

Study plan

Name of study plan: Electrical Engineering and Computer Science (EECS)

Faculty/Institute/Others: Faculty of Electrical Engineering

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Common courses

Garantor of the study branch:

Program of study: Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Type of study: Bachelor full-time

Required credits: 160

Elective courses credits: 20

Sum of credits in the plan: 180

Note on the plan:

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program

Minimal number of credits of the block: 122

The role of the block: P

Code of the group: 2018_BEECSBAP

Name of the group: Bachelor Thesis

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 20 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 1 course

Credits in the group: 20

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i> | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|---------|--|------------|---------|-------|----------|------|
| BEBAP20 | Bachelor thesis | Z | 20 | 12S | L,Z | P |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2018_BEECSBAP Name=Bachelor Thesis

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|---------|-----------------|---|----|
| BEBAP20 | Bachelor thesis | Z | 20 |
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Independent final thesis of a bachelor's study of a complex nature. The student chooses the topic of the thesis from the list of topics related to the studied program, which are listed by the FEL departments at KOS. The thesis will be defended before the commission for state final exams.

Code of the group: 2018_BEECSP

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the programme

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 102 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 18 courses

Credits in the group: 102

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i> | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|--|------------|---------|---------|----------|------|
| BEEZZ | Basic health and occupational safety regulations <i>Radek Havlí ek, Vladimír K la, Ivana Nová Radek Havlí ek Vladimír K la (Gar.)</i> | Z | 0 | 2BP+2BC | Z | P |
| BE5B16EPD | Business Economics <i>Tomáš Podivínský Tomáš Podivínský Tomáš Podivínský (Gar.)</i> | KZ | 4 | 2P+2S | Z,L | P |
| BE5B01MA1 | Calculus 1 <i>Paola Vivi Paola Vivi Paola Vivi (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 4P+2S | Z | P |
| BE5B01MA2 | Calculus 2 <i>Paola Vivi Paola Vivi Petr Habala (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 4P+2S | L | P |
| BE5B01DEN | Differential Equations&Numerical Methods <i>Petr Habala Petr Habala Petr Habala (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 4P+2C | L | P |
| BE5B01DMG | Discrete Mathematics and Graphs <i>Jan Hamhalter Jan Hamhalter Jan Hamhalter (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 3P+1S | Z | P |
| BE5B34ELP | Electron Devices <i>Alexandr Laposa, Adam Bou a Adam Bou a Pavel Hazdra (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2L | L | P |

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|-----------|---|------|----|----------|-----|---|
| BE5B31ZEO | Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits <i>Pavel Máša Pavel Máša Jiří Hospodka (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2S | Z | P |
| BE5B01LAL | Linear Algebra <i>Paola Vivi Paola Vivi Paola Vivi (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 8 | 4P+2S | Z | P |
| BE5B15MAA | Mathematical Applications <i>Stanislav Vitek, Jan Kyncl, Václav Vencovský Jan Kyncl Jan Kyncl (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 4 | 0P+4C | L | P |
| BE5B34MIK | Microcontrollers <i>Tomáš Teplý, Vladimír Janík Tomáš Teplý Vladimír Janík (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | L | P |
| BE5B02PH1 | Physics 1 <i>Stanislav Pekárek, Jaroslav Jíra Stanislav Pekárek Stanislav Pekárek (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 8 | 4P+1L+2C | L | P |
| BE5B02PH2 | Physics 2 <i>Stanislav Pekárek, Jaroslav Jíra Stanislav Pekárek Stanislav Pekárek (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 3P+1L+2C | Z | P |
| BE5B01PRS | Probability and Statistics <i>Kateřina Helisová, Bogdan Radović Kateřina Helisová Kateřina Helisová (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 7 | 4P+2S | Z | P |
| BE5B33PRG | Programming Essentials <i>Pavel Šindler, Petr Pošík, Milan Němý Tomáš Svoboda Tomáš Svoboda (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | Z | P |
| BE5B33PGE | Programming for Engineers <i>Radoslav Škoviera Petr Pošík Petr Pošík (Gar.)</i> | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | L | P |
| BE5B99PRO | Project <i>Jaroslav Knápek, Jan Jandera Jan Jandera Jaroslav Knápek (Gar.)</i> | Z | 10 | 2P+2S+6D | Z | P |
| BEEZB | Safety in Electrical Engineering for a bachelor's degree <i>Radek Havlíček, Vladimír Křel, Ivana Nová Radek Havlíček Vladimír Křel (Gar.)</i> | Z | 0 | 2BP+2BC | Z,L | P |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2018_BEECSP Name=Compulsory subjects of the programme

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|--|--|------|---|
| BEEZZ | Basic health and occupational safety regulations | Z | 0 |
| The guidelines were worked out based on The Training Scheme for Health and Occupational Safety designed for employees and students of the Czech Technical University in Prague, which was provided by the Rector's Office of the CTU. Safety is considered one of the basic duties of all employees and students. The knowledge of Health and Occupational Safety regulations forms an integral and permanent part of qualification requirements. This program is obligatory. | | | |
| BE5B16EPD | Business Economics | KZ | 4 |
| Targets and function of business, corporation life cycle. Cost classification, cost calculation, cost curves. Profit, production, price and cost relation. Taxes. Financial calculus and investment decision-making. Business plan. Management functions, corporation organizational schemes. Processes and firm management. | | | |
| BE5B01MA1 | Calculus 1 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| It is an introductory course to calculus of functions of one variable. It starts with limit and continuity of functions, derivative and its geometrical meaning and properties, graphing of functions. Then it covers indefinite integral, basic integration methods and integrating rational functions, definite integral and its applications. It concludes with introduction to Taylor series. | | | |
| BE5B01MA2 | Calculus 2 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| The subject covers an introduction to the differential and integral calculus in several variables and basic relations between curve and surface integrals. Fourier series are also introduced. | | | |
| BE5B01DEN | Differential Equations&Numerical Methods | Z,ZK | 7 |
| This course introduces students to the classical theory of ordinary differential equations (separable and linear ODEs) and also to basics of numerical methods (errors in calculations and stability, numerical solutions of algebraic and differential equations and their systems). The course takes advantage of the synergy between theoretical and practical point of view. | | | |
| BE5B01DMG | Discrete Mathematics and Graphs | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The aim of the course is to introduce students to fundamentals of Discrete Mathematics with focus on electrical engineering. The content of the course covers fundamentals of propositional and predicate logic, infinite sets with focus on the notion of cardinality of sets, binary relations with focus on equivalences and partial orderings; integers, relation modulo; algebraic structures including Boolean algebras. Further, the course covers basics of the Theory of Graphs. | | | |
| BE5B34ELP | Electron Devices | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course introduces the basic theory, principles of operation and properties of electron devices. Physical principles of operation, device structures and characteristics are explained together with adequate models for small- and large-signal. Basic applications in analogue and digital electronics are examined. In seminars and labs, students are introduced to basic principles of device simulation, measurement of device characteristics and extraction of device parameters. Operation of electron devices in electronic devices is then analyzed using the Spice simulator. | | | |
| BE5B31ZEO | Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes fundamental methods of electrical circuit analysis. After a brief introductory part where the difference between an electrical device and its models is introduced, the basic ideal passive and active circuit elements are then defined. Next, basic circuit quantities are defined; lectures are then focused on important laws and methods of analysis of electrical circuits. Circuit theorems, an analysis of DC circuits, AC circuits, first-order and second-order circuits are described. Finally, a brief description of more sophisticated methods of analysis (Laplace transform, pulse excitation) is done. The seminars are focused on getting a theoretical experience in analysis of electrical circuits, supplemented with simulations and simple measurement. | | | |
| BE5B01LAL | Linear Algebra | Z,ZK | 8 |
| The course covers standard basics of matrix calculus (determinants, inverse matrix) and linear algebra (basis, dimension, inner product spaces, linear transformations) including eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Matrix similarity, orthogonal bases, and bilinear and quadratic forms are also covered. | | | |
| BE5B15MAA | Mathematical Applications | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the course is to obtain knowledge about mathematic programs used in electrical engineering. Student will acquire basic knowledge about MATLAB, MATHEMATICA and mathematical model assessment. | | | |
| BE5B34MIK | Microcontrollers | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The goal of this course is to make students acquainted with recent interesting applications, smart sensors circuits and peripherals handled by microcontrollers. In a lab students will program their own application and measure its properties. Because of usage of a programming language C it will be possible to focus on the practical part of the realization. | | | |
| BE5B02PH1 | Physics 1 | Z,ZK | 8 |
| The basic course of physics at the Faculty of Electrical Engineering - Physics 1, is devoted to the introduction into two important areas of physics. The first one is a classical mechanics and the second one is the electric and magnetic field. Within the framework of the classical mechanics, the students study the particle kinematics; dynamics of the mass particle, system of mass particles and rigid bodies. The students should be able to solve basic problems dealing with the description of mechanical systems, which they can meet during their further studies. The classical mechanics is followed by the relativistic mechanics, electric and magnetic field - both stationary as well as non-stationary. The students can use the facts gained in this course in the study of electrical circuits, theory of electrotechnical materials or radioelectronics. Apart of this, the knowledge gained in this course is required for the study of the consecutive course Physics 2. | | | |

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|---|--|------|----|
| BE5B02PH2 | Physics 2 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Within the framework of this course the students will first of all learn foundations of thermodynamics. Following topic - the theory of waves - will give to the students basic insight into the properties of waves and will help to the students to understand that the presented description of the waves has a universal character in spite of the waves character. Particular types of waves, such as acoustic or optical waves are the subjects of the following section. Quantum mechanics and nuclear physics will complete the student's general education in physics. The knowledge gained in this course will help to the students in study of such modern areas as robotics, computer vision, measuring technique and will allow them to understand the principles of novel technologies and functioning of new electronic devices. | | | |
| BE5B01PRS | Probability and Statistics | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Introduction to the theory of probability, mathematical statistics and computing methods together with their applications of praxis. | | | |
| BE5B33PRG | Programming Essentials | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course focuses on understanding and mastering basic design principles of algorithms. It develops data abstraction coupled with the essential programming patterns. The emphasis is on creating readable and reusable programs. | | | |
| BE5B33PGE | Programming for Engineers | Z,ZK | 6 |
| BE5B99PRO | Project | Z | 10 |
| An individual student project. The student works on a topic of his or her interest under supervision of a faculty staff member. The topic selection is supposed to be consulted with the tutor. Aside the individual work and consultancies the project course is accompanied by lectures and practical seminars about economic aspects of projects, presentation skills and technical writing. | | | |
| BEEZB | Safety in Electrical Engineering for a bachelor's degree | Z | 0 |
| The purpose of the safety course is to give the students basic knowledge of electrical equipment and installation as to avoid danger arising from operation of it. This introductory course contains fundamentals of Safety Electrical Engineering. In this way the students receive qualification of instructed person that enables them to work on electrical equipment. | | | |

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 38

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: 2018_BEECSPV

Name of the group: Compulsory subjects of the branch

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 38 credits (at most 87)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 7 courses

Credits in the group: 38

Note on the group:

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) <i>Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)</i> | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|----------|----------|------|
| BE5B33ALG | Algorithms Marko Genyk-Berezovskyj, Daniel Pr ša Daniel Pr ša Marko Genyk-Berezovskyj (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | Z | PV |
| BE5B35ARI | Automatic Control Petr Hušek Martin Hrom ík (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 7 | 4P+2L | L | PV |
| BE5B99CPL | C Programming Language Tomáš Krajník, Yuliia Prokop Jan Faigl Jan Faigl (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C+5D | Z | PV |
| BE5B32PKS | Computer and Communication Networks Pavel Bezpalec Pavel Bezpalec | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P + 2C | Z | PV |
| BE5B35APO | Computer Architectures Pavel Píša, Richard Šusta Pavel Píša Pavel Píša (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | L | PV |
| BE5B33KUI | Cybernetics and Artificial Intelligence Petr Pošík, Tomáš Svoboda Tomáš Svoboda Tomáš Svoboda (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | L | PV |
| BE5B14SP1 | Electric Machinery and Apparatus 1 Pavel Mindl, Miroslav Chomát Pavel Mindl Pavel Mindl (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 3P+2L | L | PV |
| BE5B17EMT | Electromagnetic Field Theory Jan Machá , Zbyn k Škvor Zbyn k Škvor Zbyn k Škvor (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 3P+2C | Z | PV |
| BE5B35LSP | Logic Systems and Processors Richard Šusta, Martin Hlinovský Martin Hlinovský Richard Šusta (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 3P+2L | Z | PV |
| BE5B13MVE | Materials for Power Electrical Engineering Jan Zemen, Pavel Ctibor, Pavel Mach, Josef Sedlá ek, Karel Dušek, Neda Neykova Pavel Mach Pavel Mach (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2L | Z | PV |
| BE5B33RPZ | Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning Ond ej Drbohlav, Ji í Matas, Jan Šochman Jan Šochman Ji í Matas (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2C | Z | PV |
| BE5B15EN1 | Power Engineering 1 Ivo Doležel, Zden k Müller Zden k Müller (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | L | PV |
| BE5B15EN2 | Power Engineering 2 Ivo Doležel, Zden k Müller | Z,ZK | 6 | 2P+2L | Z | PV |
| BE5B38SME | Sensors and Measurement Pavel Ripka, Mattia Butta Mattia Butta Pavel Ripka (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 6 | 4P+2L | Z | PV |
| BE5B31TES | Signal Theory Radoslav Bortel Radoslav Bortel Radoslav Bortel (Gar.) | Z,ZK | 5 | 2P+2C | L | PV |

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=2018_BEECSPV Name=Compulsory subjects of the branch

| | | | |
|---|--|------|---|
| BE5B33ALG | Algorithms | Z,ZK | 6 |
| In the course, the algorithms development is constructed with minimum dependency to programming language; nevertheless the lectures and seminars are based on Python. Basic data types a data structures, basic algorithms, recursive functions, abstract data types, stack, queues, trees, searching, sorting, special application algorithms, Dynamic programming. Students are able to design and construct non-trivial algorithms and to evaluate their affectivity. | | | |
| BE5B35ARI | Automatic Control | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Foundation course of automatic control. Introduction to basic concepts and properties of dynamic systems of physical, engineering, biological, economics, robotics and informatics nature. Basic principles of feedback and its use as a tool for altering the behavior of systems and managing uncertainty. Classical and modern methods for analysis and design of automatic control systems. Students specialized in systems and control will build on these ideas and knowledge in the advanced courses to follow. Students of other branches and programs will find out that control is a inspiring, ubiquitous and entertaining field worth of a future cooperation. | | | |
| BE5B99CPL | C Programming Language | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides complete knowledge of the C programming language regarding a program structure operation, memory access, and multi-thread applications. The course emphasis a ?good? programming style to develop clean, easy-to-read, and re-usable code. Students are introduced into the process of the source code compilation and active debugging. Lectures introduce basic code structures and demonstration applications which link together partial constructs and practical coding aiming for cleanliness and structure of the source code, computational efficiency optimized using code profiling and debugging. Students are introduced into the fundamental principles of parallel multi-thread programming, synchronization mechanism and multi-thread application models. The end of the course presents introduction to principles of object oriented programming and C++. | | | |
| BE5B32PKS | Computer and Communication Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim of the course is to familiarize students with current trends in the switched local networks and the key functions of routing protocols in IP networks. The course is aimed rather primarily practically then theoretically. | | | |
| BE5B35APO | Computer Architectures | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Subject provides overview of basic building blocks of computer systems. Explanation starts from hardware side where it extends knowledge presented in the previous lectures of Structures of computer systems. Topics cover building blocks description, CPU structure, multiple processors interconnections, input/output subsystem and basic overview of network and buses topologies. Emphasis is placed on clarification of interconnection of hardware components with software support, mainly lower levels of operating systems, device drivers and virtualization techniques. General principles are more elaborated during presentation of examples of multiple standard CPU architectures. Exercises are more focused on the software view to the contrary. Students are lead from basic programming on CPU level to the interaction with raw hardware. | | | |
| BE5B33KUI | Cybernetics and Artificial Intelligence | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course introduces the students into the field of artificial intelligence and gives the necessary basis for designing machine control algorithms. It advances the knowledge of state space search algorithms by including uncertainty in state transition. Students are introduced into reinforcement learning for solving problems when the state transitions are unknown, which also connects the artificial intelligence and cybernetics fields. Bayesian decision task introduces supervised learning. Learning from data is demonstrated on a linear classifier. Students practice the algoritms in computer labs. | | | |
| BE5B14SP1 | Electric Machinery and Apparatus 1 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Electric drive and its components. Electromechanical energy conversion. Rotational converters - DC machines, induction motors, synchronous generators and motors. Special electric machines, actuators. Static converters - transformers. There are presented operational principles, main constructional scheme and characteristics, applications. Switching theory. Interaction between turn-off switch and switched circuit. Basic theory and characteristic of electric arc. Transient recovery voltage. Switching overvoltage. Low voltage protection apparatuses | | | |
| BE5B17EMT | Electromagnetic Field Theory | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course presents fundamentals of electromagnetic field theory and its applications. Analysis methods proper for static, stationary as well as dynamic fields and waves in free space and on basic transmission lines are presented as well. This course provides students with physics - based view on studied effects, which is applied then on engineering problems. At the end of the course, all effects should not only be described, but quantified as well. Basic knowledge and insight into communication devices, systems and techniques is provided, applicable not only to systems currently taught in other courses, but to future systems as well. | | | |
| BE5B35LSP | Logic Systems and Processors | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course introduces the basic hardware structures of computing resources, their design, and architecture. It provides an overview of the possibilities of performing data operations at the hardware level and the design of embedded processor systems with peripherals on modern FPGA programmable logic circuits, which are increasingly widely used today. Students will learn their description in VHDL, from logic to more complex sequential circuits to practical finite state machine (FSM) designs. They will also master the correct design procedure using circuit simulation. Practical problems are solved using development boards used at hundreds of leading universities around the world. The course ends with RISC-V processor structure, cache, and pipeline processing. | | | |
| BE5B13MVE | Materials for Power Electrical Engineering | Z,ZK | 5 |
| At first a physical description of basic properties and basic types of materials for electrical engineering is carried out. Types of conductors, superconductors, insulators, magnetic materials and semiconductors, which are used in power electrical engineering, are presented. The stress is put on relationships between properties, technology and the use. The student will meet, in higher detail, with ceramics for electrical engineering, with properties of mica, glass and their applications, with environmental conductive joining, with materials for thin and thick films and with selected nanomaterials and their applications. | | | |
| BE5B33RPZ | Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The basic formulations of the statistical decision problem are presented. The necessary knowledge about the (statistical) relationship between observations and classes of objects is acquired by learning on the raining set. The course covers both well-established and advanced classifier learning methods, as Perceptron, AdaBoost, Support Vector Machines, and Neural Nets. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.ai/minor . | | | |
| BE5B15EN1 | Power Engineering 1 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course informs students about basic principles and topologies of electrical transmission and distribution systems. There are explained key system elements and their parameters, steady, transient and failure phenomena, main rules for dimensioning and protecting. | | | |
| BE5B15EN2 | Power Engineering 2 | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course is an introduction to the field of thermodynamic processes in thermal power plants, energy balances and structure of various renewable and conventional energy production technologies. Students will became also familiar with individual components of self consumption of power plants. The power generation and distribution are linked to high voltage systems and insulation materials. The fundamental theory of often used insulation materials and their propertis will be explained. Lightning and switching overvoltages and their impact to the insulation of electric power system will be discussed at the end of the course. | | | |
| BE5B38SME | Sensors and Measurement | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Basic circuits and instruments for measurement of electrical quantities, AD and DA converters, sensors focused to use in robotics and automation, intelligent sensors, methods of decreasing uncertainties. | | | |
| BE5B31TES | Signal Theory | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Course explains basic terms and methods for representation and analysis of continuous-time and discrete-time signals and systems. Representations of signals and systems in continuous and discrete-time is developed for time and frequency domains through the Fourier transform. Bode and Nyquist plots as well as the Laplace transform and the Z-transform are used for stability analysis of feedback systems. Linearization by small-signal analysis is introduced. Filtering and filter design, sampling and interpolation are discussed. Analog and pulse modulation fundamentals and their characteristics are introduced. Characteristics of band-pass signals are discussed, including Hilbert transform and complex envelope. Fundamentals of random signals and their parameters are reviewed. | | | |

Name of the block: Elective courses
 Minimal number of credits of the block: 0
 The role of the block: V

Code of the group: 2018_BEECSVOL

Name of the group: Elective special subjects

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group: ~Student can choose arbitrary subject of the bachelor's program (EEM - Electrical Engineering, Power Engineering and Management, KME - Communications, Multimedia and Electronics, KYR - Cybernetics and Robotics, OI - Open Informatics, OES - Open Electronics Systems) which is not part of his curriculum. Student can choose with consideration of recommendation of the branch guarantee.\\

List of courses of this pass:

| Code | Name of the course | Completion | Credits |
|--|--|------------|---------|
| BE5B01DEN | Differential Equations&Numerical Methods | Z,ZK | 7 |
| This course introduces students to the classical theory of ordinary differential equations (separable and linear ODEs) and also to basics of numerical methods (errors in calculations and stability, numerical solutions of algebraic and differential equations and their systems). The course takes advantage of the synergy between theoretical and practical point of view. | | | |
| BE5B01DMG | Discrete Mathematics and Graphs | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The aim of the course is to introduce students to fundamentals of Discrete Mathematics with focus on electrical engineering. The content of the course covers fundamentals of propositional and predicate logic, infinite sets with focus on the notion of cardinality of sets, binary relations with focus on equivalences and partial orderings; integers, relation modulo; algebraic structures including Boolean algebras. Further, the course covers basics of the Theory of Graphs. | | | |
| BE5B01LAL | Linear Algebra | Z,ZK | 8 |
| The course covers standard basics of matrix calculus (determinants, inverse matrix) and linear algebra (basis, dimension, inner product spaces, linear transformations) including eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Matrix similarity, orthogonal bases, and bilinear and quadratic forms are also covered. | | | |
| BE5B01MA1 | Calculus 1 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| It is an introductory course to calculus of functions of one variable. It starts with limit and continuity of functions, derivative and its geometrical meaning and properties, graphing of functions. Then it covers indefinite integral, basic integration methods and integrating rational functions, definite integral and its applications. It concludes with introduction to Taylor series. | | | |
| BE5B01MA2 | Calculus 2 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| The subject covers an introduction to the differential and integral calculus in several variables and basic relations between curve and surface integrals. Fourier series are also introduced. | | | |
| BE5B01PRS | Probability and Statistics | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Introduction to the theory of probability, mathematical statistics and computing methods together with their applications of praxis. | | | |
| BE5B02PH1 | Physics 1 | Z,ZK | 8 |
| The basic course of physics at the Faculty of Electrical Engineering - Physics 1, is devoted to the introduction into two important areas of physics. The first one is a classical mechanics and the second one is the electric and magnetic field. Within the framework of the classical mechanics, the students study the particle kinematics; dynamics of the mass particle, system of mass particles and rigid bodies. The students should be able to solve basic problems dealing with the description of mechanical systems, which they can meet during their further studies. The classical mechanics is followed by the relativistic mechanics, electric and magnetic field - both stationary as well as non-stationary. The students can use the facts gained in this course in the study of electrical circuits, theory of electrotechnical materials or radioelectronics. Apart of this, the knowledge gained in this course is required for the study of the consecutive course Physics 2. | | | |
| BE5B02PH2 | Physics 2 | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Within the framework of this course the students will first of all learn foundations of thermodynamics. Following topic - the theory of waves - will give to the students basic insight into the properties of waves and will help to the students to understand that the presented description of the waves has a universal character in spite of the waves character. Particular types of waves, such as acoustic or optical waves are the subjects of the following section. Quantum mechanics and nuclear physics will complete the student's general education in physics. The knowledge gained in this course will help to the students in study of such modern areas as robotics, computer vision, measuring technique and will allow them to understand the principles of novel technologies and functioning of new electronic devices. | | | |
| BE5B13MVE | Materials for Power Electrical Engineering | Z,ZK | 5 |
| At first a physical description of basic properties and basic types of materials for electrical engineering is carried out. Types of conductors, superconductors, insulators, magnetic materials and semiconductors, which are used in power electrical engineering, are presented. The stress is put on relationships between properties, technology and the use. The student will meet, in higher detail, with ceramics for electrical engineering, with properties of mica, glass and their applications, with environmental conductive joining, with materials for thin and thick films and with selected nanomaterials and their applications. | | | |
| BE5B14SP1 | Electric Machinery and Apparatus 1 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Electric drive and its components. Electromechanical energy conversion. Rotational converters - DC machines, induction motors, synchronous generators and motors. Special electric machines, actuators. Static converters - transformers. There are presented operational principles, main constructional scheme and characteristics, applications. Switching theory. Interaction between turn-off switch and switched circuit. Basic theory and characteristic of electric arc. Transient recovery voltage. Switching overvoltage. Low voltage protection apparatuses | | | |
| BE5B15EN1 | Power Engineering 1 | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The course informs students about basic principles and topologies of electrical transmission and distribution systems. There are explained key system elements and their parameters, steady, transient and failure phenomena, main rules for dimensioning and protecting. | | | |

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|---|--|------|---|
| BE5B15EN2 | Power Engineering 2 | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course is an introduction to the field of thermodynamic processes in thermal power plants, energy balances and structure of various renewable and conventional energy production technologies. Students will become also familiar with individual components of self consumption of power plants. The power generation and distribution are linked to high voltage systems and insulation materials. The fundamental theory of often used insulation materials and their properties will be explained. Lightning and switching overvoltages and their impact to the insulation of electric power system will be discussed at the end of the course. | | | |
| BE5B15MAA | Mathematical Applications | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the course is to obtain knowledge about mathematic programs used in electrical engineering. Student will acquire basic knowledge about MATLAB, MATHEMATICA and mathematical model assessment. | | | |
| BE5B16EPD | Business Economics | KZ | 4 |
| Targets and function of business, corporation life cycle. Cost classification, cost calculation, cost curves. Profit, production, price and cost relation. Taxes. Financial calculus and investment decision-making. Business plan. Management functions, corporation organizational schemes. Processes and firm management. | | | |
| BE5B17EMT | Electromagnetic Field Theory | Z,ZK | 6 |
| This course presents fundamentals of electromagnetic field theory and its applications. Analysis methods proper for static, stationary as well as dynamic fields and waves in free space and on basic transmission lines are presented as well. This course provides students with physics - based view on studied effects, which is applied then on engineering problems. At the end of the course, all effects should not only be described, but quantified as well. Basic knowledge and insight into communication devices, systems and techniques is provided, applicable not only to systems currently taught in other courses, but to future systems as well. | | | |
| BE5B31TES | Signal Theory | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Course explains basic terms and methods for representation and analysis of continuous-time and discrete-time signals and systems. Representations of signals and systems in continuous and discrete-time is developed for time and frequency domains through the Fourier transform. Bode and Nyquist plots as well as the Laplace transform and the Z-transform are used for stability analysis of feedback systems. Linearization by small-signal analysis is introduced. Filtering and filter design, sampling and interpolation are discussed. Analog and pulse modulation fundamentals and their characteristics are introduced. Characteristics of band-pass signals are discussed, including Hilbert transform and complex envelope. Fundamentals of random signals and their parameters are reviewed. | | | |
| BE5B31ZEO | Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits | Z,ZK | 5 |
| The subject describes fundamental methods of electrical circuit analysis. After a brief introductory part where the difference between an electrical device and its models is introduced, the basic ideal passive and active circuit elements are then defined. Next, basic circuit quantities are defined; lectures are then focused on important laws and methods of analysis of electrical circuits. Circuit theorems, an analysis of DC circuits, AC circuits, first-order and second-order circuits are described. Finally, a brief description of more sophisticated methods of analysis (Laplace transform, pulse excitation) is done. The seminars are focused on getting a theoretical experience in analysis of electrical circuits, supplemented with simulations and simple measurement. | | | |
| BE5B32PKS | Computer and Communication Networks | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The aim of the course is to familiarize students with current trends in the switched local networks and the key functions of routing protocols in IP networks. The course is aimed rather primarily practically than theoretically. | | | |
| BE5B33ALG | Algorithms | Z,ZK | 6 |
| In the course, the algorithms development is constructed with minimum dependency to programming language; nevertheless the lectures and seminars are based on Python. Basic data types a data structures, basic algorithms, recursive functions, abstract data types, stack, queues, trees, searching, sorting, special application algorithms, Dynamic programming. Students are able to design and construct non-trivial algorithms and to evaluate their affectivity. | | | |
| BE5B33KUI | Cybernetics and Artificial Intelligence | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course introduces the students into the field of artificial intelligence and gives the necessary basis for designing machine control algorithms. It advances the knowledge of state space search algorithms by including uncertainty in state transition. Students are introduced into reinforcement learning for solving problems when the state transitions are unknown, which also connects the artificial intelligence and cybernetics fields. Bayesian decision task introduces supervised learning. Learning from data is demonstrated on a linear classifier. Students practice the algorithms in computer labs. | | | |
| BE5B33PGE | Programming for Engineers | Z,ZK | 6 |
| BE5B33PRG | Programming Essentials | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course focuses on understanding and mastering basic design principles of algorithms. It develops data abstraction coupled with the essential programming patterns. The emphasis is on creating readable and reusable programs. | | | |
| BE5B33RPZ | Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The basic formulations of the statistical decision problem are presented. The necessary knowledge about the (statistical) relationship between observations and classes of objects is acquired by learning on the raining set. The course covers both well-established and advanced classifier learning methods, as Perceptron, AdaBoost, Support Vector Machines, and Neural Nets. This course is also part of the inter-university programme prg.ai Minor. It pools the best of AI education in Prague to provide students with a deeper and broader insight into the field of artificial intelligence. More information is available at https://prg.ai/minor . | | | |
| BE5B34ELP | Electron Devices | Z,ZK | 5 |
| This course introduces the basic theory, principles of operation and properties of electron devices. Physical principles of operation, device structures and characteristics are explained together with adequate models for small- and large-signal. Basic applications in analogue and digital electronics are examined. In seminars and labs, students are introduced to basic principles of device simulation, measurement of device characteristics and extraction of device parameters. Operation of electron devices in electronic devices is then analyzed using the Spice simulator. | | | |
| BE5B34MIK | Microcontrollers | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The goal of this course is to make students acquainted with recent interesting applications, smart sensors circuits and peripherals handled by microcontrollers. In a lab students will program their own application and measure its properties. Because of usage of a programming language C it will be possible to focus on the practical part of the realization. | | | |
| BE5B35APO | Computer Architectures | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Subject provides overview of basic building blocks of computer systems. Explanation starts from hardware side where it extends knowledge presented in the previous lectures of Structures of computer systems. Topics cover building blocks description, CPU structure, multiple processors interconnections, input/output subsystem and basic overview of network and buses topologies. Emphasis is placed on clarification of interconnection of hardware components with software support, mainly lower levels of operating systems, device drivers and virtualization techniques. General principles are more elaborated during presentation of examples of multiple standard CPU architectures. Exercises are more focused on the software view to the contrary. Students are lead from basic programming on CPU level to the interaction with raw hardware. | | | |
| BE5B35ARI | Automatic Control | Z,ZK | 7 |
| Foundation course of automatic control. Introduction to basic concepts and properties of dynamic systems of physical, engineering, biological, economics, robotics and informatics nature. Basic principles of feedback and its use as a tool for altering the behavior of systems and managing uncertainty. Classical and modern methods for analysis and design of automatic control systems. Students specialized in systems and control will build on these ideas and knowledge in the advanced courses to follow. Students of other branches and programs will find out that control is an inspiring, ubiquitous and entertaining field worth of a future cooperation. | | | |
| BE5B35LSP | Logic Systems and Processors | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course introduces the basic hardware structures of computing resources, their design, and architecture. It provides an overview of the possibilities of performing data operations at the hardware level and the design of embedded processor systems with peripherals on modern FPGA programmable logic circuits, which are increasingly widely used today. Students will learn their description in VHDL, from logic to more complex sequential circuits to practical finite state machine (FSM) designs. They will also master the correct design procedure | | | |

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| using circuit simulation. Practical problems are solved using development boards used at hundreds of leading universities around the world. The course ends with RISC-V processor structure, cache, and pipeline processing. | | | |
| BE5B38SME | Sensors and Measurement | Z,ZK | 6 |
| Basic circuits and instruments for measurement of electrical quantities, AD and DA converters, sensors focused to use in robotics and automation, intelligent sensors, methods of decreasing uncertainties. | | | |
| BE5B99CPL | C Programming Language | Z,ZK | 6 |
| The course provides complete knowledge of the C programming language regarding a program structure operation, memory access, and multi-thread applications. The course emphasis a ?good? programming style to develop clean, easy-to-read, and re-usable code. Students are introduced into the process of the source code compilation and active debugging. Lectures introduce basic code structures and demonstration applications which link together partial constructs and practical coding aiming for cleanliness and structure of the source code, computational efficiency optimized using code profiling and debugging. Students are introduced into the fundamental principles of parallel multi-thread programming, synchronization mechanism and multi-thread application models. The end of the course presents introduction to principles of object oriented programming and C++. | | | |
| BE5B99PRO | Project | Z | 10 |
| An individual student project. The student works on a topic of his or her interest under supervision of a faculty staff member. The topic selection is supposed to be consulted with the tutor. Aside the individual work and consultancies the project course is accompanied by lectures and practical seminars about economic aspects of projects, presentation skills and technical writing. | | | |
| BEBAP20 | Bachelor thesis | Z | 20 |
| Independent final thesis of a bachelor's study of a complex nature. The student chooses the topic of the thesis from the list of topics related to the studied program, which are listed by the FEL departments at KOS. The thesis will be defended before the commission for state final exams. | | | |
| BEEZB | Safety in Electrical Engineering for a bachelor's degree | Z | 0 |
| The purpose of the safety course is to give the students basic knowledge of electrical equipment and installation as to avoid danger arising from operation of it. This introductory course contains fundamentals of Safety Electrical Engineering. In this way the students receive qualification of instructed person that enables them to work on electrical equipment. | | | |
| BEEZZ | Basic health and occupational safety regulations | Z | 0 |
| The guidelines were worked out based on The Training Scheme for Health and Occupational Safety designed for employees and students of the Czech Technical University in Prague, which was provided by the Rector's Office of the CTU. Safety is considered one of the basic duties of all employees and students. The knowledge of Health and Occupational Safety regulations forms an integral and permanent part of qualification requirements. This program is obligatory. | | | |

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/f3.html>

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