Study plan

Name of study plan: Informatics (doctoral)

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Welcome page

Garantor of the study branch: Program of study: Informatics

Type of study: Doctoral Required credits: 0

Elective courses credits: 24 Sum of credits in the plan: 24

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: PI-VSE

Name of the group: All doctoral courses

Requirement credits in the group: Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

All FIT doctoral courses are included in this group

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
PI-AWR.1	Academic Writing Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	0	2C	Z	PV
PI-APA	Advanced Program Analysis Jan Vitek Jan Vitek Jan Vitek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-ADH	Algorithms and Data Structures for HPC Ivan Šimeček Ivan Šimeček (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-AKD	Data Compression Algorithms Jan Holub Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-AVG	Computational genomics algorithms Jan Holub Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-AJMIN	English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis Štěpán Starosta Štěpán Starosta Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	ZK	0	0D	Z,L	PV
PI-ANM	Applied Numerical Mathematics Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-ARB	Arbology Jan Janoušek Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Computers Josef Kolář Josef Kolář (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-CFR	Computer Assisted Formal Reasoning Stefan Ratschan Stefan Ratschan (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-EXA	Experimental algorithmics Jan Schmidt Jan Schmidt (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-IRT	Information retrieval Petr Kroha Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-KP	Communication protocols Jan Janeček Jan Janeček (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-BCM	Conceptual Modelling of Behaviour Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-KIK	Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PPA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms Pavel Tvrdik Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV

PI-ROZ	Advanced Pattern Recognition Michal Haindl Michal Haindl Michal Haindl (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-PSC	Programmable Circuits and SoC	ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	PV
PI-FME.1	Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.) Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4	3C	Z,L	PV
PI-SCN	Karel Richta Karel Richta Karel Richta (Gar.) Seminars on Digital Design	ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	
	Petr Fišer Petr Fišer Petr Fišer (Gar.) Software Engineering		-			PV
PI-SWI	Petr Kroha Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-SPL	Satisfiability and Planning Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-STR	Stringology Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-SCM	Structural Conceptual Modelling Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	ZK	4	зС	Z,L	PV
PI-TGR	Graph Theory Tomáš Valla, Ondřej Suchý Tomáš Valla	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	PV
PI-TMN	Text Mining Petr Kroha Petr Kroha (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-TPL	Type Systems for Programming Languages Jan Vitek Jan Vitek Jan Vitek (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
PI-ESC	Embeded SeCurity Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	ZK	4	3C	Z	PV
PI-VAP	Advanced Computer Architectures	ZK	4	3C	L	PV
	Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)					
	te courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=PI-VSE Name=All cademic Writing	doctoral cou	rses	1 .	ZK	0
	dvanced Program Analysis				ZK	4
1	lave been great advances in the development of automated tools that help programmers	e find various kind	e of quality			•
•	security vulnerabilities, test generation, fault detection and localization, etc. Many of thes			•		
program's behavior. In this s	special topics course, we will study key publications in which static and dynamic program a	inalysis algorithms	are used to	detect bugs	and security	vulnerabilities
in programs, and how thes studied.	e algorithms are used in other tools that support programmers. Both theoretical properti	es and practical e	ffectiveness	of program	analysis alg	orithms will be
	Igorithms and Data Structures for HPC				ZK	4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nsive tasks (or memory complex tasks) are solved by large HPC systems. Seven so cal	led "dwarfs" were	identified a	1		
systems. In this subject the	ese "dwarfs" are described (including their variants). Also typical algortihms and advance	ed data structures	for solution	will be disc	ussed.	•
PI-AKD D	ata Compression Algorithms				ZK	4
	e course, the students will be able to design special data compression methods or their	compositions cus	tomized for	1		=
· -	ted by many parametes not only by the compression ratio. Added value: The students will	•				-
methods and their classes.	. They also learn to construct cascade methods in order to achieve desired properties of	f the resulting data	a compress	ion system.		
PI-AVG C	omputational genomics algorithms				ZK	4
	ient algorithms for various tasks in bioinformatics. One fo such task is an alignment of to	wo or more seque	nces. Other			for individual
	oly. The course also presents compressed data structures for storing and indexing genor					
analysis and comparison of	f genomes.					
PI-AJMIN E	nglish Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis				ZK	0
	n form of defense of professional study in English. Doctoral student defends his profession	nal work drafted a	nd presente			
	in presentation skills, mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills		-	-		
	pplied Numerical Mathematics	. ,			ZK	4
	rbology				ZK	4
	ns and their effective algorithmic solutions. Algorithms presented on the basis of tree and	pushdown autom	ata as mod			
	ion and XML processing are discussed in details.			·		J
PI-ASP A	rchitecture of Symbolic Computers				ZK	4
	r understanding of working principles and internal structure of functional and logical pro	gramming system	s. A concre			cerning
advantages and limits whe	n using such systems as well as concerning specific issues related to their implementat	tion as compared	with commo	on imperative	e programmi	ng systems.
PI-CFR C	computer Assisted Formal Reasoning				ZK	4
The goal of this course is t	o provide the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the	field of their Ph.D.	study, to -	prove the co	rrectness of	solutions to
such problems, and to - pro	epare the resulting proofs for publication, while supporting this process using state-of-th	e-art software too	ls. The cou	rse will take t	the form of c	onsultations.
The teacher will work with	the student on concrete research problems from the student's field of research.					
ļ.	xperimental algorithmics				ZK	4
	imental evaluation of algorithms and programs, its significance for scientific work and in	terpretation of its	results. Star	ndards of rele	evance and	confidence
	al science are transferred to this field.			1	71/	
	Iformation retrieval				ZK	4
	communication protocols	ad avatama, and f	ormal toola		ZK	4
verification.	ds of modern communication protocols development, architectures of selected distribut	cu əyətemə, and t	ormal loois	ioi iiieii spei	omoduon, M	Juening and
	onceptual Modelling of Behaviour			1 .	ZK	4
	methodology of conceptual modeling of behavior in the context of business engineering	and software end	ineerina In			=
•	ant approaches to ontological behaviour modeling, such as UFO-B, BORM and DEMO	_	_			
•	complex domains. Different levels of description of social, socio-technical and technical		-	_	-	5
PI-KIK C	Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography				ZK	4
1	processing of quantum information, quantum computing, quantum communication from	the viewpoint of	security, and	l l		=
	quantum physics and quantum properties of microscopic world can achieve the objective		-	· ·		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	· P		

PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence	ZK	4
	of neural networks with a focus on advanced paradigms and the use of neural networks as a model for data analysis and data r	-	
	ing learning developed on the principles of inductive modeling. Evolutionary techniques and nature-inspired optimization. Prin	ciples of machine	learning, deep
neural networks and de	· · · ·	71/	
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics	ZK	4
	retical aspects of planning in robotics from an abstract level known from classical planning to motion planning directly executa obotics are linked together in this subject, so we will show how to create symbolic plans and refine them through geometric mo		
• •	e focus will be on (but not limited to) algorithms for creating classical plans by forward state search, planning with time and resor		
	he course will smoothly continue with specific robotic aspects of planning, i.e. motion planning and reflecting the true plan ex	-	- 1
•	c representations of working and configuration spaces, combinatorial and probabilistic methods for pathfinding in configuratio		
techniques, motion plan	nning with differential constraints. Planning and coordinating multiple robots will be important aspect that we will focus on. The	course is focused	d on algorithmic
techniques for generating or on real robots in the	ng plans, not on execution of plans by robots. It is therefore recommended to further verify the theoretical knowledge in practice faculty laboratory.	in some of the ro	botic simulators
PI-PPA The students learn com	Advanced Parallel Algorithms plex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness efficiency and optimality.	ZK	4
PI-ROZ	Advanced Pattern Recognition	ZK	4
_	indamental course Pattern Recognition 1 (MI-ROZ). The fundamentals of statistical pattern recognition based on multidimension	1	-
and recent pattern reco	gnition applications in the area of machine perception will be explained in the lectures.		
PI-PSC	Programmable Circuits and SoC	ZK	4
Students will obtain the	knowledge and practical skills in the state-of-the-art SoC and NoC design methods.	<u>'</u>	
PI-FME.1	Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4
Students learn how to e	evaluate pros and cons of formal specifications and how to work with tools supporting such formalisms, and also how to design	n and evaluate sp	ecification
prototypes.			
PI-SCN	Seminars on Digital Design	ZK	4
	problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description	-	- 1
-	tion algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial p		
PI-SWI	Software Engineering	ZK	4
	nowledges discussed at FIT CTU courses Software Engineering I. and Software Engineering II. including projects working exp Ires is a good knowledge of object-oriented programming and modeling. The knowledges will be extended to modern methods	•	
_	mming. Some of the modern concepts are explained in more detail or perspective and in context: mainly the use of and respe		
	prequirements, modeling and design of information systems.	ot for the principle	o or convaro
PI-SPL	Satisfiability and Planning	ZK	4
	dern perspective on solving problems in artificial intelligence through satisfiability in logic (SAT) and finite domain constraint s	1	
Satisfiability in logic, es	pecially propositional logic, currently represents one of the most sophisticated approaches to state space search. We will disc	uss advanced tec	hniques used in
systematic solvers base	ed on CDCL (conflict-driven clause learning), techniques for encoding pseudo-Boolean and cardinality constraints, symmetry-	breaking techniqu	ues, satisfiability
-	ies, SAT modulo theories (SMT), and tractable cases where satisfiability has polynomial time complexity will also be discusse	•	
-	the pivotal topic of symbolic artificial intelligence, namely in classical planning. In a closely related area of constraint satisfac		
	s, algorithms for maintaining consistencies such as arc or path consistency, filtering algorithms for global cardinality constraint give a unified view of CSP and SAT with strong emphasis on explanation of algorithmic principles.	s, and problem me	baeling in CSP,
PI-STR		ZK	4
	Stringology Stringology gand searching in text. Algorithms presented on the basis of finite automata as models of computation. Principles of proces		-
algorithms	ng and obtaining in toxic ring of thin to proceed on the basic of minic date made to models of computation. I misspice of process	sing compressed t	toxt and parallol
PI-SCM	Structural Conceptual Modelling	ZK	4
	on the methodology of structural conceptual modelling in the context of information engineering and software engineering. In the		
and practical aspects of	f significant approaches to modelling ontological structures such as modal logic, descriptive logic and their application in lang	uages such as Or	ntoUML, Alloy
and OWL. The focus is	on model-driven engineering and ontological analysis of complex domains. Methods and tools of verification, validation and s	imulation of struct	ural ontological
models, model transform	mation and code generation are discussed.		
PI-TGR	Graph Theory	ZK	4
•	oth to structural issues and to questions of algorithmization and computational complexity of basic optimization problems restr	icted to special gr	aph classes,
	he boundary between polynomially solvable and NP-hard variants of the problems.		
PI-TMN	Text Mining	ZK	4
PI-TPL	Type Systems for Programming Languages	ZK	4
	c method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some cla		
	hilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a light	-	
	ous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of oth ment and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code		
	nethodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically	-	
	essed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming.	71 Iz 9. co	J J
PI-ESC	Embeded SeCurity	ZK	4
	nts with the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for er	Į.	
	vilities when designing digital circuits for embedded systems. Methods of elimination of these vulnerabilities.	-	٦
PI-VAP	Advanced Computer Architectures	ZK	4
Students will learn the r	mechanisms for multilevel branch prediction, speculative instruction execution, and speculative data prefetching techniques in		The second part
is on memory hierarchy	systems, memory consistency models, and memory coherence protocols in parallel computer systems with virtual shared di	stributed memory.	The third part
is devoted to synchroni-	zation mechanisms in parallel systems with distributed memory		I

List of courses of this pass:

systems. Ir PI-AJMIN Exam of english lang Ph.D. stude PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is e	Algorithms and Data Structures for HPC ation intensive tasks (or memory complex tasks) are solved by large HPC systems. Seven so called "dwarfs" were identified as typi n this subject these "dwarfs" are described (including their variants). Also typical algorithms and advanced data structures for solution English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis uage in form of defense of professional study in English. Doctoral student defends his professional work drafted and presented in English.		
systems. Ir PI-AJMIN Exam of english lang Ph.D. stude PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is e	n this subject these "dwarfs" are described (including their variants). Also typical algortihms and advanced data structures for solution English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis		
PI-AJMIN Exam of english lang Ph.D. stude PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is a	English Language - Discussion on the Dissertation Thesis	on will be discusse	
PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is e		ZK	о.
Ph.D. stude PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is 6			1
PI-AKD Goals: After comp designed solution is 6	int is evaluated in presentation skills, mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills quickly and correctly respo		
Goals: After comp designed solution is e	Data Compression Algorithms	ZK	4
=	leting the course, the students will be able to design special data compression methods or their compositions customized for a give		I
method	evaluated by many parametes not only by the compression ratio. Added value: The students will learn to evaluate advantages and disar	dvantages of data o	compression
	ds and their classes. They also learn to construct cascade methods in order to achieve desired properties of the resulting data com	oression system.	
PI-ANM	Applied Numerical Mathematics	ZK	4
PI-APA	Advanced Program Analysis	ZK	4
•	there have been great advances in the development of automated tools that help programmers find various kinds of quality probler		
	s and security vulnerabilities, test generation, fault detection and localization, etc. Many of these tools rely on program analysis to c n this special topics course, we will study key publications in which static and dynamic program analysis algorithms are used to detect b		
	w these algorithms are used in other tools that support programmers. Both theoretical properties and practical effectiveness of prog	-	
programme, anno me	studied.		
PI-ARB	Arbology	ZK	4
Introduction to tree p	roblems and their effective algorithmic solutions. Algorithms presented on the basis of tree and pushdown automata as models of co	nputation. Practica	l algorithms
	used in compiler construction and XML processing are discussed in details.		
PI-ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Computers	ZK	4
	s a deeper understanding of working principles and internal structure of functional and logical programming systems. A concrete ins		_
	its when using such systems as well as concerning specific issues related to their implementation as compared with common imperior to the		
PI-AVG	Computational genomics algorithms	ZK	4
	ith efficient algorithms for various tasks in bioinformatics. One fo such task is an alignment of two or more sequences. Other topic c assembly. The course also presents compressed data structures for storing and indexing genomes and very fast pattern matching ir	_	
pridaces of genome t	analysis and comparison of genomes.	r tricini. 7 tigoriti irris	ioi ciliciciit
PI-AWR.1	Academic Writing	ZK	0
PI-BCM	Conceptual Modelling of Behaviour	ZK	4
	ed on methodology of conceptual modeling of behavior in the context of business engineering and software engineering. In the cour		oretical and
practical aspects of s	significant approaches to ontological behaviour modeling, such as UFO-B, BORM and DEMO and their application in enterprise eng	ineering, software	engineering
	cal analysis of complex domains. Different levels of description of social, socio-technical and technical systems behaviour and their	context are discus	sed.
PI-CFR	Computer Assisted Formal Reasoning	ZK	4
-	urse is to provide the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the field of their Ph.D. study, to - prove the provided the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the field of their Ph.D. study, to - prove the provided the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the field of their Ph.D. study, to - prove the student with the student with the ability to - completely formalize research problems in the field of their Ph.D. study, to - prove the student with the student		
such problems, and	to - prepare the resulting proofs for publication, while supporting this process using state-of-the-art software tools. The course will the teacher will work with the student on concrete research problems from the student's field of research.	ake the form of col	nsuitations.
PI-ESC	Embeded SeCurity	ZK	4
!	dents with the theoretical and practical aspects of embedded security. Design methods of hardware cryptographic primitives for embedded		
	of the origin of vulnerabilities when designing digital circuits for embedded systems. Methods of elimination of these vulnerabilities	=	· ·
PI-EXA	Experimental algorithmics	ZK	4
The course explain	s experimental evaluation of algorithms and programs, its significance for scientific work and interpretation of its results. Standards	of relevance and o	confidence
	established in experimental science are transferred to this field.		
PI-FME.1	Seminar on Formal Specifications	ZK	4
Students learn ho	w to evaluate pros and cons of formal specifications and how to work with tools supporting such formalisms, and also how to desig	n and evaluate spe	citication
PI-IRT	prototypes.	ZK	
	Information retrieval		4
PI-KIK	Quantum Information and Quantum Cryptography rith the processing of quantum information, quantum computing, quantum communication from the viewpoint of security, and quantum	ZK	he students
	aws of quantum physics and quantum properties of microscopic world can achieve the objectives classically intractable, or solve so	,, , ,	
PI-KP	Communication protocols	ZK	4
ļ.	the trends of modern communication protocols development, architectures of selected distributed systems, and formal tools for the		deling and
	verification.	•	-
PI-NSV	Neural Networks and Computational Intelligence	ZK	4
	ons of neural networks with a focus on advanced paradigms and the use of neural networks as a model for data analysis and data min	_	-
generated topology	during learning developed on the principles of inductive modeling. Evolutionary techniques and nature-inspired optimization. Princip	les of machine lea	rning, deep
DI DD4	neural networks and deep learning.	71/	
PI-PPA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms The students learn complex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness efficiency and entimality.	ZK	4
DI DDO	The students learn complex parallel algorithms and techniques to assess their correctness efficiency and optimality.	71/	
PI-PRO	Planning in Robotics Planning in Robotics Planning in Robotics from an abstract level known from classical planning to motion planning directly executable	ZK	4
	neoretical aspects of planning in robotics from an abstract level known from classical planning to motion planning directly executable Ind robotics are linked together in this subject, so we will show how to create symbolic plans and refine them through geometric motior		
	The focus will be on (but not limited to) algorithms for creating classical plans by forward state search, planning with time and resourc	-	
of robotic hardware.			and a tall it.

abstract plan, geometric representations of working and configuration spaces, combinatorial and probabilistic methods for pathfinding in configuration spaces, location and mapping techniques, motion planning with differential constraints. Planning and coordinating multiple robots will be important aspect that we will focus on. The course is focused on algorithmic techniques for generating plans, not on execution of plans by robots. It is therefore recommended to further verify the theoretical knowledge in practice in some of the robotic simulators or on real robots in the faculty laboratory. PI-PSC Programmable Circuits and SoC ZK 4 Students will obtain the knowledge and practical skills in the state-of-the-art SoC and NoC design methods. PI-ROZ ZK 4 Advanced Pattern Recognition Lectures follow up the fundamental course Pattern Recognition 1 (MI-ROZ). The fundamentals of statistical pattern recognition based on multidimensional models, contextual classification and recent pattern recognition applications in the area of machine perception will be explained in the lectures. PI-SCM Structural Conceptual Modelling The course is focused on the methodology of structural conceptual modelling in the context of information engineering and software engineering. In this course we focus on theoretical and practical aspects of significant approaches to modelling ontological structures such as modal logic, descriptive logic and their application in languages such as OntoUML, Alloy and OWL. The focus is on model-driven engineering and ontological analysis of complex domains. Methods and tools of verification, validation and simulation of structural ontological models, model transformation and code generation are discussed. Seminars on Digital Design ZK This subject deals with problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description of digital circuits and basic logic synthesis and optimization algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial problems emerging in EDA. PI-SPL Satisfiability and Planning The course offers a modern perspective on solving problems in artificial intelligence through satisfiability in logic (SAT) and finite domain constraint satisfaction problems (CSP). Satisfiability in logic, especially propositional logic, currently represents one of the most sophisticated approaches to state space search. We will discuss advanced techniques used in systematic solvers based on CDCL (conflict-driven clause learning), techniques for encoding pseudo-Boolean and cardinality constraints, symmetry-breaking techniques, satisfiability in first order logic theories, SAT modulo theories (SMT), and tractable cases where satisfiability has polynomial time complexity will also be discussed. We will emphasize the use of logic and satisfiability in the pivotal topic of symbolic artificial intelligence, namely in classical planning. In a closely related area of constraint satisfaction, we will focus on constraint propagation techniques, algorithms for maintaining consistencies such as arc or path consistency, filtering algorithms for global cardinality constraints, and problem modeling in CSP, especially planning. We give a unified view of CSP and SAT with strong emphasis on explanation of algorithmic principles. PI-STR Stringology 7K 1 Algorithms for processing and searching in text. Algorithms presented on the basis of finite automata as models of computation. Principles of processing compressed text and parallel algorithms PI-SWI Software Engineering ZK The course assumes knowledges discussed at FIT CTU courses Software Engineering I. and Software Engineering II. including projects working experiences. A prerequisite for understanding the lectures is a good knowledge of object-oriented programming and modeling. The knowledges will be extended to modern methods, eg. Adaptive Programming, Aspect-oriented programming. Some of the modern concepts are explained in more detail or perspective and in context: mainly the use of and respect for the principles of software engineering for creating requirements, modeling and design of information systems. PI-TGR **Graph Theory** Attention will be paid both to structural issues and to questions of algorithmization and computational complexity of basic optimization problems restricted to special graph classes, aiming at determining the boundary between polynomially solvable and NP-hard variants of the problems. PI-TMN ZK Text Mining Type Systems for Programming Languages ZK A type system is a static method for imposing constraints on legal programs in order to guarantee their safe execution, which would prevent some class of execution errors prior to running the program, whilst a semantics specifies what the program will do when executed. Type systems in languages like Java and C# provide a lightweight tool for identifying syntactic errors as well as erroneous uses of data and illegal memory accesses. More sophisticated type systems can be used to guarantee a multitude of other properties, including reasoning about memory management and resource usage, confidentiality and integrity of data, atomicity in concurrent programs, safe execution of untrusted code. This course gives an introduction to the main ideas and methodologies behind type systems and semantics, and a practical exploration of typed features for commonly used statically typed programming languages. This course will be assessed through written assignments and a final project that involves programming. PI-VAP Advanced Computer Architectures Students will learn the mechanisms for multilevel branch prediction, speculative instruction execution, and speculative data prefetching techniques in ILP processors. The second part

is on memory hierarchy systems, memory consistency models, and memory coherence protocols in parallel computer systems with virtual shared distributed memory. The third part is devoted to synchronization mechanisms in parallel systems with distributed memory.

For updated information see http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html Generated: day 2025-12-07, time 17:55.