzzy adaptive regulators, both direct (backstepping, fuzzy sliding mode control) and indirect (Fuzzy Model Reference Ada | | |
| 0 | are finally applied for control using neural networks. | , | |
| XP35FMD | Fuzzy Modelling and Control | ZK | 4 |
| | ject is to introduce the up-to-date trends and results in the area of modelling and control of nonlinear systems based on fuzzy logic and | 1 1 | his includes |
| especially analys | is and synthesis of Takagi-Sugeno fuzzy systems, utilization of fuzzy systems and neural networks in control of nonlinear systems by | y approximation of | unknown |
| | functions appearing in the description of the system, and design of adaptive fuzzy systems both direct and indirect. | | |
| XP35FSC | Flexible Structure Control | ZK | 4 |
| The main aim of t | his course is introduction to methods of modeling flexible mechanics structures in order to optimization of placement of sensors and | actuators. The robu | ust control |
| | design of space modes will be follow. | | |
| XP35FSC1 | Flexible structures control | ZK | 4 |
| The main aim of t | his course is introduction to methods of modeling flexible mechanics structures in order to optimization of placement of sensors and | actuators. The robu | ust control |
| | design of space modes will be follow. | | |
| XP35LMI | Linear Matrix Inequalities | ZK | 4 |
| | amming or optimization over linear matrix inequalities (LMIs) is an extension of linear programming to the cone of positive semidefini | | |
| | dern tool in systems control and signal processing. Theory: Convex sets represented via LMIs; LMI relaxations for solution of non-cor | | |
| | oint algorithms to solve LMI problems; Solvers and software; LMIs for polynomial mehods in control. Control applications: robustness a | | nd nonlinear |
| | systems; design of fixed-order robust controllers with H-infinity specifications. For more information, see http://www.laas.fr/~henrion/o | | |
| XP35LMI1 | Linear matrix inequalities | ZK | 4 |
| | amming or optimization over linear matrix inequalities (LMIs) is an extension of linear programming to the cone of positive semidefinities of the second state of the | | |
| | dern tool in systems control and signal processing. Theory: Convex sets represented via LMIs; LMI relaxations for solution of non-cor ioint algorithms to solve LMI problems; Solvers and software; LMIs for polynomial mehods in control. Control applications: robustness a | | |
| | fixed-order robust controllers with H-infinity specifications. For more information, see http://www.laas.fr/~henrion/courses/lmi Výslede | - | |
| systems, design of | je zde: http://www.fel.cvut.cz/anketa/aktualni/courses/XP35LMI | R Studentske unker | y p cum tu |
| XP35LSD | Linear Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | upon the master program lectures on Dynamical Systems Theory. The structure and properties of linear multi-input multi-output system | | - |
| | or the design of linear controls is demonstrated. The presentation focuses on pole placement techniques, linear state regulation and | | |
| design. State-space | e and transfer-function design techniques are compared. The lectures are supported by laboratory experiments using Matlab, Control S | ystem Toolbox, and | Polynomial |
| | Toolbox. | | |
| XP35NES | Nonlinear Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | itutes a continuation of the master level course "Nonlinear systems" being opened during winter semester. It is devoted to the detaile | - | |
| structure from the | control design point of view. It is based on state space descripion of nonlinear systems. Model transformations will be studied to simp | lify them and there | by faciliate |
| | gn. It gives mathematical conditions for the existence of these transformations. Nonlinear analougues of controllability and observability | | |
| as well and their | relation to detectability and stabilizability investigated. Finally, elements of nonlinear output regulation as well as of nonlinear robust | and adaptive desig | n will be |
| | presented. Exercises will be, in particular, based on MATLAB and SIMULINK use. | | |
| XP35NES1 | Nonlinear systems | ZK | 4 |
| - | urse is to help student develop a deeper and broader perspective on theory and applications of nonlinear systems. At the hearth of the | | |
| - | ric approach, which can be used for controllability and observability analysis of nonlinear systems, characterization of various types of sks. Great attention is paid to analysis of the structure of nonlinear systems from the perspective of control design. It follows from the | | |
| - | tate transformations of the nonlinear model into a simpler form that is usable for control design. Differential-geometric conditions for exis | - | |
| | course. Concepts of nonlinear controllability and observability are introduced in this course and their relation to stabilization and recor | | |
| | for linear systems. Some additional topics such nonsmooth stabilization and discontinuous stabilization will be covered. Examples of | - | |
| | in underactuated robotic walking, nonholonomic systems and optimization of biosystems will be given. | | |
| XP35OFD | Estimation and Filtering | ZK | 4 |
| Methodology: expe | riment design, structure selection and parameter estimation. Bayesian approach to uncertainty description. Posterior probability densit | y function and poin | t estimates: |
| MS, LMS, ML and | MAP. Robust numerical implementation of least squares estimation for Gaussian distribution. Parameter estimation and state filtering | - Bayesian approa | ch. Kalman |
| | filter for white noise. Properties of Kalman filter. Kalman filter for colored/correlated noise. | | |
| XP35ORC1 | Optimal and robust control | ZK | 4 |
| | ed course about modern control design methods that formulate the design as a mathematical optimization. Besides teaching practica | - | |
| | leeper understanding of fundamental concepts as well as build awareness of the latest results. Thanks to its background in mathema | - | |
| | certainly be seen beyond the borders of automatic control domain. The course can be viewed as an extension of the equal-named c | | |
| | owever, numerous topics are new and those few topics that already appeared in the master version will be discussed at a significantl | | |
| | t to give practical tool but also to go through the proofs, discuss various interpretations, and survey the results from the latest literature irse is to acquire advanced competences (knowledge and skills) in the area of computational design of control systems (or rather cor | - | - |
| - | ly assume availability of a mathematical model of the system to be controlled (hence model-based control design). We will consider dy | | |
| | ime, linear and nonlinear, single and multiple inputs and outputs. Since all the design methods introduced in this course formulate the | | |
| | ences will come from the areas of optimization, both finite-dimensional (linear, quadratic, nonlinear and semidefinite programming) and | - | - |
| | of variations, operator theory, differential games). | | |
| XP35RRD | Robust Control | ZK | 4 |
| | Advanced course on selected topics in robust control. | | |

| XP36ASP | Architecture of Symbolic Computers | ZK | 4 |
|--|--|--|--|
| | ons and abstract programs, lambda calculus, formal basis for abstract programming, self-interpretation, SECD abstract machine, memory | - | |
| evaluation, Lisp im | plementations, predicate logic and its inference engine, Prolog inference engine and dynamic algebras, Warren abstract machine, optimis parallel inference engines. | alion, Prolog impi | ementations, |
| XP36DRO | Diagnostics and Reconfiguration of Programmable Circuits | ZK | 4 |
| | t is aimed to help PhD students to understand better methods of reliability and availability improvement of SOC and NOC circuits built | | 1 - |
| XP36DSV | Distributed Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | nechanisms - message exchange, procedural communication (RPC, ORB), distributed shared memory. Process algebras - CSP, CCS | | 1 - |
| automata, Petri r | nets. Distributed execution, global state, causality, logical time. Algorithms of: exclusive access, leader election, deadlock detection/pre | evention, terminat | ion. Faults, |
| | resiliency, qourum algorithms, replication. Mobility, search in distributed systems - DHT. | | |
| XP36DSY | Distributed Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | nechanisms - message exchange, procedural communication (RPC, ORB), distributed shared memory. Process algebras - CSP, CCS | - | · - |
| automata, Petri r | nets. Distributed execution, global state, causality, logical time. Algorithms of: exclusive access, leader election, deadlock detection/pro- resiliency, qourum algorithms, replication. Mobility, search in distributed systems - DHT. | evention, terminat | ion. Faults, |
| XP36HS | Hypermedia Systems and Internet Computing | ZK | 4 |
| | ms, basic models. Intelligent searching, adaptive navigation, personalization of access to web applications. Web intelligence, semanti | | 1 . |
| | topics and the ways out. Internet computing. Modern technologies for web applications design. | | |
| XP36JAI | Languages for Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| The course offe | ers a deep insight into the two programming languages that are most frequently used in the domain of artificial intelligence (Lisp, Prolo | g). It exhibits proo | gramming |
| | paradigms used to build typical AI algorithms and gives some basics concerning the implementation of the two languages | | |
| XP36KP | Communication Protocols | ZK | 4 |
| | otocol principles, SDL language, protocol architecture: ISO OSI, error control, data-link layer protocols: X.25, higher layer protocols (Ti | | - |
| state machines, | implementation tools (FSM language ESTELLE, regular grammars), use of Petri nets, specification language LOTOS, protocol transf | ormation, design, | synthesis, |
| XP36LSM | validation and verification of protocols. | ZK | 4 |
| | Logical Simulation n to simulation: fundamental ideas and principles of simulation systems, synchronous and asynchronous simulation. Simulation system | | |
| | data types, entities, architectures, sequential environment (processes, functions, procedures), signals and their attributes, resolution f | | |
| | (data-flow description, blocks, structural description), configuration of structural models. Students who completed course 36SIM can | not enroll. | |
| XP36NSN | Neural Networks and Neurocomputers | ZK | 4 |
| - | ound, paradigm classification and artificial neural networks learning methods. Student is supposed to propose and test the application | | |
| for a partial issue of | concerning his dissertation theme during the semester. Procedure and results would be concluded in the preliminary publication form | designed to be pr | esentable on |
| | a scientific forum. | 71/ | |
| XP36PAS | Algebraic Specifications Prototyping fication, syntax and semantics of a specification language (OBJ3), structured specifications, generic specifications, implementation of | ZK an algobraic spo | 4 |
| | prolog, translation into Lisp, term rewriting systems, abstract rewriting machine, prototyping of a specification, prototyping in OBJ3, con | | |
| | (C++). | | anangaage |
| | (811). | | |
| XP36POA | | ZK | 4 |
| | Advanced Parallel Algorithms //sis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms | | 1 |
| Design and analy | Advanced Parallel Algorithms | s includes: advand | ced parallel |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV | Advanced Parallel Algorithms vsis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithm ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms | s includes: advand tern matching in to ZK | ced parallel exts. |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea | Advanced Parallel Algorithms vsis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithm ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect | s includes: advand tern matching in to ZK ion networks, eml | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithm rithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnection nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fu | s includes: advances tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emi indamental paralle | exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms rithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fuc computation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity the | s includes: advances tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emi indamental paralle | exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm - reduction, prefix c | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithm ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fu computation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity th studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register. | s includes: advances tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emi undamental paralle eory Graduates of | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms f engineering |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm - reduction, prefix c XP36RSY | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms rithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fuc computation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity the | s includes: advance tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emi undamental paralle eory Graduates of ZK | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms f engineering 4 |
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| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm - reduction, prefix c XP36RSY Systems that have with operating syst | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms intermediate intermediate intermediate intermediate intermediate intermediate intermediate interconnected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pate intermediate interconnection algorithms. Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pate intermediate interconnection algorithms. Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pate interconnection algorithms of parallel algorithms. Parallel Systems and Algorithms Basures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnection algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Further technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity the studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register. Reconfigurable Systems reconfigurable Systems | s includes: advance tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emi undamental paralle eory Graduates of ZK nd management, SoC). Codesign is | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms f engineering 4 collaboration |
| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm - reduction, prefix c XP36RSY Systems that have with operating syst XP36SEP | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fu computation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity th studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register. Reconfigurable Systems reconfigurability as a part of normal function. Technology of reconfiguration., partially reconfigurable devices. Reconfiguration control a tems, software support. Design and verification of reconfigurable systems, algorithms, EDA tools. Reconfiguration in System on Chip (S Seminars, experiments with reconfigurable devices, case study, literature research. Seminars on Architectures of Parallel Computers | s includes: advance tern matching in te ZK ion networks, emi undamental paralle eory Graduates of ZK nd management, SoC). Codesign is ZK | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms f engineering 4 collaboration asues in SoC. |
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| Design and analy scan algor XP36PSV Complexity mea simulations. Comm - reduction, prefix of XP36RSY Systems that have with operating syste XP36SEP Overview of archi and switches, bus- XP36STR Processing of string | Advanced Parallel Algorithms visis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat Parallel Systems and Algorithms asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fu somputation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity th studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register. Reconfigurable Systems reconfigurability as a part of normal function. Technology of reconfigurable Systems, algorithms, EDA tools. Reconfiguration in System on Chip (Seminars, experiments with reconfigurable devices, case study, literature research. Seminars on Architectures of Parallel Computers tectures of high-performance computers and trends in technologies. Memory coherence and sequential consistency models. Shared-based cache coherence protocols and synchronization mechanisms. Virtual shared memory architectures: distributed cache-coherer mechanisms - barriers. Clusters: fast communication networks and protocols. | s includes: advance tern matching in to ZK ion networks, emil indamental paralle eory Graduates of ZK nd management, SoC). Codesign is ZK memory architect ace protocols. Syn ZK pararies and langu | ced parallel exts. 4 beddings, el algorithms f engineering 4 collaboration ssues in SoC. 4 tures: buses achronization 4 uages. Exact |
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| XP37AEM | Acoustic and Electroacoustic Measurements | Z,ZK | 4 |
|----------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|
| Measurement of a | coustic pressure, measuring microphones. Measurement of acoustic impedance. Foundamental audiometric measurements, artificial | ear. Measurement | of acoustic |
| | calibration of measuring microphones. Method of reciprocity. Method of reciprocity in the field of the spherical wave, in the diffusion so | | |
| | and sensors of velocity and displacement. Measurement of mechanical impedance, impedance head, artificial mastoid. Electrostatic | | application |
| | ectroacoustic measurements. Measurement of thin membranes and air-gaps. Acoustic intensity measurement. Measurements of acoustic | | |
| XP37APF | Acoustics and Electroacoustics of Solid State | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | soptropic unbounded continuum. Wave equation. Scalar and vector potential. Plane harmonic uniform and non-uniform wave. Energy | | |
| | e in half-space, reflection and refraction of a plane wave at an interface between too solids. P-wave, SV and SH waves. Rayleigh wav gation in cylindrical wave-guide. Solid-state waveguides of non-uniform cross-section. Piezoelectricity. Equivalent circuits of piezoelec | | - |
| | of volume and surface waves. | | generation |
| XP37AR | Speech Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| | al tract, anatomy, physiology. Vocal cords, production of speech. Types of phonems. Speech analysis and synthesis. Automatic recogr | | |
| XP37ARA | Architectural Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| | netrical and statistical acoustics. Acoustical lining and sound absorption. Objective room acoustic parametres. Subjective criteria for a | 1 | |
| acoustics measure | ment technique. Physical modelling and numerical simulation of sound propagation. Electroacoustic sound reinforcement. Acoustical pro | perties of buildings | absorption |
| of sound, sound in | sulation. Simple and complex constructions. Criteria for sound insulation properties of building constructions. Measurement in acoustic | s of constructions. | Calculations |
| | in room acoustics. | | |
| XP37CAD | Advanced methods for circuit analysis and optimization using computer-aided design | Z,ZK | 3 |
| | e subject deals with contemporary models of both classical semiconductor elements (in submicron domain) and special microwave tr | | |
| | els of power MOS (LDMOS) transistors are also defined and characterizing the elements by X-parameters is included as well. The mo | | |
| | rracterization nano-scale elements, including noise models, and by a description of memristors, memcapacitors and meminductors. T s for solving nonlinear stiff systems of differential-algebraic equations in implicit form combined with nonstandard sensitivity analysis | - | - |
| | quency domain is also included as well as nonstandard sensitivity analysis of noise figure. Attention is also given to steady-state algo | | |
| - | le for autonomous circuits. The analytic methods are naturally complemented by single- and multi-objective optimizations. Up to four- | - | |
| | demonstrated on very complicated, but technically useful tasks from the microwave area including power RF amplifiers. | | |
| XP37DRS | Satellite communication and navigation systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | inication - overview. Systems for fixed and mobile service. Satellite networks: Intelsat, Eutelsat, Inmarsat, Intersputnik, Astra. Orbits (I | EO, MEO, GEO, H | IEO) and |
| parameters of sate | lite communication channel. Energetic budget of satellite link. Satellite link design. Frequency bands. Modulations and multiplexes: TDI | MA, FDMA and CD | MA. Spread |
| spectrum commun | ication. Systems VSAT, DAMA, DVB-S, S-UMTS. Multimedia satellite services. Satellite navigation systems: GPS, GLONASS and GAL | ILEO. Satellite con | nmunication |
| | and navigation systems integration - CNS systems. | | |
| XP37ELA | Elastoacoustics | ZK | 4 |
| The course deal | s with interactions of elastic structures with gaseous medium, namely vibrations of plates, radiation impedances, modal equations, in | fluence of walls su | rrounding |
| | acoustic space, finite element method, calculation of eigenfrequencies. | 71/ | |
| XP37FHA | Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| - | aring organ, hearing theory, hearing field, loudness, masking, pitch of sound, temporal tresholds, distortion in the hearing organ, adap em. Binaural hearing, objective and subjective properties of musical signals, statistical and dynamical analysis. Perception of simple t | - | |
| | dissonancy. Psychoacoustics of transmission of the musical signal. Methods of psychoacoustic measurements, their validity, repeatal | | |
| | of listening tests, methods of statistical analysis of results, interpretation. | yy | |
| XP37FHA1 | Physiological, Pychologycal and Musical Acoustics 1 | ZK | 4 |
| Properties of mus | sical signal in temporal and frequency domains, methods of sound synthesis, timbre and interpretation of sound spectra, objective as | sessment of timbre | , theory of |
| sound quality, intro | duction to acoustics of speech and singing, physicalacoustic principles of musical instruments, tuning, dynamics, timbre of the tone, | radiation propertie | s of musical |
| | instruments, introduction to methodology of measurement of musical instruments. | | |
| XP37FHA2 | Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics 2 | ZK | 4 |
| | sical signal in temporal and frequency domains, methods of sound synthesis, timbre and interpretation of sound spectra, objective as | | |
| sound quality, intro | duction to acoustics of speech and singing, physicalacoustic principles of musical instruments, tuning, dynamics, timbre of the tone, | radiation propertie | s of musical |
| VD27E00 | instruments, introduction to methodology of measurement of musical instruments. | 71/ | 4 |
| XP37FOS | Photonic Imaging Systems resentation. Energetic image description. Principles of image acquisition, transferring and storing. Image entropy function, 2 dimensic | ZK | 4 |
| | resentation. Energetic image description. Principles of image acquisition, transferring and storing. Image entropy function, 2 dimensic lescription. Novel compression techniques. Image reproduction, matrix description. Light diffraction. 2D transfer functions - PSF, MTF, | | |
| | s. 2D transfer systems and their signal distortion, image aberration and their correction, toleration analysis of optical system. Receive | | |
| | application. Photonic processors, computers and memories. | | |
| XP37FOT | Selected Parts from Photonics | Z,ZK | 3 |
| | sed on the overview of recent applied photonic topics esp. integral and panoramic photonics receivers, transmitters and other special | | |
| | al background. Selected examples of applied photonic elements and subsystems will be demonstrated in lab experiments and result | | · |
| exercises will take | place in the specialized departmental laser lab for limited number of participants. Selected experiments will also be presented during le | ectures. The durable | e equipment |
| | purchased under the project frame will be exploited. | 7 71/ | |
| XP37FZS | Fuzzy Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Students educ | ation and their research activities are focused on the problems of utilize fuzzy logic and neural network for optimization algorithm used as adaptive filtration, diagnostic of the signal, control phase lock and so on. | at numerical signa | i processing |
| XP37GAB | Genesis and Analysis of Biosignals | ZK | 4 |
| | UCENESIS and Analysis of Diosignals with genesis and description of the most important biological signals of both electric and non-electric nature. Properties of the biosignal, | | |
| | rocessing, are studied. Finally, simple and advanced methods of biosignals pre-processing, analysis and evaluation are presented for | | - |
| XP37IAR | Implementation algoritms in radioelecronics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | ucation and their research activities are focused on the problems of effective implementation algorithms in radio electronics by signal | | |
| | units (universal and signal processors) and with support hardware accelerators in FPGA circuits. Optimization of the algorithm is co | | |
| | computational complexity by utilization multirate digital signal processing and hardware accelerators. | | |
| XP37IPP | Image Processing and Photonics | ZK | 4 |
| | c discipline used in space technology. Students will become acquainted with advanced imaging photonics used in space sciences, inclu | | |
| | nts and the influence of the environment. In addition, there are included parts describing the parameters of optical instruments (PSF, | | |
| | eformation modeling and removal methods for IR - VIS electromagnetic radiation. The subject also includes a description of the sense | | |
| noise parameters a | and the reconstruction of the acquired image, and discusses its use in space applications. In addition, there are parts including Earth Re | mote Sensing, mis | sion design, |

dern instruments in this area in cluding optical Fourier transform electr otic way o polarization roco ctrol imo oro etch bae pain cina in this ch nd hyporepo

| | area, including image data telemetry. | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| XP37ISS | Introduction to space science and technology | ZK | 4 |
| Introduction to | space sciences and technology on PhD level. Methods and resources of space research and their applications. Satellites, space pro- | bes, space station | s, space |
| | stems, their development, proposals and design. Optoelectronic systems for space, onboard systems and payload, space communic | • | |
| materials and tech | nology. Remote sensing and multispectral images, applications. Space physics, cosmic environment, cosmic radiation and particles. of space systems, space software, archiving and data reduction, organization international co-operation. | Ground based seg | gment, tests |
| XP37LN | Aircraft Navigation | ZK | 4 |
| XP37MPS | Multimedia Signals Transmission | ZK | 4 |
| 1 | inication system scheme. Extended knowledges in radio transmitters and radio receivers. Radio transmitters and receivers system de | | |
| | ellular radiotelephone systems. Terrestrial and satellite digital broadcasting. Analog and digital radiorelay systems. Metallic communic | - | |
| and coherent o | ptoelectronic communication systems. Modulation and multiplexing in optoelectronic systems. Cable television networks, interactive t | elevision systems | . Mobile |
| | radiocomunications development trends. Electromagnetic compatibility. | | T . |
| XP37MSC | CNS Modern Systems | ZK | 4 |
| XP37MSP | Advanced Multimedia Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | selected areas of advanced multimedia signal processing with emphasis on processing techniques adapted for sensing, processing a signals concerning the requirements of human observers and the characteristics of human visual system (HVS). Main focus of the co | - | |
| - | verview of conventional methods in respect to the information theory, rate-distortion analysis and advanced methods for efficient visu | | |
| | ty of Experience (QoE) in emerging immersive multimedia. Emphasis is placed on the rigorous theoretical description of the methods | | |
| | their experimental verification in the laboratory using special equipment or simulation tools. | | |
| XP37MVP | Scientific Work Methodology | ZK | 4 |
| | ation of scientific work, exploitation of literature and other information resources, accessible databases, fundamentals of project prep | | |
| | requirements (PhD Thesis, article, conference), patents and patent search, Internet exploitation, discussion groups, WWW presenta | | 1 |
| XP37NAV | Navigation systems used on the field of navigation systems and their practical applications. It covers GNSS technology including definition of coordinate | ZK svetems evolana | 4 tion of the |
| | associated with satellite navigation, and positioning methods. On the other hand, only one lecture is devoted to the design of GNSS | | |
| 1, 1 | n details described in other master's course Architecture of Radio Receivers and Transmitters. The GNSS area is further extended to | , | |
| including the naviga | tion equations and mechanization of the calculation, inertial sensors and aiding systems/sensors, e.g. pressure based altimeters, ma | ignetometer, Lidar | rs, ultrasonic |
| | ucers, radars, etc. The focus is paid on detailed data fusion practical tasks for estimating position, velocity and attitude in outdoor/ind | | 1 |
| XP37NOS | Advanced Computational Tools for Imaging and Radio Systems | ZK | 4 |
| | on advanced image and signal processing with a focus on imaging and radio systems. The emphasis is on the implementation of algo | | |
| work in the laborato | ry. Students will verify the principles of algorithms in solving non-trivial problems, such as processing of image data from wide-field sy processing of large data volume from non-linear image system, 2D photometric system calibration, and real-time GNSS signal pro | | lionony, iasi |
| XP37NRO | CAD for RF and Microwave Circuits | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | emiconductor devices and transmission lines implemented in the PSpice class and similar programs. Hierarchy of the models of other e | | 1 |
| circuits. Enhancing | he model accuracy with artificial neural networks (ANN). Advanced algorithms for analysis and optimization of RF and microwave circuit | ts. Model paramete | er extraction. |
| XP37ODS | Optical Design and Simulation | ZK | 4 |
| | | | |
| XP37PAC | Physiological Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| XP37PKP | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice | ZK | 4 |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical | ZK practice. Guideline | 4 es for animal |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of | ZK practice. Guideline /entilation gases. I | 4 es for animal Evaporisers |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of ostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu | ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r | 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub generators, generat | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of | ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of | 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet f body fluids. |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub generators, general Electrochemical, op | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of ostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu ors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical applic | ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of ostimulation. of inte | 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet f body fluids. ernal organs |
| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub generators, general Electrochemical, op | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of ostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu ors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical applic tical, biochemical sensors. Haematology analysers. Interference, corrections of measured values, standardisation in medicine. Electro | ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of ostimulation. of intr and physical valu ZK | 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet f body fluids. ernal organs |
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| XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub generators, generat Electrochemical, op and skelet XP37RAD XP37RUP The main aim of the | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical nents - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of v stances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu ors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical applic tical, biochemical sensors. Haematology analysers. Interference, corrections of measured values, standardisation in medicine. Electro al muscles. Electrodes and circuits for biopotential measurement and electrical stimulation. Indirect measuring methods of biological Radio determination of position, theory and practice, experience subject is to acquaint a doctoral student with receiver position determination methods in systems using different measurements and pos | ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of ostimulation. of inte and physical valu ZK Z,ZK sition determinatio | 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet f body fluids. ernal organs es. 4 5 n algorithms |
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| XP37TEM | Theoretical Electroacoustics and Measurement | Z,ZK | 3 |
| | d at selected parts of electroacoustics and related fields with the emphasis on the theoretical aspect. The main interest lies in electroa | | |
| parts. Their descr | ption will include non-linear mode. The part on measurement will include mainly calibration methods and their usage in cases close to students. | o topics of theses of | of doctoral |
| XP37TMP | Medical Instrumentation | ZK | 4 |
| | with principles and properties of medical systems for analysis of body fluids, blood gas analysis, medical minors of basic life functions ermodynamic principles of anaesthetic equipment and equipment for artificial lung ventilation, haematological analysers and other me | | |
| XP37VKF | Selected Parts from Photonics | ZK | . 4 |
| - | lology of vision. Integral photonic sensors. Panoramatic (image) photonic sensors. Integral photonic displays. Panoramatic photonic di | | - |
| converters. Special | photonic elements. Basic elements of optical systems. Fundamentals of illumination. Fiber-optics elements and systems. Optical methodology Optical (photonic) processors. | ods of information | processing. |
| XP37VRA | Research Seminars in Radioelectronics and Acoustics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The course is inten | ded for PhD students of the radioelectronics and acoustics specialization. It develops the presentation skills and serves as a platform | for discussion and | defence of |
| XP37ZI | students' research results. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| | g theory. FM signal recording. Video information recording systems. High density recording, tape recorder thin heads. Impulse record | | |
| - | -audio, DAT. Digital recording on CD-ROM, CD-video. WORM, CD-R recording. Erasable magneto-optical recording on MD. Digital vid | | - |
| | compression. | | |
| XP37ZSN1 | Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 1 rement with pseudorandom signals and with carrier. Position determination based on measured distances. Time delay discriminator. S | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Distance measu | receiver. GDOP, PDOP, HDOP, VDOP. GPS system, precision. Glonass and its precision. GALLILEO. Comparison of these system | 0 | avigation |
| XP37ZSN2 | Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 2 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Doppler satellite | navigation systems, structure of receiver and precision of position measurement. Shortcomings of satellite systems: limited access and | nd integrity, RAIM | |
| * | Differential systems DGPS and DGLONASS, RTCM-104 standard. Systems SKY-FIX, FUGRO, RACAL, WAAS, EGNOS. GALILEO ar | · · · | |
| XP38ATM | | ZK | 3 |
| , | uces the principles and technical means of data acquisition in the laboratory and industrial environment. Attention is paid to both hard stems for data acquisition and process control. Laboratory exercises are designed in part in the form of classical tasks, partly in the fo | | · |
| | in the field of programming of automated measurement systems and control of measurement processes. | | |
| XP38EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility of Data Acquisition Systems | ZK | 4 |
| EMC - basic terms | Measurement of electromagnetic emission and immission. EMC standards. Modelling of disturbing signals. Electromagnetic disturbar | nce in laboratory a | nd industry. |
| VDOOMDD | Design of DAQ systems with regard to EMC. EMC of data transmitting lines. | 71/ | |
| XP38MDR | Methods of Signals Digitalization and Reconstruction unconventional methods of analog preprocessing of typical sensors signals, selection of optimal digitization methods and optimization | ZK of hardware solutio | 4 on including |
| | of processing of measurement results to achieve high accuracy and effective suppression of disturbing signals. | | |
| XP38MET | Metrology | ZK | 3 |
| The course is focus | ed on solving problems connected with the metrology of electrical quantities and application of modern tools to it. The lectures acquair | nt students with the | up-to-date |
| VDOOMANI | methods of precise measurement of electrical quantities with an accent to correct evaluation of accuracy. | 71/ | |
| XP38MMN Physical principle | Measurement of Nonelectric Quantities s of sensors. Measurement of temperature, pressure, flow, movement, position and other physical quantities. Chemical sensors and a | ZK | 4 ors metal |
| | on of explosives. New types of signal conditioning circuits. Sensor Applications in industry, transport and consumer electronics. Secur | | |
| | Sensor design and technology. Signal processing in sensor systems, intelligent sensors. | | |
| XP38MPM | Methods for Precision Measurement of Electrical Quantities and Measurement Data Processing | ZK | 4 |
| | s of electrical quantities. Collective standards. Inductive ratio devices for precision electrical measurements and possibilities of improving | | |
| | | | |
| | or precision measurement of active and passive electrical quantities. Evaluation of measurement errors and uncertainties. Metrologica of measurement data. | | |
| | of measurement data. | | |
| XP38MPX | | l reliability. Statistic | cal analysis |
| XP38MPX Students will be int | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measurement this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. | I reliability. Statistic ZK hts and testing. The | cal analysis 4 e content of |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation | ZK ZK | cal analysis 4 e content of 4 |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent | ZK ZK hts and testing. The ZK acy field and with m | analysis 4 e content of 4 nethods for |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation | ZK ZK hts and testing. The ZK icy field and with m otion of aircraft pow | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript I engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit | ZK The second s | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremen this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequen f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript I engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the origine integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. | ZK The second s | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript I engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit | ZK The sand testing. The ZK CALC STATES CALC STATES | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremen this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequen f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript I engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the origine integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. | ZK ZK Diss and testing. The ZK Diss and testing. The ZK Diss and testing. The ZK | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremen this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequen f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript I engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the origine integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. | ZK ZK Ants and testing. The ZK Ancy field and with m obtion of aircraft pow cy and operational of cative and qualitative current publishing a ZK ZK | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the the field of aircraft instrumentation. | ZK ZK Ants and testing. The ZK Ancy field and with m obtion of aircraft pow cy and operational of cative and qualitative current publishing a ZK ZK | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA The course is for XP38SSB The student will be | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description i engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence a background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the o the field of aircraft instrumentation. used on advanced sensors and data communication principles within heterogeneous automotive networks. It especially deals with me sensors communication over the internal vehicle communication infrastructure. Sensors and Buses introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principle | ZK ZK Act field and with m Defined and with | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 utomotive 4 d important |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA The course is for XP38SSB The student will be | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measurement this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantities hand their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the other field of aircraft instrumentation. used on advanced sensors and data communication principles within heterogeneous automotive networks. It especially deals with measurement over the internal vehicle communication infrastructure. Sensors and Buses introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principle neept of smart sensors, measurement systems, analog circuits for sensor signal processing, sensor error correction, calibration and diag | ZK ZK Act field and with m Defined and with | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 utomotive 4 d important |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA The course is for XP38SSB The student will be parameters, the course | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequen f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descript l engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the o the field of aircraft instrumentation. Sensors and Buses introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principle neept of smart sensors, measurement systems, analog circuits for sensor signal processing, sensor error correction, calibration and diag immunity. | ZK ZK Acy field and with m otion of aircraft pow cy and operational of tative and qualitative current publishing a ZK ZK odern wideband au ZK s, sensor types an nostics, noise and o | 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 utomotive 4 d important disturbance |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA The course is for XP38SSB The student will be parameters, the course | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measurement this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantities hand their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the other field of aircraft instrumentation. used on advanced sensors and data communication principles within heterogeneous automotive networks. It especially deals with measurement over the internal vehicle communication infrastructure. Sensors and Buses introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principle neept of smart sensors, measurement systems, analog circuits for sensor signal processing, sensor error correction, calibration and diag | ZK ZK ZK Acy field and with m otion of aircraft pow cy and operational of current publishing a ZK ZK odern wideband au ZK S, sensor types an nostics, noise and of ZK | analysis 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 utomotive 4 dimportant disturbance 4 |
| XP38MPX Students will be int XP38PSL The subject acqua basic processing o and power electrica It thus develops the and analytical met XP38PUC XP38SSA The course is for XP38SSB The student will be parameters, the course XP38SYS The subject introdu | of measurement data. Magnetism in Engineering Practice roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measurement this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. Aircraft Instrumentation ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequent system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of emergence background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the other field of aircraft instrumentation. used on advanced sensors and data communication principles within heterogeneous automotive networks. It especially deals with meteroseneous automotive networks. It | ZK ZK Acy field and with m otion of aircraft pow cy and operational of tative and qualitative current publishing a ZK ZK odern wideband au ZK as, sensor types an nostics, noise and of ZK ware and software | analysis 4 e content of 4 nethods for ver sources diagnostics. ve research activities in 2 3 utomotive 4 dimportant disturbance 4 aspects of |

| XP38VDI | Selected Chapters of Diagnostics | ZK | 4 |
|---|--|---|---|
| | ices advanced concepts of fault detection, isolation and diagnostics, signal analysis methods for machine condition monitoring, and | | |
| | uctive testing, the corresponding advanced signal processing, and self-acting evaluation in order to improve reliability, availability, ma | intenance, and life- | |
| XP38VKP | Selected Parts of Instrumentation | ZK | 4 |
| | icated to principle, properties and applications of selected special measuring instruments. It deals mainly with calibrators and other s | | - |
| | ement of extremely low voltage and current signals, lock-in amplifiers, power analyzers and electronic loads, devices used for EMC mea | , | |
| | and optical reflectometers and radio testers (Bluetooth, NMT, GSM, UMTS). A special part is devoted to sampling measurement method | | |
| XP38VKZ | Selected Chapters of Signal Processing | ZK | 4 |
| | dicated to advanced signals processing methods used in contemporary electronic devices and measuring instruments. It concerns e. | | - |
| | Keept Fourier), stochastic methods, processing of the multimedia signal, suppressing of unwanted effect, methods used for quality ind transmission, etc. | | |
| XP39CG | Advanced Computational Geometry | ZK | 4 |
| | rse is to deepen the knowledge of computational geometry. The course is designed primarily for students who have a dissertation top | | |
| | s and effective work with them. The starting point of the study will be chapters from the compulsory literature, specific topics will be ba | | |
| | Students will have the latest articles on the subject and will creatively process the theme. This is mainly about mastering the method ubject of the dissertation. Precisely this aspect (the methodology of scientific work in the given field) is one of the added values of the | | - |
| into account the s | theoretical character, invites directly to the above-defined concept. | subject. The subje | |
| XP39PMV | Advanced Methods of Visualization | ZK | 4 |
| | ization based on physical models. Scientific visualization and volume rendering. Volume graphics. Information visualization. Interactic | | |
| | ironment. Scientific visualization in WWW environment. Particle models and visualization of technological processes. Computational | | |
| XP39SCG | Seminar in Comnuter Graohics | ZK | 4 |
| | omputer Graphics will make students familiar with selected research topics from computer graphics srrch aq efficienf renderino methi | | · · |
| | rties qimrrlafinn of nhvqical nhennmena or geometrical modeling and animation. The course rvill also include graphics methods used | | |
| . | computer vision, and human computer interaction. The goal of the course is to expound the selected topics to students and in the same | | |
| skills by analyzing e | existing high quality research rvork. A significant added value is the acquaintance of students with methods of scientific work in conne gathered knowledge to solve specific problems of their PhD theses. | ection with the aim | of using the |
| | dattered knowledge to solve specific problems of their Fild theses. | | |
| VD20CDC | | 7 71/ | 4 |
| XP39SPG | Computer Graphics Seminar | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The computer graph | Computer Graphics Seminar nics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi | als and their optica | l properties, |
| The computer graph simulation of natura | Computer Graphics Seminar nics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate | als and their optica d research discipli | l properties, nes such as |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, | Computer Graphics Seminar nics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi | als and their optica d research disciplin al of the course is to | l properties, nes such as o introduce |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit | als and their optica d research disciplin al of the course is to | l properties, nes such as o introduce |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID | Computer Graphics Seminar nics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ities of the students ZK | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface material al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au- skground related to human interaction in such environments. During the course students will get familiar with a set of techniques for d | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou gain theoretical bac XP39VIZ Human factors in vis | Computer Graphics Seminar nics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au ckground related to human interaction in such environments. During the course students will get familiar with a set of techniques for d systems in non-standard environments, especially in virtual and augmented reality with collaborative aspects. Advanced Visualization Methods sualization (Perception and cognition, Visual saliency, Visual thinking) Design of User Interfaces for Visualization applications (Evaluation (Evaluation) | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S esign and testing o ZK ion of visualization | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will of interactive 4 techniques) |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou gain theoretical bac XP39VIZ Human factors in vis | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface material all phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au- ckground related to human interaction in such environments. During the course students will get familiar with a set of techniques for d systems in non-standard environments, especially in virtual and augmented reality with collaborative aspects. Advanced Visualization Methods | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S esign and testing o ZK ion of visualization | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will of interactive 4 techniques) |
| The computer graph simulation of natura image processing, the sele XP39UID The goal of the cou gain theoretical bac XP39VIZ Human factors in vis | Computer Graphics Seminar hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface material al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit Advanced methods of UI design urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au ckground related to human interaction in such environments. During the course students will get familiar with a set of techniques for d systems in non-standard environments, especially in virtual and augmented reality with collaborative aspects. Advanced Visualization Methods sualization (Perception and cognition, Visual saliency, Visual thinking) Design of User Interfaces for Visualization applications (Evaluati visualization (Illustrative volume rendering) Big data visualization, Visual analytics, Animation for visualization, Data compression and | als and their optica d research discipli al of the course is to ies of the students ZK ugmented reality. S esign and testing o ZK ion of visualization | l properties, nes such as o introduce 4 tudents will of interactive 4 techniques) |
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