### Recomended pass through the study plan

## Name of the pass: Doctoral study block, daily study

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering

Department:

Pass through the study plan: Doctoral studies, daily studies Branch of study guranteed by the department: Welcome page

Guarantor of the study branch:

Program of study: Electrical Engineering and Information Technology

Type of study: Doctoral full-time

Note on the pass: ~Každý student si volí rozložení p edm t do semestr individuáln .

Coding of roles of courses and groups of courses:

P - compulsory courses of the program, PO - compulsory courses of the branch, Z - compulsory courses, S - compulsory elective courses, PV - compulsory elective courses, F - elective specialized courses, V - elective courses, T - physical training courses

Coding of ways of completion of courses (KZ/Z/ZK) and coding of semesters (Z/L):

KZ - graded assesment, Z - assesment, ZK - examination, L - summer semester, Z - winter semester

#### Number of semester: 1

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
PKKPPP	P edm ty doktorského studia XP02AME,XP02AMA, (see the list of groups below)	Min. cours.	Min/Max 20/30			S

#### List of groups of courses of this pass with the complete content of members of individual groups

Kód		Name of the group of group (for specification	courses an	d codes of members of this or below the list of courses)	Com	pletion	Credit	s Scope	Semester	Role
PKK	PPP	P edm	ty doktors	kého studia	Min.	cours. 0	Min/Ma 20/30			s
XP02AME	Active Met	hods in Acoustics	XP02AMA	Active Methods in Acoustics		XP37AE	M A	Acoustic and	Electroacoustic	: Mea
XP37APF	Acoustics a	and Electroacoustics o	XP37AR	Speech Acoustics		XP31AS	N A	Algorithms an	d Structures of	Neu
XP34AIC			XP31AEO	Electric Circuit Analysis		XP04A2	SZK E	English Langu	ıage	
XP04AZK	English La	nguage	XP04MIN	English Language 2		XP04A12	ZK E	English langu	age 1	
XP04A1	English lan	iguage 1	XP04A2	English language 2		XP04A2	ZK E	English langu	age 2	
XP34AT	TCAD Tool	s Applications	XP37AEA	Applied Electroacoustics		XP32AK	R /	Applied Crypt	ography	
XP17APL	Applied Op	otoelectronics in Medic	XP36ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Compute		XP37AR	Α /	Architectural A	Acoustics	
XP31ART	Architectur	es for Real Time Impl	XP38ATM			XP02BF	Y E	Biophysics		
XP33BID	Bionics		XEP33CML	Computational Intelligence Techn .		XEP35C	MS (	Computationa	I Methods for N	/lateri
XP04 1	Czech lang	guage 1	XP04C1ZK	Czech language 1		XP04C2	ZK (	Czech langua	ge 2	
XP04 2	Czech lang	guage 2	XP31DSP	Digital signal processing		XP31CZ	s I	Digital signal	processing	
XP33RG2	Reading G	roup	XP33RCV	Reading group in Pattern Recogni		XP13DF	D [	Data and Fun	ctional Analysis	s of
XP13DEZ	Degradatio	on processes of electri	XP16HPH	History of Physic		XP34OR	D (	Optical Radia	tion Detection a	and
XP36DRO	Diagnostic	s and Reconfiguration	VD04DTM	DIAGNOSTICS AND TESTING IN I	MICRO	XP15DV	N [	Diagnostics o	HV and EHV I	Insula
XP02DP	Electric Dis	scharges and their Ap	XP34DTM			XP32DZ	S [	Digital Signal	Procesing in Te	ele
XP32DKS	Sizing of co	ommunications network	XP13DTF	Thin film diagnostics		XP36DS	V [	Distributed Sy	stems	
XP36DSY	Distributed	Systems	XP33DID	Distributed Artificial Intellige		XP14DS	D [	Dynamics of E	lectric Machine	es
XP14DES	Dynamics	of Electric Machines	XP37DRS	Satellite communication and navi		XP01EA	L E	Effect algebra	S	
XP01EKM	Mathemati	cs Models for Economics	XP16EES	Economics of energy systems		XP16EK	O C	Economics		
XP16MES	Economics	and Management of Ener	XP16ERU	Accounting		XP16ME	U E	Economics ar	id Managemen	t of Ener
XP16EPM	Economics	of power markets	XP16EME	Economics and Management of Er	ner	XP37EL	Α Ε	Elastoacousti	cs	
XP15ES	Electrical L	ighting	XP16ERE	Economics of power generation fr.		XP02EV	A F	Physics for El	ectroenergetics	3
XP34ETS	Electrical T	ransport in Semicond	XP15ET	Electroheat		XP14EM	C E	Electromagne	tic Compatibilit	у
XP14ECD	Electromag	gnetic Compatibility	XP17ELD	Electrodynamics		XP15EH	E	Energy Econo	my	
XP15EZP	Control in I	Power Engineering	XP38EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility of		XP15EX	E E	Expert Syster	ns in Electrical	Pow
XP16FVT	Philosophic	cal Problems of Scienc	XP33ECD	Evolutionary Computing		XP31FS	K   F	Phonetic sign	als and their co	din
XP31FON	Speech Ph	onetics and Advanced Vo	XP16FIM	Financial Management		XP37FO	S F	Photonic Imag	ging Systems	
XP13FCD	Photovolta	ics systems	XP15FAK	Photometry and Colorimetry		XP04F1	F	rench langua	ige 1	
XP04F2ZK	French lan	guage 2	XP04F1ZK	French language 1		XP01FA	ı F	unctional An	alysis 1	
XEP33FLO	Fuzzy Logi		XP04F2	French language 2		XP35FM	D F	uzzy Modelli	ng and Control	
XP35FMC1	Fuzzy mod	leling and control	XP33FLO	Fuzzy Logic		XP37PA	C   F	Physiological	Acoustics	

XP13FDD	Physic of Dielectrics	XP37FZS	Fuzzy Signal Processing	XP34ASD	Physics of Advanced Semiconducto
XP13FPD	Semiconductor Physics	XP02FPL	Solid State Physics	XP37FHA	Physiological, Psychological and
XP37FHA1	Physiological, Pychologycal and	XP02FPT	Physics for Therapy	XP37GAB	Genesis and Analysis of Biosigna
XP33GAD	Geometrical Algebras	XP37FHA2	Physiological, Psychological and	XP16HKA	Historical structures and techno
XP16HDS	History of Transport Systems and	XEP33GMM	Graphical Markov Models	XP16HIS	Historiography of the Developmen
XP02HS	Noise Surveys	XP16HEL	History of Electrical Engineerin	XP37IAR	Implementation algoritms in radi
XP33IMD	Informatics in Clinical Medicine	XP36HS	Hypermedia Systems and Internet	XP34IO	Integrated Optics
XP12IMM	Engineering Methods in Mechanics	XP01ITZ	Integral Transforms and Z Transf	XP33CHM	Chapters in higher mathematics
XP01KAS	Complexity and Combinatorical Al	XP36JAI	Languages for Artificial Intelli	XP35CCM1	Cooperative control of multi-age
XP34CNO	Integrated Optics	XP36KP	Communication Protocols	XP16ECM2	Quantitative research methods in
XP16KVM	Quantitative Research Methods in	XP16ECM1	Quantitative research methods in	XP17LAE	Medical Applications of Electrom
XP37LN	Aircraft Navigation	XP01KVP	Quantum Computing	XP35LMI1	Linear matrix inequalities
XP35LSD	Linear Systems	XP35LMI	Linear Matrix Inequalities	XP33LPD	Logic and Logic Programming
XP38MPX	Magnetism in Engineering Practic	XP36LSM	Logical Simulation	XP16MAN	Management
XP16MAV	Production Management	XP02MHD	Magnetohydrodynamics	XP16MAU	Accounting for management
XP16MAR	Marketing	XP33MZT	Management of Knowledge and Info	XP33MAD	Mathematical Analysis of Dempste
XP01MST	Mathematical Statistics	XP16MAS	Marketing Strategies	XP01MKR	Mathematics for cryptography
XP33MKD	Mathematics for Cybernetics - Se	XP01MTS	Mathematical Methods in Signal T	XP01MTP	Matrix Calculus
XP15MPE	Mechatronics in Electrical Power	XP34MTP	Materials and Technologies for P	XP15MVN	High Voltage Measurement
XP37MVP	Scientific Work Methodology	XP38MMN	Measurement of Nonelectric Quant	XP33MMD	Analysis and visualization metho
XP17MAPP	Analysis Methods for Passive Ele	XP17MVP	Methodology of Science	XP38MPM	Methods for Precision Measuremen
XP38MET	Metrology	XP38MDR	Methods of Signals Digitalizatio	XP14MIP	Microprocessor Control of Electr
XP14MIR	Microprocessor Control of Electr	XP14MID	Microprocessor Control of Electr	XP34MSA	Microsystems and Microactuators
XP17MT	Microwave Technique	XP34MSY	Microsystems	XP33MOL	Modal Logics for Distributed Sys
XP13MSD	Modelling and Simulation of Tech	XP32MOS	Mobile Networks	XP02MPF	
XP14RPD	Advanced Controlled Drives	XP33ICT	Modern ICT for Industry and Smar	XP14MRP	Advanced Controlled Drives
XP37MSC	CNS Modern Systems	XP14MPO	Advanced Controlled Drives	XP14MZR	New Control Methods for Electric
XP14MPD	Advanced Control Methods of Elec	XP34APD	Advanced Power Semiconductor Dev	XP37NAV	Navigation systems
XP31NOS	Design and circuit structures of	XP37MPS	Multimedia Signals Transmission	XP34PIC	Programmable IC Design
XP37NRO	CAD for RF and Microwave Circuit	XP31DIF	Digital filter synthesis	XP35NES	Nonlinear Systems
XP04N1	German language 1	XP35NES1	Nonlinear systems	XP04N2ZK	German language 2
XP04N2	German language 2	XP04N1ZK	German language 1	XEP33NEP	Neuroprosthetics
XP13NM	New Matherials and their Applica	XP36NSN	Neural Networks and Neurocompute	XP14MTD	New Trends in Converter Technolo
XP14APR	New Trends in Electric Device Ap	XP14MEN	New Trends in Converter Technolo	XP14APD	New Trends in Electric Device Ap
XP14NTP	New Trends in Electric Device Th	XP14NAP	New Trends in Electric Device Ap	XP14TPD	New Trends in Electric Device Th
XEP33NUM	Numerical Analysis	XP14TPR	New Trends in Electric Device Th	XP01NLA XP34EHA	Numerical Linear Algebra
XP32NMR XP37IPP	Numerical Methodes of Electromag Image Processing and Photonics	XP33NUM XP17NME	Numerical Analysis  Numerical Methods in Electromagn	XP34EHA XP35OFD	Renewable Energy Microsources fo Estimation and Filtering
XP35ESF1	Estimation and filtering	XP32ODV	Intellectual property protection	XP37ODS	<u> </u>
XP17OV	Optical Fibers	XP33OSD	Real Time Operating Systems	XP35ORC1	Optical Design and Simulation Optimal and robust control
XP36PSV	Parallel Systems and Algorithms	XP32OSY	Optical Systems	XP34PED	Advanced Electronic Devices
XP13PED	Plastics in Electrical Engineeri	XP01PDR	Partial Differential Equations	XP33VTP	Computer Vision Theory and Prac
XP01POA	Advanced theory of operator alge	XP02PT	Plasma Technologies	XEP36AGT	Advanced Computational Game Theo
XP37CAD	Advanced methods for circuit ana	XP39CG	Advanced Computational Geometry	XP39UID	Advanced methods of UI design
XP39VIZ	Advanced Visualization Methods	XP16AFM	Advanced Financial Management Me	XP36POA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms
XP37NOS	Advanced Computational Tools for	XP39PMV	Advanced Methods of Visualizatio	XP17PEM	Advanced Electromagnetism
XP34SDS	Semiconductor Structures	XP37MSP	Advanced Multimedia Signal Proce	XP33PPD	Practical Data Mining Problems
XP33PAD	Probabilistic Algorithms	XP34SRS	Semiconductor Radiation Sources	XP34ADM	Principles and Applications of D
XP37PKP	Biomedical Engineering in Clinic	XP33PMD	Probabilistic Models of Uncertai	XP33PAM	Industrial application of multi
XP13PSD	Flexible Production Systems	XP36PAS	Algebraic Specifications Prototy	XP38PSL	Aircraft Instrumentation
XP38PUC		XP15PEE	Transmission of Electricity	XP36RSY	Reconfigurable Systems
XP35RRD	Robust Control	XP37RAD	Radioelectronics	XP33ROD	Pattern Recognition
XP04R1	Russian language 1	XP33RSK	Robust Statistics for Cybernetic	XP04R2ZK	Russian language 2
XP04R2	Russian Language 2	XP04R1ZK	Russian language 1	XP35FSC	Flexible Structure Control
XP16JAK	Quality Management	XP35FSC1	Flexible structures control	XP35CCM	Cooperative Control of Multi-age
XP33RSP	Management of Software Projects	XP33RMD	Control of Mobile Robots	XP15RE	Control of Power Systems
XEP17SWR	Scientific Writing	XP32RTS	Telecommunications Systems Manag	XP15SPS	Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren
XEP33VKR	Selected Topics in Pattern Recog	XPE04SCWR	Scientific Writing	XP39SCG	Seminar in Comnuter Graohics
XP39SPG	Computer Graphics Seminar	XP01SPJ	Syntax and semantics of a formal	XP38SSB	Sensors and Buses
XP38SSA		XP36SEP	Seminars on Architectures of Par	XP13SSD	Special Methods of Devices Quali
XP37SRP	Radio Receivers Special Technolo	XP13SID	Software in Industrial Engineeri	XP02SF	Statistical Physics
XP37SZS	Statistical Signal Processing	XP13SAV	Statistic analysis and technolog	XP16STV	Product Strategy
XP36STR	Stringology	XP16SDE	Building heritage of the industr	XP34STV	VLSI Structures and Technologies
XP15ZSS	Light sources and Equipment	XEP33SML	Structured Model Learning	XP33SDD	Discrete Event Systems
XP38SYS	Measurement and Data Acquisition	XP33SCD	Man-Machine Systems	XP13SJD	Quality Control Systems
XP04S1ZK	Spanish language 1	XP13SRD	Real Time Systems for Process Co	XP04S2ZK	Spanish language 2
XP04S2	Spanish language 2	XP04S1	Spanish language 1	XP13TND	Technology of Low Temperatures a
XP17TVC	Technique of Highly Sensitive Re	XP37TMP	Medical Instrumentation	XP13TPD	Technological Processes in Elect
XP34TOS	Technology of Optical Devices	XP13TMD	Technological Aspects of Microco	XP37TEM	Theoretical Electroacoustics and
XP02TF1	Theoretical Physics 1	XP37TEA	Theoretical Eletroacoustics	XP17TOM	Theoretical Optoelectronics in M
XP37RUP	Radio determination of position,	XP02TF2	Theoretical Physics 2	XP01TGR	Graph Theory
	<u>'</u>		-		
XP01TJA	Languages, Automata and Grammars	XP37TAS	Acoustic signal processing and t	XP32TPZ	Teletraffic Theory

XP33TTM	Text mining	XP02TZP	Theory of Sound Field	XP33UID	Artificial Intelligence
XP01UAG	Introduction to Algebraic Geomet	XP02UZ	Ultrasound and Quantum Acoustics	XP02UFL	Introduction to Laser Physics
XP37ISS	Introduction to space science an	XP02UEF	Introduction to Electrophysiolog	XP01UNA	An introduction to nonassociativ
XP01USA	An introduction to superalgebras	XP01UKS	Introduction to Quantum Structur	XP13VTK	Vacuum technology and cryogenics
XP16HKC	Science, Technics and Technology	XP15UEE	Electric Energy Use and Conserva	XP37VRA	Research Seminars in Radioelectr
XP16VPB	Science, Technology and Industri	XP16VTK	Everyday Science and Technology	XP02VNP	Plasma Waves and Instabilities
XP16DEL	History of technology and econom	XP39VR	Virtual reality	XP37FOT	Selected Parts from Photonics
XP38VKP	Selected Parts of Instrumentatio	XP37VKF	Selected Parts from Photonics	XP33KSI	Sotware Engineering - Selected c
XP38VKZ	Selected Chapters of Signal Proc	XP01TEM	Selected chapters of the measure	XP36VPD	Selected Parts of Data Mining
XP01VPS	Selected topics in probability a	XP38VDI	Selected Chapters of Diagnostics	XP17ANS	Selected Chapters from Antennas
XP02VPA1	Selected Topics of Physics 1	XP33PUD	Artificial Intelligence	XP02VPB	Selected Topics of Physics B
XP02VPO	Selected Topics of Optics	XP02VPA2	Selected Topics of Physics B	XP16MVE	Selected Problems of Economy and
XP37SFA	Fundamentals of Physical Acousti	XP33ROZ	Selected Topics in Pattern Recog	XP36VAV	
XP39VPG	Computational Geometry	XP16STM	Selected Statistical Methods	XP12VVM	Development and Research of Mate
XP13VVM	Development and Research of Mate	XP36VAP	Advaced Computer Architecture	XP13VNM	Research of new materials
XP15VME	Research Methods in th Use of El	XP16VTS	Development of Technical Univers	XP33KHD	Introduction to Game Theory
XP33ZPM		XP02ZFP	Fundamentals of the Plasma Physi	XP33POS	Fundamentals of Possibilistic Me
XP33TPS	Foundations of the Possibilistic	XP33ZVD	Introduction to Computer Vision	XP16ZVP	Fundamentals of Scientific Work
XP01ZWT	Wavetet Transform.	XP01ZOA	Fundamentals of the theory of op	XP34RSD	Radiation Saurces and Photodetec
XP33ZDD	Processing of Biological Data	XP37ZI	Information recording	XP37ZSN1	Signal processing in satellite n
XP37ZSN2	Signal processing in satellite n	XP31ZBS	Biological Signal Processing		•
		XP33VID	3D Computer Vision	7	

# List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
XEP17SWR	Scientific Writing	ZK	4
This course is inte	nded to help researchers organize and effectively communicate, in English, their scientific results. While the instructor is an Electrical applicable to all technical disciplines.	Engineer, the app	roaches are
XEP33CML	Computational Intelligence Techniques for Machine Learning	Z,ZK	4
Learning objective:	become familiar with the theory and applications of computational intelligence methods in the context of systems capable of learning fro	m data. Introduction	n, motivation
for learning, comp	outational intelligence. Supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning paradigms. Fuzzy systems, neural networks, neuro-fuzz	zy systems, and oth	ner general
function approxim	ators for supervised learning. Fuzzy clustering methods for unsupervised learning. Reinforcement learning for single-agent and mult	i-agent systems. E	xamples of
	applications and case studies. The course will be connected with - a computer assignment with Matlab/Simulink and a literature as	signment.	
XEP33FLO	Fuzzy Logic	ZK	4
	Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control.	'	
XEP33GMM	Graphical Markov Models	ZK	4
	aught in WS 2023/24 for the last time. It will not be opened anymore. Markov models on graphs represent a model class widely appli	। ed in many areas o	f computer
science, such as c	omputer networks, data security, robotics and pattern recognition. The first part of the course covers inference and learning for Mark	ov models on chain	s and trees.
All these tasks inc	luding structure learning can be solved by efficient algorithms. The second part addresses graphical models on general graphs. Here	on the contrary, p	ractically all
	inference and learning tasks are NP-complete. The focus is therefore on efficient approximative algorithms.		
XEP33NEP	Neuroprosthetics	Z,ZK	4
Neuroprosthetics	s concerned with the use of artificial devices to replace or improve the function of the human nervous system. The neuroprosthetic c	levice in most wide	spread use
is the cochlea imp	lant with approximately 150,000 in use worldwide. In this course we will look at the different technologies involved, particularly in terr	ns of implant const	ruction and
•	practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to r	•	
		•	
system and to dire	ctly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms	of practical restorate	tive use, not
only in Cochlea in	nplants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enha	ancement and inves	stigate how
the presenters own	self experimentation fits into teh field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such tha	t all students shoul	d be able to
follow (i.e. a math	nematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raise	ed will also be discu	ıssed. The
course is complem	entary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human	brain and nervous	system with
	technology.		
XEP33NUM	Numerical Analysis	Z,ZK	4
The course introd	uces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiations and integration, solution	of transcendent an	d (ordinary
and partial) differen	itial equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors , practical skills with the methods and demons	stration of their prop	erties usino
	Maple and computer graphics.		
XEP33SML	Structured Model Learning	ZK	4
	achine learning course covers learning and parameter estimation for structured models like Markov Random Fields, Belief Networks	1	1
	Networks.	,	sep iveurar
XEP33VKR	Selected Topics in Pattern Recognition and Computer Vision	ZK	4
The course deals	with fundamental results from computer vision and pattern recognition. The course treats selected key results, as well as latest areas	s of research, espe	cially those
which substantial	ly influence the development in the subject field. Education is performed in the form of a reading group. The course is mainly targetin	g PhD candidates,	but is also
	available for Msc students with strong interest, possibly experience too, on a research topic that is relevant to the course		
XEP35CMS	Computational Methods for Materials Science	Z,ZK	4
	e course is to acquire advanced knowledge of Classical and Quantum Mechanics to design in-silico experiments within the Materials	1 '	e end of the
•	dents will know: - the fundaments of thermodynamics, newtonian and statistical mechanics, and how the relative formalism is implen		
thermodynamical	properties; - how the Schrödinger equation is setup and solved in order to calculate physical quantities; - how to combine the classic	al and quantum me	echanics to
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moder experimental	I results; and - a general protocol through which to design new materials at the atomic scale. By means of simulation laboratory experier learn how to setup and run simulations, and how to analyse and present the results by using post-processing softwares.	ice, the students w	III eventually
XEP36AGT	Advanced Computational Game Theory	ZK	4
XP01EAL	Effect algebras	ZK	4
/ / 012/12	Bsic course on effect algebras. Effect algebras, MV-effect algebras, various types of elements, compatibility, partitions, state	1	
XP01EKM	Mathematics Models for Economics	ZK	4
This course is an	introduction to the theory of time series and random processes used in economics for describing values (financial assets, product pr	ices, financial loss	) randomly
VD04544	developing in time will be shown. Further, the terms of stochastic differential and stochastic integral are introduced.	71/	
XP01FA1	Functional Analysis 1  Measure theory and Lebesgue integral. An introduction to Hilbert spaces. Theory of linear operators in Hilbert spaces. Spectral	L ZK	4
XP01ITZ	Integral Transforms and Z Transform	ZK	4
	egral transforms, linearity. Laplace transform, inversion, limit theorems. Fourier transform. Application to solving integral and different	l .	
distribution theory, F	Fourier and Laplace transforms of distributions. Linear dynamic systems, causality, passivity, convolution. Systems with bounded spectr	um. Z-transform ar	nd difference
VDOAKAO	equations.	71/	
XP01KAS	Complexity and Combinatorical Algorithms  mplexity of algorithms. P and NP problems and their solutions: exact solutions, heuristics, approximation schemes, probabilistic algorit	ZK	of problems
XP01KVP	Quantum Computing	ZK	4
	g represents a new programming paradigm. The safety of nowadays encypering techniques is based on enormous computation compl	1	
	afety may be broken by quantum computers. The ``building stones" of a quantum computer and quantum computers will be developed		
	design fast factorization algorithms, fast database search, etc.		1
XP01MKR	Mathematics for cryptography Introduction to the theory of groups, finite fields, and polynomials over finite fields and their applications in cryptography.	ZK	4
XP01MST	Mathematical Statistics	ZK	4
	ng, ordered sampling and their distributions. Sample statistics. Point estimates and interval estimates. Confidence intervals. Estimation	1	
е	stimates. Hypothesis testing for distribution parameters. Hypothesis testing for equality of parameters. Nonparametric tests. Regress	ion analysis.	
XP01MTP	Matrix Calculus	ZK	4
	rdan blocks, Jordan canonical matrices. Real canonical form of a real matrix. Characteristic and minimal polynomial. Caley-Hamilton tl Symetric, orthogonal and positive matrices. Diagonalization of symetric, positive and circulant matrices. Singular value decomposition.		
exponential matrix.	matrix. Generalized solution of systems of linear equations.	woore-remose ps	euuoiiiveise
XP01MTS	Mathematical Methods in Signal Theory	ZK	4
Continuous, discre	te, periodic and almost periodic signals. Fourier series and Fourier integral. Band-limited signals. Theorems of Paley-Wiener and Shapelytic signals.	annon-Kotelnikov. I	Modulation.
XP01NLA	Analytic signals.  Numerical Linear Algebra	ZK	4
	ix algebra. Norms of vectors and matrices. Numerical linear algebra. Special systems. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Iterative metho		
Ŭ	value decomposition. Generalized solutions of linear systems.		J
	raide decempedation contenting of milear dystemer		
XP01PDR	Partial Differential Equations	ZK	4
Problems in partia	Partial Differential Equations  I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral	form and numerica	al methods.
Problems in partia	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras	form and numerica	al methods.
Problems in partia	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor properties.	form and numerica	al methods.
Problems in partia  XP01POA  Some advanced	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.	form and numerica	al methods.
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced XP01SPJ	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor properties.	form and numerica ZK roducts, cross prod	4 ducts, and
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.  Syntax and semantics of a formal language ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence to the functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functional language, denotational semantics. New functions definitions.	form and numerica  ZK roducts, cross proc  ZK heorem. Mathematons, recursive con	ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operation	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.  Syntax and semantics of a formal language ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence to the functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functional language, denotational semantics. New functions definitional semantics. Other approaches to semantics, continuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a programment.	form and numerica  ZK roducts, cross proc  ZK heorem. Mathemations, recursive con ramming language	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operatic XP01TEM	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.  Syntax and semantics of a formal language ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence to the sof functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functional language, denotational semantics. New functions definitional semantics. Other approaches to semantics, continuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a progressive power of the measure theory	Torm and numerical ZK roducts, cross process ZK recursive conformations, recursive conformating language ZK	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.
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Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operation XP01TEM Basic properties  XP01TGR Basic course in gratheir applications, bipartite graphs. V  XP01TJA Finite automata. Ne  XP01UAG Affine varieties as to basis theorem, Gro  XP01UKS Basic course of quant	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.  Syntax and semantics of a formal language ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence to sof functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple function language, denotational semantics. New functions definitional semantics. Other approaches to semantics, continuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a program of finetely additive and sigma-additive measures, classic results (the Radon-Nikodym theorem and the Carathéodory theorem), the emeasures (the Horn-Tarski technique, the Banach limit method, some questions of the lifting, etc.), the Hammer-Sobczyk theorem and their applications. Chvatal's theorem. Flow in networsk, admissible flows and admissible circulations. Match ertex cover and independent sets. Cliques. Colorings. Plannar graphs. Graphs and vector spaces. The content of the course is modifications. Nondeterministic automata. Regular expressions nad Kleene theorem. Grammars and their classific Chomsky hierarchy. CYK algorithm for context-free grammars. Turing machines, decision problem. Algorithmically nonsolvable production to Algebraic Geometry  the solution sets of systems of polynomial equations in more than one variable and their relationship with the ideals in polynomial rine ebner's bases and their properties, Buchberger's algorithm for searching a Groebner's basis, elimination theory, Hilbert's Nullstellens varieties and radicals.  Introduction to Quantum Structures  An introduction to nonassociative algebras	Torm and numerical ZK roducts, cross products, recursive conforming language ZK extension of finatel products algorithm. Euler graphing in general graphical according to the ZK extension. Cotnext-free coblems.  ZK extension. Cotnext-free coblems.  ZK gs, Dickson's lemn satz, corresponder  ZK d. Basic properties	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.  4 y additive  4 graphs and in e needs of  4 a grammars.  4 na, Hilbert's nee between  4 of quantum
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Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operation XP01TEM Basic properties  XP01TGR Basic course in gratheir applications, bipartite graphs. V  XP01TJA Finite automata. Ne  XP01UAG Affine varieties as to basis theorem, Gro  XP01UKS Basic course of qual XP01UNA The basic course variety. We pay	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor prodular theory.  Syntax and semantics of a formal language ics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence to sof functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functional language, denotational semantics. New functions definitional semantics. Other approaches to semantics, cohinuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a program Selected chapters of the measure theory of finetely additive and sigma-additive measures, classic results (the Radon-Nikodym theorem and the Carathéodory theorem), the organization of the description of the description of the measures (the Horn-Tarski technique, the Banach limit method, some questions of the lifting, etc.), the Hammer-Sobczyk theorem and their applications. Chvatal's theorem. Flow in networsk, admissible flows and admissible circulations. Matcher etc.  Graph Theory aph theory. Trees, their characterization, minimal spanning tree. Strongly connected components, rooted trees. Shortest paths, Floyd Hamiltonian graphs and their applications. Chvatal's theorem. Flow in networsk, admissible flows and admissible circulations. Matcher etc.  Languages, Automata and Grammars  rod theorem and its applications. Nondeterministic automata. Regular expressions nad Kleene theorem. Grammars and their classific Chomsky hierarchy. CYK algorithm for context-free grammars. Turing machines, decision problem. Algorithmically nonsolvable processes and their properties, Buchberger's algorithm for searching a Groebner's basis, elimination theory, Hilbert's Nullstellens varieties and radicals.  Introduction to Quantum Structures  An introduc	Torm and numerical ZK roducts, cross processory ZK heorem. Mathemations, recursive contaming language ZK extension of finatelement. ZK extension general gratical according to the collems. ZK cation. Cotnext-free collems. ZK gs, Dickson's lemnatz, corresponder ZK d. Basic properties ZK esentations for alg	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.  4 y additive  4 graphs and phs and in e needs of  4 a grammars.  4 na, Hilbert's nce between  4 of quantum  4 ebras in a
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operatio XP01TEM Basic properties  XP01TGR Basic course in gratheir applications, bipartite graphs. V  XP01TJA Finite automata. Ne  XP01UAG Affine varieties as to basis theorem, Gro  XP01UKS Basic course of qual XP01UNA The basic course variety. We pay XP01USA	Partial Differential Equations  Idifferential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras  aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor production of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor production spaces in the state space, tensor production to allow spaces and their properties, spaces, tensor spaces, spaces and their properties, spaces, tensor spaces, spa	Torm and numerical ZK roducts, cross processory ZK heorem. Mathemations, recursive contamining language ZK extension of finatel order. ZK stalgorithm. Euler states according to the colorem. ZK cation. Cotnext-free colorems. ZK gs, Dickson's lemnatel, corresponder. ZK d. Basic properties ZK esentations for algersal enveloping	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.  4 y additive  4 graphs and in e needs of  4 e grammars.  4 na, Hilbert's ace between  4 of quantum  4 ebras in a gebras.  4
Problems in partia XP01POA Some advanced  XP01SPJ Syntax and semant theory. Fixed poin Operatio XP01TEM Basic properties  XP01TGR Basic course in gratheir applications, bipartite graphs. V  XP01TJA Finite automata. Ne  XP01UAG Affine varieties as to basis theorem, Gro  XP01UKS Basic course of qual XP01UNA The basic course variety. We pay XP01USA	Partial Differential Equations I differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral Advanced theory of operator algebras aspects of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor production of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor production of the theory of operator algebras are treated. In particular, structure of ideals, convex structure of the state space, tensor production the state space, tensor state, tensor spaces. The content of the course is modificated to the state space, the state space, tensor spaces. The content of the course is modi	Torm and numerical ZK roducts, cross products,	al methods.  4 ducts, and  4 ducts, and  4 tical domain structions.  4 y additive  4 graphs and in e needs of  4 e grammars.  4 na, Hilbert's ace between  4 of quantum  4 ebras in a gebras.  4

XP01ZOA	Fundamentals of the theory of operator algebras	ZK	4
	he theory of operator algebras aimed at the theory of C* algebras and von Neumann algebras in its concrete Hilbert space represen		
construction and re	presentations are studied. Comparison theory of projections, states and representations is explained. Von Neumann algebras are cla	assified as finite and	d infinite and
	structural types I, II, III.		
XP01ZWT	Wavetet Transform.	ZK	4
Hilbert spaces. Co	ontinuous wavelet transform. Time and frequency localization. Discrete wavelet transform. Riesz bases and frames. Multiresolution a	nalysis. Application	ns to signal
VDOOANA	processing.	71/	
XP02AMA	Active Methods in Acoustics	ZK	4
	s, interference, Huygens principle, sound field in ducts, vawe-guides and enclosures. Active noise control in a duct. One or more sec Istic coupling, modes, local control. Feedback and feedforward strategy, analog adn digital realisations, algorithms based on LMS, stab		
in enclosures, acou	algorithms. Practical realisations of active systems. Active control of vibrations, transducers for active control.	only of algorithms,	mullionamie
XP02AME	Active Methods in Acoustics	ZK	
XP02BFY	Biophysics	Z,ZK	4
	properties of blood flow, measurement of haemodynamic parameters in vivo, properties of blood vessels. Special attention will be give	1 '	
	on in treatment of renal or lung insuficiency. The students will learn how to measure blood pressure under various degrees of load a	-	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ventilation parameters. Theoretical knowledge will be complemented by practical experience from excursions.	•	
XP02DP	Electric Discharges and their Applications	ZK	4
	electric discharges. Townsend?s theory. Glow discharge. Processes on the surface of electrodes. Technological applications. Plasma	I .	uency and
microwave discha	arge. Arc. Corona. Spark discharge. Lightning. Ball lightning. Z-pinch and its properties. Electromagnetic collapse. X-ray sources, cor	ntrolled fusion. Ger	neration of
	magnetic fields of Earth.		
XP02EVA	Physics for Electroenergetics	ZK	4
	lected parts of physics for students of electric power engineering: Physical principles of gas discharges - glow, arc, spark and corona dis	_	
The students becor	me acquainted with characteristics for magnetized, astrophysical and fusion energy generation. A part of the course is two excursions	in laboratories CTI	U and Czech
	Academy of Sciences.		
XP02FPL	Solid State Physics	ZK	4
	The course provides fundamentals of solid state physics at large.		
XP02FPT	Physics for Therapy	Z,ZK	3
	focused to Over Using Syndrome problems. Besides that, there will be discussed pain treatment for patients with cancer. A signification of the control of th		
electrotherapy, phy	rsiotherapy and phototherapy. Also healing processes, organ conservation methods and progressive surgery methods will be spoker	n about. Students v	vill also gain
VDOOLIC	many practical knowledge via labs.	ZK	
XP02HS	Noise Surveys e and vibration measurement, noise legislation, hygiene control. Types of noise surveys, examples, types of noise sources. Noise ma	1	4 and types of
Souria fiela, fioise	sources. Noise in working environment. Noise in buildings. Transport noise, airport noise. Technical principles of noise contri		ind types of
XP02MHD	Magnetohydrodynamics	ZK	4
AI OZIVII ID	Qualitative description of the behaviour of hot plasma in magnetic fields		, ,
XP02MPF	Qualitative description of the penaviour of not plasma in magnetic fields	7 7K	2
XP02MPF		Z,ZK	2
XP02PT	Plasma Technologies	ZK	4
	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics	· '	
XP02PT XP02SF	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.	ZK Z,ZK	4 4
XP02PT XP02SF XP02TF1	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. Theoretical Physics 1	ZK Z,ZK Z,ZK	4 4
XP02PT XP02SF XP02TF1	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. Theoretical Physics 1 stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic	ZK Z,ZK Z,ZK	4 4
XP02PT XP02SF XP02TF1 The lecture Theore	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK  s - to master the december 2.	4 4 escription of
XP02PT XP02SF XP02TF1	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK  s - to master the d	4 4
XP02PT XP02SF XP02TF1 The lecture Theore XP02TF2	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  tical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle.	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK  s - to master the decorated by the decorat	4 4 4 escription of
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore XP02TF2  XP02TZP	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the decorate the	4 4 escription of 4
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. Theoretical Physics 1 stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates. Theoretical Physics 2 The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle. Theory of Sound Field	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the decoration of th	4 4 escription of 4 4 n are derived
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime law	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. Theoretical Physics 1 stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates. Theoretical Physics 2 The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle. Theory of Sound Field rse is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the second part of the second part of physical acoustics.	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the december 2,ZK ycle.  ZK the energy equation ecial solutions are	4 4 escription of 4 an are derived discussed.
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime law	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theory of Sound Field  rese is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and two of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its specific process.	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the december 2,ZK ycle.  ZK the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem	4 4 escription of 4 an are derived discussed.
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime law	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theory of Sound Field  rise is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and twice of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its specific the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integrated in the developed using the methods of Fourier a Introduction to Electrophysiology	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the december 2,ZK ycle.  ZK the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem	4 4 escription of 4 an are derived discussed.
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime lar General solutions o	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  etical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture of the country of Sound Field rise is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its specific the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integrated in and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier a Introduction to Electrophysiology  Course is oriented on anatomical, physiological and physical aspects of selected electrophysiology problems.	ZK Z,ZK  Z,ZK s - to master the december of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem coustics.  Z,ZK	4 4 escription of 4 an are derived discussed. so of acoustic
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XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime lar General solutions o  XP02UEF  XP02UFL The subject introc	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and two of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its specific the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integral and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier a Introduction to Electrophysiology  Course is oriented on anatomical, physiological and physical aspects of selected electrophysiology problems.  Introduction to Laser Physics duces the basics of laser physics. It explains the principle of laser operation, presents basic terms and describes in detail individual to	ZK Z,ZK S - to master the decoration of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem coustics.  ZK XK Yypes of lasers, incl	4 4 escription of 4 an are derived discussed. so of acoustic 4 4 luding their
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime lar General solutions o  XP02UEF  XP02UFL The subject introcconstruction, chara	Plasma Technologies  Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2  The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle.  Theory of Sound Field  rate is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the wave of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its specific fluid dynamics. These equations are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integer radiation and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier a Introduction to Electrophysiology  Course is oriented on anatomical, physiological and physical aspects of selected electrophysiology problems.  Introduction to Laser Physics  duces the basics of laser physics. It explains the principle of laser operation, presents basic terms and describes in detail individual tal acterizes the main properties of laser radiation and briefly indicates the possibilities of creating short pulses of radiation. The next pa	ZK Z,ZK s - to master the decoration of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem coustics. ZK ypes of lasers, inclust focuses on the unit of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals.	4 4 escription of 4  4 n are derived discussed. as of acoustic 4  4 luding their use of lasers
XP02PT XP02SF  XP02TF1 The lecture Theore  XP02TF2  XP02TZP The aim of this cour from the prime lar General solutions o  XP02UEF  XP02UFL The subject introcconstruction, chara	Plasma Technologies Statistical Physics The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. Theoretical Physics 1  stical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanic motion in curvilinear coordinates.  Theoretical Physics 2 The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle. Theory of Sound Field  rate is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are tormulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integradiation and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier at Introduction to Electrophysiology  Course is oriented on anatomical, physiological and physical aspects of selected electrophysiology problems.  Introduction to Laser Physics  Juces the basics of laser physics. It explains the principle of laser operation, presents basic terms and describes in detail individual to acterizes the main properties of laser radiation and briefly indicates the possibilities of creating short pulses of radiation. The next paof human activity. It also lists safety principles for working with lasers. In the practical part, it is supplemented by visits to top workplant.	ZK Z,ZK s - to master the decoration of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals, some problem coustics. ZK ypes of lasers, inclust focuses on the unit of the energy equation ecial solutions are rals.	4 4 escription of 4  4 n are derived discussed. as of acoustic 4  4 luding their use of lasers
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XP02ZFP	Fundamentals of the Plasma Physics	ZK	4
This course will p	provide you with a basic knowledge of plasma physics and of its applications. Plasma definition. Main plasma characteristics. Collision	s of charged parti	cles. Fluid
	model Magneto-hydrodynamics. Aplications.		
XP04A1	English language 1	NIC	
The course revises	s general English from previous studies, further develops speaking skills, listening and recalling spoken English as well as note-taking	skills. Provides ba	sic scientific
	terminology (cause-effect relationship, definitions, classification, basic information on composing written documents ).		
XP04A1ZK	English language 1	ZK	0
The subject A1 ZK	is only for those postgraduate students studying in older study program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying languages	according to the r	newer study
	program .		
XP04A2	English language 2	NIC	
	sing written documents (papers, reports, articles, dissertations, official letters); oral presentations, reading skills (getting both general		**
art of understand	ding speech in a foreign language; selected parts of difficult grammar; selected items focused on practical skills (reading mathematical stress of the control of the contr	al symbols and exp	oressions,
\/D04400714	writing CV). Oral presentations.	717	•
XP04A2SZK	English Language	ZK	0
XP04A2ZK	English language 2	ZK	0
	ect is only for those postgraduate students who study in older program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying the new langer		_
XP04AZK	English Language	ZK	0
	http://www.fel.cvut.cz/anketa/aktualni/courses/XP04AZK		_
XP04C1ZK	Czech language 1	ZK	0
XP04C2ZK	Czech language 2	ZK	0
XP04F1	French language 1	NIC	
Basic knowledge	of grammar and vocabulary, with the emphasis on technical style ; ability to understand technical texts on an intermediate level ( teste	d on reading cca 6	60 pages of
t	exts). Oral presentations - ability to talk on subjects studied by the postgraduate student. Writing cover letters, CV, answering advertis	sements etc.	
XP04F1ZK	French language 1	ZK	0
XP04F2	French language 2	NIC	
Very good proficie	ency both in grammar and lexical issues with emphasis on what is typical for technical style. Ability to be oriented in a more difficult te	kt, reading compre	hension of
texts (cca 120 page	es). Oral presentations, i.e. ability to talk about problems on a sufficiently good level, (both language and content level studied by postgr	aduates). Masterir	ng language
	skills related to job applications, cover letters etc.		
XP04F2ZK	French language 2	ZK	0
XP04MIN	English Language 2	ZK	0
1 -	rm of defense of professional study in English. The task of the doctoral student before the committee to defend his professional work dra		_
As part of the subs	sequent discussion. PhD student is evaluated in presentation skills, mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills	quickly and corre	ctly respond
\/D0414	during the debate . Account is also the linguistic correctness of written text.		
XP04N1	German language 1 th the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering , eliciting basic info	NIC	vet Dandina
_	professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific t		_
_	cons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, profess		
	profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts.		
XP04N1ZK	German language 1	ZK	0
Extending skills wit	th the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering, eliciting basic info	rmation from the te	ext. Reading
and analysis of	professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific to	opics, CV, job app	lications,
conversation less	sons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, profess	ional and scientific	work, the
	profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts.		
XP04N2	German language 2	NIC	
The course is focu	ised on extending and elaborating grammar and conversation, namely on professional language skills (reading + writing technical tex	ts, preparing pape	rs, reviews,
	presentations etc.)ations etc.)		
XP04N2ZK	German language 2	ZK	0
XP04R1	Russian language 1	NIC	
The course is sui	itable for intermediate students who have an equivalent command of the language as someone who has completed book Raduga. Co	urse objective: Acc	quiring the
	language skills required to get by in everyday situations and a basic understanding of straightforward technical texts.		
XP04R1ZK	Russian language 1	ZK	0
XP04R2	Russian Language 2	NIC	
	xts including messages, summaries, business correspondence and dissertation theses; understanding lectures and other listening skills;		esentations;
	tructures and pronunciation. Russian realia and the way of Russian life.Besides the course books, the supplementary texts and AV ai		
XP04R2ZK	Russian language 2	ZK	0
XP04S1	Spanish language 1	NIC	0
Increasing active k	nowledge of Spanish language, including the language for specific purposes. Specific technical style characteristics focused on specific	c grammar and lex	kis.Listening
XP04S1ZK	comprehension, oral presentations, understanding the text-all based on intermediate level language.	<b>-</b>	_
	Spanish language 1	ZK	0
XP04S2	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2	NIC	0
Basic language sk	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  ills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation	NIC ns both written and	0 d oral,news
Basic language sl etc. Indi	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2 Kills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation invidual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent specifications.	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded	0 d oral,news
Basic language sketc. Indi	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  kills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation ividual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent sponsor Spanish language 2	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK	0 d oral,news l.
Basic language sketc. Indi XP04S2ZK XP04 1	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  kills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation ividual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent speaking spanish language 2  Czech language 1	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK NIC	0 d oral,news
Basic language sketc. Indi XP04S2ZK XP04 1 XP04 2	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  kills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation ividual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent sponsor Spanish language 2	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK NIC NIC	0 d oral,news l.
Basic language stetc. Indi XP04S2ZK XP04 1 XP04 2 XP12IMM	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  ills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation ividual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent speaking spanish language 2  Czech language 1  Czech language 2  Engineering Methods in Mechanics	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK NIC NIC Z,ZK	0 d oral,news  0 0 0
Basic language sketc. Indi XP04S2ZK XP04 1 XP04 2 XP12IMM Review methods so	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  kills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation invidual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent speaking spanish language 2  Spanish language 2  Czech language 1  Czech language 2  Engineering Methods in Mechanics  Solution of problems in rigid bodies mechanics, hydromechanical, thermodynamic and electromechanical systems. Dynamics of combine	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK NIC NIC Z,ZK d systems with usi	0 d oral,news
Basic language sketc. Indi XP04S2ZK XP04 1 XP04 2 XP12IMM Review methods so of vectorial and a	Spanish language 1 Spanish language 2  ills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentation ividual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent speaking spanish language 2  Czech language 1  Czech language 2  Engineering Methods in Mechanics	NIC ns both written and eech is demanded ZK NIC NIC Z,ZK d systems with uside to passive resister	0 d oral,news

XP12VVM	Development and Research of Materials	Z,ZK	5
Research of com	posite materials wth specific electrical properties. Diagnostics of materials in electrotechnology. Polymers. Phase transitions. Thin an	d thick conductive	layers on
VD40DE7	polymers. Organic solar cells. Models of function of biomaterials.	7.71/	4
XP13DEZ The course familiar	Degradation processes of electridal equipment   izes students with the basic processes of degradation, which is exposed to the electrical product in a production environment. The stu	Z,ZK	4 knowledge
	uct for a model operating environment. The student should try to verify the dominant degradation process of the product in the labora		ū
	tion. Attention is also paid to environmental aspects associated with the choice of materials (technology) that are able to limit the deg		•
XP13DFD	Data and Functional Analysis of Production Systems	Z,ZK	4
	m of production enterprise and its structure. Relationship of technological system to other systems. Tools of control and information of e		
	alysis of enterprise. Date base of technical preparation of production. Methodology of functional analysis of enterprise. Methods of da sis of user interface of enterprise IS. Object oriented methodology of analysis of enterprise. Methods of time analysis of enterprise. Us		=
wellious of allalys	enterprise. Documentation and standards for data and functional analysis. Automation of analysis methods, CASE tools.	se of Felli fiels for	arialysis of
XP13DTF	Thin film diagnostics	Z,ZK	4
	erization. Definition of a thin film. Deposition methods; chemical vapor deposition, physical vapor deposition. Thin film characterization	,	electron
	diffraction. Ion implantation. X-ray diffraction and photoelectron spectroscopy. Thickness, mechanical, optical and electrical properties of the design of t		
XP13FCD	Photovoltaics systems	Z,ZK	4
	ses the most important problems of principle, technology of production and final use of photovoltaic systems for power generation. To		
	version. Photovoltaic effect, photovoltaic cells. Optimization of cell structure in terms of optical and electrical properties of individual la Determination of the maximum theoretically achievable energy conversion efficiency of a given structure. Photovoltaic modules. Technol	=	
•	otovoltaic cells and modules. Characterization and diagnostic methods, analysis of failure types, influence on durability. Photovoltaic sys	•	•
to the grid). Comp	conents of photovoltaic systems. Simulation of yield for a given type of climate and season. Trends in applications of photovoltaic syst	ems and economi	c aspects.
XP13FDD	Physic of Dielectrics	Z,ZK	4
	anizmus of polarization. Dielectric absorption. Electrical conductivity of insulators. Dielectrics in static electrical field. Dielectrics in tim	•	
Frequency disper	rsion of polymers. Thermal dispersion of polymers. Optical properties of dielectrics. Dielectrics losses. Electrical strength of insulators dielectrics films. Ageing of insulators. Properties of feroelectrics. Main and joined phenomena in dielectrics.	. Electrical propert	ies of thin
XP13FPD	Semiconductor Physics	Z,ZK	4
	ourse is to deepen the knowledge of the properties of semiconductor materials and structures that are important for a deeper underst	,	_
	components technology .	Ū	
XP13MSD	Modelling and Simulation of Technological Systems	Z,ZK	4
	mputer modelling and simulation. Programs processing port diagrams or block diagrams. Text edited systems and examples. Graphic		
- SIMULINK. Mode	lling of electric and electronic systems. Models of power semiconductor devices, modelling of power semiconductor systems. Example	es of simulations.	Modelling of
XP13NM	mechanical and electromechanical systems, hydraulic systems and thermal systems. Examples of simulations.  New Matherials and their Application	Z,ZK	4
	cused on the topic of the doctoral thesis, e.g. carbon materials and composites, conducting polymers and composites, biomimetic ma	•	-
	materials, and new materials for actuators.	,,	,, 5,
XP13PED	Plastics in Electrical Engineering	Z,ZK	4
		۷,۷۱۲	•
	in electrical manufacturing. Exercise plastics in the production of the cables, structural members etc. The specialty requirements on the	olastic materials (c	onductance,
the mechanic rigi	dity, of shape constancy). Composite materials from out plastics. Technology treatment of plastics. Degradation of plastics impact of	olastic materials (c environment(climat	onductance,
the mechanic rigi	dity, of shape constancy). Composite materials from out plastics. Technology treatment of plastics. Degradation of plastics impact of $\epsilon$ chanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on the	plastic materials (co environment(climate e environment.	onductance, ic and the
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multichip modules. Technology of contacting og dies. Electrical design of MCMs. Thermal design of MCMs. Physical design of MCMs. Parameters for evaluation of MCMs. Reliability of MCMs. Design tools. Programmable modules. Applications of MCMs. XP13VNM Z.ZK 4 Research of new materials The course will cover the topics of materials such as Piezoelectrics, pyroelectrics and ferroelectrics without lead, Multiferroics, Special magnetic elements, Carbon materials and carbon nanomaterials, Bio-inspired materials and hybrid organic inorganic materials, Polymers and composites containing polymer for electrical engineering, Nanofibers, Metals ( ODS, HEA alloys) with controlled content of amorphous / crystalline / nanocrystalline mass, Metals with extreme dependence of electrical resistance on temperature, mechanical load and its influence on material behavior, Carbides and nitrides (MAX phase). Critical methods for study of these materials will be discussed - Characterization of materials by diffraction and spectroscopic techniques, Characterization of materials by microscopy (SEM, TEM, polarized light, confocal), Characterization of materials by impedance analyzers, Modeling and simulation of temperature and el. fields. XP13VTK Vacuum technology and cryogenics Physics of gas. Voluminous processes. Surface processes. Processes circulative to wall. Vacuum pumps. Measurements in vacuum techniques. Principles of cooling and constructions of real equipments for achievement of low temperatures. Properties and behavior of matters at low temperatures. Transport of heat and insulating systems used in cryogenics.Low temperature thermometry. Laboratory training and seminars are focused to obtain a basic practical proficiencies and the other knowledges in vacuum technology and cryogenics. XP13VVM Development and Research of Materials Z,ZK Research of composite materials wth specific electrical properties. Diagnostics of materials in electrotechnology. Polymers. Phase transitions. Thin and thick conductive layers on polymers. Organic solar cells. Models of function of biomaterials. XP14APD New Trends in Electric Device Applications New trends in development and design of electric apparatus. Electric apparatus and electric devices co-operation. Electric apparatus switching characteristics and their influence on switched circuit. Switching overvoltage and possibility of its limitation. Up to date systems for overvoltage limitation. Problems of high voltage motor switching. Electric apparatus measuring and testing up to date methods. Internal smart installations. New generation of building installations. New Trends in Electric Device Apply XP14APR ZK 3 XP14DES Dynamics of Electric Machines 7K 4 Electric machines play an important role in a number of areas, such as e-mobility, renewable energy sources utilization, robotics and automation. The main objective of the course is to provide the students with deep understanding of the principles, operation, and analysis of rotating electric machinery. Mathematical models based on the theory of space phasors or FEM will be developed for various types of electric machines (induction machines, electrically excited synchronous machines, permanent magnet synchronous machines). Thorough understanding of electrical machine theory on such a level is necessary, for instance, for design of modern control methods of electric drives or construction of electric machines. XP14DSD Dynamics of Electric Machines Assumptions for electric machine general theory. Mathematical transformation systems, per unit system. Mathematical model of DC machine, of synchronous and induction machine, of collector machine. Electro-dynamic transient phenomena in electric machines. Short-circuit. Switching of the motor on the network. Electromagnetic torque and its components. Synchronous motor oscillation. Circle diagram methods for transient effect solves. Non-symmetrical short-circuits. XP14ECD **Electromagnetic Compatibility** ZK Interference sources. Different manner and coupling factors of interference spreading. Grounding influences. Screening. Non-linear electric appliances influence on power quality. Current and voltage forms of different electric appliances. Harmonic current and voltage components of different electric appliances. Steady state and transient current and voltage harmonics components. Interference suppression of converters on the network. Compensation and filtration substations. XP14EMC **Electromagnetic Compatibility** ZK 4 Interference sources. Interference coupling. Shielding. Earthing. Nonlinear consumers. Harmonics in electric convertors in steady and transient conditions. Supression of negative converor influences on the network. Compensation and filtration. New Trends in Converter Technology The aim of the study is to introduce students to the principles and functions of latest topologies of power semiconductor electric energy converters, taking into account the scope of their PhD thesis. Content of the subject is the optimization of the power conversion parameters in power semiconductor converter systems. The subject is oriented mainly on new trends in the use of new principles, topologies, functions and possibilities of application of power semiconductor converters realized on the basis of modern power semiconductor devices and using increasingly powerful control microcomputers. The topics are focused on pulse width modulation methods for voltage and current control, modes of operation of converters with unity power factor, active control of the current curve and the voltage curve, as well as the overall quality of electric energy transmission. The problems of analysis and synthesis of matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solved. Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives XP14MID Control computers, their architecture. ADC, DAC special circuits, DMA, measurement of pulse parameters. Event memories, FIFOs, CAMs, multiport RAMs, gate arrays. Serial communication. DSP processor concept, fast computing, interface issues. Parallel information processing. Multiprocessor systems. Real-time system, SW, HW design techniques. Polled loops, phase/state driven systems, F/B systems. Interrupt driven system, full featured kernels, Tasks, intertask communication, queues, semaphores. Control algorithms design and issues. SW, HW design examples. XP14MIP Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives ZK The aim of the course is to introduce students to the latest issues of mikroprocessor application in control and regulation of electric drives. The course deals with topics of control computer, digital signal processor (DSP) architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA controller, special blocks, ADC, event memory, FIFO, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor systems, parallel processing, RT systems, preemptive RTOS, tasks, queues, semaphors, critical section, control computer programming methods, control computer resources application in scalar and vector control of electric drives. XP14MIR Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives 7K 3 Control computer, digital signal processor (DSP), digital signal microcontroller (DSC), architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA controller, special blocks, ADC, event memory, FIFO, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor systems, parallel processing, RT systems, solution methods, systems: INT, BG-FG, FSA, CC, preemptive RTOS, tasks, queues, semaphors, critical section, control computer programming methods, control computer resources application in scalar and vector control of electric drives. XP14MPD Advanced Control Methods of Electric Drives ZK 4 Development trends in electric drive control. Application of microprocessor technology, program realization of algorithms for modern drives, modulators, realization of direct and indirect induction machine torque control, converter with harmonic current control for synchronous machine, functions and control of compatible rectifier, preview of modern controllers for electric drives. XP14MPO ZK Advanced Controlled Drives 4 XP14MRP 3 Advanced Controlled Drives ZK XP14MTD New Trends in Converter Technology ZK 4 Up to date power semi-conductor devices. Pulse Width Modulation methods for current and voltage control. Single-phase PWM converter. Converters with unity power factor. Single-phase converter with active current shape control. Three-phase converter with active current shape control. Converter with active voltage shape control. Converters for multisystem locomotives. Resonant converters.

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XP14MZR	New Control Methods for Electric Drives se is to introduce students to the latest issues of control and regulation of electric drives, taking into account the focus of their doctoral	ZK	4 s to optimize
	energy conversion parameters in electric drive systems and relevant power electronics, in particular by using modern control and reg		-
	is mainly focused on electric AC drives, especially drives with asynchronous and synchronous motors.		
XP14NAP	New Trends in Electric Device Apply	ZK	4
XP14NTP	New Trends in Electric Device Theory	ZK	4
XP14RPD	Advanced Controlled Drives	ZK	3
	iable frequency feeding. Current source converter. Voltage source converter, PWM, Electromagnetic torque by feeding from frequency	=	
	Direct and indirect torque control system, Self-controlled synchronous motor drive. Methods for rotor position determination. Switch R		
XP14TPD	New Trends in Electric Device Theory or models and theory. Switching arc physics. Interaction between switching breaker and electric circuit. New knowledge in electric arc	ZK	4
•	ar models and theory. Switching are physics. Interaction between switching breaker and electric circuit, new knowledge in electric arc dium on physical process in arcing chamber. Switcher braking capacity and possibility of their inducement. Fuses theory. Electric circ	· ·	
3.1	limitation. Electric contact theory.	3	
XP14TPR	New Trends in Electric Device Theory	ZK	3
XP15DVN	Diagnostics of HV and EHV Insulating Systems	Z,ZK	4
	ation, fault sources and mechanisms. Indoor and outdoor insulation of electrical equipment. Diagnostic methods, using in operation. Cl		_
	on of database systems for electrical machines and equipment of HV and EHV. Application of systems with element of artificial intell	igence in electro d	iagnostics.
XP15EH	Energy Economy	Z,ZK	4
	art of national economy.Terminology of energy economy.The energy systems. Forecast of energy consumption.Energy balance in pr		
	Energy economy and its impact to environment. Energy economy on the organization level. The control of energy economy. Basic pro		
XP15ES	Electrical Lighting cesses. Light micro climate design. Daylight, artificial and mixed lighting. Visual performance. Visual comfort. Colorimetry. Light sourcesses.	Z,ZK	4
visuai serisory pro	Lighting systems. Exterior and interior lighting. Lumen method. Integrated and remote controlled lighting systems.	es. Luminaire cha	racteristics
XP15ET	Electroheat	Z,ZK	4
	fundamental equations of heat and mass transfer in electromagnetic field in continuum. Thermal effects of electromagnetic field. The		
	induction, dielectric and arc heating. Similarity and analogy of equations and their use. Numerical methods in electroheat.	•	
XP15EXE	Expert Systems in Electrical Power Engineering	Z,ZK	4
	nd evaluation. Expert systems in electrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Application of rule-based expert	systems and neur	ral network
in ele	ectrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Creation of expert systems for electrical power engineering and ele	ctro diagnostics.	
XP15EZP	Control in Power Engineering	Z,ZK	4
	omental problems. The role of power engineering. Global climate change. The greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide emissions.Impact o		-
of hydro power pla	nts. Renewable energy sources.Methods and technology for decreasing of impact to environment. Electric power transmission and the	ne environment. Th	ne control c
VD45EAK	power energy system	7 71/	
XP15FAK	Photometry and Colorimetry metric methods. Standards of luminance and luminous flux. Receivers of radiation and modification of their characteristics. Photomet	Z,ZK	4
	meters. Luminaire parameters. Measuring of indoor lighting systems. Measuring of outdoor luminance and illuminance. Colour vision		
ngrit source para	Colorimeter space. Colour rendering-index. Chromaticity system. Diagram of chromatic. Colorimeter. Spectroscop	tricory. Ornomation	ity. Ooloui.
XP15MPE	Mechatronics in Electrical Power Engineering	Z,ZK	4
	es, models and control systems of steam generators, steam and water turbines and nuclear reactor. Dynamics and control of STATCOM ar		npensatore
XP15MVN	High Voltage Measurement	Z,ZK	4
Types of testing v	oltages and high voltage generators. Measurement cables, attenuators. Disturbances of HV measurement. Measurement of impulse	voltages by voltag	e dividers,
	Dividers for measurement of fast transients, calibration of dividers. Measurement of DC high voltages, HV resistors and dividers. Measurement of DC high voltages, HV resistors and dividers.		
instruments for me	easurement of RMS voltages. Instruments for measurement of voltage peak values. Measurement of high current, shunt reactors, Ro	-	urement of
VD4EDEE	current on potential by utilization of optical-fibre waveguides. Voltage tests of transformers. HV measurement of dielectrics		1
XP15PEE	Transmission of Electricity and transmission systems. Multiple overhead lines. Symmetrical components. Calculation of load flow. Analysis of faulted power sys	Z,ZK	4
	s and simultaneous faults. Special transients in the integrated power systems. Distance and comparison protection relays, principles		
	ower networks, prediction and limitation of disturbances due to non-linear loads. Static stability of the power system and its criteria. D		
system	and its criteria. Methods for increasing of the stability in power systems. Multimachine transient stability. Reliability of the power trans	smission systems.	·
XP15RE	Control of Power Systems	Z,ZK	4
	s of power system control, feasibility and algorithms of optimization methods, handling of constrain conditions. Hierarchy and decom	position of system	controlling
-	te estimation. Load forecasting and load curve civering. Unit commitment. Optimization of operation with respect to net topology cons		_
reactive powers b	palance. Control of frequency and active powers balance. Optimal power flow. Dynamical models of power stations and systems. Solu	tion of extraordina	ry states
VD45050	Dispatch, system and subsidiary services.	7 71/	
XP15SPS	Coupled Problems in Heavy Current and Power Engineering	Z,ZK	4
	led problem, classification of the coupled problems typical for heavy cur-rent and power applications. Mathematical description of the ding partial differential equations. Characteristics of electromagnetic-thermal problems (with respecting eventual thermoelasticity), electron		
	c-mechanical problems and also problems based on a com-bination of the electromagnetic field and electric circuits. Formulation of the	-	
	models and algorithms of their solution. Information about available SW, its existing capabilities and perspectives.		
XP15TOS	Theory of Light field	Z,ZK	4
	. Mathematical description of emission of unsymmetrical luminaires. Photometry of distante and close point. New characteristics of sp		1
	ation of integral characteristics. Light field of surface type and cube type luminaire. Light flux distribution from point source. Distribution		
	Distribution of light flux of surface source. Interreflection theory. Design of indoor illumination using PC.		
VD45UEE			
XP15UEE	Electric Energy Use and Conservation	Z,ZK	4
XP15VME	Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy	Z,ZK	4
XP15VME Introduction into the	Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy ne mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aero	Z,ZK dynamics. Similari	4 ty theory in
XP15VME Introduction into the	Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy ne mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aero d. Mathematical modeling. Analytical solutions of electromagnetic field. Discrete parameters and their relation with field parameters. Nu	Z,ZK dynamics. Similari	4 ty theory in
XP15VME Introduction into the electromagnetic fiel	Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy ne mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aero d. Mathematical modeling. Analytical solutions of electromagnetic field. Discrete parameters and their relation with field parameters. Nu mathematical modeling of fields. Non-deterministic modeling. Experiment and data processing, practical examples.	Z,ZK dynamics. Similari merical access to o	4 ty theory in determinist
XP15VME htroduction into the	Research Methods in th Use of Electrical Energy ne mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aero d. Mathematical modeling. Analytical solutions of electromagnetic field. Discrete parameters and their relation with field parameters. Nu	Z,ZK dynamics. Similari	4 ty theory

	Advanced Financial Management Methods	ZK	4
The aim of the cou	se is a deeper understanding of the more complex financial management issues. It builds on knowledge of standard financial manager		main topics
	bital market models, other investment valuation methods (generalized NPV method, general IRR method). The student will learn how		_
	ng exotic derivatives. In addition, students will assess using the Monte Carlo method the value of derivatives and financial instruments		
	ailable. Other modern finance issues will be addressed through case studies. An integral part is the question of numerical methods, the ate their own models and simulations based on the chosen topic. The output will be a comparative analysis of the proposed methods	=	-
use. Otagents ere	wide use of computational tools and models (Matlab, Mathematica, others) is assumed.	and Standard me	111003. 1110
XP16DEL	History of technology and economic	ZK	2
XP16ECM1	Quantitative research methods in economy 1	ZK	4
This course is a di	ect sequel to Statistics/Linear regression. The objective of the course is to expose the student to variety of common and practical ecc	nometric challen	ges with the
	ning a stronger appreciation of strengths and weaknesses of econometric methodology and to overview historical developments in app		
	y with the general linear model and knowledge how to deal with basic model and data deficiencies, simultaneous systems, and simple eloping theoretical topics covered in the essential courses on Econometrics. The course will follow with different empirical research proj		
	e introduced by the relevant economic theory-model. Using own and empirical data sets, the students will apply standard econometri		
· ·	ons. Exercise sessions will provide introduction into advance use of statistical packages (best is TSP or Stata or their derivatives like I		
•	possible solutions of problem sets. The course will require intensive work with data and statistical packages.	•	
XP16ECM2	Quantitative research methods in economy 2	ZK	4
	be a sequel to the basic Econometrics (Basic statistical methods and Linear regression model). It assumes familiarity with the general		_
	sic model and data deficiencies, simultaneous systems, and simple time-series processes. Advanced Econometrics is the next course		
	Regression) designed to introduce tools necessary to understand and implement empirical studies in (micro)economics. The main employees models in the context of cross section and papel data applicate (ii) to feet an effective to be context of cross section and papel data applicate (iii) to feet an effective to be context of cross section and papel data applicate (iii) to feet an effective to be context of cross section and papel data applicate (iii) to feet an effective to be context.		
	ession models in the context of cross section and panel data analysis, (ii) to focus on situations where linear regression models are n . The objective of the course is to expose the student to variety of basic applied microeconomic challenges with the ultimate goal of g		-
	aknesses of the econometric methodology. Examples from applied work will be used to illustrate the discussed methodol. Selected topics		
	will be covered as well.		
XP16EES	Economics of energy systems	ZK	4
	se is to acquaint students with the emerging issues and problems associated with decentralization and liberalization of energy market		
	Idress economic issues within interconnected markets and how to address economic issues within a decentralized market. In the cou	,	
	alculations with the determination of economic variables - especially prices. Key issues are supply zones, transit payments, loss-sharir reen customers, setting tariffs for electricity, dividing effects from decentralized production and more. Within the subject, the students	-	
-	s that are currently delivered within the interconnected electricity system. The aim is to analyze and identify the strengths and weakne	-	
XP16EKO	Economics	ZK	4
	terms. Principles of microeconomics, consumer behaviour and producer behaviour. Profit maximization. Perfectly competitive market		nonopoly.
Principles of ma	roeconomics, aggregate demand and aggregate supply. Labour market. Money market and capital market. Macroeconomic policy of	the government a	as a factor
•	ecting and correcting the market. Comment: The subject is a necessary precondition for understanding other economic and manager	•	
XP16EME	Economics and Management of Energetics	ZK	4
Organizational stru	cture of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs of	energy. Governm	ental energy
VD46EDM	policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects.	71/	4
XP16EPM The subject providence of the subjec	Economics of power markets  as basic theoretical knowledge about the organization and functioning of electricity markets. The starting point is the theory of short-	ZK and long-term ma	1
	of the electricity supply curve. This is followed by the theory of integration of electricity markets and the creation of economic welfare (	-	_
•	ion tend to decarbonise and integrate electricity markets. This, together with the massive rise in electricity from intermittent sources, I	,	
	tricity markets and new business models including demand response and the development of the prosumers concept (where end cor		-
	rs). Part of the subject is also discussion of other links of the electricity market - emission allowances, connection to the heat market a		
XP16ERE	Economics of power generation from RES	ZK	4
=	is on complex problems of economy of production of electricity and heat from renewable energy sources. The course develops the accompany to the appearance of electricity and property of the expected development of energy markets. Consequently	-	
	pement due to the specifics of electricity / heat generation from RES and the expected development of energy markets. Consequently tricity market, taking into account current trends in the decentralization of energy systems, decarbonisation of energy and the expected		
	lectricity market. These trends require the development of different types of energy accumulation and the implementation of smart tec	• .	
•		nnologies in the r	
•	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.	nnologies in the r	
rom RES into the e	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting	ZK	4
rom RES into the e	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  nting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit.	ZK	1
XP16ERU Principles of account	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  nting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.	ZK ofit and loss accor	unt. Analysis
XP16ERU Principles of accounty XP16FIM	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management	ZK ofit and loss accounts	unt. Analysi:
XP16ERU Principles of account XP16FIM Principles of finance	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management  Expresent value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and	ZK offit and loss according ZK net present value	unt. Analysi:  4 e, return an
XP16ERU Principles of account XP16FIM Principles of finance alternative cost of	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management  a, present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short terrors.	ZK  offit and loss account   ZK  net present value of finance, cash fleet	unt. Analysis  4 e, return and ow finance.
XP16ERU Principles of account XP16FIM Principles of finance alternative cost of XP16FVT	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management  Expresent value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and	ZK  offit and loss account   ZK  net present value on finance, cash flood	4 e, return and ow finance.
XP16ERU Principles of account XP16FIM Principles of finance alternative cost of XP16FVT The course is engage	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management  a, present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short term  Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology	ZK  white and loss account of the present value of the present value of the present value of the present of the present value of the present value of the present of the pr	4 e, return and ow finance.
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XP16ERU Principles of account in the form RES into the form in the	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit of company's financial position.  Financial Management  e, present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short term  Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology  ged in the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mathe Actual themes linked to the so called "Postmodernism" and to the alternative ways of understanding and their social coherences are of this tory of Transport Systems and Communications	ZK  ZK  net present value n finance, cash fl  ZK  matics are deepediscussed.	unt. Analysis  4 e, return and ow finance.  2 er examined
XP16ERU Principles of account in the original	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit of company's financial position.  Financial Management  e, present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short term  Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology  ged in the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mathe Actual themes linked to the so called "Postmodernism" and to the alternative ways of understanding and their social coherences are defined to the social co	ZK  ofit and loss according to the present value on finance, cash flunction are deeper discussed.  ZK  NIC	4 e, return and ow finance. 2 er examined 2
XP16ERU Principles of account in the original in the control in th	of network operation. The course also includes modeling of the development of energy systems with high RES share.  Accounting  Inting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit company's financial position.  Financial Management  In present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short terms of Science and Technology  In property of the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mather for the evolution of principal ideas on which the evolution and return, real options, profit and cash flow.	ZK  offit and loss according to the present value on finance, cash fluction are deeper discussed.  ZK  NIC  ZK	4 e, return and ow finance.  2 er examined  2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
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•	f management and its innovation, modern ways of management, responsibility of managers, manager's ethics, successful manager		
XP16MAR	Marketing	ZK	4
ne roie and function	ons of the marketing management. Marketing research and marketing information system. Concepts of marketing strategy. The use of Product and service policy, pricing and contractation policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix.	product lile cycle a	and portio
XP16MAS		ZK	4
	Marketing Strategies sic knowledge of marketing. The analysis of marketing strategies in different market situations. The firm's behavior under competition	I	1
broadering or ba	Case studies in the field of product policy, price and condition policy, communication policy and distribution policy.	in and competitive t	aavamage
XP16MAU	Accounting for management	ZK	1
	anagerial accounting. Relations to the organisational structure of the enterprise and to the production process. Budgets, use for mana	I	ons and c
10 po.p.00 0	analyses. Productivity and measurement of productivity in the production process. The managerial information systems.	agomona carcalan	
XP16MAV	Production Management	ZK	4
	ion process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with	1	
	Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods.		,
XP16MES	Economics and Management of Energy Systems	ZK	4
	of electric power sector, gas systems and central heating systems functions. Marginal revenue in electric power system. Marginal co	1	eat and g
	timization, subsystem and system optimization in generation and transportation of different kinds of energy. Reliability in energy deli		
	in power industry. Energy price regulation and its consequences		
XP16MEU	Economics and Management of Energetics	ZK	4
rganizational stru	cture of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs of	f energy. Governm	ental ener
	policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects.		
XP16MVE	Selected Problems of Economy and Management of Energy	ZK	4
	ion process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with		on typolo
	Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods.		
XP16SDE	Building heritage of the industrial era	NIC	2
XP16STM	Selected Statistical Methods	ZK	4
	s.Transformation of random variables.Aproximation of theoretical distributions.Interval estimates.Hypothesis testing.Simple and multip	I	
·	series.Index number.	. 0	•
XP16STV	Product Strategy	ZK	4
	vice policy, pricing and contractation policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix. Inovations. Concepts of marketing strategy. I	1	Product
	management. The strategic marketing simulation Markstrat.		
XP16VPB	Science, Technology and Industrial Boom	ZK	4
XP16VTK	Everyday Science and Technology	ZK	4
AL TOVIN			· ·
VD46V/TC			
XP16VTS	Development of Technical Universities	ZK	4
XP16ZVP	Fundamentals of Scientific Work	ZK	4
XP16ZVP XP17ANS	Fundamentals of Scientific Work Selected Chapters from Antennas and Propagation	ZK ZK	4
XP16ZVP XP17ANS Summary of anten	Fundamentals of Scientific Work  Selected Chapters from Antennas and Propagation  nas and modern antenna technology. Selected problems of antennas and propagation for fixed and mobile communication, earth an	ZK ZK d satellite services	4 4 s. Frequen
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XP17TAM Evaluation of Applicators for Microwave Thermotherapy	ZK	4
Lectures are focussed on methodology of evaluation of microwave applicators, which means measurements of SAR distribution in water phantom a		•
distribution in various types of agar phantoms. Further design and optimisation of measuring probes is discussed, methodology of probes calibrati		evaluation
are described. Numerical modelling of microwave applicators by aid of software product FEMLAB, comparison of mathematical and e	-	_
XP17TOM   Theoretical Optoelectronics in Medicine	ZK	5
The course gives to doctoral students from different disciplines the opportunity of both highly theoretical studies and numerical simulations of intera	_	
the visible part of the spectrum (and adjacent UV and IR bands) with biological tissues. And to learn about modern optoelectronic sensor concepts		
medical therapy and diagnostics. Interdisciplinary topics will be discussed and focused on the benefits and current applications of optoelectronics (such as radiation intensity, etc.) will be formulated and important methods will be described, in particular: radiometry, photometry, eye as a radia	•	
spectroscopy, interferometry, scattering measurements, integration of spherical theory, etc. Emphasis will be placed on modern theoretical approach		
models), e.g. calculation of the light intensity distribution in biological tissue, theory of radiation transmission (e.g. theory and model Kubelka-Munk		
with the possibilities of numerical simulations of the given problems by aid of modern SW products (like e.g. COMSOL Multiphysics, SEMCAD / Sim	4Life, CST, etc.) which	are working
based on numerical methods FDTD, FEM, MoM, Monte-Carlo etc. Operating principle of the optoelectronic reflective and transmissive sensors. Mea	surement concepts for	noninvasive
detection of peripheral blood volume dynamics, clinical examples and typical examination tests. Principles and applications of functional optical image		al biopsy, IR
Diaphanoscopy, IR thermography, Laser Doppler perfusion imaging (LDPI), Photoplethysmo-graphy imaging (PPGI), optical coherence	e tomography (OCT).	
XP17TVC Technique of Highly Sensitive Receivers	ZK	4
Design of highly sensitive microwave receivers, mm - wave and submm - wave receivers. Electromagnetic spectrum and noise properties of the	•	
Microwave, millimetre wave communication. Semiconductors for microwave and millimetre wave bands, SIS detectors, mixers, infrared receivers. High		technology,
measurement of noise parameters. Multispectral radiometry and remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation - interference, EMC theor		1
XP31AEO   Electric Circuit Analysis	ZK	4
Circuit models of devices and structures. Methods of analysis and algorithms for linearized circuit models in time domain and frequency domain. T		=
state analysis. Analysis of nonlinear circuits in time and frequency domains. Parametric models. Circuits with non-linear energy storing elements.  professional software packages.	. Oncuit analysis with tr	ie rieib ot
XP31ART Architectures for Real Time Implementation	ZK	4
Architectures of central processing units and synthesis of data paths for DSP. Implementation strategies of DSP algorithms. Influence of algorithm r		1
processing time. Sequential and parallel processing. Numerical characteristics of algorithms. Implementation alternatives, dedicated hardware and	-	
Architectures of digital signal processors with fixed point and floating points. Developments tools for real time processing. Analysis of real time imple		
special algorithms for communications.	, 0	
XP31ASN Algorithms and Structures of Neurocomputers	ZK	4
Information about the basic principles and possibility of the application of the neural informative technology for the signal processing are the main	topic. The lectures are	devoted to
the introduction into the artificial neural networks (ANN) theory and applications, to the choice and the optimisation of the structures and the neural	I network applications a	at the signal
processing are investigated in detail. Some neural network applications in the biomedical engineering and hardware realization of the	KSOM are described.	
XP31CZS Digital signal processing	ZK	4
XP31DIF Digital filter synthesis	ZK	4
LTI systems and digital signals. Impulse response, step response, convolution. Elements of z-transform and Fourier transform. Difference equation, t	transfer function, magni	itude, phase
and group delay. Design methods for finite impulse response (FIR) digital filters - windowing and frequency sampling methods, optimal design algorithms.		
half-band and narrow-band filters. Design methods for infinite impulse response (IIR) digital filters. Bilinear transformation. Analytic design methods in	-	ass sections
as building blocks for signal processing. Group delay equalization, phase shift and notch filters. Wave digital filters	S	ı
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XP32ODV	Intellectual property protection	ZK	4
	Intellectual property protection		1 -
	signs, how to obtain a trademark and also how to succeed with IP protection at the international level. The course also deals with licen	-	
	ion methods as part of a standard way of commercializing original IP. Emphasis is put on quality methodology for database searching,		
· ·	earch and development projects. Motto: Those who do not protect the results of their research work can never dream of being on par w	·=	3000033101
XP32OSY		ZK	1
	Optical Systems		4
-	on systems are being more extensively used in a practice, particularly in a telecommunication networks. Tremendous transmission cap	=	
a liber are just tv	wo key factors making it attractive. The objective of this subject is to provide students with a more rigorous theoretical background of fib function.	er and transmis	sion system
VPOODTO		717	
XP32RTS	Telecommunications Systems Management	ZK	4
elecommunication	is Systems Management is a discipline which deals problems of interactions of technical and business aspects of management of tele	communication	networks ar
	services provided.		
XP32TPZ	Teletraffic Theory	ZK	4
	se is to present an overlook of dimensioning of telecommunications networks on the basis of results of the queuing theory (QT). Introd	-	
ŭ	networks both from the point of view of grade of service GoS and quality ofservice QoS as well. Results of the QT are applied on differ		
lecommunication	networks deploying and operating at time being. Theoretical knowledge about models of service systems can be utilized for dimensioning	g of different se	rvice systen
	in real life - not only in the telecommunication.		
XP33BID	Bionics	ZK	4
Relationship: biol	ogy + technology = bionics. Bionics Classification. An overview of biological principles and its technological parallels: reproduction, gro	wth, movement	, breathing,
art action, digest	ion, excrementation, thermoregulation, vision, hearing, taste, smell, sense of touch, speech, memory. Neural and neuronal systems. M	otion control. Bi	osensors a
sensors for roboti	ics. Information transfer in biotechnological systems. Biosystems modelling. Biosystems diagnostics. Orientation and navigation. Funct	ional supports,	internal and
ternal substitutes	s, bioprotheses. Artificial organs and its control. Intelligent interaction and communication in biotechnical systems. Intelligent input and	output filters. Su	pport syste
	for creative thinking.		
XP33CHM	Chapters in higher mathematics	ZK	4
ne course consist	is of several deeper results in a few mathematical disciplines. The idea is to help a student to read, with a certain comfort, the monogra	aphs in given lir	es of applie
athematics. The	contents of the course are fundamental results (principles) of nowadays mathematics. More specifically, the course concerns the Ston	e representation	theorem for
Boolean algebras	(as applied in mathematical logics and probability theory), the Banach fixed-point theorem for complete metric spaces (as applied in r	numerical mathe	ematics), the
chonoff theorem	on compact spaces (as applied in measure theory), the Riesz representation theorem for linear forms in a Hilbert space (as applied in	the optimization	n theory), t
ower theorem for	r balls in Rn (as applied in linear algebra the Perron theorem), the elements of category theory for a practical man, etc. The asset may	be a certain en	courageme
	in a students research.		
XP33DID	Distributed Artificial Intelligence	ZK	4
	2023/24 the course runs for the last time. In future years, it will not be opened anymore. Distributed problem solving. Multiagent plannin		Coordinatio
	3 3		
Communication. (	Communication strategies, message passing, Various Al approaches, case studies, Types of agent behavior, Negotiation, Organization	al structuring. F	artial global
	Communication strategies, message passing. Various AI approaches, case studies. Types of agent behavior. Negotiation. Organization board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni	_	_
planning. Blackt	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni	ng in multiagen	_
planning. Blackt M	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a	ng in multiagen irchitecture.	systems.
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing	ng in multiagen irchitecture. ZK	systems.
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD troduction to evolution	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing  utionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorithms	ng in multiagen irchitecture. ZK thm (SGA) and	systems.  4 its behavior
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD troduction to evolution	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing  utionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorine planomena. GA and constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical tasks	ng in multiagen irchitecture. ZK thm (SGA) and	systems.  4 its behavior
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD troduction to evol A Convergence, n	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing  utionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorinegative phenomena. GA and constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical task GA and GP applications. Special methods for improving GA performance.	ng in multiagen irchitecture. ZK thm (SGA) and ks, GP and mac	t systems.  4 its behaviou
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD troduction to evolution	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing  utionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algori negative phenomena. GA and constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical task GA and GP applications. Special methods for improving GA performance.  Fuzzy Logic	ng in multiagen irchitecture. ZK thm (SGA) and	systems.  4 its behaviou
planning. Blackt M XP33ECD troduction to evolution to evo	board systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learni leta-agent. Agents acquitance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent a Evolutionary Computing utionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorithms (GA) and Constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical task GA and GP applications. Special methods for improving GA performance.  Fuzzy Logic  Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control.	ng in multiagen rrchitecture. ZK thm (SGA) and ks, GP and mac ZK	systems.  4 its behaviou
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	ledge in distributed environment and "muddy children puzzle". Introduction of modal operators and their semantics based on possible		perties of
	vledge. Correspondence between axioms and properties of possibility relation in the model. Knowledge in MAS. Common knowledge		
XP33MZT	Management of Knowledge and Information Technologies ch to the design of knowledge-based and information systems. Configuration of information systems. User interfaces, especially cognit	ZK ive interfaces Prob	4 Jem solvina
	vsis of the problem solving processes based on description of the workflows. Simplification of the processes by the support of IT (Proces		- 1
	dels and tools for modelling. IT applications in enterpreneurship as well as in the project management. Business Intelligence. Value c		
	manufacturers and customers. E-commerce. Role of knowledge in globalization of businesses. Virtual enterprises and organization		
XP33NUM	Numerical Analysis	Z,ZK	4
	ces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiation and integration, solution of tr	•	, ,
partial) dillerentia	al equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors, practical skills with the methods and demonstra Maple and computer graphics.	ition of their proper	ties using
XP33OSD	Real Time Operating Systems	ZK	4
	for operating systems, system and user modes, memory protection, operating systems (OS) classification and types, special requirer		
-	m processes and application programs, kernel and its services, system calls. Concurrent processes and threads, inter-process communic ectures. Process scheduling, scheduling in single- and multiprocessor systems. Processor management, process creation and terminatio		
	file system functions, disk allocation strategies, device drivers. Inter-process communication (IPC), IPC based on shared memory are	-	
-	detection, critical section, deadlocks. Synchronization tools: semaphores, monitors, looks, deadlock detection and prevention. OS kernel c		
	TCP/IP.		
XP33PAD	Probabilistic Algorithms	ZK	2
•	notions of statistic and probability. An analysis of the notion of non-deterministic algorithm. Effectivity criteria for non-deterministic algorithms. The probability of failure. Loss function. The expected risk. Probabilistic analysis of deterministic algorithms. Criteria for applica		
oi probabilistic algo	Probabilistic algorithms and their practical importance.	lion of probabilistic	aigoritriiris.
XP33PAM	Industrial application of multi-agent systems	ZK	4
XP33PMD	Probabilistic Models of Uncertainty in Al	ZK	4
	bability. Foundations of graph theory. Triangulated graphs and their characteristics. Information as a measure of dependence. Condition		actorization
Lemma, Block Inde	ependence Lemma). Knowledge representation by multidimensional distributions. Qualitative knowledge represented by dependence	•	cal Markov
	models and Bayesain networks. Decomposable models for computation in Graphical Markov models. Examples of application		
XP33POS	Fundamentals of Possibilistic Measures	ZK	4
	ires present a mathematical tool for uncertainty (randomness) quantification and processing applying the notions and apparatus of the abilistic measures in the sense that they are based on the maxitivity priciple in spite to the additivity principle applied in the standard n	·=	- 1
•	ct that the operation of maximum (supremum) can be defined also in certain non-numerical structures, possibilistic measures taking the	•	
sets and, in parti	icular, in complete lattices, are worth being investigated. The lecture will not suppose any preliminary knowledge in fuzzy set theory, l	attice theory or the	standard
	measure and probability theory.		
XP33PPD	Practical Data Mining Problems	ZK	4
	sed on solving of practical data mining problems. Lectures deal with data transformation, pre-processing and verification, selection of a	Sullable uala IIIIIIII	
and data mining i	process evaluation and results interpretation. The attention is paid to solving of an individual data mining problem based on real-life c		
and data mining	process evaluation and results interpretation. The attention is paid to solving of an individual data mining problem based on real-life of lecturer.		
and data mining			
XP33PUD Natural language	lecturer.  Artificial Intelligence communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, sem	ata under supervis  ZK  nantic support of ar	4 nalysis and
XP33PUD Natural language	lecturer.  Artificial Intelligence	ata under supervis  ZK  nantic support of ar	4 nalysis and
XP33PUD Natural language efficient memory or	lecturer.  Artificial Intelligence communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, sen rganization. Knowledge engineering and knowledge elicitation. Machine learning -review of methods and tools. PAC learning. Learning and scheduling.  Reading group in Pattern Recognition and Computer Vision	ZK nantic support of ar in 1st order logic, II	4 nalysis and LP. Planning
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XP33SDD Discrete Event Systems	ZK	4
Introduction to discrete event systems. Modeling of discrete event systems, GRAFCET and it is applications with practical examples. Petri nets overview elations to real systems. Reduction methods, formal languages and algebraic description of PNs. Timed PNs and modeling in P- and T-timed PNs. Practic in CIM systems.		
XP33TPS Foundations of the Possibilistic Measures	ZK	4
Possibilistic/posibility measures can be sen as an alternative mathematical model for uncertainty quantification and processing, topical and intensively		
are based on the maxitivity principle replacing the additivity principle applied in the classical measure theory. Besides the real-valued possibilistic measures taking their values in complete lattices will be introduced and analyzed.		- 1
XP33TTM Text mining	ZK	4
XP33UID Artificial Intelligence	ZK	4
Basic terminological issues. Knowledge representation: production systems, predicate logics, semantic nets, frames, and scenarios. Problem solving, sta and informedness of the search algorithms. Expert systems for diagnostics and planning tasks. Uncertainty processing. Hajek's algebraic theory. Creation of acquisition, induction from examples. Distributed expert systems with the blackboard architecture, multi-agent systems. Backgrounds of pat	knowledge bases.	
XP33VID 3D Computer Vision	ZK	4
Introduction to perspective geometry, perspective camera. Fundamental and essential matrices, their robust estimation, camera calibration. Correspond	-	
notion. The stereoscopic vision problem, cyclopean representation, disparity, disparity gradient limit, ordering constraint, four basic formulations of the de Surface model reconstruction from stereovision, error propagation, examples. Physics of image reflection, image irradiance equation, basic reflectanc Lambertian shading problem. Local shading analysis. Overview of other Shape-from-X methods. Up-to-date info at https://cw.felk.cvut.cz/doku.ph	ce models. The sha	pe from
XP33VTP Computer Vision Theory and Practice	ZK	4
In the course, the PhD students will study selected sophisticated state-of-the-art computer-vision methods that have an efficient implementation publication.	ally available. The c	ourse will
ocus on general methods that have been successfully used in a number of applications, including large scale search in high-dimensional spaces, deep n	eural networks, and	d the graph
labelling algorithms. The methods selected for the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students in the walkers and the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students in the walkers and the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the students are the course evolve based on the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the selection is also alternated by the selection of the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the selection is also alternated by the selection of the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the selection is also alternated by the selection of the current progress in the field; the selection is alternated by the selection of the current progress in the field; the selection is also alternated by the selection of the current progress in the selectio	•	oal for the
students is to understand the method, to understand the implementation, and to be able to use the implementation as a tool to solve oth		
XP33ZDD Processing of Biological Data	Z,ZK	4
XP33ZPM	ZK	4
XP33ZVD Introduction to Computer Vision  The subject does not exist anymore. Its last lecture run in the academic year 2021/2022.	ZK	4
XP34ADM Principles and Applications of Device Models	ZK	4
Fundamentals of the computer-aided technological design. Device simulators Silvaco Atlas and Synopsys Quantum ATK: principles, applications. Basic eq	uations. Boundary	conditions.
Numerical methods. Recombination models. Avalanche ionisation models. Mobility models. Practical exercises (individual projects) according to the tasks		
XP34AIC	ZK	
Functional structures of the IC's. Bipolar and unipolar structures. BiCMOS structures. 3D structures. Sub-micron structures. Memory structures. Testing s		chnological
processes. Advanced semiconductor technology. IC design, design of technology. Design rules. Reliability, yield. Outlooks and limitations of XP34APD Advanced Power Semiconductor Devices and ICs	ZK	4
Physical and technological structures. Development trends. Parameters and applications. Bipolar structures. MOS structures. BiMOS structures. PN dio		
ransistors. MOS and IGBT transistors. Thyristors (including GTO and MCT). Secondary breakdown, mechanism, safe area. Smart-power devices. High volt applications	-	
XP34ASD Physics of Advanced Semiconductor Devices and Materials	ZK	4
Modern semiconductor devices and integrated circuits are based on unique energy band, carrier transport, and optical properties of semiconductor mater		
to choose these properties for operation of semiconductor devices. Emphasis is on quantum mechanical foundations of the properties of solids, ene semiconductor statistics, semi-classical transport theory (Boltzmann transport equation), carrier scattering, electro-magneto transport effects, high fie		
absorption, and radiative and non-radiative recombination. These principles will be studied on the experimental basis as well. Students will prepare ow	•	
thesis subjects and they will characterise them during their individual projects	monuolaree aeeer	ung ulon
XP34AT TCAD Tools Applications	ZK	4
Fundamentals of the computer-aided technological design. Device simulators Atlas and Sentaurus: principle, applications. Basic equations. Boundary co		
Recombination models. Avalanche ionisation models. Mobility models. Hands-on exercises on SUN workstations according to the tasks of stude		
XP34CNO   Integrated Optics [Theoretical and technological principles of IO Basic materials for IO. Light propagation in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Pr	ZK	4
elements. Graticule structures. Modal spectroscopy. Fundamental physical effects and interactions for IO. Preparation of dielectric waveguides and structures.	•	
structures. Electro-optical modulators. Applicable measurement methods. Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconductor integrated opto-e		٠ ا
XP34DTM DIAGNOSTICS AND TESTING IN MICROELECTRONICS	ZK	3
XP34EHA Renewable Energy Microsources for Electronics - Energy Harvesting	ZK	4
The course deals with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems with application of system engineering, in i tis solved interc		
nodern electronic systems on a chip as well as external. The course shows new possibilities of realization and application of integrated micro-components	•	
principles and quantities using mainly MEMS technology, increasing reliability with all its attributes. The course introduces modern elements - microactua their activities including basic applications in industry, medicine, regulation, automotive control, etc. Basic elements of nanotechnology and nanoelectro	-	
here. The subject extends students' expertise with the latest multidisciplinary chip elements and their wide use in information technologies, IoT, biomedia		
industry etc.	.,,,	
XP34ETS Electrical Transport in Semiconductors	ZK	4
Electron and hole transport in semiconductor crystals. Effective mass, mobility Boltzmann's transport equation. Scatter mechanisms, frequency. Scattering of	-	
velocity saturation. Relaxation time approximation Carrier transport in a strong electric field, velocity saturation. Carrier transport in magnetic field. Car	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
structures. Quantum transport, density matrix, Green's and Wigner's functions. Resonance tunnelling, transport of electrons in superlattices. Single ele blockade. Ballistic transport. Quantum Hall's effect. Simulation of transport effects.	ectron transport, Co	oulomb's
XP34IO Integrated Optics	ZK	4
Light propagation in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Waveguide coupling elements. Gratings structures at waveguides. F		
and interactions for IO. Design and preparation of dielectric and polymer waveguides and structures. Optical waveguide gratings. Passive waveguide st		
electro-optical and thermo-optical effects and their use for IO. Structures for control of optical radiation. Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconomic and the structure of the structure	_	
optical amplifiers. Optical components for informatics and sensors, multiplexing and optical processing. Applicable measurement methods, principles of	nanophotonics and	I integrated
optics application.		

XP34MSA Microsystems and Microactuators ZK 3 The course deals with system integration applied in the design of digital and analog systems with application of system engineering, in i tis solved interconnection of various types of modern electronic systems on a chip as well as external. The course shows new possibilities of realization and application of integrated micro-components working with various physical principles and quantities using mainly MEMS technology, increasing reliability with all its attributes. The course introduces modern elements - microactuators with various principles of their activities including basic applications in industry, medicine, regulation, automotive control, etc. Basic elements of nanotechnology and nanoelectronic structures are mentioned here. The subject extends students' expertise with the latest multidisciplinary chip elements and their wide use in information technologies, IoT, biomedicine, aerospace, automotive industry etc. XP34MSY Microsystems Fundamental concepts and classification of microsystems. Micro-sensors. Micro-actuators. Signal processing within the system. MEMS (micro-electrical-mechanical structures). MOES (micro-optical-electrical structures). MEMOS (micro-electrical-mechanical-optical structures). Microsystem design. Microsystem modelling. Manufacturing technologies. Materials. Industrial applications. Medical applications. XP34MTP Materials and Technologies for Photonic Devices and Structures The students get acquainted with optical materials such as semiconductors, optical glass, crystals, and polymers. The students get acquainted also with technologies for the fabrication of optical and optoelectronic devices and structures. It will be present technologies for deposition of the micro and nano layers deposition. Students will be introduced to new modern technologies and it will be shown principles of integrated optoelectronic devices and structures. It will be also shown the design of the photonic structures and diagnostic methods for the measurement of the optical and optoelectronic properties. XP34ORD Optical Radiation Detection and Detectors Spectrum of electromagnetic radiation, radiometric and photometric units. Detection of optical radiation. Ideal detectors, internal and external photo-effect. External photo-effect detectors, photomultipliers. Internal photo-effect detectors, PN junction. PIN photodiode, physical principles, properties. Avalanche photodiode, physical principles, properties. Photo-resistors, physical principles, properties. Thermal energy conversion detectors. Bolometers, thermocouples. Pyroelectric detectors. Some other detector types. Optical receivers, design principles, properties, noise. Solar cells, properties. Measurement methods, applications. XP34PED Advanced Electronic Devices ZK Energy band engineering. Quantum well, wire, point. 2D electron gas based devices (HEMT, MOD FET). Devices based on resonance double-barrier tunnelling. 3D structures. Quantum device applications (memories, generators, multipliers). Heterogeneous structures. Microwave devices, HBT, Gunn diodes. Microwave device applications. Heterogeneous devices with internal optical coupling. Cryotronic devices. Recording media. IC development trends. XP34PIC Programmable IC Design 7K The aim of the course is to acquaint students with advanced methods of design, synthesis and verification of programmable systems and systems with high integration on the chip. Students will learn the basic building elements, architecture and design procedures used to implement complex integrated systems, methods of describing them, and procedures their synthesis. They will learn verification strategy, design and analysis of tests. This project-oriented course would with the use of state-of-the-art EDA tools to implement a comprehensive programmable integrated system whose application would be linked to the topic of the dissertation. XP34RSD ZK Radiation Saurces and Photodetectors for Integration 4 The students get acquainted stimulated emission in semiconductors. Homogeneous and heterogeneous junction, double heterostructure laser. Waveguide resonators, DFB structures. Complex lasers, quantum wells. Electromagnetic fields in semiconductor lasers. Types of lasers and their properties. Tunable injection lasers. Spectral line width and line stability. Radiating characteristic, coupling the laser to a waveguide. Bi-stable and voltage devices, switches. Non-coherent LED's, super-luminescence diodes. Lasers and non-coherent diodes for optical communications, injection and coherent external modulators. Injection laser amplifiers. Principles of nano-optoelectronic components. Measurement methods, applications. Students will be introduced to new principles of integrated optoelectronic components and subsystems for informatics and sensor technique, design methods and technologies. Semiconductor Structures The aim of this course is to provide postgraduate students with a deeper and more detailed insight into principles of and properties of advanced electronic and optoelectronic structures. Completion of this course enables doctoral students to deepen the basic knowledge, which they obtained in the bachelor and master stages of study in the field of semiconductor structures and elements. They will be able to solve scientific tasks in electronics and optoelectronics focused on design, analysis and applications advanced electronic and optoelectronic structures. The student will gain deep knowledge of physics principles of PiN and MOS structures, as these dominate the current integrated and power semiconductor technology. The lecture will be further focused on the use of new principles associated with miniaturization and the use of advanced materials. Higher-order phenomena whose knowledge is essential for understanding the current semiconductor devices will be described. It is expected that the course will focus on specific issues according to the interests and scientific focus of the participants. XP34SRS Semiconductor Radiation Sources Stimulated emission in semiconductors. Homogeneous and heterogeneous junction, double heterostructure lasers and LEDs. Non-coherent LED's, super-luminescence diodes. Electromagnetic fields in semiconductor lasers. Types of lasers and their properties. Waveguide lasers, DFB and BFR structures. SQW and MQW lasers, quantum wells. Tunable injection lasers. Spectral line width and line stability. Radiating characteristic, coupling of the radiation source to a waveguide. Bi-stable and memory elements and switches. Semiconductor injection, waveguide amplifiers and wave convertors. Lasers and non-coherent diodes for optical communications. Measurement methods, applications. XP34STV VLSI Structures and Technologies 4 Functional structures of the IC's. Bipolar and unipolar structures. BiCMOS structures. 3D structures. Sub-micron structures. Memory structures. Testing structures. VLSI technological processes. Advanced semiconductor technology. IC design, design of technology. Design rules. Reliability, yield. Outlooks and limitations of IC development XP34TOS Technology of Optical Devices Preparation of optoelectronic materials and structures. Diagnostic and testing methods. Design and preparation of double heterostructures. Preparation of semiconductor waveguides. Preparation of LED's, lasers, photo-resistors. Preparation of QW structures. Design of dielectric waveguide structures. Preparation of dielectric waveguide structures. preparation of optical radiation distributing structures. Design and preparation of optical radiation control structures. Measurement methods. Testing methods. Examples of semiconductor structures. Examples of dielectric structures. XP35CCM Cooperative Control of Multi-agent systems Cooperative distributed control is a relatively novel and rapidly developing area of control theory and engineering. Instead of centralized, large systems are considered composed of autonomous subsystems, with local computation and communication capabilities. The broad aim is solving classical problems e.g. stabilization, tracking, estimation and optimization, via local communication and team cooperation robust to changes in communication topology and disturbance. Relevant topics of classical control theory are revisited and a brief review of background mathematics needed for the course is also provided. The potential use of multi-agent cooperation in challenging applications involving environment to be controlled or observed is discussed. Theory: Review of qualitative properties of dynamical systems, Motivation for distributed multi-agent systems, Elements of algebraic graph theory, Distributed estimation and control, Consensus and synchronization of linear/nonlinear, continuous/discrete-time systems, Cooperative stability, optimality and robustness, Distributed optimization: multi-player game theory, Interactions with environment. XP35CCM1 Cooperative control of multi-agent systems Cooperative distributed control is a relatively novel and rapidly developing area of control theory and engineering. Instead of centralized, large systems are considered composed of autonomous subsystems, with local computation and communication capabilities. The broad aim is solving classical problems e.g. stabilization, tracking, estimation and optimization, via local communication and team cooperation robust to changes in communication topology and disturbance. Relevant topics of classical control theory are revisited and a brief review of background mathematics needed for the course is also provided. The potential use of multi-agent cooperation in challenging applications involving environment to be controlled or observed is discussed. Theory: Review of qualitative properties of dynamical systems, Motivation for distributed multi-agent systems, Elements of algebraic graph theory, Distributed estimation and control, Consensus and synchronization of linear/nonlinear, continuous/discrete-time systems, Cooperative stability, optimality and robustness, Distributed optimization:

multi-player game theory, Interactions with environment.

XP35ESF1 Estimation and filtering ZK Methodology: experiment design, structure selection and parameter estimation. Bayesian approach to uncertainty description. Posterior probability density function and point estimates: MS, LMS, ML and MAP. Robust numerical implementation of least squares estimation for Gaussian distribution. Parameter estimation and state filtering - Bayesian approach. Kalman filter for white noise. Properties of Kalman filter. Kalman filter for colored/correlated noise. XP35FMC1 ZK Fuzzy modeling and control 4 In the initial lectures, the control-related fundamentals of fuzzy logic, fuzzy sets, fuzzy operations and relations are covered. Then the methodology of approximate reasoning and its interpretation using a basis of fuzzy rules is explained while deriving various types of inference mechanisms. Fuzzy system is interpreted as a nonlinear mapping, its properties and possibilities for approximation are discussed. These are then exploited for modeling fuzzy systems from measured data using gradient and least-squares techniques. We then cover thoroughly methods of fuzzy clustering analysis using three most popular algorithms: fuzzy c-means, Gustafson-Kessel and Gath-Geva algorithms. We then dedicate the lectures to the analysis and synthesis of Takagi-Sugeno fuzzy systems, that is, systems based on a model that was obtained either by linearizing along a trajectory or method of sections - both approaches are then compared. Careful discussion of various Lyapunov functions is included - quadratic, piecewise quadratic, fuzzy sharing the same segmentation of the state space as the linear submodels. The problems are formulated as convex optimization invoking the frameworks of linear matrix inequalities (LMI) and sums of squares (SOS). Finally, we also show basic design methods for fuzzy adaptive regulators, both direct (backstepping, fuzzy sliding mode control) and indirect (Fuzzy Model Reference Adaptive Control). Similar methods are finally applied for control using neural networks. XP35FMD **Fuzzy Modelling and Control** The goal of the subject is to introduce the up-to-date trends and results in the area of modelling and control of nonlinear systems based on fuzzy logic and neural networks. This includes especially analysis and synthesis of Takagi-Sugeno fuzzy systems, utilization of fuzzy systems and neural networks in control of nonlinear systems by approximation of unknown functions appearing in the description of the system, and design of adaptive fuzzy systems both direct and indirect. XP35FSC Flexible Structure Control 4 The main aim of this course is introduction to methods of modeling flexible mechanics structures in order to optimization of placement of sensors and actuators. The robust control design of space modes will be follow. XP35FSC1 ZK Flexible structures control 4 The main aim of this course is introduction to methods of modeling flexible mechanics structures in order to optimization of placement of sensors and actuators. The robust control design of space modes will be follow. Linear Matrix Inequalities 7K Semidefinite programming or optimization over linear matrix inequalities (LMIs) is an extension of linear programming to the cone of positive semidefinite matrices. LMI methods are an important modern tool in systems control and signal processing. Theory: Convex sets represented via LMIs; LMI relaxations for solution of non-convex polynomial optimization problems; Interior-point algorithms to solve LMI problems; Solvers and software; LMIs for polynomial mehods in control. Control applications: robustness analysis of linear and nonlinear systems; design of fixed-order robust controllers with H-infinity specifications. For more information, see http://www.laas.fr/~henrion/courses/lmi XP35LMI1 Linear matrix inequalities Semidefinite programming or optimization over linear matrix inequalities (LMIs) is an extension of linear programming to the cone of positive semidefinite matrices. LMI methods are an important modern tool in systems control and signal processing. Theory: Convex sets represented via LMIs; LMI relaxations for solution of non-convex polynomial optimization problems; Interior-point algorithms to solve LMI problems; Solvers and software; LMIs for polynomial mehods in control. Control applications: robustness analysis of linear and nonlinear systems; design of fixed-order robust controllers with H-infinity specifications. For more information, see http://www.laas.fr/~henrion/courses/lmi Výsledek studentské ankety p edm tu je zde: http://www.fel.cvut.cz/anketa/aktualni/courses/XP35LMI XP35LSD Linear Systems This course builds upon the master program lectures on Dynamical Systems Theory. The structure and properties of linear multi-input multi-output systems are studied. The significance of these results for the design of linear controls is demonstrated. The presentation focuses on pole placement techniques, linear state regulation and estimation, and LQG control design. State-space and transfer-function design techniques are compared. The lectures are supported by laboratory experiments using Matlab, Control System Toolbox, and Polynomial Toolbox. XP35NES Nonlinear Systems ZK This course constitutes a continuation of the master level course "Nonlinear systems" being opened during winter semester. It is devoted to the detailed study of nonlinear systems structure from the control design point of view. It is based on state space descripion of nonlinear systems. Model transformations will be studied to simplify them and thereby facilitate the controllers design. It gives mathematical conditions for the existence of these transformations. Nonlinear analougues of controllability and observability will be introduced and studied as well and their relation to detectability and stabilizability investigated. Finally, elements of nonlinear output regulation as well as of nonlinear robust and adaptive design will be presented. Exercises will be, in particular, based on MATLAB and SIMULINK use. XP35NES1 Nonlinear systems The goal of this course is to help student develop a deeper and broader perspective on theory and applications of nonlinear systems. At the hearth of the course will be the so-called differential-geometric approach, which can be used for controllability and observability analysis of nonlinear systems, characterization of various types of exact feedback linearization and many other tasks. Great attention is paid to analysis of the structure of nonlinear systems from the perspective of control design. It follows from the state description of nonlinear systems and uses state transformations of the nonlinear model into a simpler form that is usable for control design. Differential-geometric conditions for existence of these transformations are studied in this course. Concepts of nonlinear controllability and observability are introduced in this course and their relation to stabilization and reconstruction is analyzed because it is not as clear as for linear systems. Some additional topics such nonsmooth stabilization and discontinuous stabilization will be covered. Examples of use of the presented theories in underactuated robotic walking, nonholonomic systems and optimization of biosystems will be given. XP35OFD Estimation and Filtering 7K Methodology: experiment design, structure selection and parameter estimation. Bayesian approach to uncertainty description. Posterior probability density function and point estimates: MS, LMS, ML and MAP. Robust numerical implementation of least squares estimation for Gaussian distribution. Parameter estimation and state filtering - Bayesian approach. Kalman filter for white noise. Properties of Kalman filter. Kalman filter for colored/correlated noise. XP35ORC1 Optimal and robust control ZK This is an advanced course about modern control design methods that formulate the design as a mathematical optimization. Besides teaching practical design skills, the course will also help develop deeper understanding of fundamental concepts as well as build awareness of the latest results. Thanks to its background in mathematical optimization, the benefits of the course can certainly be seen beyond the borders of automatic control domain. The course can be viewed as an extension of the equal-named course in the master program (B3M35ORR). However, numerous topics are new and those few topics that already appeared in the master version will be discussed at a significantly deeper level. This time the motivation is not just to give practical tool but also to go through the proofs, discuss various interpretations, and survey the results from the latest literature. From the student perspective, the goal of this course is to acquire advanced competences (knowledge and skills) in the area of computational design of control systems (or rather control algorithms). The methods will almost exclusively assume availability of a mathematical model of the system to be controlled (hence model-based control design). We will consider dynamical systems in continuous as well as discrete time, linear and nonlinear, single and multiple inputs and outputs. Since all the design methods introduced in this course formulate the design task as an optimization, the crucial competences will come from the areas of optimization, both finite-dimensional (linear, quadratic, nonlinear and semidefinite programming) and infinite-dimensional (calculus of variations, operator theory, differential games). XP35RRD Robust Control ZK 4 Advanced course on selected topics in robust control.

XP36ASP	Architecture of Symbolic Computers	ZK	4
	ons and abstract programs, lambda calculus, formal basis for abstract programming, self-interpretation, SECD abstract machine, memory Diementations, predicate logic and its inference engine, Prolog inference engine and dynamic algebras, Warren abstract machine, optimis		
evaluation, Lisp im	parallel inference engines.	ation, i rolog imple	montations,
XP36DRO	Diagnostics and Reconfiguration of Programmable Circuits	ZK	4
	is aimed to help PhD students to understand better methods of reliability and availability improvement of SOC and NOC circuits built		
XP36DSV	Distributed Systems echanisms - message exchange, procedural communication (RPC, ORB), distributed shared memory. Process algebras - CSP, CCS	ZK	4 congrating
	nets. Distributed execution, global state, causality, logical time. Algorithms of: exclusive access, leader election, deadlock detection/pro	•	1
	resiliency, qourum algorithms, replication. Mobility, search in distributed systems - DHT.		
XP36DSY	Distributed Systems	ZK	4
	nechanisms - message exchange, procedural communication (RPC, ORB), distributed shared memory. Process algebras - CSP, CCS nets. Distributed execution, global state, causality, logical time. Algorithms of: exclusive access, leader election, deadlock detection/pr	•	1
adiomata, i ciri	resiliency, qourum algorithms, replication. Mobility, search in distributed systems - DHT.	vention, terminatio	in radito,
XP36HS	Hypermedia Systems and Internet Computing	ZK	4
Hypermedia syste	ms, basic models. Intelligent searching, adaptive navigation, personalization of access to web applications. Web intelligence, semanti	c web. Web engine	ering, main
XP36JAI	topics and the ways out. Internet computing. Modern technologies for web applications design.	ZK	4
	Languages for Artificial Intelligence rs a deep insight into the two programming languages that are most frequently used in the domain of artificial intelligence (Lisp, Prole		- 1
	paradigms used to build typical AI algorithms and gives some basics concerning the implementation of the two languages		
XP36KP	Communication Protocols	ZK	4
	otocol principles, SDL language, protocol architecture: ISO OSI, error control, data-link layer protocols: X.25, higher layer protocols (Triples protocols and the specification language of Control a	, ,,	٠ ا
state machines,	implementation tools (FSM language ESTELLE, regular grammars), use of Petri nets, specification language LOTOS, protocol transf validation and verification of protocols.	ormation, design, s	synthesis,
XP36LSM	Logical Simulation	ZK	4
	n to simulation: fundamental ideas and principles of simulation systems, synchronous and asynchronous simulation. Simulation system		
of digital circuits:	data types, entities, architectures, sequential environment (processes, functions, procedures), signals and their attributes, resolution to		vironment
XP36NSN	(data-flow description, blocks, structural description), configuration of structural models. Students who completed course 36SIM car Neural Networks and Neurocomputers	ZK	4
	ound, paradigm classification and artificial neural networks learning methods. Student is supposed to propose and test the application	1	
for a partial issue o	concerning his dissertation theme during the semester. Procedure and results would be concluded in the preliminary publication form	designed to be pre	sentable on
VP00P40	a scientific forum.	71/	
XP36PAS	Algebraic Specifications Prototyping fication, syntax and semantics of a specification language (OBJ3), structured specifications, generic specifications, implementation o	ZK an algebraic spec	4 ification
	Prolog, translation into Lisp, term rewriting systems, abstract rewriting machine, prototyping of a specification, prototyping in OBJ3, con		
	(C++).		
XP36POA	Advanced Parallel Algorithms	ZK	4
	sis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithm ithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pat		
XP36PSV	Parallel Systems and Algorithms	ZK	4
	asures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnect		- 1
	nunication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fu omputation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity th	•	-
reduction, prenx c	studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register.	cory Craduates or t	crigiricoring
XP36RSY	Reconfigurable Systems	ZK	4
•	reconfigurability as a part of normal function. Technology of reconfiguration., partially reconfigurable devices. Reconfiguration control a	•	
with operating syst	ems, software support. Design and verification of reconfigurable systems, algorithms, EDA tools. Reconfiguration in System on Chip (Seminars, experiments with reconfigurable devices, case study, literature research.	SoC). Codesign iss	ues in SoC.
XP36SEP	Seminars on Architectures of Parallel Computers	ZK	4
	tectures of high-performance computers and trends in technologies. Memory coherence and sequential consistency models. Shared-		res: buses
and switches, bus-	based cache coherence protocols and synchronization mechanisms. Virtual shared memory architectures: distributed cache-coheren	ice protocols. Sync	hronization
XP36STR	mechanisms - barriers. Clusters: fast communication networks and protocols.  Stringology	ZK	4
	ngs and sequences. General, ordered alphabet. Generalized and weighted strings. Finite and infinite alphabet. Searching in text, dicti		
	atching. Forward and backward matching. Searching in compressed text. Searching in more-dimensional text. Searching for longest commenced in the compression of the c		sequences.
	Searching for regularities in text. Construction of covering of text. Representation of text, prefix, suffix and factor automata, suffix trees		
XP36VAP	Advaced Computer Architecture  arallelism (pipelined, superpipelined and superscalar systems). Basic limitations to parallelism (structural, data and control hazards). I	ZK   estruction fetch and	4 execution
-	out of order). Register data flow, software and hardware solutions, interlocking, scoreboard, control stack. Memory reuse, register renam		
=	, performace evaluation, HPCC, supercomputers. Shared memory multiprocessors (bus, switch, switched memory). Interconnection s		
mechanisms for m	ultiprocessor systems. MIMD systems UMA, NUMA, COMA. Distributed memory multiprocessors (crossbar switch). Data flow systems special architectures.	s, multithreading. A	ccelerators,
XP36VAV	эрона антисоциез.	ZK	4
XP36VPD	Selected Parts of Data Mining	ZK	4
Data mining aims a	trevealing non-trivial, hidden and ultimately applicable knowledge in large data. This course focuses on two key data mining issues: da	ta size and their he	1
_	large data, it is important to resolve both the technical issues such as distributed computing or hashing and general algorithmic com		
	nainly by case studies on web and social network mining. The second part will discuss approaches that merge heterogeneous prior ki will make the main application field here. It is assumed that students have completed the master course on Machine Learning and Da	-	
XP37AEA	Applied Electroacoustics	ZK	4
	uations in acoustics, modeling of miniature acoustic elements in thermoviscous fluid, equivalent circuits based approximation, review		
transduction agai			
transduction, acot	in transducers, waveguides for transducers, membranes and plates in transducers, modeling of coupling between me in transducers, electrostatic microphones and their models, MEMS microphones.	chanical and acou	stical parts

XP37AEM Acoustic and Electroacoustic Measurements Z,ZK Measurement of acoustic pressure, measuring microphones. Measurement of acoustic impedance. Foundamental audiometric measurements, artificial ear. Measurement of acoustic power. Methods of calibration of measuring microphones. Method of reciprocity, Method of reciprocity in the field of the spherical wave, in the diffusion sound field. Calibration methods for accelerometers and sensors of velocity and displacement. Measurement of mechanical impedance, impedance head, artificial mastoid. Electrostatic transducer and its application for electroacoustic measurements. Measurement of thin membranes and air-gaps. Acoustic intensity measurement. Measurements of acoustic transmitters. Acoustics and Electroacoustics of Solid State XP37APF Waves in elastic isoptropic unbounded continuum. Wave equation. Scalar and vector potential. Plane harmonic uniform and non-uniform wave. Energy and power in plane harmonic wave. Plane wave in half-space, reflection and refraction of a plane wave at an interface between too solids. P-wave, SV and SH waves. Rayleigh waves. Waves in wave -guides in solids. Wave propagation in cylindrical wave-guide. Solid-state waveguides of non-uniform cross-section. Piezoelectricity. Equivalent circuits of piezoelectric transducers for generation of volume and surface waves. XP37AR ZK **Speech Acoustics** Vocal tract, anatomy, physiology. Vocal cords, production of speech. Types of phonems. Speech analysis and synthesis. Automatic recognition of speech **Architectural Acoustics** ZK 4 Wave theory, geometrical and statistical acoustics. Acoustical lining and sound absorption. Objective room acoustic parametres. Subjective criteria for auditory quality of halls. Room acoustics measurement technique. Physical modelling and numerical simulation of sound propagation. Electroacoustic sound reinforcement. Acoustical properties of buildings: absorption of sound, sound insulation. Simple and complex constructions. Criteria for sound insulation properties of building constructions. Measurement in acoustics of constructions. Calculations in room acoustics. XP37CAD Advanced methods for circuit analysis and optimization using computer-aided design Z,ZK 3 The first part of the subject deals with contemporary models of both classical semiconductor elements (in submicron domain) and special microwave transistors as HBT, pHEMT etc. Moreover, models of power MOS (LDMOS) transistors are also defined and characterizing the elements by X-parameters is included as well. The modeling part of the subject is completed by characterization nano-scale elements, including noise models, and by a description of memristors, memcapacitors and meminductors. The second part of the subject contains algorithms for solving nonlinear stiff systems of differential-algebraic equations in implicit form combined with nonstandard sensitivity analysis in time domain. The sensitivity analysis in the frequency domain is also included as well as nonstandard sensitivity analysis of noise figure. Attention is also given to steady-state algorithms, in particular, their more difficult form usable for autonomous circuits. The analytic methods are naturally complemented by single- and multi-objective optimizations. Up to four-dimensional optimizations are demonstrated on very complicated, but technically useful tasks from the microwave area including power RF amplifiers. XP37DRS Satellite communication and navigation systems 7.7K Satellite communication - overview. Systems for fixed and mobile service. Satellite networks: Intelsat, Eutelsat, Inmarsat, Intersputnik, Astra. Orbits (LEO, MEO, GEO, HEO) and parameters of satellite communication channel. Energetic budget of satellite link. Satellite link design. Frequency bands. Modulations and multiplexes: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA. Spread spectrum communication. Systems VSAT, DAMA, DVB-S, S-UMTS. Multimedia satellite services. Satellite navigation systems: GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO. Satellite communication and navigation systems integration - CNS systems. XP37ELA ZK Elastoacoustics 4 The course deals with interactions of elastic structures with gaseous medium, namely vibrations of plates, radiation impedances, modal equations, influence of walls surrounding acoustic space, finite element method, calculation of eigenfrequencies. Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics Anatomy of the hearing organ, hearing theory, hearing field, loudness, masking, pitch of sound, temporal tresholds, distortion in the hearing organ, adaptation, fatigue and impairment of hearing system. Binaural hearing, objective and subjective properties of musical signals, statistical and dynamical analysis. Perception of simple tones and complex sounds, consonancy and dissonancy. Psychoacoustics of transmission of the musical signal, Methods of psychoacoustic measurements, their validity, repeatability, Planning and realization of listening tests, methods of statistical analysis of results, interpretation. XP37FHA1 Physiological, Pychologycal and Musical Acoustics 1 7K Properties of musical signal in temporal and frequency domains, methods of sound synthesis, timbre and interpretation of sound spectra, objective assessment of timbre, theory of sound quality, introduction to acoustics of speech and singing, physical.-acoustic principles of musical instruments, tuning, dynamics, timbre of the tone, radiation properties of musical instruments, introduction to methodology of measurement of musical instruments. XP37FHA2 Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics 2 Properties of musical signal in temporal and frequency domains, methods of sound synthesis, timbre and interpretation of sound spectra, objective assessment of timbre, theory of sound quality, introduction to acoustics of speech and singing, physical.-acoustic principles of musical instruments, tuning, dynamics, timbre of the tone, radiation properties of musical instruments, introduction to methodology of measurement of musical instruments. XP37FOS Photonic Imaging Systems Image and its representation. Energetic image description. Principles of image acquisition, transferring and storing. Image entropy function, 2 dimensional autocorrelation curve and probability image description. Novel compression techniques. Image reproduction, matrix description. Light diffraction. 2D transfer functions - PSF, MTF, PSF, MTF of real imaging and detection systems. 2D transfer systems and their signal distortion, image aberration and their correction, toleration analysis of optical system. Receivers and transmitters for special application. Photonic processors, computers and memories. XP37FOT Selected Parts from Photonics 7.7K 3 The subject is focused on the overview of recent applied photonic topics esp. integral and panoramic photonics receivers, transmitters and other special elements and subsystems incl. relevant theoretical background. Selected examples of applied photonic elements and subsystems will be demonstrated in lab experiments and results of ESA space projects. Lab exercises will take place in the specialized departmental laser lab for limited number of participants. Selected experiments will also be presented during lectures. The durable equipment purchased under the project frame will be exploited. XP37FZS **Fuzzy Signal Processing** Z,ZK 4 PhD students education and their research activities are focused on the problems of utilize fuzzy logic and neural network for optimization algorithm used at numerical signal processing as adaptive filtration, diagnostic of the signal, control phase lock and so on. XP37GAB Genesis and Analysis of Biosignals The subject deals with genesis and description of the most important biological signals of both electric and non-electric nature. Properties of the biosignal, essential for the consequential signal processing, are studied. Finally, simple and advanced methods of biosignals pre-processing, analysis and evaluation are presented for each the biosignal. XP37IAR Implementation algoritms in radioelecronics Z.ZK PhD students' education and their research activities are focused on the problems of effective implementation algorithms in radio electronics by signal processors, processors with more arithmetic units (universal and signal processors) and with support hardware accelerators in FPGA circuits. Optimization of the algorithm is concentrate on minimalisation computational complexity by utilization multirate digital signal processing and hardware accelerators. XP37IPP Image Processing and Photonics ZK Photonics is a basic discipline used in space technology. Students will become acquainted with advanced imaging photonics used in space sciences, including the design and simulation of optical instruments and the influence of the environment. In addition, there are included parts describing the parameters of optical instruments (PSF, MTF, OTF, resolution, SWATH, etc.), waveform deformation modeling and removal methods for IR - VIS electromagnetic radiation. The subject also includes a description of the sensor part of the image, including noise parameters and the reconstruction of the acquired image, and discusses its use in space applications. In addition, there are parts including Earth Remote Sensing, mission design,

and the use of mod	ern instruments in this area, including optical Fourier transform, electromagnetic wave polarization research, and hyperspectral imagi area, including image data telemetry.		
XP37ISS	Introduction to space science and technology	ZK	4
	space sciences and technology on PhD level. Methods and resources of space research and their applications. Satellites, space prob	oes, space stations	s, space
	stems, their development, proposals and design. Optoelectronic systems for space, onboard systems and payload, space communic	_	
materials and tech	nology. Remote sensing and multispectral images, applications. Space physics, cosmic environment, cosmic radiation and particles.	Ground based seg	ment, tests
VD071 N	of space systems, space software, archiving and data reduction, organization international co-operation.	71/	
XP37LN	Aircraft Navigation	ZK	4
XP37MPS	Multimedia Signals Transmission	ZK	4
	unication system scheme. Extended knowledges in radio transmitters and radio receivers. Radio transmitters and receivers system d ellular radiotelephone systems. Terrestrial and satellite digital broadcasting. Analog and digital radiorelay systems. Metallic communic	-	
	ptoelectronic communication systems. Modulation and multiplexing in optoelectronic systems. Cable television networks, interactive t		
and concrete c	radiocomunications development trends. Electromagnetic compatibility.	.0.01.0.0 0,0.0	
XP37MSC	CNS Modern Systems	ZK	4
XP37MSP	Advanced Multimedia Signal Processing	Z,ZK	4
	selected areas of advanced multimedia signal processing with emphasis on processing techniques adapted for sensing, processing		1
	signals concerning the requirements of human observers and the characteristics of human visual system (HVS). Main focus of the co		
coding, including of	verview of conventional methods in respect to the information theory, rate-distortion analysis and advanced methods for efficient visu	ual information rep	resentation
in respect to Quali	ty of Experience (QoE) in emerging immersive multimedia. Emphasis is placed on the rigorous theoretical description of the methods	s but also on the p	ossibility of
	their experimental verification in the laboratory using special equipment or simulation tools.		
XP37MVP	Scientific Work Methodology	ZK	4
	ration of scientific work, exploitation of literature and other information resources, accessible databases, fundamentals of project prep	•	
	requirements ( PhD Thesis, article, conference), patents and patent search, Internet exploitation, discussion groups, WWW presenta		
XP37NAV	Navigation systems	ZK	4
	cused on the field of navigation systems and their practical applications. It covers GNSS technology including definition of coordinate	-	
	associated with satellite navigation, and positioning methods. On the other hand, only one lecture is devoted to the design of GNSS		
	n details described in other master's course Architecture of Radio Receivers and Transmitters. The GNSS area is further extended to		•
	ation equations and mechanization of the calculation, inertial sensors and aiding systems/sensors, e.g. pressure based altimeters, ma ucers, radars, etc. The focus is paid on detailed data fusion practical tasks for estimating position, velocity and attitude in outdoor/ind	_	s, uiliasonic
XP37NOS	Advanced Computational Tools for Imaging and Radio Systems	ZK	4
	on advanced image and signal processing with a focus on imaging and radio systems. The emphasis is on the implementation of algor		I
	ory. Students will verify the principles of algorithms in solving non-trivial problems, such as processing of image data from wide-field sy		
	processing of large data volume from non-linear image system, 2D photometric system calibration, and real-time GNSS signal pro		,
XP37NRO	CAD for RF and Microwave Circuits	Z.ZK	4
	emiconductor devices and transmission lines implemented in the PSpice class and similar programs. Hierarchy of the models of other	,	d microwave
circuits. Enhancing	the model accuracy with artificial neural networks (ANN). Advanced algorithms for analysis and optimization of RF and microwave circuit	ts. Model paramete	er extraction.
XP37ODS	Optical Design and Simulation	71/	4
	Option Booign and Officiation	ZK	4
XP37PAC	·	ZK ZK	4
XP37PAC XP37PKP	Physiological Acoustics	ZK	
XP37PKP	·	ZK ZK	4
XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir	Physiological Acoustics  Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice  practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of variations of the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of variations of variation	ZK ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I	4 4 es for animal Evaporisers
XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sub	Physiological Acoustics  Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice  practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of vostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu	ZK ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r	4 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet
XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sul generators, general	Physiological Acoustics  Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice  practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of vostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu tors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical applic	ZK ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of	4 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet
XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sut generators, genera Electrochemical, op	Physiological Acoustics  Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice  practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of vostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneu tors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical application, biochemical sensors. Haematology analysers. Interference, corrections of measured values, standardisation in medicine. Electrons.	ZK ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of ostimulation. of inte	4 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet body fluids. ernal organs
XP37PKP Solving methods of and clinical experir of anaesthetical sul generators, genera Electrochemical, op and skeler	Physiological Acoustics  Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice  practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical ments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of vostances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneutors of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical application, biochemical sensors. Haematology analysers. Interference, corrections of measured values, standardisation in medicine. Electrotal muscles. Electrodes and circuits for biopotential measurement and electrical stimulation. Indirect measuring methods of biological	ZK ZK practice. Guideline ventilation gases. I matic systems in r ations. Analysis of ostimulation. of inte	4 4 es for animal Evaporisers medicine (jet body fluids. ernal organs es.
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distributed elements	s. Radiation, radiation impedance. Acoustic transmitters, directivity. Acoustic receivers. Acoustical systems with lumped and distributed el air-gaps. Coupled systems.	ements. Acoustic	waveguides,
XP37TEM	Theoretical Electroacoustics and Measurement	Z,ZK	3
	d at selected parts of electroacoustics and related fields with the emphasis on the theoretical aspect. The main interest lies in electroacoustics and related fields with the emphasis on the theoretical aspect.		
parts. Their descri	iption will include non-linear mode. The part on measurement will include mainly calibration methods and their usage in cases close to students.	topics of theses	of doctoral
XP37TMP	Medical Instrumentation	ZK	4
	with principles and properties of medical systems for analysis of body fluids, blood gas analysis, medical minors of basic life functions ermodynamic principles of anaesthetic equipment and equipment for artificial lung ventilation, haematological analysers and other me		
XP37VKF	Selected Parts from Photonics	ZK	4
Anatomy and physi	iology of vision. Integral photonic sensors. Panoramatic (image) photonic sensors. Integral photonic displays. Panoramatic p	splays. Electron o	otics. Image
XP37VRA	Research Seminars in Radioelectronics and Acoustics	Z,ZK	4
The course is inten	ded for PhD students of the radioelectronics and acoustics specialization. It develops the presentation skills and serves as a platform		d defence of
	students' research results.		
XP37ZI	Information recording	Z,ZK	4
-	ng theory. FM signal recording. Video information recording systems. High density recording, tape recorder thin heads. Impulse recording the DNT Digital assessment of the condition of the CONDI		-
recording on CD	-audio, DAT. Digital recording on CD-ROM, CD-video. WORM, CD-R recording. Erasable magneto-optical recording on MD. Digital vid compression.	eo recording. Cod	ling, data
XP37ZSN1	Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 1	Z,ZK	4
Distance measur	rement with pseudorandom signals and with carrier. Position determination based on measured distances. Time delay discriminator. S	•	avigation
VD0770N0	receiver. GDOP, PDOP, HDOP, VDOP. GPS system, precision. Glonass and its precision. GALLILEO. Comparison of these systems are received and the precision of the second of		4
XP37ZSN2	Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 2 navigation systems, structure of receiver and precision of position measurement. Shortcomings of satellite systems: limited access are	Z,ZK	4
	Differential systems DGPS and DGLONASS, RTCM-104 standard. Systems SKY-FIX, FUGRO, RACAL, WAAS, EGNOS. GALILEO ar		
XP38ATM	Sind of the control o	ZK	3
	l uces the principles and technical means of data acquisition in the laboratory and industrial environment. Attention is paid to both hards		_
•	stems for data acquisition and process control. Laboratory exercises are designed in part in the form of classical tasks, partly in the form in the field of programming of automated measurement systems and control of measurement processes.		
XP38EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility of Data Acquisition Systems	ZK	4
	Measurement of electromagnetic emission and immission. EMC standards. Modelling of disturbing signals. Electromagnetic disturbar	nce in laboratory a	ind industry.
	Design of DAQ systems with regard to EMC. EMC of data transmitting lines.		
XP38MDR	Methods of Signals Digitalization and Reconstruction	ZK	4
The up-to-date and	unconventional methods of analog preprocessing of typical sensors signals, selection of optimal digitization methods and optimization	of hardware soluti	on including
VECOMET	of processing of measurement results to achieve high accuracy and effective suppression of disturbing signals.	717	•
XP38MET	Metrology sed on solving problems connected with the metrology of electrical quantities and application of modern tools to it. The lectures acquain	ZK	3
The course is locus	methods of precise measurement of electrical quantities and application of modern tools to it. The fectures acquair	it students with the	e up-to-date
XP38MMN	Measurement of Nonelectric Quantities	ZK	4
	s of sensors. Measurement of temperature, pressure, flow, movement, position and other physical quantities. Chemical sensors and a		-
	on of explosives. New types of signal conditioning circuits. Sensor Applications in industry, transport and consumer electronics. Secur		
	Sensor design and technology. Signal processing in sensor systems, intelligent sensors.		
XP38MPM	Methods for Precision Measurement of Electrical Quantities and Measurement Data Processing	ZK	4
	s of electrical quantities. Collective standards. Inductive ratio devices for precision electrical measurements and possibilities of improving	=	
Modern methods for	or precision measurement of active and passive electrical quantities. Evaluation of measurement errors and uncertainties. Metrologica	I reliability. Statisti	cal analysis
XP38MPX	of measurement data.	ZK	4
	Magnetism in Engineering Practice    roduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measuremer		
	this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs.	a	0 001110111 01
XP38PSL	Aircraft Instrumentation	ZK	4
	ints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequen		nethods for
basic processing of	f system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a descrip	tion of aircraft po	wer sources
-	ll engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergence		-
•	e background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantit	•	
and analytical meti	hods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the of the field of aircraft instrumentation.	current publishing	activities in
XP38PUC	the hold of alrefall methation.	ZK	2
XP38SSA		ZK	3
	l sused on advanced sensors and data communication principles within heterogeneous automotive networks. It especially deals with mo		_
	sensors communication over the internal vehicle communication infrastructure.		
XP38SSB	Sensors and Buses	ZK	4
	introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principle	= =	-
parameters, the cor	ncept of smart sensors, measurement systems, analog circuits for sensor signal processing, sensor error correction, calibration and diagr immunity.	nostics, noise and	disturbance
XP38SYS	Measurement and Data Acquisition Systems	ZK	4
-	uces the principles and technical means of data acquisition in the laboratory and industrial environment. Attention is paid to both hards		
the integration of sy	stems for data acquisition and process control. Laboratory exercises are designed in part in the form of classical tasks, partly in the	or problem-or	ented tasks
	in the new or programming or automated measurement systems and control of measurement processes.		

XP38VDI	Selected Chapters of Diagnostics	ZK	4
	uces advanced concepts of fault detection, isolation and diagnostics, signal analysis methods for machine condition monitoring, and		umentation
	uctive testing, the corresponding advanced signal processing, and self-acting evaluation in order to improve reliability, availability, ma		
XP38VKP	Selected Parts of Instrumentation	ZK	4
	licated to principle, properties and applications of selected special measuring instruments. It deals mainly with calibrators and other s	1	
	ement of extremely low voltage and current signals, lock-in amplifiers, power analyzers and electronic loads, devices used for EMC mea		-
	and optical reflectometers and radio testers (Bluetooth, NMT, GSM, UMTS). A special part is devoted to sampling measurement metho		-
XP38VKZ	Selected Chapters of Signal Processing	ZK	4
	dicated to advanced signals processing methods used in contemporary electronic devices and measuring instruments. It concerns e.	1 1	
transformation (ex	xcept Fourier), stochastic methods, processing of the multimedia signal, suppressing of unwanted effect, methods used for quality inc	creasing of multime	edia signal
	transmission, etc.		
XP39CG	Advanced Computational Geometry	ZK	4
The aim of the cou	rse is to deepen the knowledge of computational geometry. The course is designed primarily for students who have a dissertation top	1 1	structures in
computer graphics	s and effective work with them. The starting point of the study will be chapters from the compulsory literature, specific topics will be ba	ased on scientific a	rticles that
develop the issue.	Students will have the latest articles on the subject and will creatively process the theme. This is mainly about mastering the method	ology of scientific v	vork taking
into account the s	subject of the dissertation. Precisely this aspect (the methodology of scientific work in the given field) is one of the added values ofthe	subject. The subje	ct, with its
	theoretical character, invites directly to the above-defined concept.		
XP39PMV	Advanced Methods of Visualization	ZK	4
Scientific visua	İrzation based on physical models. Scientific visualization and volume rendering. Volume graphics. Information visualization. Interactic	n in scientific visua	alization
env	ironment. Scientific visualization in WWW environment. Particle models and visualization of technological processes. Computational	fluid dynamics.	
XP39SCG	Seminar in Comnuter Graohics	ZK	4
The Seminar in Co	omputer Graphics will make students familiar with selected research topics from computer graphics srrch aq efficienf renderino methi	ndc mnrlelino nf srr	rfacec qnd
fheir nntical nrone	rties qimrrlafinn of nhvqical nhennmena or geometrical modeling and animation. The course rvill also include graphics methods used	in related hiscipiin	es such as
	computer vision, and human computer interaction. The goal ofthe course is to expound the selected topics to students and in the same	•	
skills by analyzing	existing high quality research rvork. A significant added value is the acquaintance of students with methods of scientific work in conne	ection with the aim	of using the
	gathered knowledge to solve specific problems of their PhD theses.		
XP39SPG	Computer Graphics Seminar	Z,ZK	4
	hics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	al phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in relate	<u>=</u>	
	computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goa		
	cted topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilit		
XP39UID	Advanced methods of UI design	ZK	
-	urse is to introduce advanced methods for user interface and interaction design in non-standard environments, such as virtual and au	-	
gain theoretical bac	ckground related to human interaction in such environments. During the course students will get familiar with a set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for the set of techniques for discourse and according to the set of techniques for the set of techniques	esign and testing o	interactive
VD00\/I7	systems in non-standard environments, especially in virtual and augmented reality with collaborative aspects.	71/	
XP39VIZ	Advanced Visualization Methods	ZK	4
	sualization (Perception and cognition, Visual saliency, Visual thinking) Design of User Interfaces for Visualization applications (Evaluation of User Interfaces for Visualization applications).		
Advanced volume	visualization (Illustrative volume rendering) Big data visualization, Visual analytics, Animation for visualization, Data compression an visualization Visualization techniques in nonstandard environment	a reduction Large	scale data
VD20VDC		71/	4
XP39VPG	Computational Geometry	ZK	4
	utational geometry (CG), data structures and paradigms, methods of geometric search, convex polygons and hulls, applications of co triangulation, efficient intersection algorithms, intersection of semispaces and polygonal regions, geometry of rectangles, dual mappi		
voionoi diagrams,	dual space, algorithms of computer graphics and CG. Students who completed course 36VGE cannot enroll.	igs and spaces, co	nivex riuli ili
XP39VR		71/	1
	Virtual reality	ZK	4
Auvanceu method	s in the VRML language. Standard and non-standard extensions to the VRML language. Programming of external applications with E reality. Distant cooperation in virtual environment. Hardware and software support for virtual reality systems. QuickTime VR. Specific		usei viitual
VDE048CWD			1
XPE04SCWR	Scientific Writing	Z	4
i) LECTURES [Ch	ang-Hee Won]: With the assistance of a Fulbright Distinguished Chair at CTU and a Professor in Electrical Engineering for Temple U	inversity (a researc	ii uriiversity

1) LECTURES [Chang-Hee Won]: With the assistance of a Fulbright Distinguished Chair at CTU and a Professor in Electrical Engineering for Temple University (a research university located in Philadelpia, Pennsyvania, USA), researchers will be instructed on how to organize and effectively communicate their scientific results. While this instructor is an Electrical Engineer, the approaches will be applicable to all technical disciplines. 2) SEMINARS [Michael Ynsua]: Under the guidance of a native-speaking English teacher participants will focus on the fundamentals of academic writing with the goal of sharpening critical writing skills (reasoning, formulating, and developing arguments and explanations). Special attention will also be paid to mechanics, usage, and style (grammar, etc).

For updated information see <a href="http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html">http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html</a> Generated: day 2025-06-15, time 16:40.