

# Study plan

## Name of study plan: Study plan for Ukrainian refugees

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Unspecified Specialisation of Study

Garantor of the study branch: doc. RNDr. Ing. Marcel Jiřina, Ph.D.

Program of study: Welcome page

Type of study: unknown

Required credits: 15

Elective courses credits: 0

Sum of credits in the plan: 15

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program

Minimal number of credits of the block: 15

The role of the block: P

Code of the group: BIE-PP-UKR

Name of the group: Compulsory bachelor courses for Ukrainian refugees

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 15 credits (at most 23)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 3 courses

Credits in the group: 15

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
UKCJ7	Czech Language 7 for Ukrainian refugees <i>Zdeněk Muzikář</i>	ZK	10	10C	Z,L	P
UKMAT	Mathematics UK	Z,ZK	5	3P+2C		P
UKR-PKM	Preparatory Mathematics for Ukrainian refugees <i>Tomáš Kalvoda</i>	Z	5		Z,L	P

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BIE-PP-UKR Name=Compulsory bachelor courses for Ukrainian refugees

UKCJ7	Czech Language 7 for Ukrainian refugees Course Czech for foreigners offers the basic topics of conversation: Introductions, Orientation, Shopping, Work / Study, Travel, Time, Family.	ZK	10
UKMAT	Mathematics UK	Z,ZK	5
UKR-PKM	Preparatory Mathematics for Ukrainian refugees The purpose of Preparatory Mathematics is to help students revise the most important topics of high-school mathematics.	Z	5

Name of the block: Elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: V

Code of the group: BI-V.2021

Name of the group: Purely Elective Courses of Bachelor Programme Informatics, version from 2021/22 till 2024/25

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (Gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-ADW.1	<b>Windows Administration</b> <i>Jiří Kašpar, Miroslav Prágl <b>Miroslav Prágl</b> Miroslav Prágl (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
BI-ALO	<b>Algebra and Logic</b> <i>Jan Starý <b>Jan Starý</b> Jan Starý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
BI-AVI.21	<b>Algorithms visually</b> <i>Luděk Kučera <b>Luděk Kučera</b> Luděk Kučera (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
BI-A2L	<b>English language, preparation for the B2 level exam</b> <i>Kateřina Valentová <b>Kateřina Valentová</b> Kateřina Valentová (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	2C	L	v
NI-AFP	<b>Applied Functional Programming</b> <i>Robert Pergl, Marek Suchánek, Daniel Němec <b>Robert Pergl</b> Robert Pergl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	2P+1C	L	v
BI-BLE	<b>Blender</b> <i>Lukáš Bažan <b>Lukáš Bažan</b> Lukáš Bažan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-DSP	<b>Database Systems in Practices</b> <i>Tomáš Vichra <b>Tomáš Vichra</b> Tomáš Vichra (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-PSD	<b>Public Services Design</b> <i>Ondřej Brém, David Pešek <b>David Pešek</b> Ondřej Brém (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+2C		v
BIE-DIF	<b>Differential equations</b> <i>Ondřej Bouchala, Antonella Marchesiello, Jan Valdman <b>Tomáš Kalvoda</b> Ondřej Bouchala (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	v
NI-DZO	<b>Digital Image Processing</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-DDM	<b>Distributed Data Mining</b>	KZ	4	3C	L	v
BI-EP1.24	<b>Effective programming 1</b> <i>Martin Kačer <b>Martin Kačer</b> Martin Kačer (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+2C	Z	v
BI-EP2	<b>Efficient Programming 2</b> <i>Martin Kačer <b>Martin Kačer</b> Martin Kačer (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-ANGK	<b>English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam</b> <i>Kateřina Valentová <b>Kateřina Valentová</b> Kateřina Valentová (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	2C	Z,L	v
BI-EJK	<b>Enterprise Java and Kotlin</b> <i>Jiří Daněš <b>Jiří Daněš</b> Jiří Daněš (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-HAM	<b>HW accelerated network traffic monitoring</b> <i>Tomáš Ejka, Karel Hynek <b>Tomáš Ejka</b> Tomáš Ejka (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+1C	L	v
BI-HMI	<b>History of Mathematics and Informatics</b> <i>Alena Šolcová <b>Alena Šolcová</b> Alena Šolcová (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	3	2P+1C	L	v
BI-ARD	<b>Interactive applications on Arduino</b> <i>Jiří Čvrtek, Vojtěch Miškovský, Robert Hülle, Jan Ježník <b>Robert Hülle</b> Robert Hülle (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	L	v
NI-IAM	<b>Internet and Multimedia</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
BIE-CSI	<b>Introduction to Computer Science</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch <b>Christoph Kirsch</b> Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	2C	Z	v
BIE-IMA2	<b>Introduction to Mathematics 2</b> <i>Karel Klouda</i>	Z	2	1C	Z	v
BI-CS2	<b>C# language and data access</b> <i>Pavel Štěpán <b>Pavel Štěpán</b> Pavel Štěpán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	0P+3C	Z	v
BI-CS3	<b>Language C# - design of web applications</b> <i>Pavel Štěpán <b>Pavel Štěpán</b> Pavel Štěpán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
BI-SQL.1	<b>Language SQL, advanced</b> <i>Michal Valenta <b>Michal Valenta</b> Michal Valenta (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	L	v
BI-QAP	<b>Quantum algorithms and programming</b> <i>Ivo Petr, Tomáš Kalvoda <b>Ivo Petr</b> Ivo Petr (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	1P+2C	Z	v
NI-LSM	<b>Statistical Modelling Lab</b> <i>Kamil Dedecius <b>Kamil Dedecius</b> Kamil Dedecius (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	3C	L	v
BI-HAS	<b>Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security</b> <i>Ivana Trummová <b>Ivana Trummová</b> Ivana Trummová (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-MPL	<b>Managerial Psychology</b> <i>Jan Fiala <b>Jan Fiala</b> Jan Fiala (Gar.)</i>	ZK	2	2P	Z,L	v
NI-MSI	<b>Mathematical Structures in Computer Science</b> <i>Jan Starý</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
BI-MPP.21	<b>Methods of interfacing peripheral devices</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek <b>Miroslav Skrbek</b> Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	v
BI-MIT	<b>Mikrotik technologies</b> <i>Jan Fesl <b>Jan Fesl</b> Jan Fesl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	3	1P+2C	Z	v
NI-MOP	<b>Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo</b> <i>Jan Blážínek <b>Robert Pergl</b> Robert Pergl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
BI-MVT.21	<b>Modern Visualisation Technologies</b> <i>Petr Pauš, Jiří Chludil <b>Petr Pauš</b> Petr Pauš (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	v
BI-MMP	<b>Multimedia team project</b> <i>Zdeňka Čechová <b>Zdeňka Čechová</b> Zdeňka Čechová (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z,L	v
BI-ORL	<b>Operations Research and Linear Programming</b> <i>Dušan Knop <b>Dušan Knop</b> Dušan Knop (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	1P+2C	L	v

NI-OLI	<b>Linux Drivers</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek, Jaroslav Borecký <b>Jaroslav Borecký</b> Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-ACM	<b>Programming Practices 1</b> <i>Tomáš Valla <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	4C	L	v
BI-ACM2	<b>Programming Practices 2</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	4C	Z	v
BI-ACM3	<b>Programming Practices 3</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	4C	L	v
BI-ACM4	<b>Programming Practices 4</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	4C	Z	v
BI-AND.21	<b>Programming for the Android Operating System</b> <i>Jan Mottl, Jan Vep ek, Marek Kodr, Petr Šíma <b>Jan Mottl</b> Marek Kodr (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	L	v
BI-CS1	<b>Programming in C#</b> <i>Pavel Št pán, Helena Wallenfelsová <b>Helena Wallenfelsová</b> Pavel Št pán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	L,Z	v
BI-PJV	<b>Programming in Java</b> <i>Jan Blizní enko, Miroslav Balík, Ji í Borský, Jan Zimolka <b>Miroslav Balík</b> Miroslav Balík (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z,L	v
BI-KOT	<b>Programing in Kotlin</b> <i>Ji í Dan ek <b>Ji í Dan ek</b> Ji í Dan ek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-PSL	<b>Programming in Scala</b> <i>Ji í Dan ek <b>Ji í Dan ek</b> Ji í Dan ek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
BI-PMA	<b>Programming in Mathematica</b> <i>Zden k Buk <b>Zden k Buk</b> Zden k Buk (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z,L	v
BI-PS2	<b>Programming in shell 2</b> <i><b>Lukáš Ba inka</b></i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-PDD	<b>Data Preprocessing</b> <i>Marcel Ji ina <b>Marcel Ji ina</b> Marcel Ji ina (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
BI-PKM	<b>Introduction to mathematics</b> <i>Tomáš Kalvoda <b>Tomáš Kalvoda</b> Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)</i>	Z	4		Z	v
NI-REV	<b>Reverse Engineering</b> <i>Josef Kokeš <b>Josef Kokeš</b> Josef Kokeš (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	1P+2C	Z	v
BI-SCE1	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar I</b> <i>Hana Kubátová <b>Hana Kubátová</b> Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
BI-SCE2	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar II</b> <i>Hana Kubátová <b>Hana Kubátová</b> Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
BI-ST1	<b>Network Technology 1</b> <i><b>Alexandru Moucha</b> Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2C	Z	v
BI-ST2	<b>Network Technology 2</b> <i><b>Alexandru Moucha</b> Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	3C	L	v
BI-ST3	<b>Network Technology 3</b> <i><b>Alexandru Moucha</b> Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2C	Z	v
BI-ST4	<b>Network Technology 4</b> <i><b>Alexandru Moucha</b> Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2C	L	v
BI-SKJ.21	<b>Scripting Languages</b> <i>Lukáš Ba inka, Jan Ž árek <b>Lukáš Ba inka</b> Jan Ž árek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2+2	L	v
BI-SEP	<b>World Economy and Business</b> <i>Tomáš Evan <b>Tomáš Evan</b> Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-SYP	<b>Parsing and Compilers</b> <i>Jan Janoušek <b>Jan Janoušek</b> Jan Janoušek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
BIE-SEG	<b>Systems Engineering</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch <b>Christoph Kirsch</b> Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z	0	2C	Z	v
TVK1	<b>Physical Education</b> <i><b>Luboš Neuman</b> Ji í Drnek (Gar.)</i>	Z	1		L,Z	v
TVV	<b>Physical education</b>	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TV1	<b>Physical Education</b>	Z	0	0+2	Z	v
TVV0	<b>Physical education</b>	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TV2	<b>Physical Education</b>	Z	0	0+2	L	v
TVKZV	<b>Physical Education Course</b>	Z	0	7dní	Z	v
TVKLV	<b>Physical Education Course</b>	Z	0	7dní	L	v
BI-TS1	<b>Theoretical Seminar I</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	Z	v
BI-TS2	<b>Theoretical Seminar II</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L	v
BI-TS3	<b>Theoretical Seminar III</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	Z	v
BI-TS4	<b>Theoretical Seminar IV</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý <b>Tomáš Valla</b> Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L	v
NI-TSP	<b>Testing and Reliability</b> <i>Petr Fišer <b>Martin Da hel</b> Petr Fišer (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	v
BI-QUA	<b>Quality Assurance</b> <i>Marek Kodr, Martin Pilný, Kate ina Kalášková <b>Kate ina Kalášková</b> Marek Kodr (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v

FI-TOP	<b>Academic writing</b> <i>Tomáš Nová ek</i>	Z	2	10B	Z	v
BI-CCN	<b>Compiler Construction</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
BI-TEX	<b>TeX and Typography</b> <i>Petr Olšák Petr Olšák Petr Olšák (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
BI-EHD	<b>Introduction to European Economic History</b> <i>Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	3	2P+1C	Z,L	v
BI-KSA	<b>Cultural and Social Anthropology</b> <i>Alena Libánská, Jakub Šenovský, Tomáš Houdek Jakub Šenovský Alena Libánská (Gar.)</i>	ZK	2	2P	Z,L	v
BI-ULI	<b>Introduction to Linux</b> <i>Jan Žárek, Petr Zemánek, Zdeněk Muziká Zdeněk Muziká Zdeněk Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	4D	Z	v
NI-VCC	<b>Virtualization and Cloud Computing</b> <i>Jan Fesl, Tomáš Vondra Tomáš Vondra Tomáš Vondra (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
BI-VR1	<b>Virtual reality I</b> <i>Petr Pauš, Petr Klán Petr Klán Petr Klán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+2C	L,Z	v
BI-VR2	<b>Virtual reality II</b> <i>Petr Klán Petr Klán Petr Klán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	3	1P+2C	L	v
BI-VAK.21	<b>Selected Applications of Combinatorics</b> <i>Michal Opler Michal Opler Michal Opler (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2R	L	v
BI-VMM	<b>Selected Mathematical Methods</b> <i>Marzieh Forough Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-VYC	<b>Computability</b> <i>Jan Starý Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-ZS10	<b>Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits</b> <i>Zdeněk Muziká Zdeněk Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	10		Z,L	v
BI-ZS20	<b>Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits</b> <i>Zdeněk Muziká Zdeněk Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	20		Z,L	v
BI-ZS30	<b>Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits</b> <i>Zdeněk Muziká Zdeněk Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	30		Z,L	v
BI-ZIVS	<b>Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+3C	Z	v
BI-ZPI	<b>Process engineering</b> <i>Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+2C	L	v
BI-IOS	<b>Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad</b> <i>Rostislav Babá ek, Igor Rosocha Martin P. Ipitel Martin P. Ipitel (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2C	Z	v
BI-ZWU	<b>Introduction to Web and User Interfaces</b> <i>Lukáš Ba inka Lukáš Ba inka Jakub Klímek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-3DT.1	<b>3D Printing</b> <i>Miroslav Hron ok, Tomáš Sýkora Tomáš Sýkora Miroslav Hron ok (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	L	v

**Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-V.2021 Name=Purely Elective Courses of Bachelor Programme Informatics, version from 2021/22 till 2024/25**

BI-ADW.1	Windows Administration This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).	Z,ZK	4
BI-ALO	Algebra and Logic The course extends and deepens the study of topics touched upon in the basic course in logic.	Z,ZK	4
BI-AVI.21	Algorithms visually The course complements other algorithm courses at FIT. It brings knowledge about particular important algorithms from different fields of the computer science that extend substantially knowledge presented in BI-AG1 and BI-AG2. A wide scope of covered subject is made possible due to using visualization by AlgoVision ( <a href="http://www.algovision.org">www.algovision.org</a> ) that make understanding the principles of algorithms easy.	Z,ZK	4
BI-A2L	English language, preparation for the B2 level exam The content of the course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement - students are due to: -Take an active part in the language instruction. -Meet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation Paper. -Succeed in both the midterm and the final term tests with the success rate set at 70%. -80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by individual teachers during the first class of the term.	Z	2
NI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming This course is presented in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradigms. Traditional and novel functional programming languages are on the rise nowadays and the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative languages (C++, C#, Java). As such, mastering this paradigm becomes a necessary competence of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice.	KZ	5
BI-BLE	Blender The course extends knowledge of opensource program Blender from BI-MGA (Multimedia and Graphics Applications) course. It is intended for those interested in 3D graphics and animation. It offers a complete and practically oriented introduction to Blender environment. Students may continue to BI-PGA (Programming graphics applications) course.	Z,ZK	4
NI-DSP	Database Systems in Praxes This course is presented in Czech.	Z,ZK	4
NI-PSD	Public Services Design The course will introduce students to specifics of UX, Service design and development for public sector. We will look into the design and development process from the perspective of suppliers (devs and designers) as well as clients. In small teams students will work on projects from partner organizations and will try out collaboration with client representatives. Course is aimed at students-designers as well as clients.	KZ	4

<b>BIE-DIF</b>	<b>Differential equations</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
This course provides a foundational overview of differential equations, starting with basic motivation and examples of ODEs and progressing to essential solution methods like separation of variables. Key theorems on existence and uniqueness establish when solutions can be guaranteed. Linear and system-based ODEs are covered with methods like characteristic polynomial analysis, followed by examples of non-linear models such as predator-prey and epidemiological models to showcase real-world applications. Finally, an introduction to partial differential equations (PDEs) extends these concepts to multi-variable contexts. The course will also cover numerical methods for solving ODEs and PDEs, including implicit and explicit Euler methods, Runge-Kutta methods, and finite element methods for both ODEs and PDEs.			
<b>NI-DZO</b>	<b>Digital Image Processing</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
This course presents a comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical algorithms that are both easy to implement and have an interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is also valuable outside the domain of digital image processing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDR compression, de-blurring in frequency domain, abstraction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray conversion, context enhancement, interactive as-rigid-as-possible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, adding depth, alpha matting.			
<b>NI-DDM</b>	<b>Distributed Data Mining</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Course focuses on state-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hands on experience with large scale data processing framework Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementations and will be capable to propose approaches to parallelize other algorithms. The course is presented in Czech language.			
<b>BI-EP1.24</b>	<b>Effective programming 1</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The course is taught in Czech.			
<b>BI-EP2</b>	<b>Efficient Programming 2</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Continuation of Efficient Programming 1. Students will practice implementation of algorithms by solving typical problems. Various ways of solving individual problems are discussed, with the aim to choose the best one and avoid implementation errors.			
<b>BI-ANGK</b>	<b>English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The content of the course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement - students are due to: -Take an active part in the language instruction. -Meet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation Paper. -Succeed in both the midterm and the final term tests with the success rate set at 70%. -80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by individual teachers during the first class of the term.			
<b>BI-EJK</b>	<b>Enterprise Java and Kotlin</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course is on advanced technologies in the Java and Kotlin programming languages. The focus is on technologies for developing enterprise information systems with microservice architecture, that can be deployed to the cloud.			
<b>BI-HAM</b>	<b>HW accelerated network traffic monitoring</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
This course introduces students to modern and widely used technologies and principles in the area of network infrastructure and traffic monitoring. The monitoring and analysis of network traffic are mandatory skills to network operators (planning and development of resources and infrastructure) and security analysts alike (as a source of information and data for analysis). The goals of the course are to acquaint students with the modern trends and cornerstone principles in the area of monitoring network traffic on a hardware and software level and to develop their practical abilities in this field.			
<b>BI-HMI</b>	<b>History of Mathematics and Informatics</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>3</b>
This course is presented in Czech.			
<b>BI-ARD</b>	<b>Interactive applications on Arduino</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The subject is designed for students of first grade of bachelor study as introduction to embedded systems. Students will learn how to design simple applications for modern programmable kits and control varied peripherals with help of available libraries. The goal of the subject is to show varied software approaches to control embedded systems, i.e. to see the results not only on display of a PC. Thanks to possible control on higher (objective) layer, this platform is frequently used for artist performance and therefore is suitable even for Web and Software Engineering students.			
<b>NI-IAM</b>	<b>Internet and Multimedia</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The NI-IAM course is focused on principles and modern technologies for network transmissions of audiovisual (AV) signals. The syllabus includes acquisition of AV signals (input), presentation of AV signals (output), network communication protocols, device interfaces, codecs, data formats and stereoscopy. We will look at practical use case scenarios of real-time audiovisual transmissions. Within the labs, students will practically assemble AV transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the effect of various components on the quality and latency of AV transmissions. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for end-to-end AV transmissions from the recording the scene up to the presentation for audience.			
<b>BIE-CSI</b>	<b>Introduction to Computer Science</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
This is an introductory class on Elementary Computer Science for broad audiences: bachelor students in computer science, students majoring in other fields but interested in computer science, high-school students, anybody with a background in basic math and the desire to understand the absolute basics of computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce and relate basic principles of computer science for students to understand, early on, what computer science is, why things such as high-level programming languages and tools are done the way they are, and even how, on a basic yet representative and practically relevant level. After taking the class, students are able to answer not just basic computer science questions but also questions about themselves such as which courses to take next and which books to follow up with, ideally realizing if they are interested in computer science more than expected, or even less than before.			
<b>BIE-IMA2</b>	<b>Introduction to Mathematics 2</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
Students refresh and extend knowledge of elementary functions and their properties. Students understand basic mathematical principles and they are able to apply them in particular examples.			
<b>BI-CS2</b>	<b>C# language and data access</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The C# language and data access course objective is to introduce students several data access technologies - database, XML, NoSQL - on the Microsoft platform. The students will get to know objects used to retrieve data - Connection, Command, Data Reader and DataAdapter v ADO.NET. Next, they will learn to use current technologies such as LINQ - a set of features for querying and updating data, integrated directly with the .NET platform languages, which enable LINQ use with Objects, XML and SQL (LINQ to Objects, LINQ to XML and LINQ to SQL). Another objective is the Entity Framework - an object-relational mapper that enables .NET developers to work with relational data using domain-specific objects (ORM). This part of the course introduces Code First, Database First, Model First approaches. The students will also get to know the Conceptual Model, Storage Model and Mapping (XML description).			
<b>BI-CS3</b>	<b>Language C# - design of web applications</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The students will be introduced to current technologies in web application development on the .NET platform. They will acquire a comprehensive overview of the development possibilities on this platform. They will learn to create WebAPI and to use it by client programs.			
<b>BI-SQL.1</b>	<b>Language SQL, advanced</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Module is based on knowledge obtained in BI-DBS. Students become familiar with advanced relational and non-relational features of SQL language. In particular stored program units, triggers, recursive queries, OLAP support, object-relational constructions. Part of the course is dedicated to practical database optimization from the point of view of specialized database structures like indexes, clusters, index-organized tables, and materialized views. as well as from the point of view query optimization. Execution plan and possibilities of its. changes will be discussed. Lectures will usually discuss SQL standard, but many features will be demonstrated on Oracle DBMS. Seminars are based on Oracle DBMS and partially on PostgreSQL.			

BI-QAP	Quantum algorithms and programming	KZ	5
Course aims at giving students hands-on experience with quantum computers and their programming. We focus on fundamentals of quantum mechanics, on which quantum technologies are based, and algorithms showing advantages and limitations of quantum computing. During tutorials students work in open-source software development kit Qiskit, which is based on Python language. Knowledge of linear algebra at the level of BI-LA1 and BI-LA2 (or BI-LIN) is necessary. Previous completion of BI-MA2 or BI-VMM and experience with Python might be an advantage. No previous knowledge of physics is assumed.			
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The subject is oriented on a single and multi-target tracking. The student both learns the existing methods and tries to implement them. The stress is put on the effective use of the available information and its modeling using numpy and scipy. The second half of the semester is focused on the design of methods and algorithms, and analyses of their properties. At this point, the subject is on the border of own research and may result in the topic of final work (diploma or bachelor thesis).			
BI-HAS	Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security	Z,ZK	5
This course is for students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for developers. Students of this course can use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.			
NI-MPL	Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
NI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science	Z,ZK	4
Mathematical semantics of programming languages. Data types as continuous lattices, Scott topology. Procedures as continuous mappings. The Scott model of lambda calculus. Introduction to category theory.			
BI-MPP21	Methods of interfacing peripheral devices	Z,ZK	5
The course is focused on methods for interfacing of peripheral devices. Interfacing of real peripheral devices is focused on techniques based on Universal serial bus (USB). The course includes both PC side and peripheral devices side. Labs are practically oriented. Students gain experience with implementation of relevant parts of USB devices, Linux and Windows drivers, simple application development, and APIs of selected devices.			
BI-MIT	Mikrotik technologies	KZ	3
The main motivation of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies which are commonly used by the small and middle internet service providers (ISPs). The students learn how to use and create the architectures of the network solutions which are based on the metallic, optical or wireless links and how to administrate and practically deploy them. The successful completion of this subject requires the previous knowledge of elementary computer networks concepts like protocols and technologies of the data-link, network and transport layer of the OSI model.			
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo	KZ	4
Object-oriented programming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, where its ability to natural abstraction is used to build complex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the skills of design and implementation of object systems in modern pure object system Pharo ( <a href="https://pharo.org">https://pharo.org</a> ). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development needs and areas of interest. In addition to deepening object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to work on interesting projects and OO technologies in terms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involvement in the Pharo Consortium.			
BI-MVT.21	Modern Visualisation Technologies	Z,ZK	5
The goal of the course is to give an overview of modern visualization technologies and their principles, namely technologies related to virtual and augmented reality, visualization on high resolution displays (e.g., SAGE and video mapping) and their applications in practice. Several lectures deal with the content creation for the mentioned technologies, namely fractal and procedural visualization, scientific data visualization, and 3D model scanning.			
BI-MMP	Multimedia team project	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-ORL	Operations Research and Linear Programming	KZ	5
The subject aims to introduce students to the issues of operational research and primarily to the practical application of linear programming as a fundamental optimization technique. Operational research primarily focuses on the use of engineering methods (with a mathematical background) to solve practical problems (such as management).			
NI-OLI	Linux Drivers	Z,ZK	4
The Linux operating system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining powerful processors and FPGAs increase the variability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver development for master's students. The course provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical experience.			
BI-ACM	Programming Practices 1	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM2	Programming Practices 2	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM3	Programming Practices 3	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM4	Programming Practices 4	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-AND.21	Programming for the Android Operating System	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-CS1	Programming in C#	KZ	4
The goal of the course is to introduce .NET Framework as a multi-language development platform. Then, programming language C#, its fundamental construction, types of variables, operators, arrays, loops, definitions and calls of functions will be discussed. Attention is focused on the object oriented programming in C# - class definition and class instancing, constructors, methods, properties, static members, Garbage Collector, inheritance and polymorphism, collections, delegates, and generics. Debugging and exception processing, as well as work with files are emphasized.			
BI-PJV	Programming in Java	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).			
BI-KOT	Programing in Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
Kotlin is a modern, statically-styled object-functional language that exploits the extensive Java language ecosystem while delivering a number of advanced language constructions. The language is fully Java compliant and allows for mixed projects that preserve existing parts written in Java, and continue with the development of a modern, object-functional way with minimum of boiler-plate code. Last but not least, Kotlin is suitable for designing of DSLs (Domain-Specific Languages).			
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces the modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language features - e.g. pattern matching and advance standard library. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks and libraries e.g. Play, Cassandra, Scalaz, etc.			
BI-PMA	Programming in Mathematica	Z,ZK	4
Students will be working with modern technical and scientific software. Students will learn how to use different programming styles (functional programming, rule-based programming, etc.), how to create dynamic interactive applications and visualisations, data processing and presentations.			

BI-PS2	Programming in shell 2	Z,ZK	4
Students gain a general overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.			
NI-PDD	Data Preprocessing	Z,ZK	5
Students learn to prepare raw data for further processing and analysis. They learn what algorithms can be used to extract information from various data sources, such as images, texts, time series, etc., and learn the skills to apply these theoretical concepts to solve specific problems in individual projects - e.g., extraction of characteristics from images or from web pages.			
BI-PKM	Introduction to mathematics	Z	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
NI-REV	Reverse Engineering	Z,ZK	5
Students will get acquainted with the essentials of reverse engineering of computer software. They will learn how processes start and what happens before and after the main function is called. Students will understand how executable files are organized and how they interact with 3rd party libraries. Another part of the course is dedicated to reverse engineering of applications written in C++. Students will also understand principles of disassemblers and obfuscation techniques. A part of the course will also be dedicated to debuggers: how debuggers and debugging work and which methods can be used to detect it. One of the lectures will be dedicated to the latest trends on the computer malware scene. The focus of the course is on the seminars, where students will solve practically oriented tasks from the real world.			
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
BI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar II	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
BI-ST1	Network Technology 1	Z	3
The subject is oriented to providing the students basic information and practical skills from the area of digital and IP networks. The subject is accredited under the Cisco Netacad - CCNA1 - R&S Introduction to Networks.			
BI-ST2	Network Technology 2	Z	3
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-ST3	Network Technology 3	Z	3
Students will further enhance their knowledge acquired from previous BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses will get further extended in the course. Students will be able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, predictability, extension beyond a simple topology, security, etc.			
BI-ST4	Network Technology 4	Z	3
Students will further enhance their knowledge already acquired from previous BI-ST1, BI-ST2, and BI-ST3 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses got further extended in BI-ST3. Students were able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, predictability, extension beyond a simple topology, security, etc. This module teaches students to configure and fine-tune Wide Area Networks and to experience a completely other type of network (Non Broadcast Multiple Access) which radically differs from well-known Ethernet (broadcast) type of networks. Students will also manage router and switch firmware, perform password recoveries, and emergency procedures. Also the security aspect is treated; students will learn possible intra- and inter-network attacks and the mitigation ways while maintaining the network running.			
BI-SKJ.21	Scripting Languages	Z,ZK	4
Students gain a general overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.			
BI-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
NI-SYP	Parsing and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
The module builds upon the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of various variants and applications of LR parsing and are introduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.			
BIE-SEG	Systems Engineering	Z	0
This is an introductory class on systems engineering for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of operating systems for students to understand processor and memory virtualization. Seeing and actually understanding virtualization is the overarching theme of the class. After taking the class, students are able to understand the difference between processes and threads as well as emulation and virtualization, what virtual memory is and how it works, what concurrency is, as opposed to parallelism, and how processes and threads synchronize efficiently to overcome concurrency for communication.			
TVK1	Physical Education	Z	1
TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TV1	Physical Education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0
TV2	Physical Education	Z	0
TVKZV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
BI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar I	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
BI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar II	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			

<b>BI-TS3</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar III</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>BI-TS4</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar IV</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>NI-TSP</b>	<b>Testing and Reliability</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Students will gain knowledge about circuit testing and about methods for increasing reliability and security. They will get practical skills to be able to prepare a test set with the help of the intuitive path sensitization and to use an ATPG for automatic test generation. They will be able to design easily testable circuits and systems with built-in-self-test equipment. They will be able to compute, analyze, and control the reliability and availability of the designed circuits.			
<b>BI-QUA</b>	<b>Quality Assurance</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
This course introduces students to the fundamentals of testing and quality management. Students will learn what the role of a tester is in the context of different types of software development and will experience hands-on application testing using both manual and automated testing. At the end of the semester, the student should be prepared to perform a test analysis, design a set of test scenarios, prepare test data, automate an appropriate portion of the scenarios, and prepare a report on the bugs found in the product under test.			
<b>FI-TOP</b>	<b>Academic writing</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
Publishing is an important and required part of research activity. It is not only about obtaining research results but also about applying them in the form of publication. Writing scientific publications can be useful for students not only in their own publishing activities but also in the preparation of a bachelor's or master's thesis. In the course, students will learn how to write a scientific article, what parts such an article should have, and how the peer review process works. Students will also try their hand at presenting an article and reviewing someone else's article. The course will be taught in blocks, with one lecture at the beginning of the semester and one practicum in the middle of the semester. Dates will be determined based on the availability of enrolled students.			
<b>BI-CCN</b>	<b>Compiler Construction</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
This is an introductory class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of compilers for students to understand the design and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching theme of the class.			
<b>BI-TEX</b>	<b>TeX and Typography</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
This course is presented in Czech. This course gives basics of programming in TeX (plain TeX, ConTeXt, LaTeX, OpTeX, LuaTeX). Te second part of the course focuses on typographic rules.			
<b>BI-EHD</b>	<b>Introduction to European Economic History</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>3</b>
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).			
<b>BI-KSA</b>	<b>Cultural and Social Anthropology</b>	<b>ZK</b>	<b>2</b>
The one-semester course aims to acquaint students with the basics of social and cultural anthropology as a scientific discipline dealing with the diversity of the world - examples from anthropological research from our "exotic" cultures (topics: kinship, religion, social exclusion, migration, globalization, , material culture, language, health, history, death, etc ...) will be shown. The course is presented in Czech.			
<b>BI-ULI</b>	<b>Introduction to Linux</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
Students become familiar with the basics of the Linux operating system using e-learning form. They learn to work with the command line and become familiar with basic commands and techniques of a Unix-like system. Topics can be studied first theoretically and then practically verified in a virtual machine (terminal).			
<b>NI-VCC</b>	<b>Virtualization and Cloud Computing</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Students will gain knowledge of architectures of large computer systems that are used in data centers and computer infrastructure of companies and organizations. They will get acquainted with virtualization principles, tools and technologies that serve to facilitate and automate configuration, testing and monitoring, and to efficiently operate and optimize the performance parameters of modern computer systems. Theoretically and practically, they will get acquainted with containerization as the most effective technology today for the management of complex computer systems and with specific technologies of cloud systems. Finally, they will learn the principles and gain practical skills in the use of modern integration and development tools (Continuous integration and development).			
<b>BI-VR1</b>	<b>Virtual reality I</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), virtual reality operating system and virtual reality creation. Another objective is to meet the rules and requirements of virtual worlds communication. The course focuses on the ways of teaching using virtual reality technologies and interactive activities in educational virtual 3D worlds. It improves computational thinking, empathy and shared social activities.			
<b>BI-VR2</b>	<b>Virtual reality II</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>3</b>
Continuation of the course Virtual Reality I. The new course focuses on collaborative telepresence, spatial computing and social life of avatars. The objective is to develop applications for computer science and gamification in various social metaverse and desktop engines.			
<b>BI-VAK.21</b>	<b>Selected Applications of Combinatorics</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>3</b>
The course aims to introduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the basic courses, we approach the issue from applications to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some basic data structures. Furthermore, with the active participation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical) informatics. Areas from which we will select problems to be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optimization and more. Students will also try to implement solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools.			
<b>BI-VMM</b>	<b>Selected Mathematical Methods</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The lecture begins with an introduction to the analysis of complex functions of a complex variable. Next, we present the Lebesgue integral. We then address Fourier series and their properties. Further, we introduce and study the properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and its fast implementation (FFT). We discuss the wavelet transform. We examine the linear programming problem in more detail and its solution using the Simplex algorithm. Each topic is demonstrated with interesting examples.			
<b>NI-VYC</b>	<b>Computability</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.			
<b>BI-ZS10</b>	<b>Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>10</b>
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			



BI-ZS20	Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits	Z	20
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
BI-ZS30	Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits	Z	30
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
BI-ZIVS	Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals	KZ	4
Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The aim of the course is to teach students modern humanoid robot control and development of applications in a graphical development environment. Lectures provide fundamentals of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students program a set of basic task by using the robot simulator and real hardware to get practical experience with these technologies.			
BI-ZPI	Process engineering	KZ	4
Students will learn fundamentals of process engineering in this subject. Students will get necessary foundations for understanding formal principles of process modelling and they will learn basics of the used notations (UML, BPMN, BORM). The focus in this subject lies in training of practical skills of formalisation and modelling of business processes using modern CASE tools. The role of process engineering for information systems development is discussed as well as its importance in the overall context of information and business strategy of an enterprise.			
BI-IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-ZWU	Introduction to Web and User Interfaces	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-3DT.1	3D Printing	KZ	4

Code of the group: BIE-V.2021

Name of the group: Purely Elective Bachelor Courses, Version 2021 till 2024/25

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BIE-ZRS	<b>Basics of Systems Control</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-CCN	<b>Compiler Construction</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
BIE-SCE1	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar I</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek, Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	Z	v
BIE-SCE2	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar II</b> <i>Hana Kubátová, Jiří Vyskočil Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L	v
BIE-CZ0	<b>Czech Language for Foreigners</b> <i>Tomáš Houdek, Markéta Hofmannová, Ivana Vondráková, Petra Korfová Zdeněk Muzikář Zdeněk Muzikář (Gar.)</i>	KZ	2	4C	Z,L	v
BIE-CZ1.21	<b>Czech Language for Foreigners II</b> <i>Tomáš Houdek, Ivana Vondráková, Petra Korfová Zdeněk Muzikář Zdeněk Muzikář (Gar.)</i>	KZ	2	4C	Z,L	v
UKCJP	<b>Czech language for advanced</b> <i>Jakub Šenovský, Tomáš Houdek, Jakub Šolc, Adam Vostárek Zdeněk Muzikář Zdeněk Muzikář (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	2	2BP+2BC	Z,L	v
BIE-DIF	<b>Differential equations</b> <i>Ondřej Bouchala, Antonella Marchesiello, Jan Valdman Tomáš Kalvoda Ondřej Bouchala (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-EPR	<b>Economic project</b> <i>Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z	1		L	v
BIE-FTR.1	<b>Financial Markets</b>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-HAS	<b>Human Factors in Cryptography and Security</b> <i>Ivana Trummová Ivana Trummová Ivana Trummová (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
BIE-CSI	<b>Introduction to Computer Science</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	2C	Z	v
BIE-EHD	<b>Introduction to European Economic History</b> <i>Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	3	2P+1C	L	v
BIE-IMA2	<b>Introduction to Mathematics 2</b> <i>Karel Klouda</i>	Z	2	1C	Z	v
BIE-ST1	<b>Network Technology 1</b> <i>Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2C	Z	v

BIE-PKM	<b>Preparatory Mathematics</b> <i>Jitka Rybníková Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)</i>	Z	4		Z	v
BIE-PJV	<b>Programming in Java</b> <i>Jan Blizni enko Jan Blizni enko Jan Blizni enko (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	v
BIE-PS2	<b>Programming in shell 2</b> <i>Lukáš Ba inka</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-PRR.21	<b>Project management</b> <i>David Pešek David Pešek David Pešek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z,L	v
BIE-SKJ.21	<b>Scripting Languages</b> <i>Lukáš Ba inka, Jan Ž árek Lukáš Ba inka Jan Ž árek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-VAK.21	<b>Selected Combinatorics Applications</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Michal Opler Michal Opler Michal Opler (Gar.)</i>	Z	3	2R	L	v
BIE-VMM	<b>Selected Mathematical Methods</b> <i>Marzieh Forough Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
BI-SCE1	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar I</b> <i>Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
BIE-SEG	<b>Systems Engineering</b> <i>Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)</i>	Z	0	2C	Z	v
TVV	<b>Physical education</b>	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TVV0	<b>Physical education</b>	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	v
TVKLV	<b>Physical Education Course</b>	Z	0	7dní	L	v
BIE-TUR.21	<b>User Interface Design</b> <i>Jan Schmidt Jan Schmidt Jan Schmidt (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	v
BIE-VR1.21	<b>Virtual reality I</b> <i>Petr Klán Petr Klán Petr Klán (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+2C	L,Z	v
BIE-ADW.1	<b>Windows Administration</b> <i>Ji í Kašpar, Miroslav Prágl Miroslav Prágl Miroslav Prágl (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
BIE-SEP	<b>World Economy and Business</b> <i>Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	v

**Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BIE-V.2021 Name=Purely Elective Bachelor Courses, Version 2021 till 2024/25**

BIE-DIF	Differential equations	Z,ZK	5
This course provides a foundational overview of differential equations, starting with basic motivation and examples of ODEs and progressing to essential solution methods like separation of variables. Key theorems on existence and uniqueness establish when solutions can be guaranteed. Linear and system-based ODEs are covered with methods like characteristic polynomial analysis, followed by examples of non-linear models such as predator-prey and epidemiological models to showcase real-world applications. Finally, an introduction to partial differential equations (PDEs) extends these concepts to multi-variable contexts. The course will also cover numerical methods for solving ODEs and PDEs, including implicit and explicit Euler methods, Runge-Kutta methods, and finite element methods for both ODEs and PDEs.			
BIE-CSI	Introduction to Computer Science	Z	2
This is an introductory class on Elementary Computer Science for broad audiences: bachelor students in computer science, students majoring in other fields but interested in computer science, high-school students, anybody with a background in basic math and the desire to understand the absolute basics of computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce and relate basic principles of computer science for students to understand, early on, what computer science is, why things such as high-level programming languages and tools are done the way they are, and even how, on a basic yet representative and practically relevant level. After taking the class, students are able to answer not just basic computer science questions but also questions about themselves such as which courses to take next and which books to follow up with, ideally realizing if they are interested in computer science more than expected, or even less than before.			
BIE-IMA2	Introduction to Mathematics 2	Z	2
Students refresh and extend knowledge of elementary functions and their properties. Students understand basic mathematical principles and they are able to apply them in particular examples.			
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
BIE-SEG	Systems Engineering	Z	0
This is an introductory class on systems engineering for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of operating systems for students to understand processor and memory virtualization. Seeing and actually understanding virtualization is the overarching theme of the class. After taking the class, students are able to understand the difference between processes and threads as well as emulation and virtualization, what virtual memory is and how it works, what concurrency is, as opposed to parallelism, and how processes and threads synchronize efficiently to overcome concurrency for communication.			
TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
BIE-ZRS	Basics of Systems Control	Z,ZK	4
Optional subject Basics of System Control is designed for anyone interested in applied computer science in bachelor studies. A brief introduction to the field of automatic control will be definitely evaluated by our graduates in the industrial practice. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will focus our attention particularly on control of engineering and physical systems. We will provide basic information from the feedback control of linear dynamical SISO systems. We will teach you description methods of system models, basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD and fuzzy controllers. This is a survey course in which students will learn the methods of creating a description of the system model, the basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also given to sensors and actuators in control loops, issues of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters and certain aspects of the industrial implementation of continuous and digital controllers and PLC control. The themes of lectures are accompanied by a number of useful examples and practical industrial implementations.			
BIE-CCN	Compiler Construction	Z,ZK	5
This is an introductory class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of compilers for students to understand the design and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching theme of the class.			

<b>BIE-SCE1</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar I</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
<b>BIE-SCE2</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar II</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
<b>BIE-CZ0</b>	<b>Czech Language for Foreigners</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>2</b>
Course Czech for foreigners offers the basic topics of conversation: Introductions, Orientation, Shopping, Work / Study, Travel, Time, Family.			
<b>BIE-CZ1.21</b>	<b>Czech Language for Foreigners II</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>2</b>
The course is intended for Students of English programmes who have completed BIE-CZ0 course or have basic knowledge of the Czech language. The course further expands the basic vocabulary and clarifies the structure of the Czech language structure with regard to the practical needs of Students residing in the Czech Republic.			
<b>UKCJP</b>	<b>Czech language for advanced</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>2</b>
An advanced Czech course for Ukrainian students with refugee status. The exam will confirm knowledge of Czech at B2 level with validity for CTU.			
<b>BIE-EPR</b>	<b>Economic project</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>1</b>
This course is an extension of the course Introduction to European Economic History (BIE-EHD). There is no fixed schedule for BIE-EPR. A teacher will contact you before the start of the semester.			
<b>BIE-FTR.1</b>	<b>Financial Markets</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Financial sector has been deeply transformed in the recent years, which led to a development of structured financial products, a new point of view on the issue of credit risk, and globalization of market activities. The need to use and properly apply mathematical and technical tools is emphasized. To manage their financial activities, many firms need graduates from technical schools who have sufficient knowledge ICT and mathematics, and who have at the same time an understanding of the functioning of financial markets. The Financial Markets course thus englobes both a description of financial markets and related economic theories, and an overview of mathematical and statistical tools used in this field.			
<b>BIE-HAS</b>	<b>Human Factors in Cryptography and Security</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
This course is for students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for developers. Students of this course can use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.			
<b>BIE-EHD</b>	<b>Introduction to European Economic History</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>3</b>
The course introduces a selection of themes from the European economic history. It gives the student basic knowledge about forming of the global economy through the description of the key periods in history. As European countries have been dominant actors in this process it focuses predominantly on their roles in the economic history. From large economic area of Roman Empire to fragmentation of the Middle Ages, from destruction of WWII to the current affairs, the development of modern financial institutions is deciphered. The course does not cover detailed economic history of particular European countries but rather the impact of trade and role of particular events, institutions and organizations in history. Class meetings will consist of a mixture of lecture and discussion.			
<b>BIE-ST1</b>	<b>Network Technology 1</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>3</b>
The course is focused on essentials of computer networks and practice with network technologies. The course corresponds to the Cisco Netacad curriculum, CCNA1 - R&S Introduction to Networks.			
<b>BIE-PKM</b>	<b>Preparatory Mathematics</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The purpose of Preparatory Mathematics is to help students revise the most important topics of high-school mathematics.			
<b>BIE-PJV</b>	<b>Programming in Java</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course Programming in Java will introduce students to the object oriented programming in Java programming language. Beside of basics of Java language the fundamental APIs will also be presented, especially data structures, files, GUI, networking, databases and concurrent APIs.			
<b>BIE-PS2</b>	<b>Programming in shell 2</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students get a general overview of scripting languages, introduction into syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into Bourne Again shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming. Note to Erasmus students: We are ready do adapt the lectures to provide even very basic Bourne shell usage. Depending on actual knowledge of the students, orientation in user filesystem tools (cp, ln, mkdir, rm...) and useful basic data filtering tools (cut, tr, sort, uniq...) can be provided. The advantage of this module is that we do not stop at this point - we will show you also a selection of advanced scripting techniques used in practice.			
<b>BIE-PRR.21</b>	<b>Project management</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The aim of the course is to introduce students into the basic concepts and principles of project management, i.e. methods of planning, teamwork, analysis, crisis management in a project, communication, argumentation and meeting management. Students will practice project management techniques (e.g. SWOT analysis, risk assessment and management, Gantt charts, resource schedule, resource balancing, network graphs) and creation of project documentation. The course is designed especially for students who are interested in deepening their knowledge outside IT, consider starting their own company, or have ambitions to work in middle or senior management positions in large companies. The course is also suitable for all those who will develop software or hardware in the form of team projects.			
<b>BIE-SKJ.21</b>	<b>Scripting Languages</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Join us on a tour into the world of scripted programming. Together, we will unveil the power of Bourne Again shell and PERL as proven industry standards, as well as a couple of other standard text processing utilities (AWK, sed), with some basic UNIX system tools, in many real-world situations like processing web feeds or logs. We will provide a general overview of scripting languages and introduction into their pros and cons and students get practical experience with shell script programming. We will touch also ROFF, PerlDoc, and even TeX to get some insight into how your code documentation can be implemented. And if you know UNIX system-level scripting already, we can show you advanced programming techniques and tricks that get overlooked frequently but increase code robustness or execution efficiency. The course is led by two veteran programmers in the scripting world. Lukáš is a renowned lecturer in advanced shell programming, teaching developers from the IT industry in several CE countries. Jan is a skilled lecturer and developer whose code contributes to safe and streamline operations of cloud service datacenters around the globe.			
<b>BIE-VAK.21</b>	<b>Selected Combinatorics Applications</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>3</b>
The course aims to introduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the basic courses, we approach the issue from applications to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some basic data structures. Furthermore, with the active participation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical) informatics. Areas from which we will select problems to be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optimization and more. Students will also try to implement solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools.			
<b>BIE-VMM</b>	<b>Selected Mathematical Methods</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The lecture begins with an introduction to the analysis of complex functions of a complex variable. Next, we present the Lebesgue integral. We then address Fourier series and their properties. Further, we introduce and study the properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and its fast implementation (FFT). We discuss the wavelet transform. We examine the linear programming problem in more detail and its solution using the Simplex algorithm. Each topic is demonstrated with interesting examples.			

BIE-TUR.21	User Interface Design	Z,ZK	5
Students gain a basic overview of methods for designing and testing common user interfaces. They get experience to solve the problems where software and other products do not communicate with the user optimally, since the needs and characteristics of users are not taken into account during product development. Students gain an overview of methods that bring users into the development process to ensure optimal interface for them.			
BIE-VR1.21	Virtual reality I	KZ	4
Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), virtual reality operations, metaverse, and creation. Rules and requirements for virtual worlds communication. The course focuses on the ways of creating virtual reality worlds and interactive activities in 3D worlds. It improves computational thinking, empathy, and shared social activities.			
BIE-ADW.1	Windows Administration	Z,ZK	4
Students understand the architecture and internals of the Windows OS and acquire the skills to administrate the Windows OS. They are able use the standard administration and security tools and apply advanced ActiveDirectory administration methods. They are able to solve problems by applying appropriate troubleshooting methods and administrate heterogeneous systems. Students are able to effectively configure centralised administration of a computer network.			
BIE-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			

Code of the group: NIE-V.21

Name of the group: Purely elective master's courses

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, <b>authors</b> and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
NIE-BLO	<b>Blockchain</b> Josef Gattermayer, Marek Bielík, Jakub R ži ka, Róbert Lórencz <b>Josef Gattermayer</b> Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	1P+2C	Z	v
NIE-CPX	<b>Complexity Theory</b> Dušan Knop, Ond ej Suchý <b>Dušan Knop</b> Dušan Knop (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	3P+1C	Z	v
NIE-VYC	<b>Computability</b> Jan Starý <b>Jan Starý</b> Jan Starý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NIE-MVI	<b>Computational Intelligence Methods</b> Pavel Kordík, Miroslav epek <b>Pavel Kordík</b> Pavel Kordík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-ARI	<b>Computer arithmetic</b> Pavel Kubalík <b>Pavel Kubalík</b> Pavel Kubalík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	v
NIE-SCE1	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master I</b> Hana Kubátová <b>Hana Kubátová</b> Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	Z	v
NIE-SCE2	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master II</b> Hana Kubátová <b>Hana Kubátová</b> Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	L	v
NI-DSW	<b>Design Sprint</b> Ond ej Brém, Michal Manda <b>Michal Manda</b> David Pešek (Gar.)	Z	2	30B	Z	v
NI-DID	<b>Digital drawing</b> Denisa Nová ková, Eliška Novotná <b>Denisa Nová ková</b> Denisa Nová ková (Gar.)	Z	2	4C	Z,L	v
NIE-EVY	<b>Efficient Text Pattern Matching</b> Jan Holub <b>Jan Holub</b> Jan Holub (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-GLR	<b>Games and reinforcement learning</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-GRI	<b>Grid Computing</b> André Sopczak, Petr Fiedler <b>André Sopczak</b> (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-HMI	<b>History of Mathematics and Informatics</b> Alena Šolcová <b>Alena Šolcová</b> Alena Šolcová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	3	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-DVG	<b>Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry</b> Maria Saumell Mendiola <b>Maria Saumell Mendiola</b> Maria Saumell Mendiola (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-AM2	<b>Middleware Architectures 2</b> Milan Doj inovski <b>Milan Doj inovski</b> Milan Doj inovski (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-PAM	<b>Parameterized Algorithms</b> Ond ej Suchý <b>Ond ej Suchý</b> Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-SYP	<b>Parsing and Compilers</b> Jan Janoušek <b>Jan Janoušek</b> Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-ROZ	<b>Pattern Recognition</b> Michal Haindl <b>Michal Haindl</b> Michal Haindl (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-PML	<b>Personalized Machine Learning</b> Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves <b>Karel Klouda</b> Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-AML	<b>Advanced machine learning</b> Zden k Buk, Miroslav epek, Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves, Petr Šimánek, Vojt ch Rybá <b>Miroslav epek</b> Miroslav epek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P + 1C	L	v

NIE-PDL	<b>Practical Deep Learning</b> <i>Martin Barus, Yauhen Babakhin <b>Karel Klouda</b> Karel Klouda (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-VPR	<b>Research Project</b> <i>Št pán Starosta Št pán Starosta Št pán Starosta (Gar.)</i>	Z	5		Z,L	v
NIE-SWE	<b>Semantic Web and Knowledge Graphs</b> <i>Milan Doj inovski Milan Doj inovski Milan Doj inovski (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NIE-HSC	<b>Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware</b> <i>Vojt ch Miškovský, Petr Socha Vojt ch Miškovský Vojt ch Miškovský (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	v
NIE-DDW	<b>Web Data Mining</b> <i>Milan Doj inovski Milan Doj inovski Milan Doj inovski (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-BPS	<b>Wireless Computer Networks</b> <i>Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-SEP	<b>World Economy and Business</b> <i>Tomáš Evan</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v

#### Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=NIE-V.21 Name=Purely elective master's courses

NIE-BLO	Blockchain			Z,ZK		5
Students will understand the foundations of blockchain technology, smart contract programming, and gain an overview of most notable blockchain platforms. They will be able to design, code and deploy a secure decentralized application, and assess whether integration of a blockchain is suitable for a given problem. The course places an increased emphasis on the relationship between blockchains and information security. It is concluded with a defense of a research or applied semester project, which prepares the students for implementing or supervising implementation of blockchain-based solutions in both academia and business.						
NIE-CPX	Complexity Theory			Z,ZK		5
Students will learn about the fundamental classes of problems in the complexity theory and different models of algorithms and about implications of the theory concerning practical (in)tractability of difficult problems.						
NIE-VYC	Computability			Z,ZK		4
Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.						
NIE-MVI	Computational Intelligence Methods			Z,ZK		5
Students will understand the basic methods and techniques of computational intelligence, which are based on traditional artificial intelligence, are parallel in nature and are applicable to solving a wide range of problems. The subject is also devoted to modern neural networks and the ways in which they learn and neuroevolution. Students will learn how these methods work and how to apply them to problems related to data extraction, management, intelligence in games and optimisation, etc.						
NIE-ARI	Computer arithmetic			Z,ZK		4
Students will learn various data representations used in digital devices and will be able to design arithmetic operations implementation units.						
NIE-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar Master I			Z		4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.						
NIE-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar Master II			Z		4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.						
NI-DSW	Design Sprint			Z		2
Students will work on projects using the Design Sprint method, developed by Google. Thanks to this method the teams are able to go from idea to validated prototype in 5 days. During the course the students will get familiar with the method as participants. Through practical challenges they will try the whole 5 day process starting with research and finishing with testing the prototypes (plus final presentation).						
NI-DID	Digital drawing			Z		2
The course will introduce students to the basic principals of digital drawing and graphical design. Students will gain understanding of composition, perspective and color theory, which they will practically apply in their own design works. Students will also gain experience in drawing and painting with digital and analog tools. The course is fit for anyone who wants to practice or learn drawing and painting. The course is organized as a thematic practices covering parts of theory and practical exercise to practice gained knowledge.						
NIE-EVY	Efficient Text Pattern Matching			Z,ZK		5
Students get knowledge of efficient algorithms for text pattern matching. They learn to use so called succinct data structures that are efficient in both access time and memory complexity. They will be able to use the knowledge in design of applications that utilize pattern matching.						
NI-GLR	Games and reinforcement learning			Z,ZK		4
The field of reinforcement learning is very hot recently, because of advances in deep learning, recurrent neural networks and general artificial intelligence. This course is intended to give you both theoretical and practical background so you can participate in related research activities. Presented in English.						
NI-GRI	Grid Computing			Z,ZK		5
Grid computing and gain knowledge about the world-wide network and computing infrastructure.						
NIE-HMI	History of Mathematics and Informatics			Z,ZK		3
The course focuses on selected topics from calculus, general algebra, number theory, numerical mathematics and logic - useful for today computer science. The topics are selected for finding some relations between computer science and mathematical methods. Some examples of applications of mathematics to computer sciences will be showed.						
NIE-DVG	Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry			Z,ZK		5
The course intends to introduce the students to the discipline of Discrete and Computational Geometry. The main goal of the course is to get familiar with the most fundamental notions of this discipline, and to be able to solve simple algorithmic problems with a geometric component.						
NIE-AM2	Middleware Architectures 2			Z,ZK		5
Students will learn new trends and technologies on the Web including theoretical foundations. They will gain an overview of Web application architectures, concepts and technologies for microservices, distributed cache and databases, smart contracts, realtime communication and web security.						

NIE-PAM	Parameterized Algorithms	Z,ZK	4
There are many optimization problems for which no polynomial time algorithms are known (e.g. NP-complete problems). Despite that it is often necessary to solve these problems exactly in practice. We will demonstrate that many problems can be solved much more effectively than by naively trying all possible solutions. Often one can find a common property (parameter) of the inputs from practice-e.g., all solutions are relatively small. Parameterized algorithms exploit that by limiting the time complexity exponentially in this (small) parameter and polynomially in the input size (which can be huge). Parameterized algorithms also represent a way to formalize the notion of effective polynomial time preprocessing of the input, which is not possible in the classical complexity. Such a polynomial time preprocessing is then a suitable first step, whatever is the subsequent solution method. We will present a plethora of parameterized algorithm design methods and we will also show how to prove that for some problem (and parameter) such an algorithm (presumably) does not exist. We will also not miss out the relations to other approaches to hard problems such as moderately exponential algorithms or approximation schemes.			
NIE-SYP	Parsing and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
The module builds upon the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of various variants and applications of LR parsing and are introduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.			
NIE-ROZ	Pattern Recognition	Z,ZK	5
The aim of the module is to give a systematic account of the major topics in pattern recognition with emphasis on problems and applications of the statistical approach to pattern recognition. Students will learn the fundamental concepts and methods of pattern recognition, including probability models, parameter estimation, and their numerical aspects.			
NIE-PML	Personalized Machine Learning	Z,ZK	5
Personalized machine learning (PML) is a sub-field of machine learning that aims to create models and predictions based on the unique characteristics and behaviors of individual entities. While PML is commonly used in applications such as recommender systems, which recommend items to users based on their personal interests, its principles can be applied to a wide range of other fields, including education, medicine, and chemical engineering. In this course, we will explore the latest PML methods from theoretical, algorithmic, and practical perspectives. Specifically, we will focus on cutting-edge models that are of interest to both the research and commercial communities.			
NI-AML	Advanced machine learning	Z,ZK	5
The course introduces students to selected advanced topics of machine learning and artificial intelligence. The topics present techniques in the field of recommendation systems, image processing, control and interconnection of physical laws with the field of machine learning. The aim of the exercise is to familiarize students with the methods discussed.			
NIE-PDL	Practical Deep Learning	KZ	5
This course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Deep Learning using PyTorch, a popular open-source machine learning framework. Throughout the course, students will develop practical skills in building and training deep neural networks, using PyTorch to solve real-world problems in fields such as computer vision and natural language processing.			
NIE-VPR	Research Project	Z	5
1. At the beginning of the semester, a student reserves her/his final thesis topic and gets together with its supervisor. Together they decide on partial tasks that should be carried out during the semester. If the requirements they agreed upon are met, the supervisor awards the student an assessment for the course MI-MPR at the end of the semester. 2. External Master these (MT) supervisor fills his/her assessment into the paper "Form to award assessment by an external Final theses (FT) supervisor" (for the courses BIE-BAP, MIE-MPR, MIE-DIP). Students, then, ensure that the assessment is registered into the information system (IS) by asking their internal FT opponent to award the assessment to the IS based on the confirmation of the external MT supervisor. In the case the FT opponent is external as well, the assessment will be registered to the IS by the head of the department responsible for the topic of the MT. 3. If the FT topic that the student has reserved is rather general, the immediate tasks the supervisor assigns to the student for the upcoming semester should aim at fine-tuning the FT topic so that the FTT will be complete and approvable at the end of the semester.			
NIE-SWE	Semantic Web and Knowledge Graphs	Z,ZK	5
The students will learn the most recent concepts and technologies of the Semantic Web. The course will provide an overview of the Semantic Web technologies, methods and best practices for modelling, integration, publishing, querying and consumption of semantic data. The students will also gain skills in creation of knowledge graphs and their systematic quality assurance.			
NIE-HSC	Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware	Z,ZK	4
This course is dedicated to so-called side-channel information leakage in hardware devices. It focuses on both theoretical analysis and practical attacks. Students get familiar with various kinds of side channels and they get deeper insight in power attacks. Students learn to implement various profiled and non-profiled attacks and get familiar with higher-order attacks. They also get practice in both designing the SCA countermeasures and analyzing the amount and characteristics of the side-channel information leakage.			
NIE-DDW	Web Data Mining	Z,ZK	5
Students will learn latest methods and technologies for web data acquisition, analysis and utilization of the discovered knowledge. Students will gain an overview of Web mining techniques for Web crawling, Web structure analysis, Web usage analysis, Web content mining and information extraction. Students will also gain an overview of most recent developments in the field of social web and recommendation systems.			
NIE-BPS	Wireless Computer Networks	Z,ZK	4
Students will learn about the modern technologies, protocols, and standards for wireless networks. They will understand the routing mechanisms in ad-hoc networks, multicast and broadcast mechanisms, and data flow control mechanisms. They will also learn about principles of communication in sensor networks. They get knowledge of security mechanisms for wireless networks and get skills of configuration of wireless network elements and simulation of wireless networks using suitable tools.			
NIE-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			

Code of the group: NI-V.2021

Name of the group: Purely Elective Master Courses

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group: In addition to the courses listed here, you can enroll as an elective any course that is offered within your study program and form of study that you did not enroll as a compulsory subject in the program/branch/specialization or a compulsory elective course. Courses of this group that a student has completed in the bachelor study at CTU cannot be re-completed.

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i>	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
NI-AOA	<b>Completing a professional event</b> <i>Zdeněk Muzikář</i>	Z	1			v
NI-ATH	<b>Algorithmic Theories of Games</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Tomáš Valla</i> <b>Tomáš Valla</b> <i>Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-AFP	<b>Applied Functional Programming</b> <i>Robert Pergl, Marek Suchánek, Daniel Nmec</i> <b>Robert Pergl</b> <i>Robert Pergl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-APH	<b>Architecture of computer games</b> <i>Adam Vesecký</i> <b>Adam Vesecký</b> <i>Adam Vesecký (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
ANI-VGA	<b>Video Games Architecture</b> <i>Jan Matoušek</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-BPS	<b>Wireless Computer Networks</b> <i>Jiří Kašpar, Alexandru Moucha</i> <b>Alexandru Moucha</b> <i>Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NIE-BLO	<b>Blockchain</b> <i>Josef Gattermayer, Marek Bielik, Jakub Růžka, Róbert Lórencz</i> <b>Josef Gattermayer</b> <i>Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	1P+2C	Z	v
NI-CTF	<b>Capture The Flag</b> <i>Ivana Trummová, Jiří Dostál, Martin Šutovský, Ladislav Marko, František Kovář</i> <b>Jiří Dostál</b> <i>Jiří Dostál (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
NI-DPH	<b>Game Design</b> <i>Adam Vesecký</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-DSW	<b>Design Sprint</b> <i>Ondřej Brém, Michal Manda</i> <b>Michal Manda</b> <i>David Pešek (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	30B	Z	v
NI-PSD	<b>Public Services Design</b> <i>Ondřej Brém, David Pešek</i> <b>David Pešek</b> <i>Ondřej Brém (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+2C		v
NI-DID	<b>Digital drawing</b> <i>Denisa Nováková, Eliška Novotná</i> <b>Denisa Nováková</b> <i>Denisa Nováková (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	4C	Z,L	v
NI-DZO	<b>Digital Image Processing</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-DDM	<b>Distributed Data Mining</b>	KZ	4	3C	L	v
NI-PAM	<b>Efficient Preprocessing and Parameterized Algorithms</b> <i>Ondřej Suchý</i> <b>Ondřej Suchý</b> <i>Ondřej Suchý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-ESC	<b>Experimental Project Course</b> <i>Ondřej Brém, Jan Matoušek</i> <b>Ondřej Brém</b> <i>Ondřej Brém (Gar.)</i>	KZ	8	0P+30B	L	v
NI-GLR	<b>Games and reinforcement learning</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-GNN	<b>Graph Neural Networks</b> <i>Miroslav Štěpánek</i> <b>Miroslav Štěpánek</b> <i>Miroslav Štěpánek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	1P+1C	L	v
NI-GRI	<b>Grid Computing</b> <i>André Sopczak, Petr Fiedler</i> <b>André Sopczak</b> <i>(Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-HCM	<b>Mind Hacking</b> <i>Marcel Jířina, Josef Holý</i> <b>Marcel Jířina</b> <i>Marcel Jířina (Gar.)</i>	ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-HSC	<b>Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware</b> <i>Vojtěch Miškovský, Petr Socha</i> <b>Petr Socha</b> <i>Vojtěch Miškovský (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	v
NI-HMI2	<b>History of Mathematics and Informatics</b> <i>Alena Šolcová</i> <b>Alena Šolcová</b> <i>Alena Šolcová (Gar.)</i>	ZK	3	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-IBE	<b>Information Security</b>	ZK	2	2P	Z	v
NI-IVS	<b>Intelligent embedded systems</b> <i>Miroslav Škrbek</i> <b>Miroslav Škrbek</b> <i>Miroslav Škrbek (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+3C	L	v
NI-IKM	<b>Internet and Classification Methods</b> <i>Martin Holeš</i> <b>Martin Holeš</b> <i>Martin Holeš (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	1P+1C	L	v
NI-IAM	<b>Internet and Multimedia</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-IOT	<b>Internet of Things</b>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-KTH	<b>Combinatorial Theories of Games</b> <i>Tomáš Valla</i> <b>Tomáš Valla</b> <i>Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-FMT	<b>Finite model theory</b> <i>Tomáš Jakl</i> <b>Tomáš Jakl</b> <i>Tomáš Jakl (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-CCC	<b>Creative Coding and Computational Art</b> <i>Radek Richtr, Josef Kortán</i> <b>Radek Richtr</b> <i>(Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	1P+2C	Z,L	v
NI-KYB	<b>Cybernality</b>	ZK	5	2P	Z	v
NI-LSM2	<b>Statistical Modelling Lab</b> <i>Kamil Dedecius</i> <b>Kamil Dedecius</b> <i>Kamil Dedecius (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	3C	Z,L	v
NI-LOM	<b>Linear Optimization and Methods</b> <i>Dušan Knop</i> <b>Dušan Knop</b> <i>Dušan Knop (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-MPL	<b>Managerial Psychology</b> <i>Jan Fiala</i> <b>Jan Fiala</b> <i>Jan Fiala (Gar.)</i>	ZK	2	2P	Z,L	v
NI-MSI	<b>Mathematical Structures in Computer Science</b> <i>Jan Stary</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-MZI	<b>Mathematics for data science</b> <i>Štěpán Starosta</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v

NI-MOP	<b>Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo</b> <i>Jan Blizni enko Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
NI-NLM	<b>Neural Language Models</b>	Z	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-NMU	<b>New media in art and design</b> <i>Zden k Svejkský Zden k Svejkský Zden k Svejkský (Gar.)</i>	ZK	3	2P+0C	Z	v
NI-OLI	<b>Linux Drivers</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek, Jaroslav Borecký Jaroslav Borecký Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NIE-PML	<b>Personalized Machine Learning</b> <i>Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves Karel Klouda Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-ARI	<b>Computer arithmetic</b> <i>Pavel Kubalík Pavel Kubalík Alois Pluhá ek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	v
NI-PG1	<b>Computer Grafics 1</b> <i>Radek Richtr Radek Richtr Radek Richtr (Gar.)</i>	ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-EDW	<b>Enterprise Data Warehouse Systems</b> <i>Jakub Krej í, Robert Kottlá Jakub Krej í Magda Friedjungová (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	1P+1C	L	v
NI-PVR	<b>Advanced Virtual Reality</b> <i>Petr Pauš Petr Pauš Petr Pauš (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-AML	<b>Advanced machine learning</b> <i>Zden k Buk, Miroslav epek, Rodrigo Augusto Da Silva Alves, Petr Šimánek, Vojt ch Rybá Miroslav epek Miroslav epek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P + 1C	L	v
NI-IOS	<b>Advanced techniques in iOS applications</b> <i>Rostislav Babá ek, Igor Rosocha, Jakub Olejník Martin P Ipitel Martin P Ipitel (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-APT	<b>Advanced Program Testing</b> <i>Pierre Donat-Bouillud Pierre Donat-Bouillud Pierre Donat-Bouillud (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-PVS	<b>Advanced embedded systems</b> <i>Miroslav Skrbek</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	v
NI-DNP	<b>Advanced .NET</b> <i>Nikolas Jíša, David Šenký David Šenký Nikolas Jíša (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-PYT	<b>Advanced Python</b> <i>Miroslav Hron ok</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
NIE-PDL	<b>Practical Deep Learning</b> <i>Martin Barus, Yauhen Babakhin Karel Klouda Karel Klouda (Gar.)</i>	KZ	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-GOL	<b>Programming of distributed systems in GO</b>	KZ	5	0P+3C	Z	v
NI-PSL	<b>Programming in Scala</b> <i>Ji í Dan ek Ji í Dan ek Ji í Dan ek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-RUB	<b>Programming in Ruby</b> <i>Cyril erný Cyril erný Cyril erný (Gar.)</i>	KZ	4	3C	Z	v
NI-ROZ	<b>Pattern Recognition</b> <i>Michal Haindl, Radek Richtr Michal Haindl Michal Haindl (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-PLS1	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b> <i>Pierre Donat-Bouillud</i>	Z	2	0P+1C	Z	v
NI-PLS2	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b> <i>Pierre Donat-Bouillud</i>	Z	2	0P+1C	L	v
NI-PLS3	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b> <i>Pierre Donat-Bouillud</i>	Z	2	0P+1C	Z	v
NI-PLS4	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b> <i>Pierre Donat-Bouillud, Filip K ikava Pierre Donat-Bouillud Pierre Donat-Bouillud (Gar.)</i>	Z	2	0P+1C	L	v
NI-SCE1	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master I</b> <i>Hana Kubátová Miroslav Skrbek Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
NI-SCE2	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master II</b> <i>Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
NI-SZ1	<b>Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master I</b> <i>Pavel Kordík Magda Friedjungová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
NI-SZ2	<b>Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master II</b> <i>Pavel Kordík Magda Friedjungová (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L,Z	v
PI-SCN	<b>Seminars on Digital Design</b> <i>Petr Fišer Petr Fišer Petr Fišer (Gar.)</i>	ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	v
NI-MLP	<b>Machine Learning in Practice</b> <i>Jan Hu ín Daniel Vašata Daniel Vašata (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	v
NI-SEP	<b>World Economy and Business</b> <i>Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z,L	v
NI-TVR	<b>Virtual Reality Technology</b> <i>Tomáš Nová ek Tomáš Nová ek Tomáš Nová ek (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	3	1P+1C	L,Z	v
NI-TS1	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master I</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	Z	v
NI-TS2	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master II</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L	v
NI-TS3	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master III</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	Z	v
NI-TS4	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master IV</b> <i>Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Suchý Tomáš Valla Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)</i>	Z	4	2C	L	v



NI-TKA	<b>Category Theory</b> <i>Jan Starý Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	v
NI-TNN	<b>Theory of Neural Networks</b> <i>Martin Hole a Martin Hole a Martin Hole a (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-CPX	<b>Complexity Theory</b> <i>Dušan Knop, Ond ej Suchý Ond ej Suchý Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	3P+1C	Z	v
FI-TOP	<b>Academic writing</b> <i>Tomáš Nová ek</i>	Z	2	10B	Z	v
NI-DVG	<b>Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry</b> <i>Maria Saumell Mendiola Maria Saumell Mendiola Maria Saumell Mendiola (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-VOL	<b>Elections</b> <i>Dušan Knop Dušan Knop Dušan Knop (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	v
NI-VYC	<b>Computability</b> <i>Jan Starý Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)</i>	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	v
NI-VPR	<b>Research Project</b> <i>Št pán Starosta Št pán Starosta Št pán Starosta (Gar.)</i>	Z	5		Z,L	v
NI-ZS10	<b>Master internship abroad for 10 credits</b> <i>Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	10		Z,L	v
NI-ZS20	<b>Master internship abroad for 20 credits</b> <i>Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	20		Z,L	v
NI-ZS30	<b>Master internship abroad for 30 credits</b> <i>Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)</i>	Z	30		Z,L	v

### Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=NI-V.2021 Name=Purely Elective Master Courses

NI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming	KZ	5
This course is presented in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradigms. Traditional and novel functional programming languages are on the rise nowadays and the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative languages (C++, C#, Java). As such, mastering this paradigm becomes a necessary competence of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice.			
NI-PSD	Public Services Design	KZ	4
The course will introduce students to specifics of UX, Service design and development for public sector. We will look into the design and development process from the perspective of suppliers (devs and designesr) as well as clients. In small teams students will work on projects from partner organizations and will try out collaboration with client representatives. Course is aimed at students-designers as well as clients.			
NI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	Z,ZK	4
This course presents a comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical algorithms that are both easy to implement and have an interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is also valuable outside the domain of digital image processing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDR compression, de-blurring in frequency domain, abstraction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray conversion, context enhancement, interactive as-rigid-as-possible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, adding depth, alpha matting.			
NI-DDM	Distributed Data Mining	KZ	4
Course focuses on state-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hands on experience with large scale data processing framework Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementations and will be capable to propose approaches to parallelize other algorithms. The course is preztented in czech language.			
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	Z,ZK	4
The NI-IAM course is focused on principles and modern technologies for network transmissions of audiovisual (AV) signals. The syllabus includes acquisition of AV signals (input), presentation of AV signals (output), network communication protocols, device interfaces, codecs, data formats and stereoscopy. We will look at practical use case scenarios of real-time audiovisual transmissions. Within the labs, students will practically assemble AV transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the effect of various components on the quality and latency of AV transmissions. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for end-to-end AV transmissions from the recording the scene up to the presentation for audience.			
NI-MPL	Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
NI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science	Z,ZK	4
Mathematical semantics of programming languages. Data types as continous lattices, Scott topology. Procedures as continuous mappings. The Scott model of lambda calculus. Introduction to category theory.			
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo	KZ	4
Object-oriented programming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, where its ability to natural abstraction is used to build complex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the skills of design and implementation of object systems in modern pure object system Pharo ( <a href="https://pharo.org">https://pharo.org</a> ). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development needs and areas of interest. In addition to deepening object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to work on interesting projects and OO technologies in terms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involvement in the Pharo Consortium.			
NI-OLI	Linux Drivers	Z,ZK	4
The Linux operating system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining powerful processors and FPGAs increase the variability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver development for master's students. The course provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical experience.			
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces the modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language features - e.g.pattern matching and advance standard library. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks and libraries e.g. Play, Cassandra, Scalaz, etc.			
FI-TOP	Academic writing	Z	2
Publishing is an important and required part of research activity. It is not only about obtaining research results but also about applying them in the form of publication. Writing scientific publications can be useful for students not only in their own publishing activities but also in the preparation of a bachelor's or master's thesis. In the course, students will learn how to write a scientific article, what parts such an article should have, and how the peer review process works. Students will also try their hand at presenting an article and reviewing someone else's article. The course will be taught in blocks, with one lecture at the beginning of the semester and one practicum in the middle of the semester. Dates will be determined based on the availability of enrolled students.			

<b>NI-VYC</b>	<b>Computability</b> Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.	Z,ZK	4
<b>NIE-BLO</b>	<b>Blockchain</b> Students will understand the foundations of blockchain technology, smart contract programming, and gain an overview of most notable blockchain platforms. They will be able to design, code and deploy a secure decentralized application, and assess whether integration of a blockchain is suitable for a given problem. The course places an increased emphasis on the relationship between blockchains and information security. It is concluded with a defense of a research or applied semester project, which prepares the students for implementing or supervising implementation of blockchain-based solutions in both academia and business.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NI-DSW</b>	<b>Design Sprint</b> Students will work on projects using the Design Sprint method, developed by Google. Thanks to this method the teams are able to go from idea to validated prototype in 5 days. During the course the students will get familiar with the method as participants. Through practical challenges they will try the whole 5 day process starting with research and finishing with testing the prototypes (plus final presentation).	Z	2
<b>NI-DID</b>	<b>Digital drawing</b> The course will introduce students to the basic principals of digital drawing and graphical design. Students will gain understanding of composition, perspective and color theory, which they will practically apply in their own design works. Students will also gain experience in drawing and painting with digital and analog tools. The course is fit for anyone who wants to practice or learn drawing and painting. The course is organized as a thematic practices covering parts of theory and practical exercise to practice gained knowledge.	Z	2
<b>NI-GLR</b>	<b>Games and reinforcement learning</b> The field of reinforcement learning is very hot recently, because of advances in deep learning, recurrent neural networks and general artificial intelligence. This course is intended to give you both theoretical and practical background so you can participate in related research activities. Presented in English.	Z,ZK	4
<b>NI-GRI</b>	<b>Grid Computing</b> Grid computing and gain knowledge about the world-wide network and computing infrastructure.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NIE-PML</b>	<b>Personalized Machine Learning</b> Personalized machine learning (PML) is a sub-field of machine learning that aims to create models and predictions based on the unique characteristics and behaviors of individual entities. While PML is commonly used in applications such as recommender systems, which recommend items to users based on their personal interests, its principles can be applied to a wide range of other fields, including education, medicine, and chemical engineering. In this course, we will explore the latest PML methods from theoretical, algorithmic, and practical perspectives. Specifically, we will focus on cutting-edge models that are of interest to both the research and commercial communities.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NI-AML</b>	<b>Advanced machine learning</b> The course introduces students to selected advanced topics of machine learning and artificial intelligence. The topics present techniques in the field of recommendation systems, image processing, control and interconnection of physical laws with the field of machine learning. The aim of the exercise is to familiarize students with the methods discussed.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NIE-PDL</b>	<b>Practical Deep Learning</b> This course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Deep Learning using PyTorch, a popular open-source machine learning framework. Throughout the course, students will develop practical skills in building and training deep neural networks, using PyTorch to solve real-world problems in fields such as computer vision and natural language processing.	KZ	5
<b>NI-AOA</b>	<b>Completing a professional event</b> The subject is participation in a one-off professional event, usually a lecture by a foreign guest of the FIT CTU, concluded with a workshop, a test, drafting a report, etc. Such an event must be approved in advance by the vice-dean for pedagogical activities or the vice-dean for science and research and is presented within the FIT through a website, infomail, etc.	Z	1
<b>NI-ATH</b>	<b>Algorithmic Theories of Games</b> Traditional game theory is a branch of mathematics, which has broad applications in economy, biology, politics and computer science. This theory studies the behaviour of agents (players) of a certain competitive process by designing a mathematical model and investigating the strategies. The traditional task of classical game theory is to find the equilibria, which are the states of the game where no player wants to deviate from his strategy. Due to the recent development of computers, internet, social networks, online auctions, advertising, multiagent systems and other concepts the algorithmic point of view is gaining attention. In addition to existential questions we study the problems of efficient computation of various solution concepts. In this course we introduce the basics of game theory of many players, solution concept (usually equilibria) and methods of their computation.	Z,ZK	4
<b>NI-APH</b>	<b>Architecture of computer games</b> Students will gain a basic understanding of the various issues in the field of computer games development, especially from a technical point of view, but also from design and philosophical perspective. They will get a grasp of component-oriented and functional-oriented architecture, game mechanics, decision-making processes and base components that form an integral part of most games. They will also understand the basics of pathfinding, networking and scripting and apply them in practical exercises (labs). An important part of the course is an implementation of a simple game, with a strong focus on nontrivial game mechanics.	Z,ZK	4
<b>ANI-VGA</b>	<b>Video Games Architecture</b> The course covers a wide range of topics, procedures and methodologies related to the development of computer games - from a technical point of view, but also from a design and philosophical point of view. In the lectures, students will be guided through the history of development, the structure of game engines, component and functional architecture typical of game development, physics, graphics, artificial intelligence and multiplayer. The exercises will then cover selected technological topics in greater detail, including ways of implementing some game mechanics, in the form of practical demonstrations.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NI-BPS</b>	<b>Wireless Computer Networks</b> Students will learn about the modern technologies, protocols, and standards for wireless networks. They will understand the routing mechanisms in ad-hoc networks, multicast and broadcast mechanisms, and data flow control mechanisms. They will also learn about principles of communication in sensor networks. They get knowledge of security mechanisms for wireless networks and get skills of configuration of wireless network elements and simulation of wireless networks using suitable tools.	Z,ZK	4
<b>NI-CTF</b>	<b>Capture The Flag</b> The course is designed to introduce students to CTF competitions and let them gain practical experience in the field of cyber security.	KZ	4
<b>NI-DPH</b>	<b>Game Design</b> The course complements the NI-APH (Architecture of Computer Games) and BI-VHS (Virtual gaming worlds) course, while focusing primarily on game design. It is intended for people interested in deeper knowledge of the principles used for games design, such as: level design, gameplay design, character design, game mechanics design, storytelling, and game development cycle. The students will get an overview of game development from the designer's perspective, from theoretical concepts to practical implementation applied to semestral projects.	Z,ZK	5
<b>NI-PAM</b>	<b>Efficient Preprocessing and Parameterized Algorithms</b> There are many optimization problems for which no polynomial time algorithms are known (e.g. NP-complete problems). Despite that it is often necessary to solve these problems exactly in practice. We will demonstrate that many problems can be solved much more effectively than by naively trying all possible solutions. Often one can find a common property (parameter) of the inputs from practice-e.g., all solutions are relatively small. Parameterized algorithms exploit that by limiting the time complexity exponentially in this (small) parameter and polynomially in the input size (which can be huge). Parameterized algorithms also represent a way to formalize the notion of effective polynomial time preprocessing of the input, which is not possible in the classical complexity. Such a polynomial time preprocessing is then a suitable first step, whatever is the subsequent solution method. We will present a plethora of parameterized algorithm design methods and we will also show how to prove that for some problem (and parameter) such an algorithm (presumably) does not exist. We will also not miss out the relations to other approaches to hard problems such as moderately exponential algorithms or approximation schemes.	Z,ZK	4

NI-ESC	Experimental Project Course	KZ	8
"The Design Project course offers a holistic exploration of the design process, providing students with a well-rounded understanding of the principles, methodologies, and tools used in designing technology-driven solutions that are user-centric and industry-relevant. Throughout the semester, students will work on real-world design projects, collaborate with industry experts, and learn to integrate theory with practical application. Through a hands-on, project-based learning approach, students will develop their skills in user-centered design and user experience evaluation, as well as gain experience working in a team to design and prototype a functional solution."			
NI-GNN	Graph Neural Networks	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces students to advanced artificial intelligence techniques for working with graphs. Lectures will focus on the latest graph neural networks for creating vector representations of nodes, edges and entire graphs. The techniques discussed cover various types of graphs, including time-varying graphs. The last part of the course also covers graph generation and interpretability of graph neural networks. In the exercises, students will try out selected techniques and problems.			
NI-HCM	Mind Hacking	ZK	5
Cognitive security is an emerging discipline that is closely related to cyber security. While the domain of cyber security is the protection of networks, information systems and assets, the domain of cognitive security is the protection of the human mind from intentional and unintentional digital manipulation. The topic of cognitive security is growing in importance in the context of information warfare, increasing digital dependence and the development of artificial intelligence, where these phenomena from the Internet environment have real societal impacts such as disruption of social cohesion, threats to democracy or war.			
NI-HSC	Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware	Z,ZK	4
This course is dedicated to so-called side-channel information leakage in hardware devices. It focuses on both theoretical analysis and practical attacks. Students get familiar with various kinds of side channels and they get deeper insight in power attacks. Students learn to implement various profiled and non-profiled attacks and get familiar with higher-order attacks. They also get practice in both designing the SCA countermeasures and analyzing the amount and characteristics of the side-channel information leakage.			
NI-HMI2	History of Mathematics and Informatics	ZK	3
This course is presented in Czech. Selected topics {Infinitesimal calculus, probability, number theory, general algebra, different examples of algorithms, transformations, recursive functions, elliptic curves, etc.) note on possibilities of applications of some mathematical methods in informatics and its development.			
NI-IBE	Information Security	ZK	2
Students learn information and IS/ICT security management systems (ISMS), methods for information access control, and basic norms and international standards in this area. They understand methods for management of internal and external security threats, for IS/IT security audits, and for application security testing (e.g., penetration testing).			
NI-IVS	Intelligent embedded systems	KZ	4
Intelligent embedded systems course for master's degree is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The course is an advance version of the Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course for the bachelor degree. The aim of the course is to teach students humanoid robot programming and advance application development. Lectures provide basis of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students develop advanced applications combining knowledge of various courses like nature inspired algorithms, data mining algorithms, image recognition and web technologies			
NI-IKM	Internet and Classification Methods	Z,ZK	4
In this course, the students get acquainted with classification methods used in four important internet, or generally network applications: in spam filtering, in recommendation systems, in malware detection systems and in intrusion detection systems. However, they will learn more than only how classification is performed when solving these four kinds of problems. On the background of these applications, they get an overview of the fundamentals of classification methods. The course is taught in a 2-weeks cycle with 2-hour lectures and 2-hour exercises. During the exercises, the students on the one hand implement simple examples to topics from the lectures, on the other hand consult their semester tasks.			
NI-IOT	Internet of Things	Z,ZK	4
The subject is focused on the area of hardware and software technologies for the strongly growing computer support of various devices. Its goal is familiarization with available development elements (Raspberry Pi, Arduino Due) and with the language for efficient application development and modification (GNU Forth).			
NI-KTH	Combinatorial Theories of Games	Z,ZK	4
Traditional game theory is a branch of mathematics, which has broad applications in economy, biology, politics and computer science. This theory studies the behaviour of agents (players) of a certain competitive process by designing a mathematical model and investigating the strategies. The traditional task of classical game theory is to find the equilibria, which are the states of the game where no player wants to deviate from his strategy. Historically, the second big development in game theory of two-player full-information combinatorial games, was by Conway, Berlekamp and Guy. They developed a theory, originally used for solving end-games in Go, into a full fledged field. The idea is to evaluate games such that otherwise incompatible games can be added, that is, played simultaneously. This led to the algebraic approach to study combinatorial games. The third most important step is the work of Beck, who established the theory of positional games (like tic-tac-toe and hex). In analysis of these game, one cannot escape the brute-force traversal of the game tree, which is not efficient. Beck introduced the "false probabilistic method", which aims to tackle this problem. In this course we build the foundation of the theory of combinatorial and positional games. We focus on theoretical analysis of games and building the theory, not on the programming aspects of game solving algorithms. The course requires independent work, ability to mathematically analyse, think and proof. The course is also suitable for bachelors student in the third year, who attended introduction to graph theory, as well as for PhD students looking for research topics.			
NI-FMT	Finite model theory	Z,ZK	4
The aim of the course is to introduce students to the basics of finite model theory. The original motivation is the questions expressibility and verifiability of logical properties of database systems. Since its inception in the 1970s, the course has evolved rapidly and touched on many other areas of theoretical computer science, such as descriptive complexity theory, the Constraint Satisfaction Problem (CSP), the theory of algorithmic meta-theorems and combinatorics.			
NI-CCC	Creative Coding and Computational Art	KZ	4
Students work on practical tasks, get acquainted with creative and yet proven methods of visualizing various types of data. The course freely follows the basic graphics courses (MGA, BLE,) and introduces students to suitable visualization methods for traditional as well as for open data. It combines well-known visualization techniques with artistic methods using modern technologies. The aim is to create an interesting visualization project. It is planned to work closely with IPR CAMP (Center of Architecture and Metropolitan Planning) and IIM (Institute of Intermedia FEL).			
NI-KYB	Cybernality	ZK	5
Students get acquainted with the fundamentals of legislation and international activities in the area of fighting cybercrime. Students will understand the classification of attacks and have an overview of systems for computer surveillance and traffic monitoring in the cyberspace. Students will also familiarize themselves with hacker activities and behavior. The course will also discuss the cooperation of the state agencies and subjects dealing with defence of the cyberspace (especially CSIRT and CERT teams).			
NI-LSM2	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The topic of LSM2 is advanced multiple target tracking (MTT). This domain covers simultaneous tracking of multiple targets using radar under the presence of clutter, or video tracking. We aim at the state-of-the-art filters, in particular the PHD (Probability Hypothesis Density) and PMBM (Poisson Multi-Bernoulli) filters.			
NI-LOM	Linear Optimization and Methods	Z,ZK	5
Students learn the applications of optimization methods in computer science, economics, and industry. They are aware of practical importance of linear and integer programming. They are able to work with optimization software and are familiar with languages used in programming of that software. They get skills in formalization of optimization problems in computer science (such as scheduling of tasks to processors, analysis of network flows), distribution and allocation of resources (transportation problems, travelling salesman problems, etc.), issues from economics, and modelling of conflicts via the game theory. They get an overview of computational complexity of optimization problems. They get orientation in algorithms in linear programming.			
NI-MZI	Mathematics for data science	Z,ZK	4
In this course, students are introduced to those fields of mathematics that are necessary for understanding standard methods and algorithms used in data science. The studied topics include mainly: linear algebra (matrix factorisations, eigenvalues, diagonalization), continuous optimisation (optimisation with constraints, duality principle, gradient methods) and selected notions from probability theory and statistics.			

<b>NI-NLM</b>	<b>Neural Language Models</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>5</b>
In this course, students will learn the technical foundations of the Transformer architecture as well as the practical aspects of using language models. The goal of the course is to teach students how to use language models to solve problems, make informed risk assessments, and work critically with the scientific literature.			
<b>NI-NMU</b>	<b>New media in art and design</b>	<b>ZK</b>	<b>3</b>
The course introduces students to the issue of using new media in artistic and design work. Key topics are moving image, internet, computer game and sound. The main goal is to familiarize the student with the largest possible range of creative approaches in new media. The subject emphasizes dialogue with students, especially in lectures devoted to specific art projects.			
<b>NI-ARI</b>	<b>Computer arithmetic</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will learn various data representations used in digital devices and will be able to design arithmetic operations implementation units.			
<b>NI-PG1</b>	<b>Computer Grafics 1</b>	<b>ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course builds on graphic courses (mainly BI-PGA and BI-PGR) and the knowledge from these courses is deepened by state-of-the-art knowledge. The course is designed for those interested in advanced computer graphics. Students will gain practical knowledge with realistic texturing and raytracing methods. An integral part of the course is the study of scientific articles and their subsequent implementation. The course will be followed by a course PG2 supplementing the knowledge of PG1 on other areas and topics of computer graphics.			
<b>NI-EDW</b>	<b>Enterprise Data Warehouse Systems</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The Enterprise Data Warehouses course focuses on the area of business intelligence. Students will be introduced to business intelligence methods and will gain practical knowledge not only in designing warehouses and various architectures, but also their deployment and maintenance. This course also includes an introduction to the area of reporting and data visualization.			
<b>NI-PVR</b>	<b>Advanced Virtual Reality</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The course introduces advanced parts of the virtual reality. It is a continuation of the already running graphic objects, especially the creation of 3D models in Blender, and among other things, it introduces students to their application in virtual reality. Lectures will focus on virtual reality technology, its use in various applications and will also deal with creating applications in available 3D engines (mainly Unity3D). The course is freely connected with the subject VHS (virtual game worlds), students will be able to apply the knowledge gained in this subject in virtual reality, or directly create a complex game for VR.			
<b>NI-IOS</b>	<b>Advanced techniques in iOS applications</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will learn the latest trends in mobile development technologies for iOS platform. Class covers advanced topics, students need to know all the basics from the beginners class BI-IOS.			
<b>NI-APT</b>	<b>Advanced Program Testing</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Testing a program is essential to ensure that a program respects its specification, that changes do not introduce regressions or security issues. The goal of the course is to present advanced program testing techniques, beyond writing unit tests, especially fuzzing and symbolic execution.			
<b>NI-PVS</b>	<b>Advanced embedded systems</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course is focused on ARM processors and microcontrollers and their usage in wide range of applications. The course includes a series of advanced topics like security support, working with mass storage devices, motor control, system control and industrial communication. The students obtain both theoretical and also practical experiences with embedded systems.			
<b>NI-DNP</b>	<b>Advanced .NET</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will acquire an overview of platform .NET and will gain knowledge about technologies ASP.NET Core, Entity Framework Core, .NET MAUI (WPF, UWP), Blazor and also will get notions of Azure DevOps and GIT. Students will get practical experience in semestral work where they will create a client-server application utilizing technologies ASP.NET Core, Entity Framework Core and (Blazor, .NET MAUI or WPF) and also Azure DevOps and GIT.			
<b>NI-PYT</b>	<b>Advanced Python</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The goal of this course is to learn various advanced techniques and methods in Python. The course indirectly continues where Programming in Python (BI-PYT) left of. The course is very hands-on and it has only tutorials, everything is demonstrated on examples. Classification is based on work in class as well as semestral coursework. The course is lead by external teachers from Red Hat.			
<b>NI-GOL</b>	<b>Programming of distributed systems in GO</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>NI-RUB</b>	<b>Programming in Ruby</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
This course is presented in Czech.			
<b>NI-ROZ</b>	<b>Pattern Recognition</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The aim of the module is to give a systematic account of the major topics in pattern recognition with emphasis on problems and applications of the statistical approach to pattern recognition. Students will learn the fundamental concepts and methods of pattern recognition, including probability models, parameter estimation, and their numerical aspects.			
<b>NI-PLS1</b>	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
<b>NI-PLS2</b>	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
<b>NI-PLS3</b>	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
<b>NI-PLS4</b>	<b>Programming Language Seminar</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
<b>NI-SCE1</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master I</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
<b>NI-SCE2</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar Master II</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			

<b>NI-SZ1</b>	<b>Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master I</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
On this seminar you will present a research paper from a top institute / research group to your peers. You will learn what is being cooked in top research labs around the world. Additionally, you will learn how to properly present and read scientific papers. The work in the seminar will prepare you to attend (and profit from) top machine learning and AI conferences and summer schools, as well as FIT's own Summer Research Program (VyLet).			
<b>NI-SZ2</b>	<b>Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master II</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
On this seminar you will present a research paper from a top institute / research group to your peers. You will learn what is being cooked in top research labs around the world. Additionally, you will learn how to properly present and read scientific papers. The work in the seminar will prepare you to attend (and profit from) top machine learning and AI conferences and summer schools, as well as FIT's own Summer Research Program (VyLet).			
<b>PI-SCN</b>	<b>Seminars on Digital Design</b>	<b>ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
This subject deals with problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description of digital circuits and basic logic synthesis and optimization algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial problems emerging in EDA.			
<b>NI-MLP</b>	<b>Machine Learning in Practice</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Applying machine learning methods to real projects in practice involves many other necessary tasks - from understanding the intentions of the client to, ideally, technical implementation. The course guides students through all phases of a project according to the standard CRISP-DM methodology, not only theoretically but also practically. The aim is to experience real data processing and learn how to describe the whole process from exploration to evaluation of the model performance in the form of a clear and understandable report.			
<b>NI-SEP</b>	<b>World Economy and Business</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (N1801 / 4793). The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
<b>NI-TVR</b>	<b>Virtual Reality Technology</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>3</b>
Students will be introduced to the basic concepts of virtual reality. Techniques for displaying virtual worlds (CAVE, HMD, ...) and the possibilities of controlling virtual avatars (position tracking, hand tracking, eye tracking) will be discussed. Furthermore, the concepts of mixed and augmented reality will be introduced. Finally, ways of using virtual and augmented reality will be presented.			
<b>NI-TS1</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master I</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>NI-TS2</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master II</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>NI-TS3</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master III</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>NI-TS4</b>	<b>Theoretical Seminar Master IV</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
<b>NI-TKA</b>	<b>Category Theory</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>NI-TNN</b>	<b>Theory of Neural Networks</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
In this course, we study neural networks from the point of view of the theory of function approximation and from the point of view of probability theory. At first, we recall basic concepts pertaining to artificial neural Networks, such as neurons and connections between them, types of neurons from the point of view of signal transmission, network topology, somatic and synaptic mappings, network training, and the role of time in neural networks. In connection with network topology, we get acquainted with its transformation into a canonical topology, and in connection with somatic and synaptic mappings, with their composition into mappings computed by the Network. Finally in connection with training, we pay attention to the problem of overtraining and to the fact that training is actually a specific optimization task, recalling the most typical objective functions and the most important optimization methods employed for neural network training. We will see the meaning of all these concepts in the context of common kinds of forward neural networks. Within the topic approximation approach to neural networks, we first notice the connection of neural networks to expressing functions of many variables using functions of fewer variables (Kolmogorov theorem, Vituškin theorem). Afterwards, we will see how the universal approximation capacity of neural networks can be mathematically formalized as the sets of mappings computed by neural networks being dense in important Banach spaces of functions, in particular in the spaces of continuous functions, spaces of functions integrable with respect to a finite measure, spaces of functions with continuous derivatives, and Sobolev spaces. Within the topic probabilistic approach, we first get acquainted with training based on expectation and training based on a random sample, and with probabilistic assumptions about training data with which those two kinds of neural networks can be employed. We will see how it is possible to get an estimate of the conditional expectancy of network outputs conditioned by its inputs using the expectancy based learning. We recall the strong and the weak law of large numbers and get acquainted with an analogy of the strong law of large numbers for neural networks and with the assumptions for its validity. Finally, we recall the central limit theorem, get acquainted with its analogy for neural networks, with the assumptions for its validity and with the hypothesis tests based on it. We will see how those tests can be employed to search for the topology of the network.			
<b>NI-CPX</b>	<b>Complexity Theory</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Students will learn about the fundamental classes of problems in the complexity theory and different models of algorithms and about implications of the theory concerning practical (in)tractability of difficult problems.			
<b>NI-DVG</b>	<b>Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The course intends to introduce the students to the discipline of Discrete and Computational Geometry. The main goal of the course is to get familiar with the most fundamental notions of this discipline, and to be able to solve simple algorithmic problems with a geometric component.			
<b>NI-VOL</b>	<b>Elections</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
We will cover the basics of (committee) elections and, in general, opinion aggregation.			
<b>NI-VPR</b>	<b>Research Project</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>5</b>
Student obtains the credits for published scientific outputs. The details are at <a href="https://courses.fit.cvut.cz/NI-VPR/en">https://courses.fit.cvut.cz/NI-VPR/en</a> .			
<b>NI-ZS10</b>	<b>Master internship abroad for 10 credits</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>10</b>
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			

<b>NI-ZS20</b>	<b>Master internship abroad for 20 credits</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>20</b>
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
<b>NI-ZS30</b>	<b>Master internship abroad for 30 credits</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>30</b>
The course is presented in Czech language. Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			

## List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
ANI-VGA	Video Games Architecture	Z,ZK	5
The course covers a wide range of topics, procedures and methodologies related to the development of computer games - from a technical point of view, but also from a design and philosophical point of view. In the lectures, students will be guided through the history of development, the structure of game engines, component and functional architecture typical of game development, physics, graphics, artificial intelligence and multiplayer. The exercises will then cover selected technological topics in greater detail, including ways of implementing some game mechanics, in the form of practical demonstrations.			
BI-3DT.1	3D Printing	KZ	4
BI-A2L	English language, preparation for the B2 level exam	Z	2
The content of the course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement - students are due to: -Take an active part in the language instruction. -Meet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation Paper. -Succeed in both the midterm and the final term tests with the success rate set at 70%. -80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by individual teachers during the first class of the term.			
BI-ACM	Programming Practices 1	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM2	Programming Practices 2	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM3	Programming Practices 3	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ACM4	Programming Practices 4	KZ	5
This is a selective course for preparing talented student for representation in international programming contests.			
BI-ADW.1	Windows Administration	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).			
BI-ALO	Algebra and Logic	Z,ZK	4
The course extends and deepens the study of topics touched upon in the basic course in logic.			
BI-AND.21	Programming for the Android Operating System	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-ANGK	English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam	Z	2
The content of the course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement - students are due to: -Take an active part in the language instruction. -Meet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation Paper. -Succeed in both the midterm and the final term tests with the success rate set at 70%. -80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by individual teachers during the first class of the term.			
BI-ARD	Interactive applications on Arduino	KZ	4
The subject is designed for students of first grade of bachelor study as introduction to embedded systems. Students will learn how to design simple applications for modern programmable kits and control varied peripherals with help of available libraries. The goal of the subject is to show varied software approaches to control embedded systems, i.e. to see the results not only on display of a PC. Thanks to possible control on higher (objective) layer, this platform is frequently used for artist performance and therefore is suitable even for Web and Software Engineering students.			
BI-AVI.21	Algorithms visually	Z,ZK	4
The course complements other algorithm courses at FIT. It brings knowledge about particular important algorithms from different fields of the computer science that extend substantially knowledge presented in BI-AG1 and BI-AG2. A wide scope of covered subject is made possible due to using visualization by Algovision ( <a href="http://www.algovision.org">www.algovision.org</a> and <a href="http://www.algovision.org">http://www.algovision.org</a> ) that make understanding the principles of algorithms easy.			
BI-BLE	Blender	Z,ZK	4
The course extends knowledge of opensource program Blender from BI-MGA (Multimedia and Graphics Applications) course. It is intended for those interested in 3D graphics and animation. It offers a complete and practically oriented introduction to Blender environment. Students may continue to BI-PGA (Programming graphics applications) course.			
BI-CCN	Compiler Construction	Z,ZK	5
This is an introductory class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of compilers for students to understand the design and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching theme of the class.			
BI-CS1	Programming in C#	KZ	4
The goal of the course is to introduce .NET Framework as a multi-language development platform. Then, programming language C#, its fundamental construction, types of variables, operators, arrays, loops, definitions and calls of functions will be discussed. Attention is focused on the object oriented programming in C# - class definition and class instancing, constructors, methods, properties, static members, Garbage Collector, inheritance and polymorphism, collections, delegates, and generics. Debugging and exception processing, as well as work with files are emphasized.			

BI-CS2	C# language and data access	KZ	4
The C# language and data access course objective is to introduce students several data access technologies - database, XML, NoSQL - on the Microsoft platform. The students will get to know objects used to retrieve data - Connection, Command, Data Reader and DataAdapter v ADO.NET. Next, they will learn to use current technologies such as LINQ - a set of features for querying and updating data, integrated directly with the .NET platform languages, which enable LINQ use with Objects, XML and SQL (LINQ to Objects, LINQ to XML and LINQ to SQL). Another objective is the Entity Framework - an object-relational mapper that enables .NET developers to work with relational data using domain-specific objects (ORM). This part of the course introduces Code First, Database First, Model First approaches. The students will also get to know the Conceptual Model, Storage Model and Mapping (XML description).			
BI-CS3	Language C# - design of web applications	KZ	4
The students will be introduced to current technologies in web application development on the .NET platform. They will acquire a comprehensive overview of the development possibilities on this platform. They will learn to create WebAPI and to use it by client programs.			
BI-EHD	Introduction to European Economic History	Z,ZK	3
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).			
BI-EJK	Enterprise Java and Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
The course is on advanced technologies in the Java and Kotlin programming languages. The focus is on technologies for developing enterprise information systems with microservice architecture, that can be deployed to the cloud.			
BI-EP1.24	Effective programming 1	KZ	4
The course is taught in Czech.			
BI-EP2	Efficient Programming 2	KZ	4
Continuation of Efficient Programming 1. Students will practice implementation of algorithms by solving typical problems. Various ways of solving individual problems are discussed, with the aim to choose the best one and avoid implementation errors.			
BI-HAM	HW accelerated network traffic monitoring	KZ	4
This course introduces students to modern and widely used technologies and principles in the area of network infrastructure and traffic monitoring. The monitoring and analysis of network traffic are mandatory skills to network operators (planning and development of resources and infrastructure) and security analysts alike (as a source of information and data for analysis). The goals of the course are to acquaint students with the modern trends and cornerstone principles in the area of monitoring network traffic on a hardware and software level and to develop their practical abilities in this field.			
BI-HAS	Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security	Z,ZK	5
This course is for students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for developers. Students of this course can use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.			
BI-HMI	History of Mathematics and Informatics	Z,ZK	3
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-KOT	Programing in Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
Kotlin is a modern, statically-styled object-functional language that exploits the extensive Java language ecosystem while delivering a number of advanced language constructions. The language is fully Java compliant and allows for mixed projects that preserve existing parts written in Java, and continue with the development of a modern, object-functional way with minimum of boiler-plate code. Last but not least, Kotlin is suitable for designing of DSLs (Domain-Specific Languages).			
BI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology	ZK	2
The one-semester course aims to acquaint students with the basics of social and cultural anthropology as a scientific discipline dealing with the diversity of the world - examples from anthropological research from our "exotic" cultures (topics: kinship, religion, social exclusion, migration, globalization, , material culture, language, health, history, death, etc ...) will be shown. The course is presented in Czech.			
BI-MIT	Mikrotik technologies	KZ	3
The main motivation of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies which are commonly used by the small and middle internet service providers (ISPs). The students learn how to use and create the architectures of the network solutions which are based on the metallic, optical or wireless links and how to administrate and practically deploy them. The successful completion of this subject requires the previous knowledge of elementary computer networks concepts like protocols and technologies of the data-link, network and transport layer of the OSI model.			
BI-MMP	Multimedia team project	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-MPP.21	Methods of interfacing peripheral devices	Z,ZK	5
The course is focused on methods for interfacing of peripheral devices. Interfacing of real peripheral devices is focused on techniques based on Universal serial bus (USB). The course includes both PC side and peripheral devices side. Labs are practically oriented. Students gain experience with implementation of relevant parts of USB devices, Linux and Windows drivers, simple application development, and APIs of selected devices.			
BI-MVT.21	Modern Visualisation Technologies	Z,ZK	5
The goal of the course is to give an overview of modern visualization technologies and their principles, namely technologies related to virtual and augmented reality, visualization on high resolution displays (e.g., SAGE and video mapping) and their applications in practice. Several lectures deal with the content creation for the mentioned technologies, namely fractal and procedural visualization, scientific data visualization, and 3D model scanning.			
BI-ORL	Operations Research and Linear Programming	KZ	5
The subject aims to introduce students to the issues of operational research and primarily to the practical application of linear programming as a fundamental optimization technique. Operational research primarily focuses on the use of engineering methods (with a mathematical background) to solve practical problems (such as management).			
BI-PJV	Programming in Java	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).			
BI-PKM	Introduction to mathematics	Z	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-PMA	Programming in Mathematica	Z,ZK	4
Students will be working with modern technical and scientific software. Students will learn how to use different programming styles (functional programming, rule-based programming, etc.), how to create dynamic interactive applications and visualisations, data processing and presentations.			
BI-PS2	Programming in shell 2	Z,ZK	4
Students gain a general overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.			
BI-QAP	Quantum algorithms and programming	KZ	5
Course aims at giving students hands-on experience with quantum computers and their programming. We focus on fundamentals of quantum mechanics, on which quantum technologies are based, and algorithms showing advantages and limitations of quantum computing. During tutorials students work in open-source software development kit Qiskit, which is based			

on Python language. Knowledge of linear algebra at the level of BI-LA1 and BI-LA2 (or BI-LIN) is necessary. Previous completion of BI-MA2 or BI-VMM and experience with Python might be an advantage. No previous knowledge of physics is assumed.			
BI-QUA	Quality Assurance	KZ	4
This course introduces students to the fundamentals of testing and quality management. Students will learn what the role of a tester is in the context of different types of software development and will experience hands-on application testing using both manual and automated testing. At the end of the semester, the student should be prepared to perform a test analysis, design a set of test scenarios, prepare test data, automate an appropriate portion of the scenarios, and prepare a report on the bugs found in the product under test.			
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
BI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar II	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
BI-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
BI-SKJ.21	Scripting Languages	Z,ZK	4
Students gain a general overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.			
BI-SQL.1	Language SQL, advanced	KZ	4
Module is based on knowledge obtained in BI-DBS. Students become familiar with advanced relational and non-relational features of SQL language. In particular stored program unites, triggers, recursive queries, OLAP support, object-relational constructions. Part of the course is dedicated to practical database optimization from the point of view of specialized database structures like indexes, clusters, index-organized tables, and materialized views. as well as from the point of view query optimization. Execution plan and possibilities of its. changes will be discussed. Lectures will usually discuss SQL standard, but many features will be demonstrated on Oracle DBMS. Seminars are based on Oracle DBMS and partially on PostgreSQL.			
BI-ST1	Network Technology 1	Z	3
The subject is oriented to providing the students basic information and practical skills from the area of digital and IP networks. The subject is accredited under the Cisco Netacad - CCNA1 - R&S Introduction to Networks.			
BI-ST2	Network Technology 2	Z	3
This course is presented in Czech.			
BI-ST3	Network Technology 3	Z	3
Students will further enhance their knowledge acquired from previous BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses will get further extended in the course. Students will be able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, predictability, extension beyond a simple topology, security, etc.			
BI-ST4	Network Technology 4	Z	3
Students will further enhance their knowledge already acquired from previous BI-ST1, BI-ST2, and BI-ST3 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses got further extended in BI-ST3. Students were able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, predictability, extension beyond a simple topology, security, etc. This module teaches students to configure and fine-tune Wide Area Networks and to experience a completely other type of network (Non Broadcast Multiple Access) which radically differs from well-known Ethernet (broadcast) type of networks. Students will also manage router and switch firmware, perform password recoveries, and emergency procedures. Also the security aspect is treated; students will learn possible intra- and inter-network attacks and the mitigation ways while maintaining the network running.			
BI-TEX	TeX and Typography	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. This course gives basics of programming in TeX (plain TeX, ConTeXt, LaTeX, OpTeX, LuaTeX). Te second part of the course focuses on typographic rules.			
BI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar I	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
BI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar II	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
BI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar III	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
BI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar IV	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
BI-ULI	Introduction to Linux	Z	2
Students become familiar with the basics of the Linux operating system using e-learning form. They learn to work with the command line and become familiar with basic commands and techniques of a Unix-like system. Topics can be studied first theoretically and then practically verified in a virtual machine (terminal).			
BI-VAK.21	Selected Applications of Combinatorics	Z	3
The course aims to introduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the basic courses, we approach the issue from applications to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some basic data structures. Furthermore, with the active participation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical) informatics. Areas from which we			



will select problems to be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optimization and more. Students will also try to implement solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools.			
BI-VMM	Selected Mathematical Methods	Z,ZK	4
The lecture begins with an introduction to the analysis of complex functions of a complex variable. Next, we present the Lebesgue integral. We then address Fourier series and their properties. Further, we introduce and study the properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and its fast implementation (FFT). We discuss the wavelet transform. We examine the linear programming problem in more detail and its solution using the Simplex algorithm. Each topic is demonstrated with interesting examples.			
BI-VR1	Virtual reality I	KZ	4
Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), virtual reality operating system and virtual reality creation. Another objective is to meet the rules and requirements of virtual worlds communication. The course focuses on the ways of teaching using virtual reality technologies and interactive activities in educational virtual 3D worlds. It improves computational thinking, empathy and shared social activities.			
BI-VR2	Virtual reality II	KZ	3
Continuation of the course Virtual Reality I. The new course focuses on collaborative telepresence, spatial computing and social life of avatars. The objective is to develop applications for computer science and gamification in various social metaverse and desktop engines.			
BI-ZIVS	Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals	KZ	4
Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The aim of the course is to teach students modern humanoid robot control and development of applications in a graphical development environment. Lectures provide fundamentals of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students program a set of basic task by using the robot simulator and real hardware to get practical experience with these technologies.			
BI-ZPI	Process engineering	KZ	4
Students will learn fundamentals of process engineering in this subject. Students will get necessary foundations for understanding formal principles of process modelling and they will learn basics of the used notations (UML, BPMN, BORM). The focus in this subject lies in training of practical skills of formalisation and modelling of business processes using modern CASE tools. The role of process engineering for information systems development is discussed as well as its importance in the overall context of information and business strategy of an enterprise.			
BI-ZS10	Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits	Z	10
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
BI-ZS20	Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits	Z	20
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
BI-ZS30	Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits	Z	30
Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
BI-ZWU	Introduction to Web and User Interfaces	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
BIE-ADW.1	Windows Administration	Z,ZK	4
Students understand the architecture and internals of the Windows OS and acquire the skills to administrate the Windows OS. They are able use the standard administration and security tools and apply advanced ActiveDirectory administration methods. They are able to solve problems by applying appropriate troubleshooting methods and administrate heterogeneous systems. Students are able to effectively configure centralised administration of a computer network.			
BIE-CCN	Compiler Construction	Z,ZK	5
This is an introductory class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of compilers for students to understand the design and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching theme of the class.			
BIE-CSI	Introduction to Computer Science	Z	2
This is an introductory class on Elementary Computer Science for broad audiences: bachelor students in computer science, students majoring in other fields but interested in computer science, high-school students, anybody with a background in basic math and the desire to understand the absolute basics of computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce and relate basic principles of computer science for students to understand, early on, what computer science is, why things such as high-level programming languages and tools are done the way they are, and even how, on a basic yet representative and practically relevant level. After taking the class, students are able to answer not just basic computer science questions but also questions about themselves such as which courses to take next and which books to follow up with, ideally realizing if they are interested in computer science more than expected, or even less than before.			
BIE-CZ0	Czech Language for Foreigners	KZ	2
Course Czech for foreigners offers the basic topics of conversation: Introductions, Orientation, Shopping, Work / Study, Travel, Time, Family.			
BIE-CZ1.21	Czech Language for Foreigners II	KZ	2
The course is intended for Students of English programmes who have completed BIE-CZ0 course or have basic knowledge of the Czech language. The course further expands the basic vocabulary and clarifies the structure of the Czech language structure with regard to the practical needs of Students residing in the Czech Republic.			
BIE-DIF	Differential equations	Z,ZK	5
This course provides a foundational overview of differential equations, starting with basic motivation and examples of ODEs and progressing to essential solution methods like separation of variables. Key theorems on existence and uniqueness establish when solutions can be guaranteed. Linear and system-based ODEs are covered with methods like characteristic polynomial analysis, followed by examples of non-linear models such as predator-prey and epidemiological models to showcase real-world applications. Finally, an introduction to partial differential equations (PDEs) extends these concepts to multi-variable contexts. The course will also cover numerical methods for solving ODEs and PDEs, including implicit and explicit Euler methods, Runge-Kutta methods, and finite element methods for both ODEs and PDEs.			
BIE-EHD	Introduction to European Economic History	Z,ZK	3
The course introduces a selection of themes from the European economic history. It gives the student basic knowledge about forming of the global economy through the description of the key periods in history. As European countries have been dominant actors in this process it focuses predominantly on their roles in the economic history. From large economic area of Roman Empire to fragmentation of the Middle Ages, from destruction of WWII to the current affairs, the development of modern financial institutions is deciphered. The course			

does not cover detailed economic history of particular European countries but rather the impact of trade and role of particular events, institutions and organizations in history. Class meetings will consist of a mixture of lecture and discussion.			
<b>BIE-EPR</b>	<b>Economic project</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>1</b>
This course is an extension of the course Introduction to European Economic History (BIE-EHD). There is no fixed schedule for BIE-EPR. A teacher will contact you before the start of the semester.			
<b>BIE-FTR.1</b>	<b>Financial Markets</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Financial sector has been deeply transformed in the recent years, which led to a development of structured financial products, a new point of view on the issue of credit risk, and globalization of market activities. The need to use and properly apply mathematical and technical tools is emphasized. To manage their financial activities, many firms need graduates from technical schools who have sufficient knowledge ICT and mathematics, and who have at the same time an understanding of the functioning of financial markets. The Financial Markets course thus englobes both a description of financial markets and related economic theories, and an overview of mathematical and statistical tools used in this field.			
<b>BIE-HAS</b>	<b>Human Factors in Cryptography and Security</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
This course is for students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for developers. Students of this course can use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.			
<b>BIE-IMA2</b>	<b>Introduction to Mathematics 2</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
Students refresh and extend knowledge of elementary functions and their properties. Students understand basic mathematical principles and they are able to apply them in particular examples.			
<b>BIE-PJV</b>	<b>Programming in Java</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course Programming in Java will introduce students to the object oriented programming in Java programming language. Beside of basics of Java language the fundamental APIs will also be presented, especially data structures, files, GUI, networking, databases and concurrent APIs.			
<b>BIE-PKM</b>	<b>Preparatory Mathematics</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The purpose of Preparatory Mathematics is to help students revise the most important topics of high-school mathematics.			
<b>BIE-PRR.21</b>	<b>Project management</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The aim of the course is to introduce students into the basic concepts and principles of project management, i.e. methods of planning, teamwork, analysis, crisis management in a project, communication, argumentation and meeting management. Students will practice project management techniques (e.g. SWOT analysis, risk assessment and management, Gantt charts, resource schedule, resource balancing, network graphs) and creation of project documentation. The course is designed especially for students who are interested in deepening their knowledge outside IT, consider starting their own company, or have ambitions to work in middle or senior management positions in large companies. The course is also suitable for all those who will develop software or hardware in the form of team projects.			
<b>BIE-PS2</b>	<b>Programming in shell 2</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students get a general overview of scripting languages, introduction into syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In addition, they gain a deeper insight into Bourne Again shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming. Note to Erasmus students: We are ready do adapt the lectures to provide even very basic Bourne shell usage. Depending on actual knowledge of the students, orientation in user filesystem tools (cp, ln, mkdir, rm...) and useful basic data filtering tools (cut, tr, sort, uniq...) can be provided. The advantage of this module is that we do not stop at this point - we will show you also a selection of advanced scripting techniques used in practice.			
<b>BIE-SCE1</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar I</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
<b>BIE-SCE2</b>	<b>Computer Engineering Seminar II</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>4</b>
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
<b>BIE-SEG</b>	<b>Systems Engineering</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>0</b>
This is an introductory class on systems engineering for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of operating systems for students to understand processor and memory virtualization. Seeing and actually understanding virtualization is the overarching theme of the class. After taking the class, students are able to understand the difference between processes and threads as well as emulation and virtualization, what virtual memory is and how it works, what concurrency is, as opposed to parallelism, and how processes and threads synchronize efficiently to overcome concurrency for communication.			
<b>BIE-SEP</b>	<b>World Economy and Business</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
<b>BIE-SKJ.21</b>	<b>Scripting Languages</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Join us on a tour into the world of scripted programming. Together, we will unveil the power of Bourne Again shell and PERL as proven industry standards, as well as a couple of other standard text processing utilities (AWK, sed), with some basic UNIX system tools, in many real-world situations like processing web feeds or logs. We will provide a general overview of scripting languages and introduction into their pros and cons and students get practical experience with shell script programming. We will touch also ROFF, PerlDoc, and even TeX to get some insight into how your code documentation can be implemented. And if you know UNIX system-level scripting already, we can show you advanced programming techniques and tricks that get overlooked frequently but increase code robustness or execution efficiency. The course is led by two veteran programmers in the scripting world. Lukáš is a renowned lecturer in advanced shell programming, teaching developers from the IT industry in several CE countries. Jan is a skilled lecturer and developer whose code contributes to safe and streamline operations of cloud service datacenters around the globe.			
<b>BIE-ST1</b>	<b>Network Technology 1</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>3</b>
The course is focused on essentials of computer networks and practice with network technologies. The course corresponds to the Cisco Netacad curriculum, CCNA1 - R&S Introduction to Networks.			
<b>BIE-TUR.21</b>	<b>User Interface Design</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Students gain a basic overview of methods for designing and testing common user interfaces. They get experience to solve the problems where software and other products do not communicate with the user optimally, since the needs and characteristics of users are not taken into account during product development. Students gain an overview of methods that bring users into the development process to ensure optimal interface for them.			
<b>BIE-VAK.21</b>	<b>Selected Combinatorics Applications</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>3</b>
The course aims to introduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the basic courses, we approach the issue from applications to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some basic data structures. Furthermore, with the active participation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical) informatics. Areas from which we			

will select problems to be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optimization and more. Students will also try to implement solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools.			
<b>BIE-VMM</b>	<b>Selected Mathematical Methods</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
The lecture begins with an introduction to the analysis of complex functions of a complex variable. Next, we present the Lebesgue integral. We then address Fourier series and their properties. Further, we introduce and study the properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and its fast implementation (FFT). We discuss the wavelet transform. We examine the linear programming problem in more detail and its solution using the Simplex algorithm. Each topic is demonstrated with interesting examples.			
<b>BIE-VR1.21</b>	<b>Virtual reality I</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), virtual reality operations, metaverse, and creation. Rules and requirements for virtual worlds communication. The course focuses on the ways of creating virtual reality worlds and interactive activities in 3D worlds. It improves computational thinking, empathy, and shared social activities.			
<b>BIE-ZRS</b>	<b>Basics of Systems Control</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Optional subject Basics of System Control is designed for anyone interested in applied computer science in bachelor studies. A brief introduction to the field of automatic control will be definitely evaluated by our graduates in the industrial practice. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will focus our attention particularly on control of engineering and physical systems. We will provide basic information from the feedback control of linear dynamical SISO systems. We will teach you description methods of system models, basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD and fuzzy controllers. This is a survey course in which students will learn the methods of creating a description of the system model, the basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also given to sensors and actuators in control loops, issues of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters and certain aspects of the industrial implementation of continuous and digital controllers and PLC control. The themes of lectures are accompanied by a number of useful examples and practical industrial implementations.			
<b>FI-TOP</b>	<b>Academic writing</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
Publishing is an important and required part of research activity. It is not only about obtaining research results but also about applying them in the form of publication. Writing scientific publications can be useful for students not only in their own publishing activities but also in the preparation of a bachelor's or master's thesis. In the course, students will learn how to write a scientific article, what parts such an article should have, and how the peer review process works. Students will also try their hand at presenting an article and reviewing someone else's article. The course will be taught in blocks, with one lecture at the beginning of the semester and one practicum in the middle of the semester. Dates will be determined based on the availability of enrolled students.			
<b>NI-AFP</b>	<b>Applied Functional Programming</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>5</b>
This course is presented in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradigms. Traditional and novel functional programming languages are on the rise nowadays and the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative languages (C++, C#, Java). As such, mastering this paradigm becomes a necessary competence of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice.			
<b>NI-AML</b>	<b>Advanced machine learning</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
The course introduces students to selected advanced topics of machine learning and artificial intelligence. The topics present techniques in the field of recommendation systems, image processing, control and interconnection of physical laws with the field of machine learning. The aim of the exercise is to familiarize students with the methods discussed.			
<b>NI-AOA</b>	<b>Completing a professional event</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>1</b>
The subject is participation in a one-off professional event, usually a lecture by a foreign guest of the FIT CTU, concluded with a workshop, a test, drafting a report, etc. Such an event must be approved in advance by the vice-dean for pedagogical activities or the vice-dean for science and research and is presented within the FIT through a website, infomail, etc.			
<b>NI-APH</b>	<b>Architecture of computer games</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will gain a basic understanding of the various issues in the field of computer games development, especially from a technical point of view, but also from design and philosophical perspective. They will get a grasp of component-oriented and functional-oriented architecture, game mechanics, decision-making processes and base components that form an integral part of most games. They will also understand the basics of pathfinding, networking and scripting and apply them in practical exercises (labs). An important part of the course is an implementation of a simple game, with a strong focus on nontrivial game mechanics.			
<b>NI-APT</b>	<b>Advanced Program Testing</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Testing a program is essential to ensure that a program respects its specification, that changes do not introduce regressions or security issues. The goal of the course is to present advanced program testing techniques, beyond writing unit tests, especially fuzzing and symbolic execution.			
<b>NI-ARI</b>	<b>Computer arithmetic</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will learn various data representations used in digital devices and will be able to design arithmetic operations implementation units.			
<b>NI-ATH</b>	<b>Algorithmic Theories of Games</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Traditional game theory is a branch of mathematics, which has broad applications in economy, biology, politics and computer science. This theory studies the behaviour of agents (players) of a certain competitive process by designing a mathematical model and investigating the strategies. The traditional task of classical game theory is to find the equilibria, which are the states of the game where no player wants to deviate from his strategy. Due to the recent development of computers, internet, social networks, online auctions, advertising, multiagent systems and other concepts the algorithmic point of view is gaining attention. In addition to existential questions we study the problems of efficient computation of various solution concepts. In this course we introduce the basics of game theory of many players, solution concept (usually equilibria) and methods of their computation.			
<b>NI-BPS</b>	<b>Wireless Computer Networks</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>4</b>
Students will learn about the modern technologies, protocols, and standards for wireless networks. They will understand the routing mechanisms in ad-hoc networks, multicast and broadcast mechanisms, and data flow control mechanisms. They will also learn about principles of communication in sensor networks. They get knowledge of security mechanisms for wireless networks and get skills of configuration of wireless network elements and simulation of wireless networks using suitable tools.			
<b>NI-CCC</b>	<b>Creative Coding and Computational Art</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Students work on practical tasks, get acquainted with creative and yet proven methods of visualizing various types of data. The course freely follows the basic graphics courses (MGA, BLE,) and introduces students to suitable visualization methods for traditional as well as for open data. It combines well-known visualization techniques with artistic methods using modern technologies. The aim is to create an interesting visualization project. It is planned to work closely with IPR CAMP (Center of Architecture and Metropolitan Planning) and IIM (Institute of Intermedia FEL).			
<b>NI-CPX</b>	<b>Complexity Theory</b>	<b>Z,ZK</b>	<b>5</b>
Students will learn about the fundamental classes of problems in the complexity theory and different models of algorithms and about implications of the theory concerning practical (in)tractability of difficult problems.			
<b>NI-CTF</b>	<b>Capture The Flag</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
The course is designed to introduce students to CTF competitions and let them gain practical experience in the field of cyber security.			
<b>NI-DDM</b>	<b>Distributed Data Mining</b>	<b>KZ</b>	<b>4</b>
Course focuses on state-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hands on experience with large scale data processing framework Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementations and will be capable to propose approaches to parallelize other algorithms. The course is presented in Czech language.			
<b>NI-DID</b>	<b>Digital drawing</b>	<b>Z</b>	<b>2</b>
The course will introduce students to the basic principals of digital drawing and graphical design. Students will gain understanding of composition, perspective and color theory, which they will practically apply in their own design works. Students will also gain experience in drawing and painting with digital and analog tools. The course is fit for anyone who wants to practice or learn drawing and painting. The course is organized as a thematic practices covering parts of theory and practical exercise to practice gained knowledge.			

NI-DNP	Advanced .NET	Z,ZK	4
Students will acquire an overview of platform .NET and will gain knowledge about technologies ASP.NET Core, Entity Framework Core, .NET MAUI (WPF, UWP), Blazor and also will get notions of Azure DevOps and GIT. Students will get practical experience in semestral work where they will create a client-server application utilizing technologies ASP.NET Core, Entity Framework Core and (Blazor, .NET MAUI or WPF) and also Azure DevOps and GIT.			
NI-DPH	Game Design	Z,ZK	5
The course complements the NI-APH (Architecture of Computer Games) and BI-VHS (Virtual gaming worlds) course, while focusing primarily on game design. It is intended for people interested in deeper knowledge of the principles used for games design, such as: level design, gameplay design, character design, game mechanics design, storytelling, and game development cycle. The students will get an overview of game development from the designer's perspective, from theoretical concepts to practical implementation applied to semestral projects.			
NI-DSP	Database Systems in Practes This course is presented in Czech.	Z,ZK	4
NI-DSW	Design Sprint	Z	2
Students will work on projects using the Design Sprint method, developed by Google. Thanks to this method the teams are able to go from idea to validated prototype in 5 days. During the course the students will get familiar with the method as participants. Through practical challenges they will try the whole 5 day process starting with research and finishing with testing the prototypes (plus final presentation).			
NI-DVG	Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry	Z,ZK	5
The course intends to introduce the students to the discipline of Discrete and Computational Geometry. The main goal of the course is to get familiar with the most fundamental notions of this discipline, and to be able to solve simple algorithmic problems with a geometric component.			
NI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	Z,ZK	4
This course presents a comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical algorithms that are both easy to implement and have an interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is also valuable outside the domain of digital image processing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDR compression, de-blurring in frequency domain, abstraction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray conversion, context enhancement, interactive as-rigid-as-possible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, adding depth, alpha matting.			
NI-EDW	Enterprise Data Warehouse Systems	Z,ZK	5
The Enterprise Data Warehouses course focuses on the area of business intelligence. Students will be introduced to business intelligence methods and will gain practical knowledge not only in designing warehouses and various architectures, but also their deployment and maintenance. This course also includes an introduction to the area of reporting and data visualization.			
NI-ESC	Experimental Project Course	KZ	8
"The Design Project course offers a holistic exploration of the design process, providing students with a well-rounded understanding of the principles, methodologies, and tools used in designing technology-driven solutions that are user-centric and industry-relevant. Throughout the semester, students will work on real-world design projects, collaborate with industry experts, and learn to integrate theory with practical application. Through a hands-on, project-based learning approach, students will develop their skills in user-centered design and user experience evaluation, as well as gain experience working in a team to design and prototype a functional solution."			
NI-FMT	Finite model theory	Z,ZK	4
The aim of the course is to introduce students to the basics of finite model theory. The original motivation is the questions expressibility and verifiability of logical properties of database systems. Since its inception in the 1970s, the course has evolved rapidly and touched on many other areas of theoretical computer science, such as descriptive complexity theory, the Constraint Satisfaction Problem (CSP), the theory of algorithmic meta-theorems and combinatorics.			
NI-GLR	Games and reinforcement learning	Z,ZK	4
The field of reinforcement learning is very hot recently, because of advances in deep learning, recurrent neural networks and general artificial intelligence. This course is intended to give you both theoretical and practical background so you can participate in related research activities. Presented in English.			
NI-GNN	Graph Neural Networks	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces students to advanced artificial intelligence techniques for working with graphs. Lectures will focus on the latest graph neural networks for creating vector representations of nodes, edges and entire graphs. The techniques discussed cover various types of graphs, including time-varying graphs. The last part of the course also covers graph generation and interpretability of graph neural networks. In the exercises, students will try out selected techniques and problems.			
NI-GOL	Programming of distributed systems in GO	KZ	5
NI-GRI	Grid Computing	Z,ZK	5
Grid computing and gain knowledge about the world-wide network and computing infrastructure.			
NI-HCM	Mind Hacking	ZK	5
Cognitive security is an emerging discipline that is closely related to cyber security. While the domain of cyber security is the protection of networks, information systems and assets, the domain of cognitive security is the protection of the human mind from intentional and unintentional digital manipulation. The topic of cognitive security is growing in importance in the context of information warfare, increasing digital dependence and the development of artificial intelligence, where these phenomena from the Internet environment have real societal impacts such as disruption of social cohesion, threats to democracy or war.			
NI-HMI2	History of Mathematics and Informatics	ZK	3
This course is presented in Czech. Selected topics {Infinitesimal calculus, probability, number theory, general algebra, different examples of algorithms, transformations, recursive functions, elliptic curves, etc.) note on possibilities of applications of some mathematical methods in informatics and its development.			
NI-HSC	Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware	Z,ZK	4
This course is dedicated to so-called side-channel information leakage in hardware devices. It focuses on both theoretical analysis and practical attacks. Students get familiar with various kinds of side channels and they get deeper insight in power attacks. Students learn to implement various profiled and non-profiled attacks and get familiar with higher-order attacks. They also get practice in both designing the SCA countermeasures and analyzing the amount and characteristics of the side-channel information leakage.			
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	Z,ZK	4
The NI-IAM course is focused on principles and modern technologies for network transmissions of audiovisual (AV) signals. The syllabus includes acquisition of AV signals (input), presentation of AV signals (output), network communication protocols, device interfaces, codecs, data formats and stereoscopy. We will look at practical use case scenarios of real-time audiovisual transmissions. Within the labs, students will practically assemble AV transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the effect of various components on the quality and latency of AV transmissions. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for end-to-end AV transmissions from the recording the scene up to the presentation for audience.			
NI-IBE	Information Security	ZK	2
Students learn information and IS/ICT security management systems (ISMS), methods for information access control, and basic norms and international standards in this area. They understand methods for management of internal and external security threats, for IS/IT security audits, and for application security testing (e.g., penetration testing).			
NI-IKM	Internet and Classification Methods	Z,ZK	4
In this course, the students get acquainted with classification methods used in four important internet, or generally network applications: in spam filtering, in recommendation systems, in malware detection systems and in intrusion detection systems. However, they will learn more than only how classification is performed when solving these four kinds of problems.			

On the background of these applications, they get an overview of the fundamentals of classification methods. The course is taught in a 2-weeks cycle with 2-hour lectures and 2-hour exercises. During the exercises, the students on the one hand implement simple examples to topics from the lectures, on the other hand consult their semester tasks.			
NI-IOS	Advanced techniques in iOS applications	KZ	4
Students will learn the latest trends in mobile development technologies for iOS platform. Class covers advanced topics, students need to know all the basics from the beginners class BI-IOS.			
NI-IOT	Internet of Things	Z,ZK	4
The subject is focused on the area of hardware and software technologies for the strongly growing computer support of various devices. Its goal is familiarization with available development elements (Raspberry Pi, Arduino Due) and with the language for efficient application development and modification (GNU Forth).			
NI-IVS	Intelligent embedded systems	KZ	4
Intelligent embedded systems course for master's degree is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The course is an advance version of the Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course for the bachelor degree. The aim of the course is to teach students humanoid robot programming and advance application development. Lectures provide basis of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students develop advanced applications combining knowledge of various courses like nature inspired algorithms, data mining algorithms, image recognition and web technologies			
NI-KTH	Combinatorial Theories of Games	Z,ZK	4
Traditional game theory is a branch of mathematics, which has broad applications in economy, biology, politics and computer science. This theory studies the behaviour of agents (players) of a certain competitive process by designing a mathematical model and investigating the strategies. The traditional task of classical game theory is to find the equilibria, which are the states of the game where no player wants to deviate from his strategy. Historically, the second big development in game theory of two-player full-information combinatorial games, was by Conway, Berlekamp and Guy. They developed a theory, originally used for solving end-games in Go, into a full fledged field. The idea is to evaluate games such that otherwise incompatible games can be added, that is, played simultaneously. This led to the algebraic approach to study combinatorial games. The third most important step is the work of Beck, who established the theory of positional games (like tic-tac-toe and hex). In analysis of these game, one cannot escape the brute-force traversal of the game tree, which is no efficient. Beck introduced the "false probabilistic method", which aims to tackle this problem. In this course we build the foundation of the theory of combinatorial and positional games. We focus on theoretical analysis of games and building the theory, not on the programming aspects of game solving algorithms. The course requires independent work, ability to mathematically analyse, think and proof. The course is also suitable for bachelors student in the third year, who attended introduction to graph theory, as well as for PhD students looking for research topics.			
NI-KYB	Cybernality	ZK	5
Students get acquainted with the fundamentals of legislation and international activities in the area of fighting cybercrime. Students will understand the classification of attacks and have an overview of systems for computer surveillance and traffic monitoring in the cyberspace. Students will also familiarize themselves with hacker activities and behavior. The course will also discuss the cooperation of the state agencies and subjects dealing with defence of the cyberspace (especially CSIRT and CERT teams).			
NI-LOM	Linear Optimization and Methods	Z,ZK	5
Students learn the applications of optimization methods in computer science, economics, and industry. They are aware of practical importance of linear and integer programming. They are able to work with optimization software and are familiar with languages used in programming of that software. They get skills in formalization of optimization problems in computer science (such as scheduling of tasks to processors, analysis of network flows), distribution and allocation of resources (transportation problems, travelling salesman problems, etc.), issues from economics, and modelling of conflicts via the game theory. They get an overview of computational complexity of optimization problems. They get orientation in algorithms in linear programming.			
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The subject is oriented on a single and multi-target tracking. The student both learns the existing methods and tries to implement them. The stress is put on the effective use of the available information and its modeling using numpy and scipy. The second half of the semester is focused on the design of methods and algorithms, and analyses of their properties. At this point, the subject is on the border of own research and may result in the topic of final work (diploma or bachelor thesis).			
NI-LSM2	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The topic of LSM2 is advanced multiple target tracking (MTT). This domain covers simultaneous tracking of multiple targets using radar under the presence of clutter, or video tracking. We aim at the state-of-the-art filters, in particular the PHD (Probability Hypothesis Density) and PMBM (Poisson Multi-Bernoulli) filters.			
NI-MLP	Machine Learning in Practice	Z,ZK	5
Applying machine learning methods to real projects in practice involves many other necessary tasks - from understanding the intentions of the client to, ideally, technical implementation. The course guides students through all phases of a project according to the standard CRISP-DM methodology, not only theoretically but also practically. The aim is to experience real data processing and learn how to describe the whole process from exploration to evaluation of the model performance in the form of a clear and understandable report.			
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo	KZ	4
Object-oriented programming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, where its ability to natural abstraction is used to build complex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the skills of design and implementation of object systems in modern pure object system Pharo ( <a href="https://pharo.org">https://pharo.org</a> ). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development needs and areas of interest. In addition to deepening object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to work on interesting projects and OO technologies in terms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involvement in the Pharo Consortium.			
NI-MPL	Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
NI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science	Z,ZK	4
Mathematical semantics of programming languages. Data types as continuous lattices, Scott topology. Procedures as continuous mappings. The Scott model of lambda calculus. Introduction to category theory.			
NI-MZI	Mathematics for data science	Z,ZK	4
In this course, students are introduced to those fields of mathematics that are necessary for understanding standard methods and algorithms used in data science. The studied topics include mainly: linear algebra (matrix factorisations, eigenvalues, diagonalization), continuous optimisation (optimisation with constraints, duality principle, gradient methods) and selected notions from probability theory and statistics.			
NI-NLM	Neural Language Models	Z	5
In this course, students will learn the technical foundations of the Transformer architecture as well as the practical aspects of using language models. The goal of the course is to teach students how to use language models to solve problems, make informed risk assessments, and work critically with the scientific literature.			
NI-NMU	New media in art and design	ZK	3
The course introduces students to the issue of using new media in artistic and design work. Key topics are moving image, internet, computer game and sound. The main goal is to familiarize the student with the largest possible range of creative approaches in new media. The subject emphasizes dialogue with students, especially in lectures devoted to specific art projects.			
NI-OLI	Linux Drivers	Z,ZK	4
The Linux operating system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining powerful processors and FPGAs increase the variability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver development for master's students. The course provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical experience.			

NI-PAM	Efficient Preprocessing and Parameterized Algorithms	Z,ZK	4
There are many optimization problems for which no polynomial time algorithms are known (e.g. NP-complete problems). Despite that it is often necessary to solve these problems exactly in practice. We will demonstrate that many problems can be solved much more effectively than by naively trying all possible solutions. Often one can find a common property (parameter) of the inputs from practice-e.g., all solutions are relatively small. Parameterized algorithms exploit that by limiting the time complexity exponentially in this (small) parameter and polynomially in the input size (which can be huge). Parameterized algorithms also represent a way to formalize the notion of effective polynomial time preprocessing of the input, which is not possible in the classical complexity. Such a polynomial time preprocessing is then a suitable first step, whatever is the subsequent solution method. We will present a plethora of parameterized algorithm design methods and we will also show how to prove that for some problem (and parameter) such an algorithm (presumably) does not exist. We will also not miss out the relations to other approaches to hard problems such as moderately exponential algorithms or approximation schemes.			
NI-PDD	Data Preprocessing	Z,ZK	5
Students learn to prepare raw data for further processing and analysis. They learn what algorithms can be used to extract information from various data sources, such as images, texts, time series, etc., and learn the skills to apply these theoretical concepts to solve specific problems in individual projects - e.g., extraction of characteristics from images or from web pages.			
NI-PG1	Computer Graphics 1	ZK	4
The course builds on graphic courses (mainly BI-PGA and BI-PGR) and the knowledge from these courses is deepened by state-of-the-art knowledge. The course is designed for those interested in advanced computer graphics. Students will gain practical knowledge with realistic texturing and raytracing methods. An integral part of the course is the study of scientific articles and their subsequent implementation. The course will be followed by a course PG2 supplementing the knowledge of PG1 on other areas and topics of computer graphics.			
NI-PLS1	Programming Language Seminar	Z	2
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
NI-PLS2	Programming Language Seminar	Z	2
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
NI-PLS3	Programming Language Seminar	Z	2
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
NI-PLS4	Programming Language Seminar	Z	2
The Programming Language Seminar aims to introduce students to research in programming languages. It has the format of a reading group in which we discuss scientific papers about programming languages and related fields. Participating students are expected to present a paper of their interest and actively participate in the discussions. The reading group is a joint venue between FIT and MFF CUNI. It is open to all students and researchers interested in programming languages.			
NI-PSD	Public Services Design	KZ	4
The course will introduce students to specifics of UX, Service design and development for public sector. We will look into the design and development process from the perspective of suppliers (devs and designers) as well as clients. In small teams students will work on projects from partner organizations and will try out collaboration with client representatives. Course is aimed at students-designers as well as clients.			
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces the modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language features - e.g.pattern matching and advance standard library. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks and libraries e.g. Play, Cassandra, Scalaz, etc.			
NI-PVR	Advanced Virtual Reality	KZ	4
The course introduces advanced parts of the virtual reality. It is a continuation of the already running graphic objects, especially the creation of 3D models in Blender, and among other things, it introduces students to their application in virtual reality. Lectures will focus on virtual reality technology, its use in various applications and will also deal with creating applications in available 3D engines (mainly Unity3D). The course is freely connected with the subject VHS (virtual game worlds), students will be able to apply the knowledge gained in this subject in virtual reality, or directly create a complex game for VR.			
NI-PVS	Advanced embedded systems	Z,ZK	4
The course is focused on ARM processors and microcontrollers and their usage in wide range of applications. The course includes a series of advanced topics like security support, working with mass storage devices, motor control, system control and industrial communication. The students obtain both theoretical and also practical experiences with embedded systems.			
NI-PYT	Advanced Python	KZ	4
The goal of this course is to learn various advanced techniques and methods in Python. The course indirectly continues where Programming in Python (BI-PYT) left of. The course is very hands-on and it has only tutorials, everything is demonstrated on examples. Classification is based on work in class as well as semestral coursework. The course is lead by external teachers from Red Hat.			
NI-REV	Reverse Engineering	Z,ZK	5
Students will get acquainted with the essentials of reverse engineering of computer software. They will learn how processes start and what happens before and after the main function is called. Students will understand how executable files are organized and how they interact with 3rd party libraries. Another part of the course is dedicated to reverse engineering of applications written in C++. Students will also understand principles of disassemblers and obfuscation techniques. A part of the course will also be dedicated to debuggers: how debuggers and debugging work and which methods can be used to detect it. One of the lectures will be dedicated to the latest trends on the computer malware scene. The focus of the course is on the seminars, where students will solve practically oriented tasks from the real world.			
NI-ROZ	Pattern Recognition	Z,ZK	5
The aim of the module is to give a systematic account of the major topics in pattern recognition with emphasis on problems and applications of the statistical approach to pattern recognition. Students will learn the fundamental concepts and methods of pattern recognition, including probability models, parameter estimation, and their numerical aspects.			
NI-RUB	Programming in Ruby	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.			
NI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar Master I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
NI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar Master II	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific			

articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
NI-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (N1801 / 4793). The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
NI-SYP	Parsing and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
The module builds upon the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of various variants and applications of LR parsing and are introduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.			
NI-SZ1	Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master I	Z	4
On this seminar you will present a research paper from a top institute / research group to your peers. You will learn what is being cooked in top research labs around the world. Additionally, you will learn how to properly present and read scientific papers. The work in the seminar will prepare you to attend (and profit from) top machine learning and AI conferences and summer schools, as well as FIT's own Summer Research Program (VyLet).			
NI-SZ2	Knowledge Engineering Seminar Master II	Z	4
On this seminar you will present a research paper from a top institute / research group to your peers. You will learn what is being cooked in top research labs around the world. Additionally, you will learn how to properly present and read scientific papers. The work in the seminar will prepare you to attend (and profit from) top machine learning and AI conferences and summer schools, as well as FIT's own Summer Research Program (VyLet).			
NI-TKA	Category Theory	Z,ZK	4
NI-TNN	Theory of Neural Networks	Z,ZK	5
In this course, we study neural networks from the point of view of the theory of function approximation and from the point of view of probability theory. At first, we recall basic concepts pertaining to artificial neural Networks, such as neurons and connections between them, types of neurons from the point of view of signal transmission, network topology, somatic and synaptic mappings, network training, and the role of time in neural networks. In connection with network topology, we get acquainted with its transformation into a canonical topology, and in connection with somatic and synaptic mappings, with their composition into mappings computed by the Network. Finally in connection with training, we pay attention to the problem of overtraining and to the fact that training is actually a specific optimization task, recalling the most typical objective functions and the most important optimization methods employed for neural network training. We will see the meaning of all these concepts in the context of common kinds of forward neural networks. Within the topic approximation approach to neural networks, we first notice the connection of neural networks to expressing functions of many variables using functions of fewer variables (Kolmogorov theorem, Vitiushkin theorem). Afterwards, we will see how the universal approximation capacity of neural networks can be mathematically formalized as the sets of mappings computed by neural networks being dense in important Banach spaces of functions, in particular in the spaces of continuous functions, spaces of functions integrable with respect to a finite measure, spaces of functions with continuous derivatives, and Sobolev spaces. Within the topic probabilistic approach, we first get acquainted with training based on expectation and training based on a random sample, and with probabilistic assumptions about training data with which those two kinds of neural networks can be employed. We will see how it is possible to get an estimate of the conditional expectancy of network outputs conditioned by its inputs using the expectancy based learning. We recall the strong and the weak law of large numbers and get acquainted with an analogy of the strong law of large numbers for neural networks and with the assumptions for its validity. Finally, we recall the central limit theorem, get acquainted with its analogy for neural networks, with the assumptions for its validity and with the hypothesis tests based on it. We will see how those tests can be employed to search for the topology of the network.			
NI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar Master I	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
NI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar Master II	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
NI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar Master III	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
NI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar Master IV	Z	4
Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.			
NI-TSP	Testing and Reliability	Z,ZK	5
Students will gain knowledge about circuit testing and about methods for increasing reliability and security. They will get practical skills to be able to prepare a test set with the help of the intuitive path sensitization and to use an ATPG for automatic test generation. They will be able to design easily testable circuits and systems with built-in-self-test equipment. They will be able to compute, analyze, and control the reliability and availability of the designed circuits.			
NI-TVIR	Virtual Reality Technology	Z,ZK	3
Students will be introduced to the basic concepts of virtual reality. Techniques for displaying virtual worlds (CAVE, HMD, ...) and the possibilities of controlling virtual avatars (position tracking, hand tracking, eye tracking) will be discussed. Furthermore, the concepts of mixed and augmented reality will be introduced. Finally, ways of using virtual and augmented reality will be presented.			
NI-VCC	Virtualization and Cloud Computing	Z,ZK	5
Students will gain knowledge of architectures of large computer systems that are used in data centers and computer infrastructure of companies and organizations. They will get acquainted with virtualization principles, tools and technologies that serve to facilitate and automate configuration, testing and monitoring, and to efficiently operate and optimize the performance parameters of modern computer systems. Theoretically and practically, they will get acquainted with containerization as the most effective technology today for the management of complex computer systems and with specific technologies of cloud systems. Finally, they will learn the principles and gain practical skills in the use of modern integration and development tools (Continuous integration and development).			
NI-VOL	Elections	Z,ZK	5
We will cover the basics of (committee) elections and, in general, opinion aggregation.			
NI-VPR	Research Project	Z	5
Student obtains the credits for published scientific outputs. The details are at <a href="https://courses.fit.cvut.cz/NI-VPR/en">https://courses.fit.cvut.cz/NI-VPR/en</a> .			
NI-VYC	Computability	Z,ZK	4
Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.			

NI-ZS10	Master internship abroad for 10 credits	Z	10
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
NI-ZS20	Master internship abroad for 20 credits	Z	20
Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
NI-ZS30	Master internship abroad for 30 credits	Z	30
The course is presented in Czech language. Each student can once within his / her master's degree have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses MI-ZS10, MI-ZS20, MI-ZS30 are used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line.			
NIE-AM2	Middleware Architectures 2	Z,ZK	5
Students will learn new trends and technologies on the Web including theoretical foundations. They will gain an overview of Web application architectures, concepts and technologies for microservices, distributed cache and databases, smart contracts, real-time communication and web security.			
NIE-ARI	Computer arithmetic	Z,ZK	4
Students will learn various data representations used in digital devices and will be able to design arithmetic operations implementation units.			
NIE-BLO	Blockchain	Z,ZK	5
Students will understand the foundations of blockchain technology, smart contract programming, and gain an overview of most notable blockchain platforms. They will be able to design, code and deploy a secure decentralized application, and assess whether integration of a blockchain is suitable for a given problem. The course places an increased emphasis on the relationship between blockchains and information security. It is concluded with a defense of a research or applied semester project, which prepares the students for implementing or supervising implementation of blockchain-based solutions in both academia and business.			
NIE-BPS	Wireless Computer Networks	Z,ZK	4
Students will learn about the modern technologies, protocols, and standards for wireless networks. They will understand the routing mechanisms in ad-hoc networks, multicast and broadcast mechanisms, and data flow control mechanisms. They will also learn about principles of communication in sensor networks. They get knowledge of security mechanisms for wireless networks and get skills of configuration of wireless network elements and simulation of wireless networks using suitable tools.			
NIE-CPX	Complexity Theory	Z,ZK	5
Students will learn about the fundamental classes of problems in the complexity theory and different models of algorithms and about implications of the theory concerning practical (in)tractability of difficult problems.			
NIE-DDW	Web Data Mining	Z,ZK	5
Students will learn latest methods and technologies for web data acquisition, analysis and utilization of the discovered knowledge. Students will gain an overview of Web mining techniques for Web crawling, Web structure analysis, Web usage analysis, Web content mining and information extraction. Students will also gain an overview of most recent developments in the field of social web and recommendation systems.			
NIE-DVG	Introduction to Discrete and Computational Geometry	Z,ZK	5
The course intends to introduce the students to the discipline of Discrete and Computational Geometry. The main goal of the course is to get familiar with the most fundamental notions of this discipline, and to be able to solve simple algorithmic problems with a geometric component.			
NIE-EVY	Efficient Text Pattern Matching	Z,ZK	5
Students get knowledge of efficient algorithms for text pattern matching. They learn to use so-called succinct data structures that are efficient in both access time and memory complexity. They will be able to use the knowledge in design of applications that utilize pattern matching.			
NIE-HMI	History of Mathematics and Informatics	Z,ZK	3
The course focuses on selected topics from calculus, general algebra, number theory, numerical mathematics and logic - useful for today's computer science. The topics are selected for finding some relations between computer science and mathematical methods. Some examples of applications of mathematics to computer sciences will be shown.			
NIE-HSC	Side-Channel Analysis in Hardware	Z,ZK	4
This course is dedicated to so-called side-channel information leakage in hardware devices. It focuses on both theoretical analysis and practical attacks. Students get familiar with various kinds of side channels and they get deeper insight in power attacks. Students learn to implement various profiled and non-profiled attacks and get familiar with higher-order attacks. They also get practice in both designing the SCA countermeasures and analyzing the amount and characteristics of the side-channel information leakage.			
NIE-MVI	Computational Intelligence Methods	Z,ZK	5
Students will understand the basic methods and techniques of computational intelligence, which are based on traditional artificial intelligence, are parallel in nature and are applicable to solving a wide range of problems. The subject is also devoted to modern neural networks and the ways in which they learn and neuroevolution. Students will learn how these methods work and how to apply them to problems related to data extraction, management, intelligence in games and optimization, etc.			
NIE-PAM	Parameterized Algorithms	Z,ZK	4
There are many optimization problems for which no polynomial time algorithms are known (e.g. NP-complete problems). Despite that it is often necessary to solve these problems exactly in practice. We will demonstrate that many problems can be solved much more effectively than by naively trying all possible solutions. Often one can find a common property (parameter) of the inputs from practice-e.g., all solutions are relatively small. Parameterized algorithms exploit that by limiting the time complexity exponentially in this (small) parameter and polynomially in the input size (which can be huge). Parameterized algorithms also represent a way to formalize the notion of effective polynomial time preprocessing of the input, which is not possible in the classical complexity. Such a polynomial time preprocessing is then a suitable first step, whatever is the subsequent solution method. We will present a plethora of parameterized algorithm design methods and we will also show how to prove that for some problem (and parameter) such an algorithm (presumably) does not exist. We will also not miss out the relations to other approaches to hard problems such as moderately exponential algorithms or approximation schemes.			
NIE-PDL	Practical Deep Learning	KZ	5
This course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Deep Learning using PyTorch, a popular open-source machine learning framework. Throughout the course, students will develop practical skills in building and training deep neural networks, using PyTorch to solve real-world problems in fields such as computer vision and natural language processing.			
NIE-PML	Personalized Machine Learning	Z,ZK	5
Personalized machine learning (PML) is a sub-field of machine learning that aims to create models and predictions based on the unique characteristics and behaviors of individual entities. While PML is commonly used in applications such as recommender systems, which recommend items to users based on their personal interests, its principles can be applied			



to a wide range of other fields, including education, medicine, and chemical engineering. In this course, we will explore the latest PML methods from theoretical, algorithmic, and practical perspectives. Specifically, we will focus on cutting-edge models that are of interest to both the research and commercial communities.			
NIE-ROZ	Pattern Recognition	Z,ZK	5
The aim of the module is to give a systematic account of the major topics in pattern recognition with emphasis on problems and applications of the statistical approach to pattern recognition. Students will learn the fundamental concepts and methods of pattern recognition, including probability models, parameter estimation, and their numerical aspects.			
NIE-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar Master I	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
NIE-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar Master II	Z	4
The Seminar of Computer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to failures and attacks. Students are approached individually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the subject is work with scientific articles and other professional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teachers. The topics are new for each semester.			
NIE-SEP	World Economy and Business	Z,ZK	4
The course introduces students of technical university to the international business. It does that predominantly by comparing individual countries and key regions of world economy. Students get to know about different religions and cultures, necessary for doing business in diverse societies as well as indexes of economic freedom, corruption and economic development, which are needed for the right investment decision. Seminars help to improve on the knowledge in the form of discussions based on individual readings. It is advised to take bachelor level of this course BIE-SEP as a prerequisite.			
NIE-SWE	Semantic Web and Knowledge Graphs	Z,ZK	5
The students will learn the most recent concepts and technologies of the Semantic Web. The course will provide an overview of the Semantic Web technologies, methods and best practices for modelling, integration, publishing, querying and consumption of semantic data. The students will also gain skills in creation of knowledge graphs and their systematic quality assurance.			
NIE-SYP	Parsing and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
The module builds upon the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of various variants and applications of LR parsing and are introduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.			
NIE-VPR	Research Project	Z	5
1. At the beginning of the semester, a student reserves her/his final thesis topic and gets together with its supervisor. Together they decide on partial tasks that should be carried out during the semester. If the requirements they agreed upon are met, the supervisor awards the student an assessment for the course MI-MPR at the end of the semester. 2. External Master these (MT) supervisor fills his/her assessment into the paper "Form to award assessment by an external Final theses (FT) supervisor" (for the courses BIE-BAP, MIE-MPR, MIE-DIP). Students, then, ensure that the assessment is registered into the information system (IS) by asking their internal FT opponent to award the assessment to the IS based on the confirmation of the external MT supervisor. In the case the FT opponent is external as well, the assessment will be registered to the IS by the head of the department responsible for the topic of the MT. 3. If the FT topic that the student has reserved is rather general, the immediate tasks the supervisor assigns to the student for the upcoming semester should aim at fine-tuning the FT topic so that the FTT will be complete and approvable at the end of the semester.			
NIE-VYC	Computability	Z,ZK	4
Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.			
PI-SCN	Seminars on Digital Design	ZK	4
This subject deals with problems of realization and implementation of digital circuits - both combinational and sequential. Basic means of description of digital circuits and basic logic synthesis and optimization algorithms are described. Basics of EDA (Electronic Design Automation) systems are given, together with combinatorial problems emerging in EDA.			
TV1	Physical Education	Z	0
TV2	Physical Education	Z	0
TVK1	Physical Education	Z	1
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVKZV	Physical Education Course	Z	0
TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0
UKCJ7	Czech Language 7 for Ukrainian refugees	ZK	10
Course Czech for foreigners offers the basic topics of conversation: Introductions, Orientation, Shopping, Work / Study, Travel, Time, Family.			
UKCJP	Czech language for advanced	Z,ZK	2
An advanced Czech course for Ukrainian students with refugee status. The exam will confirm knowledge of Czech at B2 level with validity for CTU.			
UKMAT	Mathematics UK	Z,ZK	5
UKR-PKM	Preparatory Mathematics for Ukrainian refugees	Z	5
The purpose of Preparatory Mathematics is to help students revise the most important topics of high-school mathematics.			

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html>

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