Study plan

Name of study plan: Cybernetics and Robotics

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Welcome page

Garantor of the study branch:

Program of study: Cybernetics and Robotics Type of study: Follow-up master full-time

Required credits: 102 Elective courses credits: 18 Sum of credits in the plan: 120

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program

Minimal number of credits of the block: 60

The role of the block: P

Code of the group: 2021_MKYREP

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the programme

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 30 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 5 courses

Credits in the group: 30 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BE3M33ARO1	Autonomous Robotics Karel Zimmermann, Vojt ch Vonásek Karel Zimmermann Karel Zimmermann (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	Р
BE3M38DIT1	Diagnostics and Testing Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	Р
BE3M35LSY1	Linear Systems Petr Hušek Petr Hušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	3P+2S	Z	Р
BE3MPROJ6	Project	Z	6	0p+6s	Z	Р
BE3MPVTY1	Teamwork Tomáš Drábek, Martin Hlinovský, Petr Drábek, Ond ej Drbohlav, Pavel Mužák, Martin Šipoš Ond ej Drbohlav Tomáš Drábek (Gar.)	Z	6	0P+4C	L	Р

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2021_MKYREP Name=Compulsory subjects of the programme

BE3M33ARO1	Autonomous Robotics	Z,ZK	6		
The Autonomous robotics course will explain the principles needed to develop algorithms for intelligent mobile robots such as algorithms for: (1) Mapping and localization (SLAM)					
sensors calibration (lida	r or camera). (2) Planning the path in the existing map or planning the exploration in a partially unknown map and performing t	he plan in the wor	ld. IMPORTANT:		
It is assumed that stude	It is assumed that students of this course have a working knowledge of optimization (Gauss-Newton method, Levenberg Marquardt method, full Newton method), mathematical analysis				
(gradient, Jacobian, He	ssian), linear algebra (least-squares method), probability theory (multivariate gaussian probability), statistics (maximum likelil	hood and maximu	m aposteriori		
estimate), python progra	amming and machine learning algorithms. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the	best of AI educat	ion in Prague to		
provide students with a	deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.ai/minor.			l	

BE3M38DIT1 Diagnostics and Testing 6 The course aims to introduce students to the problems of modelling and fault detection, ensuring fault tolerance, monitoring the operational status of complex industrial components

and autonomous systems, non-destructive testing and diagnostics of electronic devices with analogue and digital circuits. **Linear Systems**

The purpose of this course is to introduce mathematical tools for the description, analysis, and partly also synthesis, of dynamical systems. The focus will be on linear time-invariant multi-input multi-output systems and their properties such as stability, controllability, observability and state realization. State feedback, state estimation, and the design of stabilizing controllers will be explained in detail. Partially covered will be also time-varying and nonlinear systems. Some of the tools introduced in this course are readily applicable to engineering problems such as the analysis of controllability and observability in the design of flexible space structures, the design of state feedback in aircraft control, and the estimation of state variables. The main motivation, however, is to pave the way for the advanced courses of the study program. The prerequsites for this course include undergraduate level linear algebra, differential equations, and Laplace and z transforms.

BE3MPROJ6	Project	Z	6
BE3MPVTY1	Teamwork	Z	6
Tangarianti in the basis i	.a. a. ta ah ni aal ta al		

to cooperate, how to communicate together and how to solve problems such as project delays, how to include external influences in the plan, etc.

Code of the group: 2021_MKYREDIP Name of the group: Diploma Thesis

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 30 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 1 course

Credits in the group: 30 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BDIP30	Diploma Thesis	Z	30	22s	L	Р

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2021_MKYREDIP Name=Diploma Thesis

BDIP30 Diploma Thesis Z 30
Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which will

Independent final comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or her branch of study, which we specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination.

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 42

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: 2021_MKYREPV1

Name of the group: Compulsory elective subjects of the programme - Group 1

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 18 credits (at most 36)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 3 courses (at most 6)

Credits in the group: 18 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BE4M33MPV	Computer Vision Methods Ond ej Drbohlav, Georgios Tolias, Ji í Matas, Jan ech, Dmytro Mishkin Ond ej Drbohlav Ji í Matas (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PV
BE3M38SPD1	Data acquisition and transfer Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd Radislav Šmíd (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV
BE3M35OFD	Estimation, Filtering and Detection Vladimír Havlena Vladimír Havlena (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M35ORR	Optimal and Robust Control Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PV
BE3M38ZDS1	Signal processing and digitization Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE4M33SSU	Statistical Machine Learning Jan Drchal, Vojt ch Franc Vojt ch Franc (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2021_MKYREPV1 Name=Compulsory elective subjects of the programme - Group 1

BE4M33MPV	Computer Vision Methods	Z,ZK	6				
The course covers select	The course covers selected computer vision problems: search for correspondences between images via interest point detection, description and matching, image stitching, detection,						
recognition and segmen	recognition and segmentation of objects in images and videos, image retrieval from large databases and tracking of objects in video sequences. This course is also part of the						
inter-university program	nter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More						
information is available a	at https://prg.ai/minor.						

miorrialion le available	at thips://prigita./timion					
BE3M38SPD1	Data acquisition and transfer	Z,ZK	6			
The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the principles and limits of data transmission from sensors and similar sources of information for IoT and M2M communication						

The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the principles and limits of data transmission from sensors and similar sources of information for IoT and M2M communication, wireless sensor networks, and specific algorithms used in them, respecting the limiting conditions of their function. The basic algorithms of distributed information processing in sensor networks will be studied, as well as technologies for obtaining energy for powering wireless nodes of the network.

BE3M35OFD	Estimation, Filtering and Detection	Z,ZK	6
This course will cover d	escription of the uncertainty of hidden variables (parameters and state of a dynamic system) using the probability languag	e and methods for the	neir estimation.

This course will cover description of the uncertainty of hidden variables (parameters and state of a dynamic system) using the probability language and methods for their estimation Based on bayesian problem formulation principles of rational behavior under uncertainty will be analyzed and used to develop algorithms for parameter estimations (ARX models, Gaussian process regression), filtering (Kalman filter) and detection (likelihood ratio theory). We will demonstrate numerically robust implementation of the algorithms applicable in real life problems for the areas of industrial process control, robotics and avionics.

	·		
BE3M35ORR	Optimal and Robust Control	Z,ZK	6

This advanced course will be focused on design methods for optimal and robust control. Major emphasis will be put on practical computational skills and realistically complex problem assignments.

BE3M38ZDS1 Signal processing and digitization Z,ZK

Students will gain knowledge for the design and implementation of systems for processing and digitization of analog signals. They will deepen the knowledge acquired in previous theoretical subject and gain practical experience in the design and analysis of systems for signal processing, AD conversion and data acquisitation. Emphasis is placed on reducing uncertainties, speed, stability and resistence to interfering signals.

BE4M33SSU Statistical Machine Learning

The aim of statistical machine learning is to develop systems (models and algorithms) for learning to solve tasks given a set of examples and some prior knowledge about the task. This includes typical tasks in speech and image recognition. The course has the following two main objectives 1. to present fundamental learning concepts such as risk minimisation, maximum likelihood estimation and Bayesian learning including their theoretical aspects, 2. to consider important state-of-the-art models for classification and regression and to show how they can be learned by those concepts.

Code of the group: 2021_MKYREPV2

Name of the group: Compulsory elective subjects of the programme - Group 2

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 24 credits (at most 114)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 4 courses (at most 19)

Credits in the group: 24 Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BE3M33PKR	Advanced robot kinematics Viktor Korotynskiy, Tomáš Pajdla Tomáš Pajdla Tomáš Pajdla (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M38POS	Advanced sensors Antonín Platil, Michal Janošek Antonín Platil Antonín Platil (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE3M38PSL1	Aircraft Avionics Martin Šipoš, Jan Rohá Jan Rohá (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE4M36UIR	Artificial Intelligence in Robotics Miloš Prágr, Jan Faigl Jan Faigl (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M35RSA	Automotive Control Systems Tomáš Haniš Tomáš Haniš (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2S		PV
BE3M38ASE	Automotive sensors and networks Antonín Platil, Ji í Novák, Jan Sobotka Ji í Novák Ji í Novák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV
BE3M35KOA	Combinatorial Algorithms Zden k Hanzálek Zden k Hanzálek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PV
BE3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control of Networks Kristian Hengster-Movric Kristian Hengster-Movric (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M35SRL	Flight Control Systems Martin Hrom ik Martin Hrom ik (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE3M33HRO	Humanoid robots Mat j Hoffmann, Lukáš Rustler Mat j Hoffmann Mat j Hoffmann (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	L	PV
BE3M35HYS	Hybrid Systems Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák Zden k Hurák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C		PV
BE3M38INA1	Integrated avionics Martin Šipoš, Jan Rohá Jan Rohá (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV
BE2M32MKSA	Mobile Networks Robert Beš ák, Zden k Be vá , Pavel Mach Pavel Mach Zden k Be vá (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P + 2L	Z	PV
BE3M33MRS	Multi-robot aerial systems Tomáš Bá a, Martin Saska, Robert P ni ka Martin Saska Martin Saska (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE3M35NES	Nonlinear Systems Kristian Hengster-Movric, Sergej elikovský Sergej elikovský Sergej elikovský (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M35PSR	Real-time Systems Programming Michal Sojka Michal Sojka	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE4M33TDV	Three-dimensional Computer Vision Radim Šára Radim Šára Radim Šára (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2C	Z	PV
BE3M38VBM1	Videometry and Contactless Measurement	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	Z	PV
BE3M38VIN1	Virtual Instrumentation Antonín Platil, Jaroslav Rozto il Antonín Platil Antonín Platil (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	2P+2L	L	PV

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2021_MKYREPV2 Name=Compulsory elective subjects of the programme - Group 2

BE3M33PKR	Advanced robot kinematics	Z,ZK	6				
We will explain and dem	onstrate techniques for modelling, analyzing and identifying robot kinematics. We will explain more advanced principles of the	representation of	motion in space				
and the robot descriptio	ns suitable for identification of kinematic parameters from measured data. We will explain how to solve the inverse kinematic	task of 6DOF ser	ial manipulators				
and how it can be used	to identify its kinematic parameters. Theory will be demonstrated on simulated tasks and verified on a real industrial robot.						
BE3M38POS	Advanced sensors	Z,ZK	6				
Overview of sensors of	Overview of sensors of physical quantities used in industry and research and associated methods of signal processing. Students will gain advanced knowledge of sensors and methods						
of signal processing. They will gain practical experience with measurement of physical quantities with various types of sensors.							

The course acquaints students with the current technology used in aircraft instruments and unmanned aerial vehicles, ie systems and sensors working in the low frequency range and methods used to process their data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of aircraft power sources, analysis of instruments and systems for measuring engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergency and operational diagnostics. The course also deals with the field of inertial navigation aids, used sensors and systems, their modeling and description. It analyzes in detail the principles of calculations of navigation equations, including methods of fusion of navigation data and their processing.

BE4M36UIR	Artificial Intelligence in Robotics	Z,ZK	6
	uaint students with the use of planning approaches and decision-making techniques of artificial intelligence for solving problems are smallering legalities of planning algorithms, government and solving artificial intelligence for solving problems.	_	
_ ·	e course are employing knowledge of planning algorithms, game theory, and solving optimization problems in selected applic itectures of autonomous systems based on reactive and behavioral models of autonomous systems. The considered applicati		
include path planning, p	ersistent environmental monitoring, robotic exploration of unknown environments, online real-time decision-making, deconfli	ction in autonomo	us systems, and
_	c conflicts. In laboratory exercises, students practice their problem formulations of robotic challenges and practical solutions is		
	s. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provid field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.ai/minor.	e students with a	deeper and
BE3M35RSA	Automotive Control Systems	Z,ZK	6
BE3M38ASE	Automotive sensors and networks	Z,ZK	6
	idents with a deeper insight into the functional principles of advanced sensor systems in cars, methods of signal processing i		lains how to use
-	ems. It also deals with distributed vehicle systems for real-time control and methods of their testing. Theoretical lectures are corpore (ECLIs, concern) of medicing vehicles.	mplemented by pra	actical laboratory
BE3M35KOA	ents (ECUs, sensors) of modern vehicles. Combinatorial Algorithms	Z,ZK	6
	problems and algorithms of combinatorial optimization (often called discrete optimization; there is a strong overlap with the te		_
_	gebra, graph theory, and basics of optimization, we show optimization techniques based on graphs, integer linear programm	•	1
	ace search methods. We focus on application of optimization in stores, ground transportation, flight transportation, logistics,	planning of humar	n resources,
	n lines, message routing, scheduling in parallel computers.	7.71/	
BE3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control of Networks o an ever-increasing demand for understanding contemporary networks large-scale complex systems composed of many co	Z,ZK	6 nevetems
1	ngle distributed entity. Herein, we will consider fundamental similarities between diverse areas such as e.g. forecasting the s	-	-
	anipulation of communities through social media, formation controls for unmanned vehicles, energy generation and distribution		
	goes far beyond the boundaries of any single physical, technological or scientific domain. Therefore, we will analyze phenon		
_	omic and biological networks. For such networked systems, the resulting behavior depends not only on the characteristics of		•
	or logical interactions, but also on a precise way those components are interconnected the detailed interconnection topology Indamental theoretical and abstract computational network analysis concepts; in particular, the algebraic graph theory, netw		•
	gorithms. The second part of the course subsequently views networks as dynamical systems, studies their properties and w		
using mainly methods of	f automatic control theory.		
BE3M35SRL	Flight Control Systems	Z,ZK	6
	o classical and modern control design techniques for autopilots and flight control systems. Particular levels are discussed, st	-	-
are discussed	dance and navigation systems. Next to the design itself, important aspects of aircraft modelling, both as a rigid body and con	sidering flexibility	of the structure,
BE3M33HRO	Humanoid robots	Z,ZK	6
	human-centered robotics: humanoid robots and human-robot interaction. Motivated by the vision of robot companions in our		_
humanoid robot technol	ogy and its specific challenges and opportunities: (i) design, kinematics and inverse kinematics of humanoids, (ii) multimoda	l sensing - vision,	touch, hearing,
) walking and balancing, and (ii) grasping. The second part of the course centers on human-robot interaction (HRI), which incl	udes physical HRI	(safety aspects,
BE3M35HYS	d cognitive/social HRI - how to design robots and behaviors to be acceptable for people.	7 71/	6
BE3M38INA1	Hybrid Systems Integrated avionics	Z,ZK Z,ZK	6
	integrated avionics Modular Avionics (IMA) focuses on a modern concept of the approach to the development and design of aircraft electronics (a		-
_	to SW blocks. They use high-speed connections to exchange data in applications related to paid air transport. The existing	•	
	rements for the accuracy, reliability, and functionality of electronic systems even in the event of a failure. In the course, stude		
	ed safety-critical multi-sensor systems, methods of data processing from predetermined systems, fault detection methods, sel architectures, bus technology, and methods of testing/certification of aircraft instruments.	election of primary	y computer and
BE2M32MKSA	Mobile Networks	Z,ZK	6
	MODITE INEXWORKS principles and functionalities of mobile networks with special focus on currently deployed technologies and future mobile net		_
	oles of GSM, UMTS, LTE/LTE-A, and 5G will be explained. Then, selected key technologies for future mobile networks (6G) v		,
BE3M33MRS	Multi-robot aerial systems	Z,ZK	6
	troduction to multirotor autonomous aerial systems (UAV). Standard senzors and principles of estimate and control of UAV v		The problems of
	lanning, localization, mapping and exploration will be discussed for sigle moving UAV as well as multiple UAVs moving in a formal state of the contract of the		
BE3M35NES	Nonlinear Systems	Z,ZK	6
_	s to introduce basics of the modern approaches to the theory and applications of nonlinear control. Fundamental difference wh near case is that the state space approach prevails. Indeed, the frequency response approach is almost useless in nonlinea	-	-
	y differential equations, therefore, an introduction to solving these equations is part of the course. More importantly, the qualitat		
	nted, among them Lyapunov stability theory is crucial. More specifically, the focus will be on Lyapunov function method enable		-
	f linear ones. Furthemore, stabilization desing methods will be studied in detail, among them the so-called control Lyapunov	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Special stress will be, nevertheless, given by this course to introduce and study methods how to transform complex nonlinear ethods would be applicable. Such an approach is usually refered to as the so-called exact nonlinearity compensation. Contra	-	
	d does not ignore nonlinearities but compensates them up to the best possible extent. The course introduces some interesting	•	* *
planar vertical take off a	and landing plane ("planar VTOL"), or a simple 2-dimensional model of the walking robot.		
BE3M35PSR	Real-time Systems Programming	Z,ZK	6
_	is to provide students with basic knowledge about software development for real-time systems, for example in control and er		
	ystems equipped with a real-time operating system (RTOS). Lectures will cover real-time systems theory, which can be used t set of lectures will introduce methods and techniques used for development of safety-critical systems, whose failure may hav		-
	ill first solve a few simple tasks to familiarize them with basic components of VxWorks RTOS and to benchmark the used OS		
_	ent the typical criteria for assessing the suitability of a given platform for the given application. After the simple tasks, studen	•	
	rol application which will require full utilization of RTOS features. All the tasks at the labs will be implemented in C (or C++) I		
BE4M33TDV	Three-dimensional Computer Vision	Z,ZK	6
	methods and algorithms for 3D geometric scene reconstruction from images. The student will understand these methods an- simple systems for reconstruction of 3D objects from a set of images or video, for inserting virtual objects to video-signal so		-
	simple systems for reconstruction of 3D objects from a set of images of video, for inserting virtual objects to video-signal so- nce of images. The labs will be hands-on, the student will be gradually building a small functional 3D scene reconstruction sy	-	
virtual 3D model of an o			

BE3M38VBM1 Videometry and Contactless Measurement Z.ZK

The course deals with optoelectronic sensors and their use in non-contact measurement systems based on the principles of videometry; problems of radiation and waves, their properties, behavior; optical projection system. The course deals with the lab. tasks, it is further solved, practically realized and presented the evaluated project of the optoelectric sensor.

BE3M38VIN1 Virtual Instrumentation Z,ZK

The subject deals with modern measuring instruments, virtual instruments (VI) and data acquisition and processing systems (DAQ). It presents principles of instruments and measurement

Z,ZK

systems in laboratory and industrial environment, selected measurement methods and standards for programming of VI and DAQ systems.

Name of the block: Elective courses Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: V

Code of the group: 2021_MKYREVOL Name of the group: Elective subjects Requirement credits in the group: Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

BE3M35HYS

Note on the group: ~Student can choose arbitrary subject of themagister's program (EEM - Electrical Engineering, Power Engineering and Management, EK - Electronics and Communications, KYR - Cybernetics and Robotics, OI - Open Informatics, OES - Open Electronics Systems) which is not part of his curriculum. Student can choose with consideration of recommendation of the branch guarantee. You can find a selection of optional courses organized by the departments on the web site http://www.fel.cvut.cz/cz/education/volitelne-predmety.html

List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits		
BDIP30	Diploma Thesis	Z	30		
Independent final	comprehensive work for the Master's degree study programme. A student will choose a topic from a range of topics related to his or h	ner branch of study	, which will		
be specified by branch department or branch departments. The diploma thesis will be defended in front of the board of examiners for the comprehensive final examination.					
BE2M32MKSA	Mobile Networks	Z,ZK	6		
The lectures introd	luce principles and functionalities of mobile networks with special focus on currently deployed technologies and future mobile networ	ks. Furthermore, a	rchitecture		
and fundamental principles of GSM, UMTS, LTE/LTE-A, and 5G will be explained. Then, selected key technologies for future mobile networks (6G) will be explained.					
BE3M33ARO1	Autonomous Robotics	Z,ZK	6		
The Autonomous	robotics course will explain the principles needed to develop algorithms for intelligent mobile robots such as algorithms for: (1) Mapp	oing and localization	n (SLAM)		
sensors calibration	(lidar or camera). (2) Planning the path in the existing map or planning the exploration in a partially unknown map and performing the p	olan in the world. IN	PORTANT:		
It is assumed that s	tudents of this course have a working knowledge of optimization (Gauss-Newton method, Levenberg Marquardt method, full Newton m	nethod), mathemati	ical analysis		
(gradient, Jacobia	n, Hessian), linear algebra (least-squares method), probability theory (multivariate gaussian probability), statistics (maximum likeliho	od and maximum	aposteriori		
estimate), python p	rogramming and machine learning algorithms. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the bea	st of AI education i	n Prague to		
	provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.	.ai/minor.			
BE3M33HRO	Humanoid robots	Z,ZK	6		
The course focus	es on human-centered robotics: humanoid robots and human-robot interaction. Motivated by the vision of robot companions in our ho	omes, this course i	ntroduces		
humanoid robot ted	chology and its specific challenges and opportunities: (i) design, kinematics and inverse kinematics of humanoids, (ii) multimodal se	nsing - vision, tou	ch, hearing,		
inertial sensing, etc	., (iii) walking and balancing, and (ii) grasping. The second part of the course centers on human-robot interaction (HRI), which include:	s physical HRI (saf	ety aspects		
	collaborative robots) and cognitive/social HRI - how to design robots and behaviors to be acceptable for people.				
BE3M33MRS	Multi-robot aerial systems	Z,ZK	6		
	ne introduction to multirotor autonomous aerial systems (UAV). Standard senzors and principles of estimate and control of UAV will b		problems of		
motion	planning, path planning, localization, mapping and exploration will be discussed for sigle moving UAV as well as multiple UAVs movi	ing in a formation.			
BE3M33PKR	Advanced robot kinematics	Z,ZK	6		
We will explain and	demonstrate techniques for modelling, analyzing and identifying robot kinematics. We will explain more advanced principles of the rep	resentation of mot	ion in space		
and the robot descri	iptions suitable for identification of kinematic parameters from measured data. We will explain how to solve the inverse kinematic tas	k of 6DOF serial m	nanipulators		
а	nd how it can be used to identify its kinematic parameters. Theory will be demonstrated on simulated tasks and verified on a real indi	ustrial robot.			
BE3M35DRS	Dynamics and Control of Networks	Z,ZK	6		
This course res	ponds to an ever-increasing demand for understanding contemporary networks large-scale complex systems composed of many cor	mponents and sub	systems		
interconnected into	a single distributed entity. Herein, we will consider fundamental similarities between diverse areas such as e.g. forecasting the sprea	ad of global pande	mics, public		
opinion dynamics a	nd manipulation of communities through social media, formation controls for unmanned vehicles, energy generation and distribution in p	ower grids, etc. Un	derstanding		
	ssues goes far beyond the boundaries of any single physical, technological or scientific domain. Therefore, we will analyze phenome				
-	economic and biological networks. For such networked systems, the resulting behavior depends not only on the characteristics of the	-			
	sical or logical interactions, but also on a precise way those components are interconnected the detailed interconnection topology. For		•		
	uces fundamental theoretical and abstract computational network analysis concepts; in particular, the algebraic graph theory, network				
fundamental netwo	rk algorithms. The second part of the course subsequently views networks as dynamical systems, studies their properties and ways	in which these are	controlled,		
	using mainly methods of automatic control theory.				

Hybrid Systems

BE3M35KOA Combinatorial Algorithms Z,ZK 6 The goal is to show the problems and algorithms of combinatorial optimization (often called discrete optimization; there is a strong overlap with the term operations research). Following the courses on linear algebra, graph theory, and basics of optimization, we show optimization techniques based on graphs, integer linear programming, heuristics, approximation algorithms and state space search methods. We focus on application of optimization in stores, ground transportation, flight transportation, logistics, planning of human resources, scheduling in production lines, message routing, scheduling in parallel computers. BE3M35LSY1 Linear Systems The purpose of this course is to introduce mathematical tools for the description, analysis, and partly also synthesis, of dynamical systems. The focus will be on linear time-invariant multi-input multi-output systems and their properties such as stability, controllability, observability and state realization. State feedback, state estimation, and the design of stabilizing controllers will be explained in detail. Partially covered will be also time-varying and nonlinear systems. Some of the tools introduced in this course are readily applicable to engineering problems such as the analysis of controllability and observability in the design of flexible space structures, the design of state feedback in aircraft control, and the estimation of state variables. The main motivation, however, is to pave the way for the advanced courses of the study program. The prerequsites for this course include undergraduate level linear algebra, differential equations, and Laplace and z transforms. Nonlinear Systems BE3M35NES Z,ZK The goal of this course is to introduce basics of the modern approaches to the theory and applications of nonlinear control. Fundamental difference when dealing with nonlinear systems control compared with linear case is that the state space approach prevails. Indeed, the frequency response approach is almost useless in nonlinear control. State space models are based mainly on ordinary differential equations, therefore, an introduction to solving these equations is part of the course. More importantly, the qualitative methods for ordinary differential equations will be presented, among them Lyapunov stability theory is crucial. More specifically, the focus will be on Lyapunov function method enabling to analyse stability of nonlinear systems, not only that of linear ones. Furthemore, stabilization desing methods will be studied in detail, among them the so-called control Lyapunov function concept and related backstepping method. Special stress will be, nevertheless, given by this course to introduce and study methods how to transform complex nonlinear models to simpler forms where more standard linear methods would be applicable. Such an approach is usually refered to as the so-called exact nonlinearity compensation. Contrary to the well-known approximate linearization this method does not ignore nonlinearities but compensates them up to the best possible extent. The course introduces some interesting case studies as well, e.g. the planar vertical take off and landing plane ("planar VTOL"), or a simple 2-dimensional model of the walking robot. BE3M35OFD Estimation, Filtering and Detection Z.ZK 6 This course will cover description of the uncertainty of hidden variables (parameters and state of a dynamic system) using the probability language and methods for their estimation. Based on bayesian problem formulation principles of rational behavior under uncertainty will be analyzed and used to develop algorithms for parameter estimations (ARX models, Gaussian process regression), filtering (Kalman filter) and detection (likelihood ratio theory). We will demonstrate numerically robust implementation of the algorithms applicable in real life problems for the areas of industrial process control, robotics and avionics. BE3M35ORR Optimal and Robust Control This advanced course will be focused on design methods for optimal and robust control. Major emphasis will be put on practical computational skills and realistically complex problem assignments. BE3M35PSR Real-time Systems Programming Z,ZK The goal of this course is to provide students with basic knowledge about software development for real-time systems, for example in control and embedded applications. The main focus is on embedded systems equipped with a real-time operating system (RTOS). Lectures will cover real-time systems theory, which can be used to formally verify timing correctness such systems. Another set of lectures will introduce methods and techniques used for development of safety-critical systems, whose failure may have catastrophic consequences. During labs, students will first solve a few simple tasks to familiarize them with basic components of VxWorks RTOS and to benchmark the used OS and hardware (Xilinx Zynq). The obtained metrics represent the typical criteria for assessing the suitability of a given platform for the given application. After the simple tasks, students will solve complex task of time-critical motion control application which will require full utilization of RTOS features. All the tasks at the labs will be implemented in C (or C++) language. BE3M35RSA **Automotive Control Systems** Z,ZK 6 Flight Control Systems Z,ZK BE3M35SRL 6 The course is devoted to classical and modern control design techniques for autopilots and flight control systems. Particular levels are discussed, starting with the dampers attitude angle stabilizers, to guidance and navigation systems. Next to the design itself, important aspects of aircraft modelling, both as a rigid body and considering flexibility of the structure, are discussed BE3M38ASE Automotive sensors and networks The course provides students with a deeper insight into the functional principles of advanced sensor systems in cars, methods of signal processing in sensors and explains how to use them in vehicle subsystems. It also deals with distributed vehicle systems for real-time control and methods of their testing. Theoretical lectures are complemented by practical laboratory teaching with real elements (ECUs, sensors) of modern vehicles. BE3M38DIT1 Diagnostics and Testing Z.ZK 6 The course aims to introduce students to the problems of modelling and fault detection, ensuring fault tolerance, monitoring the operational status of complex industrial components and autonomous systems, non-destructive testing and diagnostics of electronic devices with analogue and digital circuits. BE3M38INA1 Integrated avionics Z,ZK 6 The course Integrated Modular Avionics (IMA) focuses on a modern concept of the approach to the development and design of aircraft electronics (avionics), where the transition from distributed HW systems to SW blocks. They use high-speed connections to exchange data in applications related to paid air transport. The existing regulatory basis and airspace sharing define the requirements for the accuracy, reliability, and functionality of electronic systems even in the event of a failure. In the course, students will learn details about the requirements for so-called safety-critical multi-sensor systems, methods of data processing from predetermined systems, fault detection methods, selection of primary computer and control system in parallel architectures, bus technology, and methods of testing/certification of aircraft instruments. BE3M38POS Advanced sensors Z,ZK 6 Overview of sensors of physical quantities used in industry and research and associated methods of signal processing. Students will gain advanced knowledge of sensors and methods of signal processing. They will gain practical experience with measurement of physical quantities with various types of sensors. BE3M38PSL1 Aircraft Avionics Z,ZK The course acquaints students with the current technology used in aircraft instruments and unmanned aerial vehicles, ie systems and sensors working in the low frequency range and methods used to process their data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of aircraft power sources, analysis of instruments and systems for measuring engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergency and operational diagnostics. The course also deals with the field of inertial navigation aids, used sensors and systems, their modeling and description. It analyzes in detail the principles of calculations of navigation equations, including methods of fusion of navigation data and their processing. BE3M38SPD1 Data acquisition and transfer Z,ZK 6 The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the principles and limits of data transmission from sensors and similar sources of information for IoT and M2M communication, wireless sensor networks, and specific algorithms used in them, respecting the limiting conditions of their function. The basic algorithms of distributed information processing in sensor networks will be studied, as well as technologies for obtaining energy for powering wireless nodes of the network. BE3M38VBM1 Videometry and Contactless Measurement Z,ZK The course deals with optoelectronic sensors and their use in non-contact measurement systems based on the principles of videometry; problems of radiation and waves, their properties, behavior; optical projection system. The course deals with the lab. tasks, it is further solved, practically realized and presented the evaluated project of the optoelectric sensor.

BE3M38VIN1	Virtual Instrumentation	Z,ZK	6
The subject deals with	th modern measuring instruments, virtual instruments (VI) and data acquisition and processing systems (DAQ). It presents principles of	instruments and m	neasurement
	systems in laboratory and industrial environment, selected measurement methods and standards for programming of VI and DAQ	systems.	
BE3M38ZDS1	Signal processing and digitization	Z,ZK	6
Students will gain	knowledge for the design and implementation of systems for processing and digitization of analog signals. They will deepen the knowledge	wledge acquired i	n previous
theoretical subject	and gain practical experience in the design and analysis of systems for signal processing, AD conversion and data acquisitation. Em	nphasis is placed of	on reducing
	uncertainties, speed, stability and resistence to interfering signals.		
BE3MPROJ6	Project	Z	6
BE3MPVTY1	Teamwork	Z	6
Teamwork is the bas	sis of most of the activities that people perform in companies and their personal lives. In this course, students can try how to solve a	technical task in a	a team, how
to	cooperate, how to communicate together and how to solve problems such as project delays, how to include external influences in the	ne plan, etc.	
BE4M33MPV	Computer Vision Methods	Z,ZK	6
The course covers s	selected computer vision problems: search for correspondences between images via interest point detection, description and matchi	ng, image stitchin	g, detection,
recognition and	segmentation of objects in images and videos, image retrieval from large databases and tracking of objects in video sequences. This	s course is also pa	art of the
inter-university pro	gramme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field	of artificial intellige	ence. More
	information is available at https://prg.ai/minor.		
BE4M33SSU	Statistical Machine Learning	Z,ZK	6
The aim of statistic	al machine learning is to develop systems (models and algorithms) for learning to solve tasks given a set of examples and some pri	or knowledge abo	ut the task.
This includes typica	Il tasks in speech and image recognition. The course has the following two main objectives 1. to present fundamental learning conce	pts such as risk m	ninimisation,
maximum likelihood	estimation and Bayesian learning including their theoretical aspects, 2. to consider important state-of-the-art models for classification	n and regression	and to show
	how they can be learned by those concepts.		
BE4M33TDV	Three-dimensional Computer Vision	Z,ZK	6
This course introduc	ces methods and algorithms for 3D geometric scene reconstruction from images. The student will understand these methods and the	eir essence well e	nough to be
able to build variants	s of simple systems for reconstruction of 3D objects from a set of images or video, for inserting virtual objects to video-signal source	, or for computing	ego-motion
trajectory from a se	equence of images. The labs will be hands-on, the student will be gradually building a small functional 3D scene reconstruction systems.	em and using it to	compute a
<u>, </u>	virtual 3D model of an object of his/her choice.		
DEAMOOUID	A ((() 1 1 4 11)	7 71/	

BE4M36UIR | Artificial Intelligence in Robotics | Z,ZK | 6
The course aims to acquaint students with the use of planning approaches and decision-making techniques of artificial intelligence for solving problems arising in autonomous robotic systems. Students in the course are employing knowledge of planning algorithms, game theory, and solving optimization problems in selected application scenarios of mobile robotics. Students first learn architectures of autonomous systems based on reactive and behavioral models of autonomous systems. The considered application scenarios and robotic problems include path planning, persistent environmental monitoring, robotic exploration of unknown environments, online real-time decision-making, deconfliction in autonomous systems, and solutions of antagonistic conflicts. In laboratory exercises, students practice their problem formulations of robotic challenges and practical solutions in a realistic robotic simulator or consumer mobile robots. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.ai/minor.

For updated information see http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html Generated: day 2025-04-17, time 11:03.