Study plan

Name of study plan: Informatics (doctoral)

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Welcome page

Garantor of the study branch: Program of study: Informatics

Type of study: Doctoral Required credits: 0

Elective courses credits: 24 Sum of credits in the plan: 24

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: PI-VSE

Name of the group: All doctoral courses

Requirement credits in the group: Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0 Note on the group:

All FIT doctoral courses are included in this group

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
PI-AWR.1	Academic Writing Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	0	2C	Z	PV
PI-APA	Advanced Program Analysis Jan Vitek Jan Vitek Jan Vitek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-ADH	Algorithms and Data Structures for HPC Ivan Šime ek Ivan Šime ek Ivan Šime ek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-AKD	Data Compression Algorithms Jan Holub Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-AVG	Computational genomics algorithms Jan Holub Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-AJMIN	English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis Št pán Starosta Št pán Starosta Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	ZK	0	0D	Z,L	PV
PI-ANM	Applied Numerical Mathematics Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-ARB	Arbology Jan Janoušek, Bo ivoj Melichar Jan Janoušek Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Computers Josef Kolá Josef Kolá Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-CFR	Computer Assisted Formal Reasoning Stefan Ratschan Stefan Ratschan (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-EXA	Experimental algorithmics Jan Schmidt Jan Schmidt (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-IRT	Information retrieval Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-KP	Communication protocols Jan Jane ek Jan Jane ek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-BCM	Conceptual Modelling of Behaviour Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-KIK	Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PPA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV

PI-ROZ	Advanced Pattern Recognition Michal Haindl Michal Haindl (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PSC	Programmable Circuits and SoC	ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	PV
PI-FME.1	Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.) Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-SCN	Karel Richta Karel Richta (Gar.) Seminars on Digital Design	ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	PV
PI-SWI	Petr Fišer Petr Fišer Petr Fišer (Gar.) Software Engineering	ZK	4	3C	 L	PV
	Petr Kroha Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.) Satisfiability and Planning					
PI-SPL	Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-STR	Stringology Jan Holub Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-SCM	Structural Conceptual Modelling Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-TGR	Graph Theory Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý Tomáš Valla Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-TMN	Text Mining Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-TPL	Type Systems for Programming Languages	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-ESC	Jan Vitek Jan Vitek Jan Vitek (Gar.) Embeded SeCurity	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-VAP	Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz (Gar.) Advanced Computer Architectures	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
11-1/01	Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	ZK	7	30		FV
	he courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=PI-VSE Name=A	ll doctoral cou	rses		-	
	Academic Writing				ZK	0
PI-APA /	Advanced Program Analysis				ZK	4
In the past decade, there	have been great advances in the development of automated tools that help programme	ers find various kind	ds of quality	problems in	their code. Th	nis includes
tools for finding bugs and	security vulnerabilities, test generation, fault detection and localization, etc. Many of th	ese tools rely on pr	ogram anal	sis to compu	ute an approx	imation of a
	special topics course, we will study key publications in which static and dynamic program			•		
		, ,			•	
studied.	se algorithms are used in other tools that support programmers. Both theoretical prope	rties and practical e	effectiveness	s of program	analysis algo	orithms will be
PI-ADH A	Algorithms and Data Structures for HPC				ZK	4
The most computation into	ensive tasks (or memory complex tasks) are solved by large HPC systems. Seven so c	alled "dwarfs" were	identified a	s tvpical task	s computed	bv HPC
•	ese "dwarfs" are described (including their variants). Also typical algortihms and advar				•	,
	Data Compression Algorithms				ZK	4
	e course, the students will be able to design special data compression methods or the	ir compositions cus	tomized for	1	ı	=
	ated by many parametes not only by the compression ratio. Added value: The students wi	•		• .		•
•	s. They also learn to construct cascade methods in order to achieve desired properties		•		nages or data	compression
		or the resulting dat	a compress		717	4
	Computational genomics algorithms				ZK	4
	cient algorithms for various tasks in bioinformatics. One fo such task is an alignment of					
	bly. The course also presents compressed data structures for storing and indexing ger	nomes and very fas	t pattern ma	tching in the	m. Algorithms	s for efficient
analysis and comparison	of genomes.					
PI-AJMIN E	English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis				ZK	0
	in form of defense of professional study in English. Doctoral student defends his profess	ional work drafted a	nd presente	d in English b	pefore the sta	te committee
Ph.D. student is evaluated	in presentation skills, mastery of the language in continuous speech and language sk	ills quickly and corr	ectly respor	nd during the	debate.	
PI-ANM A	Applied Numerical Mathematics				ZK	4
	Arbology				ZK	4
	ns and their effective algorithmic solutions. Algorithms presented on the basis of tree a	ad nuchdown outon	note on mad			•
	tins and XML processing are discussed in details.	na pasnaown auton	iala as iliou	eis oi compu	ialion. Fracil	ai aigoniiinis
·	-				717	
	Architecture of Symbolic Computers				ZK	. 4
•	er understanding of working principles and internal structure of functional and logical p			_		_
	en using such systems as well as concerning specific issues related to their implement	tation as compared	with comm			ig systems.
	Computer Assisted Formal Reasoning			I	ZK	4
The goal of this course is	to provide the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in th	e field of their Ph.D	. study, to -	prove the co	rectness of s	olutions to
such problems, and to - p	repare the resulting proofs for publication, while supporting this process using state-of-	the-art software to	ols. The cou	rse will take t	the form of co	onsultations.
The teacher will work with	the student on concrete research problems from the student's field of research.					
PI-EXA E	Experimental algorithmics				ZK	4
	rimental evaluation of algorithms and programs, its significance for scientific work and	interpretation of its	results. Sta	ndards of rele	evance and c	onfidence
	al science are transferred to this field.					
PI-IRT I	nformation retrieval				ZK	4
	Communication protocols				ZK	4
Students will learn the tree verification.	nds of modern communication protocols development, architectures of selected distrib	uteu systems, and	iormai tools	ioi tneir spe	cilication, mo	ueling and
	Conceptual Modelling of Behaviour				ZK	4
	methodology of conceptual modeling of behavior in the context of business engineerin	g and software end	ineerina. In			-
	cant approaches to ontological behaviour modeling, such as UFO-B, BORM and DEMO					
•	f complex domains. Different levels of description of social, socio-technical and technic		-	-	-	
PI-KIK (Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography				ZK	4
l l	e processing of quantum information, quantum computing, quantum communication from	om the viewpoint of	security an	1	1	•
		· ·	-	=		
ream now specific laws of	quantum physics and quantum properties of microscopic world can achieve the object	uves ciassically intr	aciable, of S	ore some b	100161119 111016	e molently.

PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence	ZK	4
Theoretical foundations	of neural networks with a focus on advanced paradigms and the use of neural networks as a model for data analysis and data	mining. Networks	with dynamically
generated topology dur neural networks and de	ing learning developed on the principles of inductive modeling. Evolutionary techniques and nature-inspired optimization. Prir ep learning.	nciples of machine	e learning, deep
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics	ZK	4
The course covers the	retical aspects of planning in robotics from an abstract level known from classical planning to motion planning directly execute	able on robotic ha	rdware. Abstract
	obotics are linked together in this subject, so we will show how to create symbolic plans and refine them through geometric mo		
	e focus will be on (but not limited to) algorithms for creating classical plans by forward state search, planning with time and reso		- 1
	he course will smoothly continue with specific robotic aspects of planning, i.e. motion planning and reflecting the true plan ex		
· -	c representations of working and configuration spaces, combinatorial and probabilistic methods for pathfinding in configuratio Ining with differential constraints. Planning and coordinating multiple robots will be important aspect that we will focus on. The	-	
	ning with differential constraints. Fraining and coordinating multiple robots will be important aspect that we will locus on. The plans, not on execution of plans by robots. It is therefore recommended to further verify the theoretical knowledge in practic		-
or on real robots in the			botto sirridiators
PI-PPA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms	ZK	4
	plex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness efficiency and optimality.		·
PI-ROZ	Advanced Pattern Recognition	ZK	4
Lectures follow up the fu	indamental course Pattern Recognition 1 (MI-ROZ). The fundamentals of statistical pattern recognition based on multidimension	al models, context	ual classification
and recent pattern reco	gnition applications in the area of machine perception will be explained in the lectures.		
PI-PSC	Programmable Circuits and SoC	ZK	4
Students will obtain the	knowledge and practical skills in the state-of-the-art SoC and NoC design methods.		
PI-FME.1	Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4
Students learn how to	evaluate pros and cons of formal specifications and how to work with tools supporting such formalisms, and also how to design	n and evaluate sp	ecification
prototypes.			
PI-SCN	Seminars on Digital Design	ZK	4
•	problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description	_	- 1
<u> </u>	ion algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial p		
PI-SWI	Software Engineering	ZK	4
	nowledges discussed at FIT CTU courses Software Engineering I. and Software Engineering II. including projects working exp	•	•
	res is a good knowledge of object-oriented programming and modeling. The knowledges will be extended to modern method		
	mming. Some of the modern concepts are explained in more detail or perspective and in context: mainly the use of and respe prequirements , modeling and design of information systems.	ect for the principle	es of software
PI-SPL	Satisfiability and Planning	ZK	4
	dern perspective on solving problems in artificial intelligence through satisfiability in logic (SAT) and finite domain constraint s		
	pecially propositional logic, currently represents one of the most sophisticated approaches to state space search. We will disc	="	
· -	ed on CDCL (conflict-driven clause learning), techniques for encoding pseudo-Boolean and cardinality constraints, symmetry		
in first order logic theor	es, SAT modulo theories (SMT), and tractable cases where satisfiability has polynomial time complexity will also be discussed	d. We will emphas	size the use of
logic and satisfiability in	the pivotal topic of symbolic artificial intelligence, namely in classical planning. In a closely related area of constraint satisfact	ction, we will focus	on constraint
	, algorithms for maintaining consistencies such as arc or path consistency, filtering algorithms for global cardinality constraint	s, and problem m	odeling in CSP,
	give a unified view of CSP and SAT with strong emphasis on explanation of algorithmic principles.		
PI-STR	Stringology	ZK	4
= :	ng and searching in text. Algorithms presented on the basis of finite automata as models of computation. Principles of proces	sing compressed	text and parallel
algorithms		714	
PI-SCM	Structural Conceptual Modelling	ZK	4
	on the methodology of structural conceptual modelling in the context of information engineering and software engineering. In t		
	f significant approaches to modelling ontological structures such as modal logic, descriptive logic and their application in lang on model-driven engineering and ontological analysis of complex domains. Methods and tools of verification, validation and s		
	mation and code generation are discussed.		iarar ornological
PI-TGR	Graph Theory	ZK	4
	th to structural issues and to questions of algorithmization and computational complexity of basic optimization problems rest		
· ·	ne boundary between polynomially solvable and NP-hard variants of the problems.	3	,
PI-TMN	Text Mining	ZK	4
PI-TPL	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		4
	Type Systems for Programming Languages	ZK	4
running the program, w	Type Systems for Programming Languages wethod for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some cl	ZK ass of execution e	•
errors as well as errone		ass of execution e	rrors prior to
	c method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some cl	ass of execution e	rrors prior to
about memory manage	c method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some claimist a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of othe ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted codes.	ass of execution e weight tool for iden er properties, incl e. This course give	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction
about memory manage to the main ideas and r	c method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some clailst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of othe ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically	ass of execution e weight tool for iden er properties, incl e. This course give	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some claimst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of othe ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically exceed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming.	ass of execution e weight tool for iden er properties, incle . This course give typed programmi	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages.
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some chilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity	ass of execution of weight tool for identified in properties, include. This course give typed programming ZK	errors prior to htifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages.
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC Familiarization of stude	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some chilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light rous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity nts with the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for expressions.	ass of execution of weight tool for identified in properties, include. This course give typed programming ZK	errors prior to htifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages.
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC Familiarization of stude of the origin of vulneral	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some chilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity It is the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for evilitities when designing digital circuits for embedded systems. Methods of elimination of these vulnerabilities.	ass of execution e weight tool for ider er properties, incl e. This course give typed programmi ZK mbedded systems	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages. 4 s. Understanding
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC Familiarization of stude of the origin of vulneral PI-VAP	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some claims a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity Into the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for embedded computer Architectures Advanced Computer Architectures	ass of execution e weight tool for identer properties, incles. This course give typed programming ZK mbedded systems	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages. 4 s. Understanding
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC Familiarization of stude of the origin of vulnerat PI-VAP Students will learn the	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some of hilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light rous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of oth ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity Its with the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for embedded systems. Methods of elimination of these vulnerabilities. Advanced Computer Architectures mechanisms for multilevel branch prediction, speculative instruction execution, and speculative data prefetching techniques in	ass of execution of weight tool for identer properties, including the properties of the programming and programming the properties of the properties of the properties of the processors.	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages. 4 s. Understanding 4 The second part
about memory manage to the main ideas and r This course will be ass PI-ESC Familiarization of stude of the origin of vulneral PI-VAP Students will learn the is on memory hierarchy.	method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some claims a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. Embeded SeCurity Into the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for embedded computer Architectures Advanced Computer Architectures	ass of execution of weight tool for identer properties, including the properties of the programming and programming the properties of the properties of the properties of the processors.	errors prior to ntifying syntactic uding reasoning s an introduction ng languages. 4 s. Understanding 4 The second part

List of courses of this pass:

PI-ADH	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
	Algorithms and Data Structures for HPC	ZK	4
	tation intensive tasks (or memory complex tasks) are solved by large HPC systems. Seven so called "dwarfs" were identified as typi	•	-
	In this subject these "dwarfs" are described (including their variants). Also typical algorithms and advanced data structures for solution.	ZK	a. 0
PI-AJMIN	English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis guage in form of defense of professional study in English. Doctoral student defends his professional work drafted and presented in Engl	1	
-	ent is evaluated in presentation skills, mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills quickly and correctly respo		
PI-AKD	Data Compression Algorithms	ZK	4
1	pleting the course, the students will be able to design special data compression methods or their compositions customized for a give	1	l
-	evaluated by many parametes not only by the compression ratio. Added value: The students will learn to evaluate advantages and disarrance of the students will be a student of the students will be a students will be a student of the students will be a students will be a student of the students will be a students will be a student of the students will be a student of the students will be a student will be a stud	-	compression
	ods and their classes. They also learn to construct cascade methods in order to achieve desired properties of the resulting data com		
PI-ANM	Applied Numerical Mathematics	ZK	4
PI-APA	Advanced Program Analysis	ZK	4
•	, there have been great advances in the development of automated tools that help programmers find various kinds of quality probler		
	gs and security vulnerabilities, test generation, fault detection and localization, etc. Many of these tools rely on program analysis to c In this special topics course, we will study key publications in which static and dynamic program analysis algorithms are used to detect be		
	by these algorithms are used in other tools that support programmers. Both theoretical properties and practical effectiveness of prog	-	
, ,	studied.	, ,	
PI-ARB	Arbology	ZK	4
Introduction to tree	problems and their effective algorithmic solutions. Algorithms presented on the basis of tree and pushdown automata as models of co	mputation. Practica	l algorithms
	used in compiler construction and XML processing are discussed in details.		
PI-ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Computers	ZK	4
	s a deeper understanding of working principles and internal structure of functional and logical programming systems. A concrete ins		_
	nits when using such systems as well as concerning specific issues related to their implementation as compared with common impe		
PI-AVG	Computational genomics algorithms vith efficient algorithms for various tasks in bioinformatics. One fo such task is an alignment of two or more sequences. Other topic c	ZK	4
	assembly. The course also presents compressed data structures for storing and indexing genomes and very fast pattern matching in	-	
pridece of generic	analysis and comparison of genomes.	· mom / ngom mo	
PI-AWR.1	Academic Writing	ZK	0
PI-BCM	Conceptual Modelling of Behaviour	ZK	4
The subject is focus	sed on methodology of conceptual modeling of behavior in the context of business engineering and software engineering. In the cour	1	oretical and
practical aspects of	significant approaches to ontological behaviour modeling, such as UFO-B, BORM and DEMO and their application in enterprise eng	ineering, software	engineering
	ical analysis of complex domains. Different levels of description of social, socio-technical and technical systems behaviour and their		
PI-CFR	Computer Assisted Formal Reasoning	ZK	4
=	ourse is to provide the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the field of their Ph.D. study, to - prove the property of the provided the pr		
such problems, and	d to - prepare the resulting proofs for publication, while supporting this process using state-of-the-art software tools. The course will the teacher will work with the student on concrete research problems from the student's field of research.	ake the form of cor	nsultations.
PI-ESC	Embeded SeCurity	ZK	4
1	udents with the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for embe	1	
	of the origin of vulnerabilities when designing digital circuits for embedded systems. Methods of elimination of these vulnerabil	=	· ·
PI-EXA	Experimental algorithmics	ZK	4
The course explai	ns experimental evaluation of algorithms and programs, its significance for scientific work and interpretation of its results. Standards	of relevance and c	confidence
	established in experimental science are transferred to this field.		T
PI-FME.1	Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4
Students learn h	ow to evaluate pros and cons of formal specifications and how to work with tools supporting such formalisms, and also how to desig	n and evaluate spe	ecification
PI-IRT	prototypes.	71/	1
	Information retrieval	ZK	4
PI-KIK	Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography with the processing of quantum information, quantum computing, quantum communication from the viewpoint of security, and quantum	ZK	4
	laws of quantum physics and quantum properties of microscopic world can achieve the objectives classically intractable, or solve so		
PI-KP	Communication protocols	ZK	4
I	the trends of modern communication protocols development, architectures of selected distributed systems, and formal tools for the	1	deling and
	verification.	·	_
PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence	ZK	4
	ons of neural networks with a focus on advanced paradigms and the use of neural networks as a model for data analysis and data min	_	-
generated topology	during learning developed on the principles of inductive modeling. Evolutionary techniques and nature-inspired optimization. Princip	les of machine lea	rning, deep
Di Dev	neural networks and deep learning.	71/	4
ו אנונן וכן	Advanced Parallel Algorithms The students learn complex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness officioney and entimality.	ZK	4
PI-PPA	The students learn complex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness efficiency and optimality.		
<u>'</u>	Planning in Dahatian	71/	A
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics	ZK	4
PI-PRO The course covers t	theoretical aspects of planning in robotics from an abstract level known from classical planning to motion planning directly executable	on robotic hardwa	re. Abstract
PI-PRO The course covers to symbolic planning a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e on robotic hardwan on planning to the lev	are. Abstract rel of control

abstract plan, geometric representations of working and configuration spaces, combinatorial and probabilistic methods for pathfinding in configuration spaces, location and mapping techniques, motion planning with differential constraints. Planning and coordinating multiple robots will be important aspect that we will focus on. The course is focused on algorithmic techniques for generating plans, not on execution of plans by robots. It is therefore recommended to further verify the theoretical knowledge in practice in some of the robotic simulators or on real robots in the faculty laboratory. PI-PSC Programmable Circuits and SoC ZK 4 Students will obtain the knowledge and practical skills in the state-of-the-art SoC and NoC design methods. PI-ROZ ZK 4 Advanced Pattern Recognition Lectures follow up the fundamental course Pattern Recognition 1 (MI-ROZ). The fundamentals of statistical pattern recognition based on multidimensional models, contextual classification and recent pattern recognition applications in the area of machine perception will be explained in the lectures. PI-SCM Structural Conceptual Modelling The course is focused on the methodology of structural conceptual modelling in the context of information engineering and software engineering. In this course we focus on theoretical and practical aspects of significant approaches to modelling ontological structures such as modal logic, descriptive logic and their application in languages such as OntoUML, Alloy and OWL. The focus is on model-driven engineering and ontological analysis of complex domains. Methods and tools of verification, validation and simulation of structural ontological models, model transformation and code generation are discussed. Seminars on Digital Design ZK This subject deals with problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description of digital circuits and basic logic synthesis and optimization algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial problems emerging in EDA. PI-SPL Satisfiability and Planning The course offers a modern perspective on solving problems in artificial intelligence through satisfiability in logic (SAT) and finite domain constraint satisfaction problems (CSP). Satisfiability in logic, especially propositional logic, currently represents one of the most sophisticated approaches to state space search. We will discuss advanced techniques used in systematic solvers based on CDCL (conflict-driven clause learning), techniques for encoding pseudo-Boolean and cardinality constraints, symmetry-breaking techniques, satisfiability in first order logic theories, SAT modulo theories (SMT), and tractable cases where satisfiability has polynomial time complexity will also be discussed. We will emphasize the use of logic and satisfiability in the pivotal topic of symbolic artificial intelligence, namely in classical planning. In a closely related area of constraint satisfaction, we will focus on constraint propagation techniques, algorithms for maintaining consistencies such as arc or path consistency, filtering algorithms for global cardinality constraints, and problem modeling in CSP, especially planning. We give a unified view of CSP and SAT with strong emphasis on explanation of algorithmic principles. PI-STR Stringology 7K 1 Algorithms for processing and searching in text. Algorithms presented on the basis of finite automata as models of computation. Principles of processing compressed text and parallel algorithms PI-SWI Software Engineering ZK The course assumes knowledges discussed at FIT CTU courses Software Engineering I. and Software Engineering II. including projects working experiences. A prerequisite for understanding the lectures is a good knowledge of object-oriented programming and modeling. The knowledges will be extended to modern methods, eg. Adaptive Programming, Aspect-oriented programming. Some of the modern concepts are explained in more detail or perspective and in context: mainly the use of and respect for the principles of software engineering for creating requirements, modeling and design of information systems. PI-TGR **Graph Theory** Attention will be paid both to structural issues and to questions of algorithmization and computational complexity of basic optimization problems restricted to special graph classes, aiming at determining the boundary between polynomially solvable and NP-hard variants of the problems. PI-TMN ZK Text Mining 4 Type Systems for Programming Languages ZK A type system is a static method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some class of execution errors prior to running the program, whilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a lightweight tool for identifying syntactic errors as well as erroneous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other properties, including reasoning about memory management and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code. This course gives an introduction to the main ideas and methodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically typed programming languages. This course will be assessed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. PI-VAP Advanced Computer Architectures Students will learn the mechanisms for multilevel branch prediction, speculative instruction execution, and speculative data prefetching techniques in ILP processors. The second part

is on memory hierarchy systems, memory consistency models, and memory coherence protocols in parallel computer systems with virtual shared distributed memory. The third part

is devoted to synchronization mechanisms in parallel systems with distributed memory.

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