

## Recommended pass through the study plan

### Name of the pass: Specialization Software Engineering, in Czech, Version 2016-2019

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department: Department of Software Engineering

Pass through the study plan: Specialization Software Engineering, in Czech, Version 2016 to 2019

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Web and Software Engineering

Guarantor of the study branch: doc. Ing. Tomáš Vitvar, Ph.D.

Program of study: Informatics (in Czech)

Type of study: Follow-up master full-time

Note on the pass: Jako volitelné předměty lze zapisovat oborové předměty sousedních oborů a zaměření

Coding of roles of courses and groups of courses:

P - compulsory courses of the program, PO - compulsory courses of the branch, Z - compulsory courses, S - compulsory elective courses, PV - compulsory elective courses, F - elective specialized courses, V - elective courses, T - physical training courses

Coding of ways of completion of courses (KZ/Z/ZK) and coding of semesters (Z/L):

KZ - graded assesment, Z - assesment, ZK - examination, L - summer semester, Z - winter semester

Number of semester: 1

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
MI-MPI	<b>Mathematics for Informatics</b> Štěpán Starosta Štěpán Starosta Štěpán Starosta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	3P+2C	Z	PP
MI-PAA	<b>Problems and Algorithms</b> Jan Schmidt, Petr Fišer Petr Fišer Jan Schmidt (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1C	Z	PP
MI-MDW.16	<b>Web Services and Middleware</b> Tomáš Vitvar, Jaroslav Kuchař Tomáš Vitvar Tomáš Vitvar (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	PO
MI-ADP.16	<b>Architecture and Design Patterns</b> Petr Špaček Petr Špaček Petr Špaček (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	PZ
MI-V.2017	<b>Čistě volitelné magisterské předměty, verze 2017</b> MI-IKM,MI-AFP,..... (see the list of groups below)	Min. cours. 0	Min/Max 0/0			V

Number of semester: 2

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
MI-PDP.16	<b>Parallel and Distributed Programming</b> Pavel Tvrdlík Pavel Tvrdlík Pavel Tvrdlík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PP
MI-SPI.16	<b>Statistics for Informatics</b> Daniel Vašata, Pavel Hrabák, Petr Novák Pavel Hrabák Pavel Hrabák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	4P+2C	L	PP
MI-FME.16	<b>Formal Methods and Specifications</b> Stefan Ratschan Stefan Ratschan Stefan Ratschan (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	PZ
MI-NSS.16	<b>Normalized Software Systems</b> Robert Pergl, Marek Suchánek, Jan Verelst Robert Pergl Jan Verelst (Gar.)	ZK	5	2P	L	PZ
MI-PIS.16	<b>Advanced Information Systems</b> Petr Špaček, Petr Kroha, Tomáš Krátký Petr Špaček Petr Špaček (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	PZ
MI-V.2017	<b>Čistě volitelné magisterské předměty, verze 2017</b> MI-IKM,MI-AFP,..... (see the list of groups below)	Min. cours. 0	Min/Max 0/0			V

Number of semester: 3

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
MI-MPR	<b>Master Project</b> Miroslav Balík Zdeněk Muzikář (Gar.)	Z	7		Z,L	PP
MI-NUR.16	<b>User Interface Design</b> Pavel Žikovský, Jiří Hunka Jiří Hunka Pavel Žikovský (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	PZ
MI-PDB.16	<b>Advanced Database Systems</b> Michal Valenta, Yelena Trofimova Michal Valenta Michal Valenta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	PZ

MI-PV-EM.2016	<b>Povinně volitelné magisterské ekonomicko manažerské předměty, verze 2016</b> <i>FI-VEZ,MI-IBE,..... (see the list of groups below)</i>	Min. cours. 1 Max. cours. 2	Min/Max 2/6			VE
MI-V.2017	<b>Čistě volitelné magisterské předměty, verze 2017</b> <i>MI-IKM,MI-AFP,..... (see the list of groups below)</i>	Min. cours. 0	Min/Max 0/0			V

Number of semester: 4

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
MI-DIP	<b>Diploma Project</b> <i>Miroslav Balík Zdeněk Muzikář (Gar.)</i>	Z	23		L,Z	PP
MI-PV-HU.2016	<b>Povinně volitelné magisterské humanitní předměty, verze 2016</b> <i>FI-FIL,MI-HMI2,..... (see the list of groups below)</i>	Min. cours. 1 Max. cours. 2	Min/Max 3/6			VH
MI-V.2017	<b>Čistě volitelné magisterské předměty, verze 2017</b> <i>MI-IKM,MI-AFP,..... (see the list of groups below)</i>	Min. cours. 0	Min/Max 0/0			V

### List of groups of courses of this pass with the complete content of members of individual groups

Kód	Name of the group of courses and codes of members of this group (for specification see here or below the list of courses)			Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
<b>MI-PV-EM.2016</b>	<b>Povinně volitelné magisterské ekonomicko manažerské předměty, verze 2016</b>			Min. cours. 1 Max. cours. 2	Min/Max 2/6			VE
FI-VEZ	economic-managerial course from ...	MI-IBE	Information Security	MI-MPX	Management practice			
MI-PCM.16	Project And Change Management	MI-SEP	World Economy and Business					
<b>MI-PV-HU.2016</b>	<b>Povinně volitelné magisterské humanitní předměty, verze 2016</b>			Min. cours. 1 Max. cours. 2	Min/Max 3/6			VH
FI-FIL	Philosophy	MI-HMI2	History of Mathematics and Infor ...	FI-HTE	History of Technology and Econom ...			
FI-HPZ	Humanities subject from a study ...	MI-KYB.16	Cybernality	FI-MPL	Managerial Psychology			
MIE-STR	Strategy in the ICT industry on ...	FI-GNO	Introduction to Gnoseology	FI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology			
FI-ULI	Introduction to Linguistics for ...	NI-CAP	Human in Anthropological Perspec ...					
<b>MI-V.2017</b>	<b>Čistě volitelné magisterské předměty, verze 2017</b>			Min. cours. 0	Min/Max 0/0			V
MI-IKM	Internet and Classification Meth ...	MI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming	MI-APH	Architecture of computer games			
MI-BML	Bayesian Methods for Machine Lea ...	MI-BPS	Wireless Computer Networks	MI-DSP	Database Systems in Practes			
MI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	MI-DDM	Distributed Data Mining	MI-PAM	Efficient Preprocessing and Para ...			
MI-GLR	Games and reinforcement learning	MI-HMI2	History of Mathematics and Infor ...	MI-IVS	Intelligent embedded systems			
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	MI-IOT	Internet of Things	MI-ATH	Combinatorial Theories of Games			
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab	MI-LOM.16	Linear Optimization and Methods	MI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Compu ...			
MI-MZI	Mathematics for data science	NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programmi ...	MI-MPC	Modern programming in C ++			
MI-MAI	Multimedia and Internet	MI-OLI	Linux Drivers	MI-PVR	Advanced Virtual Reality			
MI-IOS	Advanced techniques in iOS appli ...	MI-PVS	Advanced embedded systems	MI-DNP	Advanced .NET			
MI-PYT	Advanced Python	MI-ARI	Computer arithmetic	NI-PG1	Computer Grafics 1			
MI-PRC	Programming in CUDA	MI-RUB	Programming in Ruby	MI-PSL	Enterprise Java			
MI-LCF	Compiler system LLVM	MI-AIT	Case Studies of IT Business	MI-ROZ.16	Pattern Recognition			
MI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar Mas ...	MI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar Mas ...	PI-SCN	Seminars on Digital Design			
MI-SCR	Statistical Analysis of Time Ser ...	BI-SOJ	Machine Oriented Languages	MI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar Master I			
MI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar Master II	MI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar Master III	MI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar Master IV			
MI-TNN	Theory of Neural Networks	MI-VYC	Computability	MI-MCS	Multicore Systems			
NI-VPR	Research Project	MI-VEM	Scientific thinking	MI-ZS10	Master internship abroad for 10 ...			

### List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
BI-SOJ	Machine Oriented Languages Students of the course will gain an ability to create their own programs in the assembly language of the most common PC platform focusing on optimal use of microprocessor's features and efficient cooperation of software with hardware. Next, there will be discussed x86 specifics of the majority of Oses from the application point of view linked to higher level languages. This knowledge will be used during reverse engineering, optimization, and evaluation of code security.	Z,ZK	4
FI-FIL	Philosophy see A0B16	ZK	2
FI-GNO	Introduction to Gnoseology Předmět studenty uvádí do teorie poznání, systémovým pohledem nahlíží na pole kultury, na vztahy a rozdíly mezi přírodními a humánními obory, vědou a uměním. Rozbořem dějin modernismu a myšlenkových proudů 20. století jsou ukázány proměny paradigmat a převrat k postmodernismu, analýzou paralelismů ve vědě a umění odhaleny mechanismy tvůrčích procesů. V návaznosti na teorii přírodních jazyků a sémiotiky je vedena diskuze i o kognitivních procesech, v historickém přehledu nastíněna hlediska estetického vnímání. Samostatnou kapitolou jsou modely spojených přírodních soustav a systémů, v závěru přednášek je pozornost věnována filozofii vědy a otázkám udržitelného rozvoje. Předmět přednáší a garantuje Ing. Ivo Janoušek CSc.	ZK	2
FI-HPZ	Humanities subject from a study abroad A "Humanities subject that has been studied abroad" is covered by the Humanities subject from a study abroad in Compulsory Humanities Module that is required in the curriculum. The substitution is approved by the Vice-Dean for study affairs on behalf of the Dean at the request of the student.	Z	3
FI-HTE	History of Technology and Economics The course introduces the scientific disciplines of history and technology , economic and social history of the Czech lands and Czechoslovakia in comparison with the development of the European region 19 to 21 century .	ZK	2
FI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology The one-semester course aims to acquaint students with the basics of social and cultural anthropology as a scientific discipline dealing with the diversity of the world - examples from anthropological research from our "exotic" cultures (topics: kinship, religion, social exclusion, migration, globalization, , material culture, language, health, history, death, etc ...) will be shown. The course is an interesting alternative to other humanities, taught at FIT.	ZK	2
FI-MPL	Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
FI-ULI	Introduction to Linguistics for Computer This course is presented in Czech.	ZK	2
FI-VEZ	economic-managerial course from a study abroad A "Humanities subject that has been studied abroad" is covered by the Humanities subject from a study abroad in Compulsory Humanities Module that is required in the curriculum. The substitution is approved by the Vice-Dean for study affairs on behalf of the Dean at the request of the student.	Z	4
MI-ADP.16	Architecture and Design Patterns The objective of this course is to provide students with both work knowledge about the underlying foundations of object-oriented design and analysis as well as with understanding of the challenges, issues, and tradeoffs of advanced software design. In the first part of the course, the students will refresh and deepen their knowledge of object-oriented programming and get familiar with the commonly used object-oriented design patterns that represent the best practices for solving common software design problems. In the second part the students will be introduced to the principles of software architecture design and analysis. This includes the classical architectural styles, component based systems, and some advanced software architectures used in large-scale distributed systems.	Z,ZK	5
MI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming This course is presented in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradigms. Traditional and novel functional programming languages are on the rise nowadays and the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative languages (C++, C#, Java). As such, mastering this paradigm becomes a necessary competence of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice.	KZ	5
MI-AIT	Case Studies of IT Business This course is presented in Czech.	ZK	2
MI-APH	Architecture of computer games Students will gain a basic understanding of the various issues in the field of computer games development, especially from a technical point of view. They will have a grasp of component-oriented architecture, game mechanics, decision-making processes and base components that form an integral part of most games. They will also understand the basics of pathfinding, networking and scripting and apply them in practical exercises (labs).	Z,ZK	4
MI-ARI	Computer arithmetic Students will learn various data representations used in digital devices and will be able to design arithmetic operations implementation units.	Z,ZK	4
MI-ATH	Combinatorial Theories of Games This course is presented in Czech.	Z,ZK	4
MI-BML	Bayesian Methods for Machine Learning The subject is focused on practical use of basic Bayesian modeling methods in the dynamically evolving machine learning theory. In particular, it studies the construction of appropriate models providing description of real phenomena, as well as their subsequent use, e.g., for forecasting of future evolution or learning about the hidden variables (true object position from noisy observations etc.). The emphasis is put on understanding of explained principles and methods and their practical adoption. For this purpose, a number of real world examples and applications will be presented to students, for instance, 2D/3D object tracking, radiation source term estimation, or separation in medical imaging. The students will try to solve some of them.	KZ	5
MI-BPS	Wireless Computer Networks Students will learn about the modern technologies, protocols, and standards for wireless networks. They will understand the routing mechanisms in ad-hoc networks, multicast and broadcast mechanisms, and data flow control mechanisms. They will also learn about principles of communication in sensor networks. They get knowledge of security mechanisms for wireless networks and get skills of configuration of wireless network elements and simulation of wireless networks using suitable tools.	Z,ZK	4

MI-DDM	Distributed Data Mining	KZ	4
Course focuses on state-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hands on experience with large scale data processing framework Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementations and will be capable to propose approaches to parallelize other algorithms. The course is presented in czech language.			
MI-DIP	Diploma Project	Z	23
MI-DNP	Advanced .NET	Z,ZK	4
Students acquire a knowledge about advanced desgin of applicatios on a .NET platform. They gain skills of WPF (Windows Presentation Foundation), WCF/WebAPI (Windows Communication Foundation) and Entity Framework. They are able to apply these skills on a development and desgin of advanced .NET applications.			
MI-DSP	Database Systems in Practes	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
MI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	Z,ZK	4
This course presents a comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical algorithms that are both easy to implement and have an interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is also valuable outside the domain of digital image processing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDR compression, de-blurring in frequency domain, abstraction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray conversion, context enhancement, interactive as-rigid-as-possible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, adding depth, alpha matting.			
MI-FME.16	Formal Methods and Specifications	Z,ZK	5
Students are able to describe semantics of software formally and to use sound reasoning for construction of correct software. They learn to use some software tools that allow to prove basic properties of software.			
MI-GLR	Games and reinforcement learning	Z,ZK	4
The field of reinforcement learning is very hot recently, because of advances in deep learning, recurrent neural networks and general artificial intelligence. This course is intended to give you both theoretical and practical background so you can participate in related research activities. Presented in English.			
MI-HMI2	History of Mathematics and Informatics	ZK	3
Selected topics {Infinitesimal calculus, probability, number theory, general algebra, different examples of algorithms, transformations, recursive functions, elliptic curves, etc.) note on possibilities of applications of some mathematical methods in informatics and its development.			
MI-IBE	Information Security	ZK	2
Students learn information and IS/ICT security management systems (ISMS), methods for information access control, and basic norms and international standards in this area. They understand methods for management of internal and external security threats, for IS/IT security audits, and for application security testing (e.g., penetration testing).			
MI-IKM	Internet and Classification Methods	Z,ZK	4
In this course, the students get acquainted with classification methods used in four important internet, or generally network applications: in spam filtering, in recommendation systems, in malware detection systems and in intrusion detection systems. However, they will learn more than only how classification is performed when solving these four kinds of problems. On the background of these applications, they get an overview of the fundamentals of classification methods. The course is taught in a 2-weeks cycle with 2-hour lectures and 2-hour exercises. During the exercises, the students on the one hand implement simple examples to topics from the lectures, on the other hand consult their semester tasks.			
MI-IOS	Advanced techniques in iOS applications	KZ	4
Students will learn the latest trends in mobile development technologies for iOS platform. Class covers advanced topics, students need to know all the basics from the beginners class BI-IOS.			
MI-IOT	Internet of Things	Z,ZK	4
The subject is focused on the area of hardware and software technologies for the strongly growing computer support of various devices. Its goal is familiarization with available development elements (Raspberry Pi, Arduino Due) and with the language for efficient application development and modification (GNU Forth).			
MI-IVS	Intelligent embedded systems	KZ	4
Intelligent embedded systems course for master's degree is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The course is an advance version of the Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course for the bachelor degree. The aim of the course is to teach students humanoid robot programming and advance application development. Lectures provide basis of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students develop advanced applications combining knowledge of various courses like nature inspired algorithms, data mining algorithms, image recognition and web technologies			
MI-KYB.16	Cybernality	ZK	5
Students get acquainted with the fundamentals of legislation and international activities in the area of fighting cybercrime. Students will understand the classification of attacks and have an overview of systems for computer surveillance and traffic monitoring in the cyberspace. Students will also familiarize themselves with hacker activities and behavior. The course will also discuss the cooperation of the state agencies and subjects dealing with defence of the cyberspace (especially CSIRT and CERT teams).			
MI-LCF	Compiler system LLVM	Z,ZK	4
MI-LOM.16	Linear Optimization and Methods	Z,ZK	5
Students learn the applications of optimization methods in computer science, economics, and industry. They are aware of practical importance of linear and integer programming. They are able to work with optimization software and are familiar with languages used in programming of that software. They get skills in formalization of optimization problems in computer science (such as scheduling of tasks to processors, analysis of network flows), distribution and allocation of resources (transportation problems, travelling salesman problems, etc.), issues from economics, and modelling of conflicts via the game theory. They get an overview of computational complexity of optimization problems. They get orientation in algorithms in linear programming.			
MI-MAI	Multimedia and Internet	Z,ZK	3
The course will cover principles and technologies for processing and network transmissions of multimedia signals, stereoscopy and visualizations in high definition. Lectures will include application areas of networked multimedia, transmission formats, interfaces, codecs, technologies for acquisition and reproduction of multimedia data and technologies for visualizations and distributed collaboration using networking and immersive environments.			
MI-MCS	Multicore Systems	KZ	4
Students understand architecture of systems based on multicore processors with multiple threads per core, structure and usage of cache hierarchy with shared last level. They learn parallel algorithm classification, parallel programming technics, simulation and monitoring tools for measurement and optimization of parallel algorithms. After this course, students can design MTMD programs (Multiple Threads Multiple Data), measure and analyze latency and throughput of parallel algorithms and optimize them for contemporary multicore systems.			
MI-MDW.16	Web Services and Middleware	Z,ZK	5
Students learn new trends and technologies in the area of service-oriented architectures, web services, middleware, and cloud computing, including their theoretical background.			
MI-MPC	Modern programming in C ++	Z,ZK	5
Students learn how to use the modern features of contemporary versions of the C++ programming language for software development. The course focuses on programming effectivity and efficiency in the form of writing maintainable and portable source code and creating correct programs with low memory and processor time requirements.			

MI-MPI	Mathematics for Informatics	Z,ZK	7
The course comprises topics from general algebra with focus on finite structures used in computer science. It includes topics from multi-variate analysis, smooth optimization and multi-variate integration. The third large topic is computer arithmetics and number representation in a computer along with error manipulation. The last topic includes selected numerical algorithm and their stability analysis. The topics are completed with demonstration of applications in computer science. The course focuses on clear presentation and argumentation.			
MI-MPR	Master Project	Z	7
1. At the beginning of the semester, a student reserves her/his final thesis topic and gets together with its supervisor. Together they decide on partial tasks that should be carried out during the semester. If the requirements they agreed upon are met, the supervisor awards the student an assessment for the course MI-MPR at the end of the semester. 2. External Master these (MT) supervisor fills his/her assessment into the paper "Form to award assessment by an external Final theses (FT) supervisor" (for the courses BIE-BAP, MIE-MPR, MIE-DIP). Students, then, ensure that the assessment is registered into the information system (IS) by asking their internal FT opponent to award the assessment to the IS based on the confirmation of the external MT supervisor. In the case the FT opponent is external as well, the assessment will be registered to the IS by the head of the department responsible for the topic of the MT. 3. If the FT topic that the student has reserved is rather general, the immediate tasks the supervisor assigns to the student for the upcoming semester should aim at fine-tuning the FT topic so that the FTT will be complete and approvable at the end of the semester.			
MI-MPX	Management practice	Z	4
The Student can once, within its master's degree graduate (to apply) management practices in the selected subject of practice (business subject) on the operational, tactical or strategic level of management (typically at the position of project manager, middle or top manager). The selected subject of practice and professional filling is assessed well in advance the course guarantor. In the selected subject of practice may not have a substantial ownership interest or substantial decision-making influence of the relatives of the student (e.g. as a member of the top management).			
MI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science Mathematical semantics of programming languages.	Z,ZK	4
MI-MZI	Mathematics for data science	Z,ZK	4
In this course, students are introduced to those fields of mathematics that are necessary for understanding standard methods and algorithms used in data science. The studied topics include mainly: linear algebra (matrix factorisations, eigenvalues, diagonalization), continuous optimisation (optimisation with constraints, duality principle, gradient methods) and selected notions from probability theory and statistics.			
MI-NSS.16	Normalized Software Systems	ZK	5
Students will learn the foundations of Normalized Systems theory, which studies the evolvability of modular structures based on concepts from engineering such as stability from systems theory and entropy from thermodynamics. Initially, the theory was developed at the level of software architectures, where the concept of stability was translated into the definition of so-called combinatorial effects. These effects occur when the impact of a change to the software architecture is dependent on the change itself, as well as on the size of the system. The latter is highly undesirable, as it will cause even a simple change to incur an ever-increasing impact as the size of the system grows over time. As such, combinatorial effects can be considered as a main cause of Lehman's Law of Increasing Complexity (see, e.g., <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lehman's_laws_of_software_evolution">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lehman's_laws_of_software_evolution</a> ). Additionally, the concept of entropy was used in the study of which micro-states in a modular structure correspond with a given macro-state. This is related mainly to issues such as testing in software architectures. Normalized Systems theory consists first of a set of principles which indicate where violations of stability and entropy-related issues occur in any given software architecture. These principles indicate that very fine-grained modular structures are required in order to control them. In the second part of the theoretical framework, it is shown how software architectures can be constructed based on a set of 5 design patterns called elements. These elements provide the core functionality of information systems in terms of storing data, executing actions, workflows, connectors and triggers, while controlling for violations of the stability and entropy-related principles, allowing them to realize new levels of evolvability in software architectures. Recently, Normalized Systems theory was also applied to the modular structures in business processes and enterprise architectures, with the goal of constructing a foundational theory for Enterprise Engineering.			
MI-NUR.16	User Interface Design	Z,ZK	5
Students will understand the theoretical background of human-computer interaction and user interface (UI) design, will learn formal description of UIs, formal user models, the fundamental notions and procedures. They get acquainted with graphical, speech, and multimodal UIs. Thanks to the gained knowledge, the students will be able to design advanced UIs.			
MI-OLI	Linux Drivers	Z,ZK	4
The Linux operating system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining powerful processors and FPGAs increase the variability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver development for master's students. The course provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical experience.			
MI-PAA	Problems and Algorithms	Z,ZK	5
Students are able to evaluate discrete problems by complexity and by the purpose of optimisation (on-line tasks, multicriterial optimisation). They understand principles and properties of heuristics and exact algorithms and, therefore, are able to select, apply, and experimentally evaluate a suitable heuristics for a practical problem.			
MI-PAM	Efficient Preprocessing and Parameterized Algorithms	Z,ZK	4
There are many optimization problems for which no polynomial time algorithms are known (e.g. NP-complete problems). Despite that it is often necessary to solve these problems exactly in practice. We will demonstrate that many problems can be solved much more effectively than by naively trying all possible solutions. Often one can find a common property (parameter) of the inputs from practice-e.g., all solutions are relatively small. Parameterized algorithms exploit that by limiting the time complexity exponentially in this (small) parameter and polynomially in the input size (which can be huge). Parameterized algorithms also represent a way to formalize the notion of effective polynomial time preprocessing of the input, which is not possible in the classical complexity. Such a polynomial time preprocessing is then a suitable first step, whatever is the subsequent solution method. We will present a plethora of parameterized algorithm design methods and we will also show how to prove that for some problem (and parameter) such an algorithm (presumably) does not exist. We will also not miss out the relations to other approaches to hard problems such as moderately exponential algorithms or approximation schemes.			
MI-PCM.16	Project And Change Management This course is presented in Czech.	KZ	3
MI-PDB.16	Advanced Database Systems	Z,ZK	5
Students orient themselves in problems of evaluation and optimization of SQL queries. The next part of the course deals with new concepts of database machines (so called NoSQL databases), with the related new data models (XML, graph databases, column databases) and languages for working with them (XQuery, XPath, CYPHER, Gremlin). The last part of the course deals with performance evaluation of database machines.			
MI-PDP.16	Parallel and Distributed Programming	Z,ZK	5
Due to the development of cloud, web, and communication technologies and due to the shift of the Moore law into parallelization of CPUs, parallel and distributed applications are becoming dominant. Students get acquainted with architectures of parallel and distributed computing systems and their models and with languages and environments for their programming. They learn the pattern designs for parallel and distributed programming and important parallel algorithms.			
MI-PIS.16	Advanced Information Systems	Z,ZK	5
Students learn the notion of business process logic and its formalization, with business process roles, business rules, and data processing, with the notion of service oriented company, enterprise services and service solution of business logic. They get acquainted with these notions also for the other types of ISs. They learn about agility and adaptivity and using of artificial intelligence methods for implementation of these ideas in ISs. They understand modern object-oriented methodologies for modelling of business processes, business rules, processed data, and enterprise ISs. They will get the rules and technologies for successful implementation of IS.			
MI-PRC	Programming in CUDA	Z,ZK	4
The students gain a good overview of present parallel architectures in GPUs. Students also get hands-on experience with programming these systems.			

MI-PSL	Enterprise Java	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces the modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language features - e.g. pattern matching and advance standard library. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks and libraries e.g. Play, Cassandra, Scalaz, etc.			
MI-PVR	Advanced Virtual Reality	KZ	4
The course introduces advanced parts of the virtual reality. It is a continuation of the already running graphic objects, especially the creation of 3D models in Blender, and among other things, it introduces students to their application in virtual reality. Lectures will focus on virtual reality technology, its use in various applications and will also deal with creating applications in available 3D engines (mainly Unity3D). The course is freely connected with the subject VHS (virtual game worlds), students will be able to apply the knowledge gained in this subject in virtual reality, or directly create a complex game for VR.			
MI-PVS	Advanced embedded systems	Z,ZK	4
The course is focused on ARM processors and microcontrollers and their usage in wide range of applications. The course includes a series of advanced topics like security support, working with mass storage devices, motor control, system control and industrial communication. The students obtain both theoretical and also practical experiences with embedded systems.			
MI-PYT	Advanced Python	KZ	4
The goal of this course is to learn various advanced techniques and methods in Python. The course indirectly continues where Programming in Python (BI-PYT) left of. The course is very hands-on and it has only tutorials, everything is demonstrated on examples. Classification is based on work in class as well as semestral coursework. The course is lead by external teachers from Red Hat.			
MI-ROZ.16	Pattern Recognition	Z,ZK	5
The aim of the module is to give a systematic account of the major topics in pattern recognition with emphasis on problems and applications of the statistical approach to pattern recognition. Students will learn the fundamental concepts and methods of pattern recognition, including probability models, parameter estimation, and their numerical aspects.			
MI-RR1	Risk Management in Informatics	ZK	3
Information security is very often considered as one of main objectives to secure targets of information processing. However, to focus on this info security as a matter of protection of IT systems against viruses, malware etc. very often means misunderstanding and underestimating of real threats which are around us and which are more dangerous then viruses and other malware. The necessity to continue with business after disaster is also slightly ignored. International standards which are focused on informatics and information security just during last years started to anticipate necessity of risk management. There is no commonly accepted methodology used for this task. Threats which are currently possible to see worldwide, invoke pressures to prepare plans for business continuity management even in the case of dramatic political changes, natural disasters etc.			
MI-RUB	Programming in Ruby	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
MI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar Master I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in KČN laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
MI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar Master II	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in KČN laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
MI-SCR	Statistical Analysis of Time Series	Z,ZK	4
The course deals with the practical use of the basic time series modelling theory in engineering tasks, ranging from economics (stock exchange prices, employment) and industrial problems (modelling of signals and processes) to computer networks (network components load, attacks detection). The students learn to select a convenient process model, estimate its parameters, analyze its properties and use it for forecasting of future or intermediate values. The stress is put on understanding and adoption of the main principles based on practical real-world examples. Both the lab classes and the lectures exploit freely available software packages in order to provide easy and straightforward transfer of students' knowledge from the academic to the real world.			
MI-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (N1801 / 4793). The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
MI-SPI.16	Statistics for Informatics	Z,ZK	7
Summary of probability theory; Multivariate normal distribution; Entropy and its application to coding; Statistical tests: T-tests, goodness of fit tests, independence test; Random processes - stationarity; Markov chains and limiting properties; Queuing theory			
MI-TNN	Theory of Neural Networks	Z,ZK	4
In this course, we study neural networks from the point of view of the theory of function approximation and from the point of view of probability theory. At first, we recall basic concepts pertaining to artificial neural Networks, such as neurons and connections between them, types of neurons from the point of view of signal transmission, network topology, somatic and synaptic mappings, network training, and the role of time in neural networks. In connection with network topology, we get acquainted with its transformation into a canonical topology, and in connection with somatic and synaptic mappings, with their composition into mappings computed by the Network. Finally in connection with training, we pay attention to the problem of overtraining and to the fact that training is actually a specific optimization task, recalling the most typical objective functions and the most important optimization methods employed for neural network training. We will see the meaning of all these concepts in the context of common kinds of forward neural networks. Within the topic approximation approach to neural networks, we first notice the connection of neural networks to expressing functions of many variables using functions of fewer variables (Kolmogorov theorem, Vituškin theorem). Afterwards, we will see how the universal approximation capacity of neural networks can be mathematically formalized as the sets of mappings computed by neural networks being dense in important Banach spaces of functions, in particular in the spaces of continuous functions, spaces of functions integrable with respect to a finite measure, spaces of functions with continuous derivatives, and Sobolev spaces. Within the topic probabilistic approach, we first get acquainted with training based on expectation and training based on a random sample, and with probabilistic assumptions about training data with which those two kinds of neural networks can be employed. We will see how it is possible to get an estimate of the conditional expectancy of network outputs conditioned by its inputs using the expectancy based learning. We recall the strong and the weak law of large numbers and get acquainted with an analogy of the strong law of large numbers for neural networks and with the assumptions for its validity. Finally, we recall the central limit theorem, get acquainted with its analogy for neural networks, with the assumptions for its validity and with the hypothesis tests based on it. We will see how those tests can be employed to search for the topology of the network.			
MI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar Master I	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			

MI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar Master II	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
MI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar Master III	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
MI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar Master IV	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
MI-VEM	Scientific thinking	KZ	2
The objective of the course is to get acquainted with scientific methods and discovery of order and laws of the universe, including the aspects of human life. The subject combines scientific methods in natural sciences, mathematics, computer science and humanities. Another aim is to introduce rules and requirements of scientific communication via research papers and posters.			
MI-VYC	Computability	Z,ZK	4
Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.			
MI-ZS10	Master internship abroad for 10 credits	Z	10
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
MI-ZS20	Master internship abroad for 20 credits	Z	20
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
MI-ZS30	Master internship abroad for 30 credits	Z	30
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
MIE-STR	Strategy in the ICT industry on case studies	ZK	2
Abstract: The goal of this course is to give students an overview of the most important success factors in a dynamic market of ICT and allow them to think about their own career in the context of real life case studies of contemporary ICT industry. Students will learn the principles of strategic management of companies operating in converging sectors influenced by ICT on real-life case studies discussed directly with entrepreneurs and senior executives of these firms. Two categories of companies will be invited for interactive discussion of their strategy and vision: start-up companies represented by their founders, and the ICT industry?s biggest companies such as Google, Microsoft, IBM, Cisco, represented by their senior managers. On the basis of these experiences, students will be able to make their own conclusions on how to succeed in their professional life.			
NI-CAP	Human in Anthropological Perspectives	ZK	2
This course is a continuation of the bachelor's course "Introduction to Cultural and Social Anthropology". It deepens human exploration from various perspectives of social and cultural anthropology and related humanities.			
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	Z,ZK	4
The MI-IAM course is focused on principles and modern technologies for audio and video (AV) signal processing and transferring across Internet in real time. The syllabus covers the mechanisms of recording and reproducing of AV signals, data transfer formats, interfaces, codecs, communication protocols for transfers of AV data, stereoscopy, and other AV data processing methods. Students will learn practical use of AV transfers in real-time for interesting applications. Within the labs, students will practically assemble transfer AV pipelines using HW and SW technologies and verify practically the effect of various components on the quality and latencies of AV data transfers over Internet. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for realizing complete high-quality AV transfers from recording the scene up to presentation for audience.			
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The subject is oriented on a low-level approach to Bayesian statistical and information-theoretical modelling, where the student both learns the existing methods (regression models, Kalman filtering, models fusion, etc.) and tries to implement them. That is, instead of the (standard) intensive use of high-level libraries like pandas, scikit-learn or statsmodels, the stress is put on the use of numpy and scipy, as well as the low-level algebra and calculus. The second half of the semester is focused on the design of methods and algorithms, and analyses of their properties. At this point, the subject is on the border of own research and may result in the topic of final work (diploma or bachelor thesis).			
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo	KZ	4
Object-oriented programming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, where its ability to natural abstraction is used to build complex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the skills of design and implementation of object systems in modern pure object system Pharo ( <a href="https://pharo.org">https://pharo.org</a> ). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development needs and areas of interest. In addition to deepening object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to work on interesting projects and OO technologies in terms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involvement in the Pharo Consortium.			
NI-PG1	Computer Grafics 1	ZK	4
The course builds on graphic courses (mainly BI-PGA and BI-PGR) and the knowledge from these courses is deepened by state-of-the-art knowledge. The course is designed for those interested in advanced computer graphics. Students will gain practical knowledge with realistic texturing and raytracing methods. An integral part of the course is the study of scientific articles and their subsequent implementation. The course will be followed by a course PG2 supplementing the knowledge of PG1 on other areas and topics of computer graphics.			
NI-VPR	Research Project	Z	5
The vice-dean acknowledges the student's credit for this subject for scientific results on faculty projects (eg publications, completion of the 2nd phase "Výlet", etc.)			

This subject deals with problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description of digital circuits and basic logic synthesis and optimization algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial problems emerging in EDA.

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html>

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