# Study plan

# Name of study plan: Bachelor specialization Information Security, in Czech, 2021

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department:

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Welcome page

Garantor of the study branch: Program of study: Informatika Type of study: Bachelor full-time

Required credits: 153
Elective courses credits: 27
Sum of credits in the plan: 180

Note on the plan: Tato verze studijního plánu je ur ena pro ro níky, které byly p ijaty ke studiu od

akademického roku 2021/2022 do prezen ní formy studia bakalá ského programu. . Garant: prof. lng. Róbert

Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorenz@fit.cvut.cz

Name of the block: Compulsory courses in the program

Minimal number of credits of the block: 106

The role of the block: PP

Code of the group: BI-PP.21

Name of the group: Compulsory Courses of Bachelor Study Program Informatics, presented in Czech, version

2021

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 106 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 20 courses

Credits in the group: 106

Note on the group:

If you plan to profile the specialization Information Security, Management Informatics, Computer Networks and Internet, Computer Systems and Virtualization, Software Engineering, or Web Engineering, enroll in the course BI-PSI.21 in your 2nd semester of study. If you plan to profile the specialization Computer Graphics, Computer Engineering, Computer Science, or Artificial Intelligence, enroll in the course BI-PSI.21 in your 4th semester of study. If you plan to profile yourself in the Artificial Intelligence specialization, enroll in the course BI-PST.21 in your 3rd semester of study. Otherwise, enroll in the course BI-PSI.21 in your 5th semester of study. Otherwise, enroll in the course BI-PSI.21 in your 3rd semester of study. Otherwise, enroll in the course BI-PSI.21 in your 3rd semester of study.

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-AG1.21	Algorithms and Graphs 1 Dušan Knop, Michal Opler, Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla, Radek Hušek <b>Dušan</b> Knop Dušan Knop (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PP
BI-AAG.21	Automata and Grammars Jan Holub, Jan Janoušek, Ond ej Guth Jan Holub Jan Holub (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PP
BI-BAP.21	Bachelor Thesis Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	14		L,Z	PP
BI-BPR.21	Bachelor project Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	1	0P+0C	Z,L	PP
BI-DBS.21	Database Systems Jan Matoušek, Filip Glazar, Michal Valenta, Jan Blizni enko, Ji í Hunka, Monika Borkovcová, Pavel K íž, Št pán Pechman, Dominik Roudný, Ji í Hunka Michal Valenta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2R+1L	. L	PP
BI-DML.21	Discrete Mathematics and Logic Ji ina Scholtzová, Daniel Dombek, Jan Sp vák Daniel Dombek Jan Sp vák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1C	Z	PP
BI-KAB.21	Cryptography and Security Jaroslav K íž, Ji í Bu ek, Filip Kodýtek, Róbert Lórencz, David Pokorný, Martin Šutovský, František Ková, Ivana Trummová, Jakub Tetera Róbert Lórencz Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PP
BI-LA1.21	Linear Algebra 1 Lud k Kleprlík, Jakub Krásenský, Karel Klouda Lud k Kleprlík Karel Klouda (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1C	Z	PP

BI-MA1.21	Mathematical Analysis 1 Tomáš Kalvoda, Pavel Paták Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1C	L	PP
BI-MA2.21	Mathematical Analysis 2 Pavel Hrabák, Tomáš Kalvoda, Ivo Petr, Petr Olšák Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)	Z,ZK	6	3P+2C	Z	PP
BI-OSY.21	Operating Systems Ladislav Vagner, Ji í Kašpar, Michal Štepanovský, Jan Trdli ka, Pavel Tvrdík, Petr Zemánek Pavel Tvrdík Michal Štepanovský (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1L	L	PP
BI-PSI.21	Computer Networks Josef Koumar, Petr Hoda , Viktor erný, Michal Hažlinský, Vladimír Smotlacha, Yelena Trofimova, Jan Fesl, Josef Zápotocký, Michal Polák, Jan Fesl Jan Fesl (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+1C	L	PP
BI-PST.21	Probability and Statistics  Kamil Dedecius, Pavel Hrabák, Jitka Hrabáková, Petr Novák, Jana Vacková  Pavel Hrabák Pavel Hrabák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PP
BI-PA1.21	Programming and Algorithmics 1 Radek Hušek, Ladislav Vagner, Jan Trávní ek, Miroslav Balík, David Bernhauer, Josef Vogel Jan Trávní ek Jan Trávní ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	2P+2R+2C	Z	PP
BI-PA2.21	Programming and Algorithmics 2 Radek Hušek, Ladislav Vagner, Jan Trávní ek, Josef Vogel <b>Jan Trávní ek</b> Jan Trávní ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	7	2P+1R+2C	L	PP
BI-SAP.21	Computer Structure and Architecture  Jaroslav Borecký, Petr Fišer, Martin Kohlík, Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová  Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1R+2C	L	PP
BI-TZP.21	Technological Fundamentals of Computers Jaroslav Borecký, Martin Da hel, Robert Hülle, Martin Kohlík, Pavel Kubalík, Vojt ch Miškovský, Martin Novotný, Jan ezní ek, Miroslav Skrbek, Martin Novotný Martin Novotný (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PP
BI-GIT.21	SW Development Technologies Petr Pulc, Robin Ob rka Robin Ob rka Petr Pulc (Gar.)	Z	3	2P	Z	PP
BI-TDP.21	Documentation and Presentation Ond ej Guth, Alena Libánská, Tomáš Nová ek, Petra Pavlí ková, Dana Vynikarová Dana Vynikarová (Gar.)	KZ	3	2P+2C	Z,L	PP
BI-UOS.21	Unix-like Operating Systems  Zden k Muziká, Petr Hoda, Dana ermáková, Viktor erný, Michal Hažlinský, Jakub Jan i ka, Miroslav Prágl, Michal Šoch, Jan Trdli ka, Zden k  Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	KZ	5	2P+2C	Z	PP

# Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-PP.21 Name=Compulsory Courses of Bachelor Study Program Informatics, presented in Czech, version 2021

The course covers the basics of efficient algorithm design, data structures, and graph theory, belonging to the core knowledge of every computing curriculum. It links and partially

Algorithms and Graphs 1

develops the knowledge from the course BI-DML.21, in which students acquire the knowledge and skills in combinatorics necessary for evaluating the time and space complexity of algorithms. The course also follows up knowledge from BI-MA1.21, the practical usage of asymptotic mathematics, in particular, the asymptotic notation.

BI-AAG.21 | Automata and Grammars | Z,ZK | 5

Students are introduced to basic theoretical and implementation principles of the following topics: construction, use and mutual transformations of finite automata, regular expressions, and regular grammars, context-free grammars, construction and use of pushdown automata, and translation grammars and transducers. They know the hierarchy of formal languages and they understand the relationships between formal languages and automata. They are introduced to the Turing machine and complexity classes P and NP.

 BI-BAP.21
 Bachelor Thesis
 Z
 14

 BI-BPR.21
 Bachelor project
 Z
 1

1. At the beginning of the semester, the student reserves the topic of the bachelor's thesis and connects with the supervisor. He / she will arrange the partial tasks that he / she will perform during the semester to process the assignment. If he completes these tasks, the supervisor will award him a credit from the subject BI-BPR at the end of the semester. 2. The external supervisor enters the information on granting the credit using the form "Granting credit from the external supervisor of the final thesis" (http://fit.cvut.cz/student/studijni/formulare). The completed and signed form will be handed over by the student to the head of the Department of Defense, who will record the credit in KOS. 3. If the topic of the work that the student has reserved is formulated more generally, the tasks assigned to him by the supervisor for the semester should be aimed primarily at fine-tuning the assignment so that the assignment can be supplemented and approved at the end of the semester.

BI-DBS.21 Database Systems Z.ZK 5

Students are introduced to the database engine architecture and typical user roles. They are briefly introduced to various database models. They learn to design small databases (including integrity constraints) using a conceptual model and implement them in a relational database engine. They get a hands-on experience with the SQL language, as well as with its theoretical foundation - the relational database model. They learn the principles of normalizing a relational database schema. They understand the fundamental concepts of transaction processing, controlling parallel user access to a single data source, as well as recovering a database engine from a failure. They are briefly introduced to special ways of storing data in relational databases with respect to speed of access to large quantities of data. This introductory-level course does not cover: Administration of database systems, debugging and optimizing database applications, distributed database systems, data stores.

BI-DML.21 | Discrete Mathematics and Logic | Z,ZK | 5 Students will get acquainted with the basic concepts of propositional logic and predicate logic and learn to work with their laws. Necessary concepts from set theory will be explained.

Special attention is paid to relations, their general properties, and their types, especially functional relations, equivalences, and partial orders. The course also lays down the basics of combinatorics and number theory, with emphasis on modular arithmetics.

BI-KAB.21 Cryptography and Security 5
Students will understand the mathematical foundations of cryptography and gain an overview of current cryptographic algorithms. They will be able to use cryptographic keys and

certificates in systems based on them and learn the basics of safe use of symmetric and asymmetric cryptographic systems and hash functions in applications. Within labs, students will gain practical skills in using standard cryptographic methods with an emphasis on security and will also get acquainted with the basic procedures of cryptanalysis.

BI-LA1.21 Linear Algebra 1 Z,ZK 5

We will introduce students to the basic concepts of linear algebra, such as vectors, matrices, vector spaces. We will define vector spaces over the field of real and complex numbers and also over finite fields. We will present the concepts of basis and dimension and learn to solve systems of linear equations using the Gaussian elimination method (GEM) and show the connection with linear manifolds. We define the regularity of matrices and learn to find their inversions using GEM. We will also learn to find eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix. We will also demonstrate some applications of these concepts in computer science.

BI-MA1.21 Mathematical Analysis 1

We begin the course by introducing students to the set of real numbers and its properties, and we note its differences with the set of machine numbers. Then we study real sequences and real functions of a real variable. We gradually introduce the notions of limits of sequences and functions, continuous functions, and derivatives of functions. This theoretical foundation is then applied to root-finding problems (iterative method of bisection and Newton's method), construction of cubic interpolation (spline), and formulation and solution of simple optimization problems (i.e., the issue of finding extrema of functions). The course is closed with the Landau's asymptotic notation and methods of mathematical description of complexity of algorithms.

BI-MA2.21 Mathematical Analysis 2

The course completes the theme of analysis of real functions of a real variable initiated in BI-MA1 by introducing the Riemann integral. Students will learn how to integrate by parts and use the substitution method. The next part of the course is devoted to number series, and Taylor polynomials and series. We apply Taylor's theorem to the computation of elementary functions with a prescribed accuracy. Then we study the linear recurrence equations with constant coefficients, the complexity of recursive algorithms, and its analysis ung the Master theorem. Finally, we introduce the student to the theory of multivariate functions. After establishing basic concepts of partial derivative, gradient, and Hessian matrix, we study the proposition of the course with the integration of multivariate functions are used to the number series functions of the surface of multivariate functions of the surface of multivariate functions are used to the number series of partial derivative, gradient, and Hessian matrix, we study the

analytical method of localization of local extrema of multivariate functions as well as the numerical descent method. We conclude the course with the integration of multivariate functions.

BI-OSY.21 | Operating Systems | Z,ZK | 5 |
In this course that is a follow-up of the Unix-like operating systems course students deepen their knowledge in areas of OS kernels, process and thread implementations, race conditions, critical regions, thread scheduling, shared recourse allocation and deadlocks, management of virtual memory, and data stargage, file systems. OS manitoring. They are able to design

critical regions, thread scheduling, shared resource allocation and deadlocks, management of virtual memory and data storages, file systems, OS monitoring. They are able to design and implement simple multithreaded applications. General principles are illustrated on operating systems Solaris, Linux, or MS Windows.

BI-PSI.21 | Computer Networks | Z,ZK | 5
The course introduces students to the principles of computer networking. It covers basic technologies, protocols, and services commonly used in local networks and in the Internet as well. The lectures will be amended by proseminars that introduce students into network programming and demonstrate the abilities of advanced network technologies. Students practically verify configurations and management of network devices in the lab within the environment of the operating systems Linux and Cisco IOS.

BI-PST.21 Probability and Statistics Z,ZK 5

Students will learn the basics of probabilistic thinking, the abile to synthesize prior and posterior information and learn to work with random variables. They will be able to apply basic models of random variable distributions and solve applied probabilistic problems in informatics and computer science. Using the statistical induction they will be able to perform estimations of unknown distributional parameters from random sample characteristics. They will also be introduced to the methods for testing statistical hypotheses and determining the statistical dependence of two or more random variables.

BI-PA1.21 Programming and Algorithmics 1 Z,ZK 7
Students gain the ability to formulate algorithms for solving basic problems and write them in the C language. They understand data types (simple, structured, pointers), expressions, statements, functions, concept of recursion. They learn to analyse simple cases of algorithm complexity. They know fundamental algorithms for searching, sorting, and manipulating with linked lists and trees.

BI-PA2.21 Programming and Algorithmics 2 Z,ZK 7
Students know the instruments of object-oriented programming and are able to use them for specifying and implementing abstract data types (stack, queue, enlargeable array, list, set,

table). They learn these skills using the C++ programming language and are introduced to all C++ features needed in object-oriented programming (e.g., template programming, copying/moving of objects, operator overloading, inheritance, polymorphism).

BI-SAP.21 | Computer Structure and Architecture | Z,ZK | 5 Students will get acquainted with the basic architecture and units of a digital computer, understand the structure, function, and implementation of arithmetic-logic unit , controllers, memory, I/O communication, methods of data transfers between the units. The logic design and the implementation of a program-controlled simple processor is practically implemented

BI-TZP.21 | Technological Fundamentals of Computers | Z,ZK | 5 | Students get acquainted with the fundamentals of digital and analog circuits, as well as basic methods of analyzing them. Students learn how computer structures look like at the lowest level. They are introduced to the function of a transistor. They will understand why processors generate heat, why cooling is necessary, and how to reduce the consumption; what the

level. They are introduced to the function of a transistor. They will understand why processors generate heat, why cooling is necessary, and how to reduce the consumption; what the limits to the maximum operating frequency are and how to raise them; why a computer bus needs to be terminated, what happens if it is not; how a computer power supply looks like (in principle). In the labs, students model the behavior of basic electrical circuits in SW Mathematica.

BI-GIT.21 | SW Development Technologies | Z | 3

This course is aimed at one of the rudimental team software development technology - version control. To be more specific, we will introduce students to Git, the information manager

from hell, as Linus Torvalds nicknamed it, and provide a comprehensive guide into its depths, as well as for day-to-day use.

RI-TDP21

Documentation and Presentation

K7

3

BI-TDP.21 | Documentation and Presentation | KZ | 3 The course is focused on the basics of creating electronic documentation with emphasis on the creation of technical reports of a larger scope, typically final university theses. Students learn to create text of a technical report in the LaTeX system, process an electronic presentation using the LaTeX Beamer system, and practically present it in front of classmates and the teacher. The course is intended primarily for those students who have chosen the topic of their bachelor's thesis or will choose it within the first 14 days of teaching. Within the

exercises of the course, an active approach to the creation of individual parts of the bachelor's thesis is assumed.

BI-UOS.21 Unix-like Operating Systems KZ 5

Unix-like operating systems represent a large family mostly open-source codes that kept bringing during the history of computers efficient innovative functions of multiuser operating systems for computers and their networks and clusters. The most popular OS today, Android, has a unix kernel. Students get overview of basic properties of this OS family, such as processes and threads, access rights and user identity, filters, or handling files in a file system. They learn to use practically these systems at the level of advanced users who are not only able to utilize powerful system tools that are available to users, but are also able to automatize routine agenda using the unix scripting interface, called shell.

Name of the block: Povinné p edm ty specializace

in the labs using programmable circuits (FPGA), a single-chip microcomputer, and modern design (EDA) tools.

Minimal number of credits of the block: 40

The role of the block: PS

Code of the group: BI-PS-IB.21

Name of the group: Compulsory courses of specialization Information Security, version 2021

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain 40 credits

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 8 courses

Credits in the group: 40

Note on the group: Guarantor: prof. lng. Róbert Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorencz@fit.cvut.cz

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-ADU.21	Unix Administration Zden k Muziká , Miroslav Prágl, Petr Zemánek Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PS
BI-ASB.21	Applied Network Security Ji i Dostál Ji i Dostál Ji i Dostál (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PS
BI-APS.21	Architectures of Computer Systems Michal Štepanovský, Pavel Tvrdík Michal Štepanovský Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PS
BI-BEK.21	Secure Code Josef Kokeš, Viktor Fischer Róbert Lórencz Josef Kokeš (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PS
BI-EHA.21	Ethical Hacking Ji í Dostál, Martin Kolárik, Martin Šutovský, Tomáš Kiezler <b>Ji í Dostál</b> Ji í Dostál (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PS
BI-HWB.21	Hardware Security Ji í Bu ek Ji í Bu ek Ji í Bu ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PS
BI-UKB.21	Introduction to Cybersecurity David Pokorný, František Ková , Ivana Trummová, Tomáš Lu ák, Tomáš Rabas David Pokorný Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	3P+1C	Z	PS
BI-ZSB.21	Basics of System Security Simona Forn sek, Marián Svetlík, Dominik Novák Simona Forn sek Róbert Lórencz (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	PS

## Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-PS-IB.21 Name=Compulsory courses of specialization Information Security, version 2021

BI-ADU.21 Students will learn the internal structure of the UNIX operating system, with the administration of its basic subsystems and with the security principles. They will understand the differences between user and administrator roles. They will get theoretical and practical knowledge of user management and administration, of users access rights, file systems, disk subsystems, processes, memory, network services and remote access, and in the areas of system deployment and virtualization. In the labs, they will verify the knowledge from the lectures on

#### BI-ASB 21 Applied Network Security

The aim of the course is to introduce selected topics from computer networks in terms of cybersecurity. These topics extend the basic knowledge gained in course BI-PSI with actual security applications like the public key infrastructure, encrypted network protocols, link and network layer security or wireless networks. After finishing the course student will get knowledge of security applications in computer networks.

## Architectures of Computer Systems

Students will learn the construction principles of internal architecture of computers with universal processors at the level of machine instructions. Special emphasis is given on the pipelined instruction processing and on the memory hierarchy. Students will understand the basic concepts of RISC and CISC architectures and the principles of instruction processing not only in scalar processors, but also in superscalar processors that can execute multiple instructions in one cycle, while ensuring the correctness of the sequential model of the program. The course further elaborates the principles and architectures of shared memory multiprocessor and multicore systems and the memory coherence and consistency in such systems

#### BI-BEK.21 Secure Code

The students will learn how to assess security risks and how to take them into account in the design phase of their own code and solutions. After getting familiar with the threat modeling theory, students gain practical experience with running programs with reduced privileges and methods of specifying these privileges, since not every program needs to run with administrator privileges. Dangers inherent in buffer overflows will be practically demonstrated. Students will be introduced to the principles of securing data and the relationships of security and database systems, web, remote procedure calls, and sockets in general. The module concludes with Denial of Service attacks and the defense against them.

#### BI-EHA.21 Ethical Hacking

The goal of the course is to introduce students to the field of penetration testing and ethical hacking. The course deals with cybersecurity threats, vulnerabilities, and their possible exploitation in computer networks, web applications, wireless networks, operating systems, and others like the Internet of Things or cloud. The focus is on hands-on experience with vulnerabilities testing and the following process of penetration test documentation.

#### RI-HWR 21 Hardware Security

The course deals with hardware resources used to ensure security of computer systems including embedded ones. Students become familiar with the operating principles of cryptographic modules, security features of modern processors, and storage media protection through encryption. They will gain knowledge about vulnerabilities of HW resources, including side-channel attacks and tampering with hardware during manufacture. Students will have an overview of contact and contactless smart card technology including applications and related topics for multi-factor authentication (biometrics). Students will understand methods of efficient implementations of ciphers.

#### BI-UKB.21 Introduction to Cybersecurity

Z,ZK

5

The goal of the course is to provide students with the introduction of basic concepts in modern approach to cybersecurity. Students will get a basic overview of threats in cyberspace and attacker techniques, security mechanisms in networks, operating systems and applications, as well as of basic cyberspace regulations.

## Basics of System Security

The goal of the course is to provide introduction to basic concepts in security of computer systems. Further, the course introduces the basics of forensic analysis and related topics such as malware analysis or incident response. After finishing the course student will get both theoretical and practical knowledge in the area of modern operating systems security, as well as skills needed for independent work in the area of operating system security incident analysis.

Name of the block: Compulsory elective courses

Minimal number of credits of the block: 5

The role of the block: PV

Code of the group: BI-PV-IB.21

Name of the group: Compulsory elective courses of the specialization Information Security, version 2021

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 5 credits (at most 15)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 1 course (at most 3)

Credits in the group: 5

Note on the group:

Guarantor: prof. Ing. Róbert Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorencz@fit.cvut.cz

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-TAB.21	Applications of Security in Technology Ji í Dostál, Martin Pozd na <b>Ji í Dostál</b> Ji í Dostál (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PV
BI-VES.21	Embedded Systems Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PV
BI-ZUM.21	Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	PV

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-PV-IB.21 Name=Compulsory elective courses of the specialization Information Security, version 2021

BI-TAB.21	Applications of Security in Technology	Z,ZK	5				
The goal of the course	s to introduce students to selected topics from cybersecurity technical applications that are utilized in different industries. St.	idents get a broad	der overview of				
cybersecurity applications and extend their knowledge from the cryptology, the secure code, and system, network, and hardware security.							
BI-VES.21	Embedded Systems	Z,ZK	5				
Students learn to design embedded systems and develop software for them. They get basic knowledge of the most common microcontrollers and embedded processors, their integrate							
peripheral circuits, prog	peripheral circuits, programming methods, and applications. They get practical skills with development kits and tools.						

BI-ZUM.21 Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals

Basic course on introduction to artificial intelligence with emphasis on symbolic techniques. The design of an intelligent agent and the techniques needed to create it will be discussed, especially at the decision-making level. The intelligent agent in the context of the course can be represented for example by a physical robot, but also by a non-physical entity, such as a virtual assistant or a character in a computer game. We will not only introduce the basics, but also show the current state-of-the-art during the course.

Name of the block: Povinná t lesná výchova, sportovní kurzy

Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: PT

Code of the group: BI-PT.21

Name of the group: Compulsory Physical Education, version 2021

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete at least 2 courses (at most 5)

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group: Guarantor: prof. lng. Róbert Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorencz@fit.cvut.cz

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
TV1	Physical Education	Z	0	0+2	Z	PT
TVV	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	PT
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	PT
TV2	Physical Education	Z	0	0+2	L	PT
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0	7dní	L	PT

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-PT.21 Name=Compulsory Physical Education, version 2021

TV1	Physical Education	Z	0
TVV	Physical education	Z	0
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0
TV2	Physical Education	Z	0
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0

Name of the block: Povinná zkouška z angli tiny

Minimal number of credits of the block: 2

The role of the block: PJ

Code of the group: BI-ZKA.21

Name of the group: English Language Exam

Requirement credits in the group: In this group you have to gain at least 2 credits (at most 4)

Requirement courses in the group: In this group you have to complete 1 course

Credits in the group: 2

Note on the group:

BI-ANG, ending with an exam for two credits, is enrolled by students who have completed preparator English courses and have a credit from the BI-A2L course. <br/>
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br> BI-ANG1, ending with an exam for two credits, is enrolled by students who prepared for the exam independently and do not have credit from BI-A2L. These students must complete a credit paper before their own exam. After passing the exam, the student will also be recognized for the course BI-ANGS (Independent preparation for the English exam) for 2 credits. <br/>
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The BIE-ECC course can be recognized for any active semester after the submission of a external certificate at the level of at least B2 according to the Common European Framework of Reference.

Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-ANG1	English Language Examination without Preparatory Courses Kate ina Valentová Kate ina Valentová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	2		L	PJ
BIE-EEC	English language external certificate  Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	4		L	PJ
BI-ANG	English Language, Internal Certificate  Kate ina Valentová Kate ina Valentová (Gar.)	ZK	2		Z,L	PJ

Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-ZKA.21 Name=English Language Exam

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BI-ANG1	English Language Examination without Preparatory Courses	Z,ZK	2			
BIE-EEC	English language external certificate	Z	4			
The BIE-ECC course ca	The BIE-ECC course can be recognized for any active semester after the submission of a certificate that demonstrates their proficiency in English comparable to or excee					
the B2 level of the Com	mon European Framework of Reference for Languages.					
BI-ANG English Language, Internal Certificate ZK						
Course information and	Course information and teaching materials can be found at https://moodle-vyuka.cvut.cz/course/search.php?search=BI-ANG					

Name of the block: Elective courses Minimal number of credits of the block: 0

The role of the block: V

Code of the group: BI-V.2021

Name of the group: Purely Elective Courses of Bachelor Programme BI, Version 2021

Requirement credits in the group: Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group: Guarantor: prof. lng. Róbert Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorencz@fit.cvut.cz

	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their			_		
Code	members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-ADW.1	Windows Administration Ji í Kašpar, Miroslav Prágl Miroslav Prágl (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	٧
BI-ALO	Algebra and Logic Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-AVI.21	Algorithms visually Lud k Ku era Lud k Ku era (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-A2L	English language, preparation for the B2 level exam Kate ina Valentová Kate ina Valentová (Gar.)	Z	2	2C	L	V
BI-APJ	Aplication Programming in Java Ji í Dan ek	Z,ZK	4	2P+1R+1C	Z	V
NI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming Marek Suchánek, Robert Pergl, Daniel N mec Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	KZ	5	2P+1C	L	V
BIE-ZUM	Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
BI-BLE	<b>Blender</b> Lukáš Ba inka <b>Lukáš Ba inka</b> Lukáš Ba inka (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
NI-DSP	Database Systems in Practes Tomáš Vichta Tomáš Vichta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-STO	Storage and Filesystems	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L,Z	V
NI-PSD	Public Services Design David Pešek, Ond ej Brém David Pešek David Pešek (Gar.)	KZ	4	1P+2C		V
NI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
NI-DDM	Distributed Data Mining	KZ	4	3C	L	V
BI-EP1.24	Effective programming 1 Martin Ka er	KZ	4	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-EP2	Efficient Programming 2 Martin Ka er Martin Ka er (Gar.)	KZ	4	2P+2C	L	V

BI-ANGK	English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam Kate ina Valentová	Z	2	2C	Z,L	V
BI-EJA	Enterprise Java Jií Dan ek <b>Jií Dan ek</b> Jií Dan ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	٧
BI-EJK	Enterprise Java and Kotlin Jií Dan ek Jií Dan ek Jií Dan ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
BI-FMU	Financial and Management Accounting David Buchtela David Buchtela (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	٧
BI-HAM	HW accelerated network traffic monitoring Karel Hynek, Tomáš ejka Tomáš ejka (Gar.)	KZ	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-HMI	History of Mathematics and Informatics  Alena Šolcová Alena Šolcová Alena Šolcová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	3	2P+1C	L	٧
BI-ARD	Interactive applications on Arduino Ji í Cvr ek, Robert Hülle, Vojt ch Miškovský, Jan ezní ek Robert Hülle Robert Hülle (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	L	٧
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia Ji i Melnikov	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BIE-CSI	Introduction to Computer Science Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)	Z	2	2C	Z	V
BIE-IMA2	Introduction to Mathematics 2  Karel Klouda	Z	2	1C	Z	V
BI-CS2	C# language and data access Pavel Št pán Pavel Št pán Pavel Št pán (Gar.)	KZ	4	0P+3C	Z	V
BI-CS3	Language C# - design of web applications  Pavel Št pán Pavel Št pán Pavel Št pán (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	Z	V
BI-SQL.1	Language SQL, advanced  Michal Valenta Michal Valenta (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	L	V
BI-QAP	Quantum algorithms and programming Tomáš Kalvoda, Ivo Petr Ivo Petr (Gar.)	KZ	5	1P+2C	Z	V
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab Kamil Dedecius Kamil Dedecius (Gar.)	KZ	5	3C	L	V
BI-HAS	Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security Ivana Trummová	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	V
NI-MPL	Managerial Psychology Jan Fiala Jan Fiala (Gar.)	ZK	2	2P	Z,L	V
NI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science  Jan Starý Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-MPP.21	Methods of interfacing peripheral devices  Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-MIT	Mikrotik technologies  Jan Fesl Jan Fesl (Gar.)	KZ	3	1P+2C	Z	V
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo  Marek Skotnica, Jan Blizni enko Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	Z	V
BI-MVT.21	Modern Visualisation Technologies Ji í Chludil, Petr Pauš Petr Pauš (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-MMP	Multimedia team project  Zde ka echová Zde ka echová Zde ka echová (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	Z,L	V
BI-ORL	Operations Research and Linear Programming  Dušan Knop, Radek Hušek Dušan Knop Dušan Knop (Gar.)	KZ	5	1P+2C	L	V
NI-OLI	Linux Drivers  Jaroslav Borecký, Miroslav Skrbek Jaroslav Borecký Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
BI-ACM	Programming Practices 1 Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	KZ	5	4C	L	V
BI-ACM2	Programming Practices 2 Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	KZ	5	4C	Z	V
BI-ACM3	Programming Practices 3 Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	KZ	5	4C	L	V
BI-ACM4	Programming Practices 4 Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)	KZ	5	4C	Z	V
BI-AND.21	Programming for the Android Operating System  Jan Mottl, Jan Vep ek, Marek Kodr Jan Mottl Marek Kodr (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	L	V
BI-CS1	Programming in C# Pavel Št pán, Helena Wallenfelsová Helena Wallenfelsová Pavel Št pán (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	L,Z	V
BI-PJV	Programming in Java Miroslav Balík, Jan Blizni enko, Ji í Borský, Jan Zimolka <b>Miroslav Balík</b> Miroslav Balík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z,L	V
BI-PJS.1	JavaScript Programming Old ich Malec	KZ	4	3C	L	V
BI-KOT	Programing in Kotlin Jií Dan ek <b>Jií Dan ek</b> Jií Dan ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala Ji í Dan ek <b>Ji í Dan ek</b> Ji í Dan ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	V
BI-PMA	Programming in Mathematica  Zden k Buk Zden k Buk Zden k Buk (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-PHP.1	Programing in PHP	KZ	4	3C	Z	V

BI-PS2	Programming in shell 2 Lukáš Ba inka	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
NI-PDD	Data Preprocessing  Marcel Ji ina Marcel Ji ina Marcel Ji ina (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	V
BI-PKM	Introduction to mathematics Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)	Z	4		Z	V
NI-REV	Reverse Engineering  Ji í Dostál, Josef Kokeš, Róbert Lórencz <b>Ji í Dostál</b> Ji í Dostál (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	1P+2C	Z	V
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	L,Z	V
BI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar II Hana Kubátová Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	L,Z	V
BI-ST1	Network Technology 1 Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)	Z	3	2C	Z	V
BI-ST2	Network Technology 2 Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)	Z	3	3C	L	V
BI-ST3	Network Technology 3 Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)	Z	3	2C	Z	V
BI-ST4	Network Technology 4 Alexandru Moucha Alexandru Moucha (Gar.)	Z	3	2C	L	V
BI-SKJ.21	Scripting Languages Jan Ž árek, Lukáš Ba inka Lukáš Ba inka Jan Ž árek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2+2	L	V
BI-SOJ	Machine Oriented Languages	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
NI-SYP	Parsing and Compilers Jan Janoušek Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	Z	V
BI-GIT	Version control system GIT Petr Pulc	KZ	2	16P	Z,L	V
BIE-SEG	Systems Engineering Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)	Z	0	2C	Z	V
TVV	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	V
TV1	Physical Education	Z	0	0+2	Z	V
TVV0	Physical education	Z	0	0+2	Z,L	V
TV2	Physical Education	Z	0	0+2	L	V
TV2K1	Physical Education 2	Z	1		L	V
TVKLV	Physical Education Course	Z	0	7dní	L	V
BI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar I Dušan Knop, Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	Z	V
BI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar II Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	L	V
BI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar III Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla, Ond ej Guth Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	Z	V
BI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar IV Ond ej Suchý, Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	Z	4	2C	L	V
BI-TDA	Test driven architecture  Marek Hakala	KZ	4	2P+1C	Z,L	V
NI-TSP	Testing and Reliability Petr Fišer Martin Da hel Petr Fišer (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-QUA	Quality Assurance Marek Kodr, Martin Pilný, Kate ina Kalášková Kate ina Kalášková Marek Kodr (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	Z	V
BI-CCN	Compiler Construction Christoph Kirsch Christoph Kirsch (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	3P	L	V
BI-TEX	TeX and Typography Petr Olšák Petr Olšák Petr Olšák (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	L	V
BI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology Alena Libánská, Tomáš Houdek, Jakub Šenovský Jakub Šenovský Alena Libánská (Gar.)	ZK	2	2P	Z,L	V
BI-ULI	Introduction to Linux Zden k Muziká, Jan Ž árek, Dana ermáková, Petr Zemánek <b>Zden k Muziká</b> Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	2	4D	Z	V
BI-OPT	Introduction to Optical Networks Pavel Tvrdík	Z,ZK	4	2P+1C	Z	V
NI-VCC	Virtualization and Cloud Computing Tomáš Vondra, Jan Fesl Tomáš Vondra Tomáš Vondra (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	V
BI-VHS	Virtual game worlds Radek Richtr Radek Richtr (Gar.)	ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-VR1	Virtual reality I Petr Klán, Petr Pauš <b>Petr Klán</b> Petr Klán (Gar.)	KZ	4	2P+2C	L,Z	V
BI-VR2	Virtual reality II Petr Klán Petr Klán Petr Klán (Gar.)	KZ	3	1P+2C	L	V
BI-VAK.21	Selected Applications of Combinatorics Tomáš Valla Tomáš Valla (Gar.)	Z	3	2R	L	V

BI-VMM	Selected Mathematical Methods Tomáš Kalvoda Tomáš Kalvoda (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
NI-VYC	Computability  Jan Starý Jan Starý Jan Starý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
BI-ZS10	Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits  Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	10		Z,L	V
BI-ZS20	Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits  Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	20		Z,L	V
BI-ZS30	Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits  Zden k Muziká Zden k Muziká (Gar.)	Z	30		Z,L	V
BI-ZIVS	Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	KZ	4	1P+3C	Z	V
BI-ZPI	Process engineering Robert Pergl Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	KZ	4	1P+2C	L	V
BI-ZNF	PHP Framework Nette - basics Ji í Chludil	KZ	3	2P+1C	L	V
BI-ZRS	Basics of System Control Kate ina Hyniová	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad Rostislav Babá ek, Igor Rosocha Martin P Ipitel Martin P Ipitel (Gar.)	KZ	4	2C	Z	V
BI-ZWU	Introduction to Web and User Interfaces  Lukáš Ba inka Lukáš Ba inka Jakub Klímek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	4	2P+2C	L	V
BI-3DT.1	3D Printing Miroslav Hron ok, Tomáš Sýkora Tomáš Sýkora Miroslav Hron ok (Gar.)	KZ	4	3C	L	V
TV1 TVV	Physical Education Physical education				Z Z	0
TVV	Physical education				Z	0
TVV0	Physical education				Z	0
TV2	Physical Education				Z	0
TVKLV	Physical Education Course				Z	0
BI-ADW.1	Windows Administration			Z	,ZK	4
	nted in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).				71/	4
BI-ALO The course extends:	Algebra and Logic Algebra the study of topics touched upon in the basic course in logic.			2	,ZK	4
BI-AVI.21	Algorithms visually			7	ZZK	4
The course complem knowledge presented	nents other algorithm courses at FIT. It brings knowledge about particular important algorithms fi I in BI-AG1 and BI-AG2. A wide scope of covered subject is made possible due to using visualization ding the principles of algorithms easy.			nputer scienc	e that exten	
BI-A2L	English language, preparation for the B2 level exam				Z	2
	purse corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for co					
	guage instructionMeet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argum is rate set at 70%80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). F	-				
BI-APJ This course is preser	Aplication Programming in Java nted in Czech. Advanced technologies in Java.			Z	,ZK	4
NI-AFP	Applied Functional Programming				KZ	5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nted in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradig					
· ·	nd the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative language	es (C++, C#, Jav	a). As such	, mastering th	nis paradigm	becomes a
BIE-ZUM	ce of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice.  Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals			7	,ZK	4
Students are introduc	ced to the fundamental problems in the Artificial Intelligence, and the basic methods for their so agent systems, game theory, planning, and machine learning. Modern soft-computing methods	-	-	e classical ta	sks from the	areas of stat
BI-BLE The course extends	Blender Rhowledge of opensource program Blender from BI-MGA (Multimedia and Graphics Application			those interes	_	-
	complete and practically oriented introduction to Blender environment. Students may continue	to BI-PGA (Prog	gramming g			
NI-DSP	Database Systems in Practes			Z	,ZK	4

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The student will learn principles and current solutions of storage systems architecture. The module explains principles of data store, protection, and archiving, as so as storage scaling,

The course will introduce students to specifics of UX, Service design and development for public sector. We will look into the design and development process from the perspective of suppliers (devs and designesr) as well as clients. In small teams students will work on projects from partner organizations and will try out collaboration with client representatives.

Z,ZK

This course is presented in Czech.

load balancing and high availability.

Storage and Filesystems

Public Services Design

Course is aimed at students-designers as well as clients.

NI-DZO	Digital Image Processing	Z,ZK	4
•	comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical a interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is	-	- 1
•	ing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDF		
	raction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray c	=	- 1
interactive as-rigid-as-po	ossible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, according to the colorization of the col	dding depth, alpha	a matting.
NI-DDM	Distributed Data Mining	KZ	4
	e-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hand	· ·	- 1
	ork Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementation e other algorithms. The course is prezented in czech language.	s and will be capa	able to propose
BI-EP1.24		V7	4
The course is taught in	Effective programming 1  Czech.	KZ	4
BI-EP2	Efficient Programming 2	KZ	4
Continuation of Efficient	Programming 1. Students will practice implementation of algorithms by solving typical problems. Various ways of solving ind	ividual problems a	are discussed,
with the aim to choose t	he best one and avoid implementation errors.		
BI-ANGK	English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam	Z	2
	se corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achieveme ge instructionMeet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation PaperSucceed in both		
· · · · · ·	ate set at 70%80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by		
class of the term.	ato dot at 10%. 60% and 60% in Both tools mound of the EX this offer (no white), noquironions will be opcomed by	marviadar todorior	o daring the mot
BI-EJA	Enterprise Java	Z,ZK	4
	ced technologies in the Java programming language. The focus is on technologies for development of enterprise information	, i	e connected to
a database and are acc	essed through the web interface.		
BI-EJK	Enterprise Java and Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
	ced technologies in the Java and Kotlin programming languages. The focus is on technologies for developing enterprise infor	mation systems w	ith microservice
architecture, that can be		<b>-</b> - · · ·	
BI-FMU	Financial and Management Accounting	Z,ZK	5
	explanation of basic terms in the theory of accounting, the principles of balancing the property amounts and liabilities in the and accounting statements including opening and closing of bookkeeping. The course provides students with a legal modifica		
•	based on current methods of double-entry bookkeeping for enterprising subjects in the Czech Republic. Principles of manag		
· ·	oduls in Business information systems.		,
BI-HAM	HW accelerated network traffic monitoring	KZ	4
This course introduces	students to modern and widely used technologies and principles in the area of network infrastructure and traffic monitoring. T	he monitoring an	d analysis of
	latory skills to network operators (planning and development of resources and infrastructure) and security analysts alike (as		
	of the course are to acquaint students with the modern trends and cornerstone principles in the area of monitoring network to	raffic on a hardwa	re and software
· ·	ir practical abilities in this field.	7 71/	
BI-HMI This course is presented	History of Mathematics and Informatics	Z,ZK	3
	Interactive applications on Arduino	KZ	4
	for students of first grade of bachelor study as introduction to embedded systems. Students will learn how to design simple appl	1	
, ,	eripherals with help of available libraries. The goal of the subject is to show varied software approaches to control embedded		
not only on display of a	PC. Thanks to possible control on higher (objective) layer, this platform is frequently used for artist performance and therefore	e is suitable even	for Web and
Software Engineering st	udents.		
NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	Z,ZK	4
	cused on principles and modern technologies for network transmissions of audiovisual (AV) signals. The syllabus includes ac		
	als (output), network communication protocols, device interfaces, codecs, data formats and stereoscopy. We will look at practic The second in the labs, students will practically assemble AV transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the		
	is. Within the labs, students will plactically assemble Av transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the visit of AV transmissions. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for end-to-end AV transmissions from the recording		
for audience.		y 0000 up 10	p. 000
BIE-CSI	Introduction to Computer Science	Z	2
This is an introductory c	lass on Elementary Computer Science for broad audiences: bachelor students in computer science, students majoring in other		sted in computer
. •	dents, anybody with a background in basic math and the desire to understand the absolute basics of computer science. The	•	
	es of computer science for students to understand, early on, what computer science is, why things such as high-level progra		
	and even how, on a basic yet representative and practically relevant level. After taking the class, students are able to answer	-	-
than expected, or even I	tions about themselves such as which courses to take next and which books to follow up with, ideally realizing if they are inte ess than before	rested in compute	er science more
BIE-IMA2	Introduction to Mathematics 2	Z	2
	tend knowledge of elementary functions and their properties. Students understand basic mathematical principles and they a		
examples.			
BI-CS2	C# language and data access	KZ	4
	ata access course objective is to introduce students several data access technologies - database, XML, NoSQL - on the Mic	•	
-	d to retrieve data - Connection, Command, Data Reader and DataAdapter v ADO.NET. Next, they will learn to use current ter	-	
· · · ·	and updating data, integrated directly with the .NET platform languages, which enable LINQ use with Objects, XML and SQL her objective is the Entity Framework - an object-relational mapper that enables .NET developers to work with relational data	•	
•	course introduces Code First, Database First, Model First approaches. The students will also get to know the Conceptual Mo		-
(XML description).		,	B
BI-CS3	Language C# - design of web applications	KZ	4
	oduced to current technologies in web application development on the .NET platform. They will acquire a comprehensive overvious	ew of the developn	nent possibilities
on thisplatform. They will	I learn to create WebAPI and to use it by client programs.		

BI-SQL.1 Language SQL, advanced  Medula is becard as knowledge obtained in BLDRS. Students become families with advanced relational and non-relational factures of SQL language. In	KZ	4
Module is based on knowledge obtained in BI-DBS. Students become familiar with advanced relational and non-relational features of SQL language. I triggers, recursive queries, OLAP support, object-relational constructions. Part of the course is dedicated to practical database optimization from the polynomial support.		
structures like indexes, clusters, index-organized tables, and materialized views. as well as from the point of view query optimization. Execution plan	•	
will be discussed. Lectures will usually discuss SQL standard, but many features will be demonstrated on Oracle DBMS. Seminars are based on Oracle PostgreSQL.	acle DBMS and pa	artially on
BI-QAP Quantum algorithms and programming	KZ	5
Course aims at giving students hands-on experience with quantum computers and their programming. We focus on fundaments of quantum mechanic		
are based, and algorithms showing advantages and limitations of quantum computing. During tutorials students work in open-source software devel		
on Python language. Knowledge of linear algebra at the level of BI-LA1 and BI-LA2 (or BI-LIN) is necessary. Previous completion of BI-MA2 or BI-VI might be an advantage. No previous knowledge of physics is assumed.	viivi and experient	e with Python
NI-LSM Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
The subject is oriented on a single and multi-target tracking. The student both learns the existing methods and tries to implement them. The stress is	•	
available information and its modeling using numpy and scipy. The second half of the semester is focused on the design of methods and algorithms,	and analyses of t	heir properties.
At this point, the subject is on the border of own research and may result in the topic of final work (diploma or bachelor thesis).  BI-HAS  Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security	Z,ZK	5
This course is for students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for develop		
use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.		
NI-MPL Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
NI-MSI Mathematical Structures in Computer Science	Z,ZK	4
Mathematical semantics of programming languages. Data types as continous lattices, Scott topology. Procedures as continuous mappings. The Sco Introduction to category theory.	tt model of lambo	a calculus.
BI-MPP.21 Methods of interfacing peripheral devices	Z.ZK	5
The course is focused on methods for interfacing of peripheral devices. Interfacing of real peripheral devices is focused on techniques based on Univ	ersal serial bus (L	ISB). The course
includes both PC side and peripheral devices side. Labs are practically oriented. Students gain experience with implementation of relevant parts of U	JSB devices, Linu	x and Windows
drivers, simple application development, and APIs of selected devices.	KZ	2
BI-MIT   Mikrotik technologies  The main motivation of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies which are of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies which are of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies.	l	y the small and
middle internet service providers (ISPs). The students learn how to use and create the architectures of the network solutions which are based on the	-	
and how to administrate and practically deploy them. The successful completion of this subject requires the previous knowledge of elementary computer	er networks conce	pts like protocols
and technologies of the data-link, network and transport layer of the OSI model.	1/7	4
NI-MOP   Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo  Object-oriented programming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, wh	KZ ere its ability to na	4 stural abstraction
is used to build complex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the s	=	
of object systems in modern pure object system Pharo (https://pharo.org). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development		
addition to deepening object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to we technologies in terms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involved.		-
BI-MVT.21 Modern Visualisation Technologies	Z,ZK	5
The goal of the course is to give an overview of modern visualization technologies and their principles, namely technologies related to virtual and au	· '	_
high resolution displays (e.g., SAGE and video mapping) and their applications in practice. Several lectures deal with the content creation for the ment	ioned technologie	s, namely fractal
and procedural visualization, scientific data visualization, and 3D model scanning.	1/7	4
BI-MMP   Multimedia team project This course is presented in Czech.	KZ	4
BI-ORL Operations Research and Linear Programming	KZ	5
The subject aims to introduce students to the issues of operational research and primarily to the practical application of linear programming as a fun	-	ation technique.
Operational research primarily focuses on the use of engineering methods (with a mathematical background) to solve practical problems (such as mathematical background) to solve practical		4
NI-OLI Linux Drivers  The Linux operating system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining	Z,ZK g powerful proces	
increase the variability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver development		
course provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical experience		
BI-ACM Programming Practices 1 This course is presented in Czech.	KZ	5
BI-ACM2 Programming Practices 2	KZ	5
This course is presented in Czech.		
BI-ACM3 Programming Practices 3 This course is presented in Czech.	KZ	5
BI-ACM4 Programming Practices 4	KZ	5
This course is presented in Czech.  BI-AND.21 Programming for the Android Operating System	KZ	4
This course is presented in Czech.		4
BI-CS1 Programming in C#	KZ	4
The goal of the course is to introduce .NET Framework as a multi-language development platform. Then, programming language C#, its fundamenta operators, arrays, loops, definitions and calls of functions will be discussed. Attention is focused on the object oriented programming in C# - class definitions.		
constructors, methods, properties, static members, Garbage Collector, inheritance and polymorphism, collections, delegates, and generics. Debugg		•
well as work with files are emphasized.		
BI-PJV Programming in Java This course is presented in Czech However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (R1801 / 4753)	Z,ZK	4
This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).  BI-PJS.1 JavaScript Programming	KZ	4
Main goal of the course is an introduction to Javascript programming. Students will learn also best practices and will use tool that eases development	l	•
recommended for students of BIE-WSI-WI.2015 branch of study and do not have required knowledge to register for BIE-TWA.1. They should register for	-	
of study.		

BI-KOT	Programing in Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
	cally-styled object-functional language that exploits the extensive Java language ecosystem while delivering a number of adv		
	wa compliant and allows for mixed projects that preserve existing parts written in Java, and continue with the development of plate code. Last but not least, Kotlin is suitable for designing of DSLs (Domain-Specific Languages).	a modern, object	-functional way
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala	Z,ZK	4
	he modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language feat		-
	y. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks		-
Scalaz, etc.			
BI-PMA	Programming in Mathematica	Z,ZK	4
	g with modern technical and scientific software. Students will learn how to use different programming styles (functional program	mming, rule-base	d programming,
	amic interactive applications and visualisations, data processing and presentations.	177	
BI-PHP.1	Programing in PHP	KZ	4
-	Czech Main goal of the course is an introduction to PHP - language and technology. Students will learn also best practices are course is recommended for students of BIE-WSI-WI.2015 branch of study and do not have required knowledge to register		
•	n their 3rd semester of study.	101 BIE 1777 11 11	loy orload
BI-PS2	Programming in shell 2	Z,ZK	4
_	l overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In ad		deeper insight
into shell and some oth	er particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.		
NI-PDD	Data Preprocessing	Z,ZK	5
	re raw data for further processing and analysis. They learn what algorithms can be used to extract information from various da		- 1
	arn the skills to apply these theoretical concepts to solve specific problems in individual projects - e.g., extraction of characte	ristics from image	s or from web
pages.		7	4
BI-PKM This course is presente	Introduction to mathematics	Z	4
NI-REV	Reverse Engineering	Z,ZK	5
	inted with the essentials of reverse engineering of computer software. They will learn how processes start and what happens		-
	inderstand how executable files are organized and how they interact with 3rd party libraries. Another part of the course is dec		
	C++. Students will also understand principles of disassemblers and obfuscation techniques. A part of the course will also be d		
debuggers and debugg	ing work and which methods can be used to detect it. One of the lectures will be dedicated to the latest trends on the comput	er malware scene	. The focus of
	ninars, where students will solve practically oriented tasks from the real world.		
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I	Z	4
· ·	er Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistanc ually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of t		
	ssional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teach	=	
semester.	,,,,,,,,		
BI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar II	Z	4
•	er Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance		
	ually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of	•	
•	ssional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teach	chers. The topics a	are new for each
BI-ST1	Network Technology 1	Z	3
_	to providing the students basic information and practical skills from the area of digital and IP networks. The subject is acredit	I	-
CCNA1 - R&S Intr		ca anaci me olso	o rectacad
BI-ST2	Network Technology 2	Z	3
This course is presente	,	'	
BI-ST3	Network Technology 3	Z	3
Students will further enl	nance their knowledge acquired from previous BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during	ng BI-ST1 and BI-	ST2 courses will
=	the course. Students will be able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, pre	dictability, extension	on beyond a
simple topology, securit		-	
BI-ST4	Network Technology 4	Z	3
	nance their knowledge already acquired from previous BI-ST1, BI-ST2, and BI-ST3 courses. Principles of routing and switchi her extended in BI-ST3. Students were able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased eff		-
_	gy, security, etc. This module teaches students to configure and fine-tune Wide Area Networks and to experience a complete		•
	ess) which radically differs from well-known Ethernet (broadcast) type of networks. Students will also manage router and swit		,
recoveries, and emerge	ncy procedures. Also the security aspect is treated; students will learn possible intra- and inter-network attacks and the mitig	ation ways while r	naintaining the
network running.			
BI-SKJ.21	Scripting Languages	Z,ZK	4
	l overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In ader er particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.	dition, they gain a	deeper insight
		7 7V	1
BI-SOJ Students of the course v	Machine Oriented Languages  will gain an ability to create their own programs in the assembly language of the most common PC platform focusing on optima	Z,ZK	essor's features
·	n of software with hardware. Next, there will be discussed x86 specifics of the majority of OSes from the application point of vie	w linked to higher	
NI-SYP	n of software with hardware. Next, there will be discussed x86 specifics of the majority of OSes from the application point of vie used during reverse engineering, optimization, and evaluation of code security.	w linked to higher	lever languages.
		w linked to higher	5
The module bullus upon	used during reverse engineering, optimization, and evaluation of code security.	Z,ZK	5
of LR parsing and are in	Parsing and Compilers the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of the knowledge of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.	Z,ZK of various variants	5 and applications
of LR parsing and are in BI-GIT	Parsing and Compilers the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of troduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.  Version control system GIT	Z,ZK of various variants	5 and applications
of LR parsing and are in BI-GIT Students will be introdu	Parsing and Compilers the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of the knowledge of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.	Z,ZK of various variants  KZ actically. In this pa	5 and applications

BIE-SEG	Systems Engineering	Z	0
	class on systems engineering for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles		
· ·	r and memory virtualization. Seeing and actually understanding virtualization is the overarching theme of the class. After tak be between processes and threads as well as emulation and virtualization, what virtual memory is and how it works, what co	-	
	ocesses and threads synchronize efficiently to overcome concurrency for communication.	, , , , , ,	
TV2K1	Physical Education 2	Z	1
BI-TS1	Theoretical Seminar I	Z	4
	ntended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a cla		•
	and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course i e. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.	s a work with sciei	ntific papers and
BI-TS2	Theoretical Seminar II	Z	4
	ntended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a cla	. – .	•
-	and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course i	s a work with scie	ntific papers and
	e. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.		
BI-TS3	Theoretical Seminar III tended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a cla	L Z	4 un The students
	and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course i		•
other scholarly literature	e. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.		
BI-TS4	Theoretical Seminar IV	Z	4
	ntended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a cla	0.0	•
	and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course i e. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar.	s a work with sciei	nunc papers and
BI-TDA	Test driven architecture	KZ	4
	on practical examples of how to develop, test, and deploy software with tools like GitLab, Docker, Kubernetes, and more that	are well known in	the DevOps
	a strong connection on courses like BI(E)-SI1 and BI(E)-SI2. The main goal of this course is to learn by examples that occur		
NI-TSP	Testing and Reliability	Z,ZK	5
_	ledge about circuit testing and about methods for increasing reliability and security. They will get practical skills to be able to zation and to use an ATPG for automatic test generation. They will be able to design easily testable circuits and systems with		-
-	analyze, and control the reliability and availability of the designed circuits.	. June III John Cook C	54a.p
BI-QUA	Quality Assurance	KZ	4
	students to the fundamentals of testing and quality management. Students will learn what the role of a tester is in the contex		
	perience hands-on application testing using both manual and automated testing. At the end of the semester, the student sho f test scenarios, prepare test data, automate an appropriate portion of the scenarios, and prepare a report on the bugs found		•
BI-CCN	Compiler Construction	Z.ZK	5
	class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principle	, , ,	_
understand the design a	and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching them	e of the class.	
BI-TEX	TeX and Typography	Z,ZK	4
rules.	d in Czech. This course gives basics of programming in TeX (plain TeX, ConTeXt, LaTeX, OpTeX, LuaTeX). Te second part of	the course focuses	s on typograpnic
BI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology	ZK	2
	se aims to acquaint students with the basics of social and cultural anthropology as a scientific discipline dealing with the dive	-	•
	h from our "exotic" cultures (topics: kinship, religion, social exclusion, migration, globalization, , material culture, language, h	ealth, history, deat	th, etc) will be
shown. The course is pr	Introduction to Linux	Z	2
_	ar with the basics of the Linux operating system using e-learning form. They learn to work with the command line and becom	. – .	
and techniques of a Uni	x-like system. Topics can be studied first theoretically and then practically verified in a virtual machine (terminal).		
BI-OPT	Introduction to Optical Networks	Z,ZK	4
_	view of optical networking technology with the emphasis on practical utilization in Internet and in network infrastructures, on p ology and on their solutions. The course will include the history of optical communications, an overview of passive compone	· ·	
•	ology and on their solutions. The course will include the history of optical communications, an overview of passive components (optical switches and amplifiers, high-speed coherent transmission sy		
	ics presented at premium research conferences, such as ECOC or OFC. Attention will also be paid to new applications, such	•	
	ansfer, or sensor networks. The labs will focus on real work with optical components and on measurement of their parameter	s. Students will so	lve real tasks
from practice. NI-VCC	Virtualization and Cloud Computing	Z,ZK	5
	VII tualization and Cloud Computing ledge of architectures of large computer systems that are used in data centers and computer infrastructure of companies an	1 ' 1	_
_	cation principles, tools and technologies that serve to facilitate and automate configuration, testing and monitoring, and to eff	•	
	s of modern computer systems. Theoretically and practically, they will get acquainted with containerization as the most effec		=
	x computer systems and with specific technologies of cloud systems. Finally, they will learn the principles and gain practical sk	ills in the use of mo	odern integration
BI-VHS	(Continuous integration and development).  Virtual game worlds	ZK	4
	ts to create a complex virtual world. The course is a continuation of basic graphical courses (MGA, PGR, BLE,). This current		
complemented by the th	neory of game design, principles of writing dialogues and characters in order to create a functional and complex virtual world	_	=
	the task of converting scenes and their dynamics into a fully virtual environment suitable for VR devices.		
BI-VR1	Virtual reality I	KZ	4
	eality (VR), virtual reality operating system and virtual reality creation. Another objective is to meet the rules and requirement the ways of teaching using virtual reality technologies and interactive activities in educational virtual 3D worlds. It improves o		
and shared social activi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
BI-VR2	Virtual reality II	KZ	3
	rse Virtual Reality I. The new course focuses on collaborative telepresence, spatial computing and social life of avatars. The oral gamification in various social metaverse and desktop engines.	Dijective is to deve	elop applications
1.2. Compator Colonico di	g		

BI-VAK.21	Selected Applications of Combinatorics	Z	3
The course aims to in	troduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the	ne basic courses,	we approach the
ssue from application	ns to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some b	asic data structure	es. Furthermore,
with the active particip	pation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical)	informatics. Areas	from which we
will select problems to	be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optim	nization and more.	Students will
also try to implement	solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools.		
BI-VMM	Selected Mathematical Methods	Z,ZK	4
	cometric properties of linear spaces with inner product. Next, we introduce and analyze the discrete Fourier transform (DFT) an	. ,	ntation (FFT).
	differential calculus of functions involving multiple variables. We present methods for the localization of extreme values of functi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
normed linear spaces	and quadratic forms. In addition, we introduce the least square method. The last part of the course is devoted to optimization a	nd duality. The line	ear programming
and the Simplex meth	nod is analyzed in more detail.	•	
NI-VYC	Computability	Z,ZK	4
_	cursive functions and effective computability.	_,	•
BI-ZS10	Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits	Z	10
	ce within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or		l
	of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the profes		
•	ourses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	reign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided		
exceeds the academi		a into two subjects	in the internship
	·	7	20
BI-ZS20	Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits	Z	20
	the within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or		
•	of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the interpolation in IS KOS. Every 10 gradity		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ourses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits		
	reign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided	a into two subjects	i in the internship
exceeds the academi			
BI-ZS30	Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits	Z	30
	the within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or		
•	if the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the profes		
	ourses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits	•	
	reign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided	a into two subjects	if the internship
exceeds the academi			
BI-ZIVS	Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals	KZ	4
<del>-</del>	system fundamentals course is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The aim		
modern humanoid rob	oot control and development of applications in a graphical development environment. Lectures provide fundamentals of motion c	control, sensor rea	ding, application
nterfaces, robot naviç	gation and development tools. In labs, students program a set of basic task by using the robot simulator and real hardware to g	et practical experi	ence with these
echnologies.			
BI-ZPI	Process engineering	KZ	4
Students will learn fur	ndamentals of process engineering in this subject. Students will get necessary foundations for understanding formal principles	of process model	ing and they will
earn basics of the us	ed notations (UML, BPMN, BORM). The focus in this subject lies in training of practical skills of formalisation and modelling of	business processe	es using modern
CASE tools. The role	of process engineering for information systems development is discussed as well as its importance in the overall context of info	ormation and busi	ness strategy of
an enterprise.			
BI-ZNF	PHP Framework Nette - basics	KZ	3
Students will gain the	basics of PHP framework Nette. They will learn how to practically work with MVP architecture and various libraries of this Czecl	h popular framewo	ork. The resulting
knowledge should sei	rve for the efficient creation of a web backend in PHP language.		
BI-ZRS	Basics of System Control	Z,ZK	4
_	introduction to the field of automatic control. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will for	1	l
<del>-</del>	and physical systems. We will provide basic information from the feedback control of linear dynamical SISO systems, descript		· -
	systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Students will learn the methods of c	•	
•	ar dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also give		•
	of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters, and certain aspects of the indust		
and digital controllers		•	
DI IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iDhops and iDed	V7	1

BI-IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad	KZ	4
This course is presente	d in Czech.		•
BI-ZWU	Introduction to Web and User Interfaces	Z,ZK	4
This course is presente	nd in Czech.		'
BI-3DT.1	3D Printing	KZ	4

Code of the group: BI-IB-VO.21

Name of the group: Elective vocational courses originating from neighboring spec. for bachelor spec.BI-IB.21, ver. 2021

Requirement credits in the group:

Requirement courses in the group:

Credits in the group: 0

Note on the group:

Guarantor: prof. Ing. Róbert Lórencz, CSc., email: robert.lorencz@fit.cvut.cz

	. oap.				•	
Code	Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.)	Completion	Credits	Scope	Semester	Role
BI-AWD.21	Web and Database Server Administration  Michal Valenta Lukáš Ba inka Ba inka Michal Valenta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	٧

BI-AG2.21	Algorithms and Graphs 2 Michal Opler, Ond ej Suchý, Radek Hušek Ond ej Suchý Ond ej Suchý (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-BIG.21	DB Technologies for Big Data  Monika Borkovcová Monika Borkovcová Monika Borkovcová (Gar.)	KZ	5	2P+2C	Z,L	V
BI-EPP.21	Economic Business Processes David Buchtela David Buchtela Tomáš Evan (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L,Z	V
BI-FBI.21	Financial Business Intelligence David Buchtela Parta Pavlí ková (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z,L	V
BI-IOT.21	Internet of Things Jan Jane ek Jan Jane ek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-JPO.21	Computer Units Pavel Kubalík Pavel Kubalík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-KOM.21	Conceptual Modelling Robert Pergl Robert Pergl (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-LA2.21	Linear Algebra 2 Jakub Šístek, Lud k Kleprlík, Karel Klouda Lud k Kleprlík Karel Klouda (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-LOG.21	Mathematical Logic Kate ina Trlifajová Kate ina Trlifajová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-MPP.21	Methods of interfacing peripheral devices  Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-MDF.21	Modern Data Formats  Jakub Klímek, Petr Pauš Petr Pauš (Gar.)	KZ	3	1P+1C	Z	V
BI-MVT.21	Modern Visualisation Technologies  Ji í Chludil, Petr Pauš Petr Pauš (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-MGA.21	Multimedia and Graphics Applications  Ji í Chludil, Lukáš Ba inka, Jan Buriánek Lukáš Ba inka Ji í Chludil (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-OOP.21	Object-Oriented Programming Petr Máj, Filip K ikava, Filip íha Filip K ikava Filip K ikava (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-PGR.21	Computer graphics programming  Petr Felkel, Jaroslav Sloup Jaroslav Sloup Petr Felkel (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-PRS.21	Practical Statistics  Kamil Dedecius, Petr Novák Petr Novák Petr Novák (Gar.)	KZ	5	1P+2C	L	V
BI-PNO.21	Practical Digital Design  Martin Novotný Martin Novotný Martin Novotný (Gar.)	KZ	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-PAI.21	Law and Informatics  Zden k Ku era, Št pánka Havlíková, Dominik Vítek, Martin Samek, Ji í Maršál  Št pánka Havlíková Zden k Ku era (Gar.)	ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-PJP.21	Programming Languages and Compilers Jan Janoušek, Tomáš Pecka, Št pán Plachý Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	V
BI-PPA.21	Programming Paradigms Jan Janoušek, Tomáš Pecka, Petr Máj, Tomáš Jakl Jan Janoušek Jan Janoušek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2R	Z	V
BI-PGA.21	Programming of Graphic Applications Radek Richtr, Ji ( Chludil Radek Richtr Radek Richtr (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-PJS.21	JavaScript Programming Old ich Malec, Nikita Mironov Monika Borkovcová Monika Borkovcová (Gar.)	KZ	5	3C	L	٧
BI-PYT.21	Python Programming Martin Šlapák, Ji í Hanuš, Ond ej Bouchala, Mohamed Bettaz, Vojt ch Van ura, Jan Šafa ík, Adam Skluzá ek <b>Martin Šlapák</b> Vojt ch Van ura (Gar.)	KZ	5	3C	Z,L	V
BI-PRR.21	Project management David Pešek David Pešek Petra Pavlí ková (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z,L	V
BI-SIP.21	Network Programming Jan Fesl Jan Fesl (Gar.)	Z	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-SWI.21	Software Engineering Michal Valenta, Ji í Mlejnek, Zden k Rybola Zden k Rybola Michal Valenta (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	V
BI-SP1.21	Team Software Project 1 Jan Matoušek, Radek Richtr, Marek Suchánek, Michal Valenta, Ji í Chludil, Ji í Mlejnek, Ji í Hunka, Zden k Rybola, Ji í Borský, Zden k Rybola Ji í Mlejnek (Gar.)	KZ	5	2C	L	V
BI-SP2.21	Team Software Project 2 Ji í Mlejnek Ji í Mlejnek (Gar.)	KZ	5	2C	Z	V
BI-SPS.21	Administration of Computer Networks and Services Jan Kubr, Libor Dostálek Pavel Tvrdík Pavel Tvrdík (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2S	Z	V
BI-ML1.21	Machine Learning 1 Karel Klouda, Daniel Vašata Daniel Vašata (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-ML2.21	Machine Learning 2 Daniel Vašata Daniel Vašata (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-SVZ.21	Machine vision and image processing Lukáš Brchl, Marcel Ji ina, Jakub Novák Jakub Novák Marcel Ji ina (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L,Z	V
BI-SRC.21	Real-time systems Hana Kubátová Jaroslav Borecký Hana Kubátová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V

BI-TJV.21	Java Technology Ond ej Guth, Filip Glazar, Jan Blizni enko, Ji í Dan ek <b>Ond ej Guth</b> Ond ej Guth (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-TPS.21	Computer Networks Technologies  Josef Koumar, Vladimír Smotlacha Vladimír Smotlacha (Gar.)  Vladimír Smotlacha Vladimír Smotlacha Vladimír Smotlacha (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2S	Z	V
BI-TIS.21	Information Systems Pavel Náplava Pavel Náplava (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-TUR.21	User Interface Design Jan Schmidt Jan Schmidt (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-TWA.21	Design of Web Applications David Bernhauer David Bernhauer (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-IDO.21	Introduction to DevOps Michal Valenta, Ji í Mlejnek, Tomáš Vondra, Zden k Rybola Tomáš Vondra Tomáš Vondra (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-VES.21	Embedded Systems Miroslav Skrbek Miroslav Skrbek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-VDC.21	Virtualization and Data Centers Ji í Kašpar Ji í Kašpar Ji í Kašpar (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-VIZ.21	Data Visualization Magda Friedjungová Magda Friedjungová (Gar.)	KZ	5	3P	Z	V
BI-VPS.21	Selected Topics in Computer Networking Alexandru Moucha, Mohamed Bettaz Pavel Tvrdík Mohamed Bettaz (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V
BI-VWM.21	Searching the Web and Multimedia Databases Ji í Novák, Tomáš Skopal Ji í Novák Tomáš Skopal (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+1C	L	V
BI-FEM.21	Fundamentals of Economics Tomáš Evan Tomáš Evan (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-ZRS.21	Basics of System Control Kate ina Hyniová Kate ina Hyniová (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	Z	V
BI-ZUM.21	Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek Pavel Surynek (Gar.)	Z,ZK	5	2P+2C	L	V

## Characteristics of the courses of this group of Study Plan: Code=BI-IB-VO.21 Name=Elective vocational courses originating from neighboring spec. for bachelor spec.BI-IB.21, ver. 2021

BI-VES.21 **Embedded Systems** Z,ZK 5 Students learn to design embedded systems and develop software for them. They get basic knowledge of the most common microcontrollers and embedded processors, their integrated peripheral circuits, programming methods, and applications. They get practical skills with development kits and tools.

Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals

Basic course on introduction to artificial intelligence with emphasis on symbolic techniques. The design of an intelligent agent and the techniques needed to create it will be discussed, especially at the decision-making level. The intelligent agent in the context of the course can be represented for example by a physical robot, but also by a non-physical entity, such as a virtual assistant or a character in a computer game. We will not only introduce the basics, but also show the current state-of-the-art during the course.

BI-MPP.21 Methods of interfacing peripheral devices Z,ZK

The course is focused on methods for interfacing of peripheral devices. Interfacing of real peripheral devices is focused on techniques based on Universal serial bus (USB). The course includes both PC side and peripheral devices side. Labs are practically oriented. Students gain experience with implementation of relevant parts of USB devices, Linux and Windows drivers, simple application development, and APIs of selected devices.

BI-MVT.21 Modern Visualisation Technologies Z,ZK

Z,ZK

5

The goal of the course is to give an overview of modern visualization technologies and their principles, namely technologies related to virtual and augmented reality, visualization on high resolution displays (e.g., SAGE and video mapping) and their applications in practice. Several lectures deal with the content creation for the mentioned technologies, namely fractal and procedural visualization, scientific data visualization, and 3D model scanning.

BI-AWD 21 Web and Database Server Administration Z.ZK

Students will get acquainted with the administration of database and web servers and services. They will be able to install, configure, operate, test, and backup complex database and web service systems. The principles will be demonstrated on the PostgreSQL relational database engine and Apache will be used as an example of a web server.

BI-AG2.21 Algorithms and Graphs 2 Z.ZK

This course, presented in Czech, introduces basic algorithms and concepts of graph theory as a follow=up on the introduction given in the compulsory course BI-AG1.21. It further delives into advances data structures and amortized complexity analysis. It also includes a very light introduction to approximation algorithms. For English version of the course see BIE-AG2.21.

BI-BIG.21 DB Technologies for Big Data ΚZ

Students will be introduced into the field of Big Data processing where nonrelational (NoSQL) database engines are typically used today. The course is focused practically so that after finishing the course students were able to choose suitable tools (mostly open source) and techniques, design and implement a simplest reproducible method of data processing (data collection, transformation/aggregation, presentation). Students get acquainted with various architectures for processing and storing big data. A theoretical foundation and presentation of individual technologies will be supplemented with specific examples from practice.

BI-EPP.21 **Economic Business Processes**  Z,ZK

The aim of the course is to present typical processes related to the usual life cycle of a company. The course focuses mainly on the basic economic and financial aspects of business in the market environment of the Czech Republic and the basics of management. In the course, students are acquainted with the typical phases of the company's life cycle, from the establishment of the company, through the management of property and capital structure, financing of the company, determining the cost function of the company and labor costs, to evaluating the financial health of the company and its eventual rehabilitation or termination.

Financial Business Intelligence BI-FBI.21

7.7K

The aim of the course is to acquaint students primarily with financial accounting as a tool for recording business operations and documents for business analysis, determining its value and other indicators for comparison with other companies and management decision process at the tactical and strategic level. The second view is management accounting as a tool for financial management and prediction of business development. Management accounting allows monitoring of the financial status and performance of business activities over several accounting periods, enables a multidimensional view of business data, enables to control effectively factors affecting the return on invested capital and to use value information to assess options related to future business decisions. The principles of management accounting, described in this course, are the basis of Business Intelligence modules in business information systems, decision support systems, and other knowledge-oriented systems.

DUOT 04		
BI-IOT.21 Internet of Things  The course focuses on an overview of technologies and development tools used in the field of the Internet of Things (IoT). Lectures are devoted to an wireless communication technologies designed primarily for this area, and appropriate programming methods. They include an overview of IoT areas. Within the computer labs, students will gain practical experience with developing simple IoT systems using common development environments of tware - Arduino, Raspberry Pi OS).	hitectures for differe	nt application
BI-JPO.21 Computer Units	Z,ZK	5
Students deepen their basic knowledge of digital computer units acquired in the obligatory course of the program (BIE-SAP), get acquainted in det organization of computer units and processors and their interactions with the environment, including accelerating arithmetic-logic units and using application. The organization of main memory and other internal memories (addressable, LIFO, FIFO and CAM) will be discussed in detail, inconcrection for parallel and serial data transmissions. They will also get acquainted with the methodology of controller design, with the principles of on the environment and the architecture of the bus system. The problems will be practically evaluated in the labs and with the help of the educational mice.	ail with the internal opropriate codes for luding codes for erro	structure and implementation or detection and processor with
and programmable hardware design kits (FPGA).		
BI-KOM.21   Conceptual Modelling The course is focused on developing abstract thinking and precise formulation skills using conceptual models. Students learn skills of discerning ke categorize and specify correct relations in complex systems of social reality, mostly enterprises and institutions. Students learn basics of ontological notation. Next, they learn how to express business rules and constraints using the OCL language and foundations of OWL/RDF semantic data represent the foundations of enterprise engineering, being a discipline for conceptual modelling of enterprises and institutes and their processes. The DE will be taught. The course is designed with the respect to continuation in software implementations. Recommended optional follow-up course: BI-Zf	structural modeling esentation in the Inte	in the OntoUML ernet. They also
BI-LA2.21 Linear Algebra 2	Z,ZK	5
Studenti si v tomto p edm tu rozší í znalosti z p edm tu BI-LA1, kde se pracovalo pouze s vektory ve form n-tic ísel. Zde si zavedeme vektorový Seznámíme se také s pojmem skalární sou in a lineární zobrazení, což nám dovolí ukázat souvislost s lineární algebrou, geometrií a po íta ovou bude numerická lineární algebra, kde si ukážeme potíže s ešením soustav lineárních rovnic na po íta i a možnosti, jak se s tímto problémem vypo Ukážeme si také aplikace lineární algebry v r zných oborech.	grafikou. Dalším vel ádat s d razem na	kým tématem rozklady matic.
BI-LOG.21 Mathematical Logic	Z,ZK	5
The course focuses on the basics of propositional and predicate logic. It starts from the semantic point of view. Based on the notion of truth, satisfial logical consequence of formulas are defined. Methods for determining the satisfiability of formulas, some of which are used for automated proving, vs. NP problem and Boolean functions in propositional logic. In predicate logic, the course further deals with formal theories, such as arithmetics, a approach to mathematical logic is demonstrated on the axiomatic system of propositional logic and its properties. Gödel's incompleteness theorem	are explained. This nd their models. The	relates to the P
BI-MDF.21 Modern Data Formats	KZ	3
The goal of the course is to give an overview of commonly used data formats for typical types of data. There will be a description of each data type	and the data forma	_
data type along with tools available to work with such data. After finishing the course, the students should know how to work with common data, e.g	g. on the Web.	
BI-MGA.21 Multimedia and Graphics Applications	Z,ZK	5
Students get acquainted with multimedia technologies and applications for 2D/3D bitmap and vector graphics. During the course, current tools for vector of the course of t		
graphics and animation will be introduced. Students learn several basic techniques of creation and editing content in computer graphics, introduction t		-
technologies. They learn to use multimedia transmission and representation systems, including real-time multimedia processing. They understand of graphics processing cards. They gain a number of practical skills, such as vectorizing raster images, retouching photos, or creating 3D models.	the principle of oper	ation and use
BI-OOP.21 Object-Oriented Programming	Z,ZK	5
Object-oriented programming has been used in the last 50 years to solve computational problems by using graphs of objects that collaborate toget	1	
course students get acquainted with the main principles of object-oriented programming and design, used in modern programming languages. The		-
for developing software, which includes testing, error handing, refactoring, and application of design pattern.		
BI-PGR.21 Computer graphics programming	Z,ZK	5
After attending this curse, students can program a simple interactive 3D graphical application like a computer game or scientific visualization, design	_,	•
After attending this curse, students can program a simple interactive 3D graphical application like a computer game of scientific visualization, design	in the crane add to	vtures imitating
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geometric details and materials (like wall surface, wood, sky), and set up the lighting. At the same time, they understand the fundamental principles are	nd terms used in con	nputer graphics,
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BI-PYT.21 Python Programming The aim of the course is to get acquainted with basic efficient control and data structures of the Python programming language for text and binary data processing. The differences between philosophy of programming in Python and in other programming languages will be explained. Each topic is prepared for students in the format of a Jupyter notebook, which enables greater accent to individual student work. Before each lab, students pass a short test on the last week topic. Four homeworks plus a semester work will be assigned during the semester. BI-PRR.21 Z,ZK Project management The aim of the course is to introduce students into the basic concepts and principles of project management, i.e. methods of planning, teamwork, analysis, crisis management in a project, communication, argumentation and meeting management. Students will practice project management techniques (e.g. SWOT analysis, risk assessment and management, Gantt charts, resource schedule, resource balancing, network graphs) and creation of project documentation. The course is designed especially for students who are interested in deepening their knowledge outside IT, consider starting their own company, or have ambitions to work in middle or senior management positions in large companies. The course is also suitable for all those who will develop software or hardware in the form of team projects. BI-SIP.21 Network Programming The course covers fundamental topics of programming network applications. It consists of 4 parts. The introductory part is focused on low-level programming using BSD sockets. The second part is devoted to designing communication protocols and their verification. The third part introduces the principles and applications of middleware technologies. The final part introduces basic modern models of distributed computing - P2P and blockchain. All topics will be first explained theoretically and then practices in computer labs using a chosen programming language environment. BI-SWI.21 Software Engineering Z.ZK 5 Students get acquainted with methods of analysis and design of larger software projects that are typically designed and implemented in teams. They consolidate and practically verify their knowledge during the analysis and design of larger software systems that will be developed in the concurrent course BIE-SP1. Students get hands-on experience with CASE tools using the visual language UML for modeling and solving software problems. Students learn the basics of object-oriented analysis, architecture design and testing. Within the course, students also gain a theoretical basis in the field of project management, estimation of costs of software projects, and methods of their development. BI-SP1.21 Team Software Project 1 5 Students gain hands-on experience with the analysis, design, and prototyping of a large-scale software system. Theoretical support is provided in the BIE-SWI course that runs concurrently and that teaches students necessary techniques and principles. Teams consisting of 4-6 students will work on a specific project. The teacher, in the role of the team and project leader, regularly consults with the team (at the seminars) both the formal and material aspects of the software design. The resulting software artefact will be further developed and finished in the BIE-SP2 course. Team Software Project 2 Students gain hands-on experience with the iterative development process while working on a large-scale software project. The first iteration is the result of the BIE-SP1 course project. However, in this follow-up, the functionality, testing, and documentation of the software system being developed will be emphasized. Students will work in teams of 4-6 people. The teacher, in the role of the team and project leader, regularly consults with the team (at the seminars) the formal as well as material aspects of their solution Administration of Computer Networks and Services The aim of the course is to deepen the theoretical knowledge of network technologies and protocols in the environment of network servers administrated under the operating systems Linux and Windows. The course syllabus requires the knowledge at the level of courses BIE-PSI, BIE-VPS, and BIE-OSY. Practical skills will be gained by practical hands-on experience with real network infrastructure. BI-ML1.21 Machine Learning 1 The goal of this course is to introduce students to the basic methods of machine learning. They get theoretical understanding and practical working knowledge of regression and classification models in the supervised learning scenario and clustering models in the unsupervised scenario. Students will be aware of the relationships between model bias and variance, and know the fundamentals of assessing model quality. Moreover, they learn the basic techniques of data preprocessing and multidimensional data visualization. In practical demonstrations, pandas and scikit libraries in Python will be used. BI-ML2.21 Machine Learning 2 Z,ZK The goal of this course is to introduce students to the selected advanced methods of machine learning. In the supervised learning scenario, they, in particular, learn kernel methods and neural networks. In the unsupervised learning scenario students learn the principal component analysis and other dimensionality reduction methods. Moreover, students get the basic principles of reinforcement learning and natural language processing. BI-SVZ.21 Machine vision and image processing Camera systems are becoming a common part of life by being universally available. Related to this phenomenon is the need to process and evaluate image information. The course introduces students to different types of camera systems and a variety of methods for image and video processing. The course is focused on practical use of camera systems for solving problems of practice that the graduates may encounter. Real-time systems Students obtain the basic knowledge in the real-time (RT) system theory and in the design methods for RT systems including the dependability issues. Theoretical knowledge from lectures will be experimentally verified in computer labs. The course is mainly focused on embedded RT systems, therefore the design kits in the lab are the same as in the BIE-VES course BI-TJV.21 Java Technology Z.ZK 5 The goal is to provide knowledge and skills for developing information systems and applications through concepts used in software development and experience with libraries and tools from Java language ecosystem. At the course end, the students are able to develop software systems in Java platform. BI-TPS.21 Computer Networks Technologies Z,ZK 5 The course introduces students with basic and advanced technologies, components, and interfaces of contemporary computer networks at the physical layer with the overlap to the link layer. The lectures provide theoretical foundations of these technologies and explain relevant physical principles. In the labs, the respective technologies will be demonstrated and with the most important ones students will get hands-on experience. Thematically, the course covers both local and long-range optical networks, Ethernet, modern wireless networks, always with focus on high-speed networks. BI-TIS.21 Information Systems Z,ZK The goal of this course is to familiarise students with the information systems topic and information systems implementation principles. During the course, students are introduced to "on the market" existing types of systems and their usage in specific industry segments. Students are familiarised with the CRM, ERP, MRP and other types of information systems. The fundamental part of the course is the introduction to key ideas of an information system selection, evaluation of information system benefits, ways of information systems implementation and information system implementation based on the project management principles. The emphasis is on the initial customer analysis, customer insight and ability to decide whether it is better to implement any existing information system or to develop a new one from scratch. These factors determine the information system implementation success At the end of the course information systems security, operation, support, maintenance, legislation impacts, and government information systems topics are discussed. 5 User Interface Design Students gain a basic overview of methods for designing and testing common user interfaces. They get experience to solve the problems where software and other products do not communicate with the user optimally, since the needs and characteristics of users are not taken into account during product development. Students gain an overview of methods that bring users into the development process to ensure optimal interface for them.

### BI-TWA.21 Design of Web Applications The basic course of web application development. Initially, the students become familiar with HTTP and its possibilities and partly with some properties of language describing the structure (HTML) and presentation of document on the Web (CSS). These skills provide the necessary basis for the development of Web applications, which will be demonstrated in modern libraries facilitate the development of Web pages applications. Server side will be demonstrated on PHP technology using frameworks Symfony 2, Doctrine 2. Developments on the client side will be demonstrated using a JavaScript language with library jQuery and possibly $\mathsf{MV}^*$ framework React. Z,ZK BI-IDO.21 Introduction to DevOps The course deals with the topic of DevOps and prepares future developers and administrators for a modern culture of development and operation of systems and services. The course covers the tools to support software development, testing and compilation. It also focuses on tools for automating infrastructure management and building and deploying software to the Cloud. It is an introduction to technologies that will then be discussed in more detail in related follow-up courses. The student will also get acquainted with modern technologies used in practice. BI-VDC.21 Virtualization and Data Centers Z,ZK The aim of the course is to familiarize students with technology basis of cloud computer systems. It shows principles and techniques used in design and implementation of data center infrastructure, such as various kinds of virtualization and high availability of servers, storages, and software layers. The course guides through data center technologies from private to public and hybrid clouds. Student learn current trends in the architecture of IT infrastructure and its configuration for classic and cloud applications. Students will understand the design, validation, and operation of complex infrastructures for modern applications with respect to scalability and protection against overloads, outages, and data losses. BI-VIZ.21 Data Visualization The course offers an overview of the types and characteristics of data as well as suitable visualization methods. This will aid the students in understanding data, their content and their application in areas such as data mining and machine learning. Within the course, students will be introduced to exploratory data analysis, preprocessing, and ways of visualizing different kinds of data such as text, social networks, time series or basic image data processing. Students will get hands-on experience in applications of selected methods to real-world examples in the Python programming language. Selected Topics in Computer Networking BI-VPS 21 Z,ZK The course builds upon the Computer Networks course (BI-PSI), obligatory for the program. Students will learn in detail principles, protocols, and technologies used in modern computer networks from local area networks up to Internet, with focus on switching, routing, security, and virtualization. The emphasis will be on gaining practical experience with real network devices in the lab and learning important methods of local area and wide area networks from the viewpoint of functionality, performance, and security. Searching the Web and Multimedia Databases Students get basic overview about search techniques in the web environment that is interpreted as a very large distributed and heterogeneous storage of documents. In particular, students acquire information about search techniques in text and hypertext documents (the web pages themselves) and about feature extraction from web pages. They get detailed knowledge of similarity search in multimedia databases (generally in collections of unstructured data). They also learn techniques for programming web search engines for the mentioned data types (documents) BI-FEM.21 Fundamentals of Economics Z,ZK 5 The course allows the students to discover basics of economic theory, which will then be used in subsequent courses of economics and management. It contains a general overview of fundamental microeconomic and macroeconomic topics. Basics of System Control The course gives an introduction to the field of automatic control. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will focus our attention particularly on control of engineering and physical systems. We will provide basic information from the feedback control of linear dynamical SISO systems, description methods of system models, basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Students will learn the methods of creating a description of the system

model, the basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also given to sensors and actuators in control loops, issues of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters, and certain aspects of the industrial implementation of continuous and digital controllers and PLC control.

## List of courses of this pass:

Code	Name of the course	Completion	Credits
BI-3DT.1	3D Printing	KZ	4
BI-A2L	English language, preparation for the B2 level exam	Z	2
The content of the	course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement	- students are due	to: -Take an
active part in the	language instructionMeet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation PaperSucceed in both th	he midterm and the	final term
tests with the succe	ess rate set at 70%80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by ind	ividual teachers du	ring the first
	class of the term.		
BI-AAG.21	Automata and Grammars	Z,ZK	5
Students are introd	uced to basic theoretical and implementation principles of the following topics: construction, use and mutual transformations of finite	automata, regular e	expressions
and regular gramm	ars, context-free grammars, construction and use of pushdown automata, and translation grammars and transducers. They know the	hierarchy of forma	l languages
and the	ey understand the relationships between formal languages and automata. They are introduced to the Turing machine and complexity	classes P and NP.	
BI-ACM	Programming Practices 1	KZ	5
	This course is presented in Czech.	1	
BI-ACM2	Programming Practices 2	KZ	5
	This course is presented in Czech.	1	
BI-ACM3	Programming Practices 3	KZ	5
	This course is presented in Czech.	1	
BI-ACM4	Programming Practices 4	KZ	5
	This course is presented in Czech.	1	_
BI-ADU.21	Unix Administration	Z,ZK	5
Students will learn t	he internal structure of the UNIX operating system, with the administration of its basic subsystems and with the security principles. They	will understand the	differences
between user and a	administrator roles. They will get theoretical and practical knowledge of user management and administration, of users access rights,	file systems, disk s	ubsystems
processes, memo	ory, network services and remote access, and in the areas of system deployment and virtualization. In the labs, they will verify the kn	owledge from the le	ectures on

specific examples from practice.

BI-ADW.1	Windows Administration  This course is presented in Creek However, there is an English varient in the pregram Information (P1801 / 4752)	Z,ZK	4
BI-AG1.21	This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).  Algorithms and Graphs 1	Z,ZK	5
	rs the basics of efficient algorithm design, data structures, and graph theory, belonging to the core knowledge of every computing cur		_
develops the knowledge from the course BI-DML.21, in which students acquire the knowledge and skills in combinatorics necessary for evaluating the time and space complexity of			
BI-AG2.21	rithms. The course also follows up knowledge from BI-MA1.21, the practical usage of asymptotic mathematics, in particular, the asyn Algorithms and Graphs 2	Z.ZK	5
	Algorithms and Graphs 2 ented in Czech, introduces basic algorithms and concepts of graph theory as a follow=up on the introduction given in the compulsory	,	_
delves into advanc	ces data structures and amortized complexity analysis. It also includes a very light introduction to approximation algorithms. For Engl BIE-AG2.21.	lish version of the o	course see
BI-ALO	Algebra and Logic	Z,ZK	4
	The course extends and deepens the study of topics touched upon in the basic course in logic.		
BI-AND.21	Programming for the Android Operating System  This course is presented in Czech.	KZ	4
BI-ANG	English Language, Internal Certificate Course information and teaching materials can be found at https://moodle-vyuka.cvut.cz/course/search.php?search=BI-AN	ZK G	2
BI-ANG1	English Language Examination without Preparatory Courses	Z,ZK	2
BI-ANGK	English language, contact preparation for the B2 level exam	Z	2
	course corresponds to the preparation for the English exam at the B2 level. Requirements for course credit. Academic Achievement		
1	anguage instructionMeet the requirements for writing assignments - Summary, Abstract, Argumentation PaperSucceed in both thess rate set at 70%80% and over in BOTH tests means ORAL EXAM ONLY (no written part). Requirements will be specified by indiclass of the term.		
BI-APJ	Aplication Programming in Java	Z,ZK	4
51711 0	This course is presented in Czech. Advanced technologies in Java.	2,210	7
BI-APS.21	Architectures of Computer Systems	Z,ZK	5
	n the construction principles of internal architecture of computers with universal processors at the level of machine instructions. Spec		
1 ' '	n processing and on the memory hierarchy. Students will understand the basic concepts of RISC and CISC architectures and the prince processors, but also in superscalar processors that can execute multiple instructions in one cycle, while ensuring the correctness of	-	
1	e further elaborates the principles and architectures of shared memory multiprocessor and multicore systems and the memory cohe	· ·	
	systems.		
BI-ARD	Interactive applications on Arduino	KZ	4
1 -	ned for students of first grade of bachelor study as introduction to embedded systems. Students will learn how to design simple applicat ried peripherals with help of available libraries. The goal of the subject is to show varied software approaches to control embedded s	-	-
	by of a PC. Thanks to possible control on higher (objective) layer, this platform is frequently used for artist performance and therefore	=	
	Software Engineering students.		
BI-ASB.21	Applied Network Security	Z,ZK	5
	rse is to introduce selected topics from computer networks in terms of cybersecurity. These topics extend the basic knowledge gaine ons like the public key infrastructure, encrypted network protocols, link and network layer security or wireless networks. After finishin		
security applicati	knowledge of security applications in computer networks.	g the course stude	iii wiii gei
BI-AVI.21	Algorithms visually	Z,ZK	4
	ments other algorithm courses at FIT. It brings knowledge about particular important algorithms from different fields of the computer so		-
knowledge presente	ed in BI-AG1 and BI-AG2. A wide scope of covered subject is made possible due to using visualization bz Algovision (www.algovision.org&l that make understanding the principles of algorithms easy.	t;http://www.algovis	sion.org>)
BI-AWD.21	Web and Database Server Administration	Z,ZK	5
	equainted with the administration of database and web servers and services. They will be able to install, configure, operate, test, and l		
web serv	ice systems. The principles will be demonstrated on the PostgreSQL relational database engine and Apache will be used as an exam		er.
BI-BAP.21	Bachelor Thesis	Z	14
BI-BEK.21	Secure Code	Z,ZK	5
	arn how to assess security risks and how to take them into account in the design phase of their own code and solutions. After getting fa gain practical experience with running programs with reduced privileges and methods of specifying these privileges, since not every		- 1
	leges. Dangers inherent in buffer overflows will be practically demonstrated. Students will be introduced to the principles of securing		
	database systems, web, remote procedure calls, and sockets in general. The module concludes with Denial of Service attacks and the		
BI-BIG.21	DB Technologies for Big Data	KZ	5
	oduced into the field of Big Data processing where nonrelational (NoSQL) database engines are typically used today. The course is fits students were able to choose suitable tools (mostly open source) and techniques, design and implement a simplest reproducible me		
_	nation/aggregation, presentation). Students get acquainted with various architectures for processing and storing big data. A theoretic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	of individual technologies will be supplemented with specific examples from practice.		
BI-BLE	Blender	Z,ZK	4
	ds knowledge of opensource program Blender from BI-MGA (Multimedia and Graphics Applications) course. It is intended for those i ffers a complete and practically oriented introduction to Blender environment. Students may continue to BI-PGA (Programming grapl	_	
BI-BPR.21	Bachelor project	Z	1
	g of the semester, the student reserves the topic of the bachelor's thesis and connects with the supervisor. He / she will arrange the		
perform during the semester to process the assignment. If he completes these tasks, the supervisor will award him a credit from the subject BI-BPR at the end of the semester. 2. The			
external supervisor enters the information on granting the credit using the form "Granting credit from the external supervisor of the final thesis" (http://fit.cvut.cz/student/studijni/formulare).  The completed and signed form will be handed over by the student to the head of the Department of Defense, who will record the credit in KOS. 3. If the topic of the work that the			
student has reserved is formulated more generally, the tasks assigned to him by the supervisor for the semester should be aimed primarily at fine-tuning the assignment so that the			
	assignment can be supplemented and approved at the end of the semester.	T	
BI-CCN	Compiler Construction	Z,ZK	5
	ictory class on compiler construction for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles nd the design and implementation of programming languages. Seeing and actually understanding self-compilation is the overarching	· ·	
	5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

BI-CS1 Programming in C# ΚZ The goal of the course is to introduce .NET Framework as a multi-language development platform. Then, programming language C#, its fundamental construction, types of variables, operators, arrays, loops, definitions and calls of functions will be discussed. Attention is focused on the object oriented programming in C# - class definition and class instancing. constructors, methods, properties, static members, Garbage Collector, inheritance and polymorphism, collections, delegates, and generics. Debugging and exception processing, as well as work with files are emphasized. BI-CS2 C# language and data access The C# language and data access course objective is to introduce students several data access technologies - database, XML, NoSQL - on the Microsoft platform. The students will get to know objects used to retrieve data - Connection, Command, Data Reader and DataAdapter v ADO.NET. Next, they will learn to use current technologies such as LINQ - a set of features for querying and updating data, integrated directly with the .NET platform languages, which enable LINQ use with Objects, XML and SQL (LINQ to Objects, LINQ to XML and LINQ to SQL). Another objective is the Entity Framework - an object-relational mapper that enables .NET developers to work with relational data using domain-specific objects (ORM). This part of the course introduces Code First, Database First, Model First approaches. The students will also get to know the Conceptual Model, Storage Model and Mapping (XML description). Language C# - design of web applications BI-CS3 K7 4 The students will be introduced to current technologies in web application development on the .NET platform. They will acquire a comprehensive overview of the development possibilities on thisplatform. They will learn to create WebAPI and to use it by client programs. BI-DBS.21 **Database Systems** Z,ZK Students are introduced to the database engine architecture and typical user roles. They are briefly introduced to various database models. They learn to design small databases (including integrity constraints) using a conceptual model and implement them in a relational database engine. They get a hands-on experience with the SQL language, as well as with its theoretical foundation - the relational database model. They learn the principles of normalizing a relational database schema. They understand the fundamental concepts of transaction processing, controlling parallel user access to a single data source, as well as recovering a database engine from a failure. They are briefly introduced to special ways of storing data in relational databases with respect to speed of access to large quantities of data. This introductory-level course does not cover: Administration of database systems, debugging and optimizing database applications, distributed database systems, data stores. BI-DML.21 Discrete Mathematics and Logic Students will get acquainted with the basic concepts of propositional logic and predicate logic and learn to work with their laws. Necessary concepts from set theory will be explained. Special attention is paid to relations, their general properties, and their types, especially functional relations, equivalences, and partial orders. The course also lays down the basics of combinatorics and number theory, with emphasis on modular arithmetics. BI-EHA.21 Ethical Hacking Z.ZK The goal of the course is to introduce students to the field of penetration testing and ethical hacking. The course deals with cybersecurity threats, vulnerabilities, and their possible exploitation in computer networks, web applications, wireless networks, operating systems, and others like the Internet of Things or cloud. The focus is on hands-on experience with vulnerabilities testing and the following process of penetration test documentation. BI-EJA Z,ZK Enterprise Java 4 The course is on advanced technologies in the Java programming language. The focus is on technologies for development of enterprise information systems which are connected to a database and are accessed through the web interface. Enterprise Java and Kotlin The course is on advanced technologies in the Java and Kotlin programming languages. The focus is on technologies for developing enterprise information systems with microservice architecture, that can be deployed to the cloud. BI-EP1.24 Effective programming 1 K7 4 The course is taught in Czech. BI-EP2 Efficient Programming 2 ΚZ 4 Continuation of Efficient Programming 1. Students will practice implementation of algorithms by solving typical problems. Various ways of solving individual problems are discussed, with the aim to choose the best one and avoid implementation errors. **Economic Business Processes** The aim of the course is to present typical processes related to the usual life cycle of a company. The course focuses mainly on the basic economic and financial aspects of business in the market environment of the Czech Republic and the basics of management. In the course, students are acquainted with the typical phases of the company's life cycle, from the establishment of the company, through the management of property and capital structure, financing of the company, determining the cost function of the company and labor costs, to evaluating the financial health of the company and its eventual rehabilitation or termination. BI-FBI.21 Z.ZK Financial Business Intelligence The aim of the course is to acquaint students primarily with financial accounting as a tool for recording business operations and documents for business analysis, determining its value and other indicators for comparison with other companies and management decision process at the tactical and strategic level. The second view is management accounting as a tool for financial management and prediction of business development. Management accounting allows monitoring of the financial status and performance of business activities over several accounting periods, enables a multidimensional view of business data, enables to control effectively factors affecting the return on invested capital and to use value information to assess options related to future business decisions. The principles of management accounting, described in this course, are the basis of Business Intelligence modules in business information systems, decision support systems, and other knowledge-oriented systems. BI-FEM.21 Fundamentals of Economics Z.ZK 5 The course allows the students to discover basics of economic theory, which will then be used in subsequent courses of economics and management. It contains a general overview of fundamental microeconomic and macroeconomic topics. Financial and Management Accounting The aim of the course is explanation of basic terms in the theory of accounting, the principles of balancing the property amounts and liabilities in the particular accounting operations, operations in accounts and accounting statements including opening and closing of bookkeeping. The course provides students with a legal modification of bookkeeping, description of economic operations based on current methods of double-entry bookkeeping for enterprising subjects in the Czech Republic. Principles of management accounting are base of Business Inteligence moduls in Business information systems. **BI-GIT** Version control system GIT 2 Students will be introduced to basic principles of version control systems. These principles will be then shown on DCVS Git both theoretically and practically. In this particular system even the implementation details will be shown. Students will be challenged to use Git as users, project managers, team leaders as well as Git server administrators. BI-GIT.21 SW Development Technologies 3 This course is aimed at one of the rudimental team software development technology - version control. To be more specific, we will introduce students to Git, the information manager from hell, as Linus Torvalds nicknamed it, and provide a comprehensive guide into its depths, as well as for day-to-day use HW accelerated network traffic monitoring This course introduces students to modern and widely used technologies and principles in the area of network infrastructure and traffic monitoring. The monitoring and analysis of network traffic are mandatory skills to network operators (planning and development of resources and infrastructure) and security analysts alike (as a source of information and data for analysis). The goals of the course are to acquaint students with the modern trends and cornerstone principles in the area of monitoring network traffic on a hardware and software level and to develop their practical abilities in this field.

BI-HAS	Human Aspects in Cryptography and Security	Z,ZK	5
This course is for	students interested not only in technical scope of computer science, but also in making products usable - for users and for developers	s. Students of this of	course can
DLLIM	use their gained knowledge to design, plan and analyse their own projects in the context of human-centered security.	7 71/	2
BI-HMI	History of Mathematics and Informatics  This course is presented in Czech.	Z,ZK	3
BI-HWB.21	Hardware Security	Z,ZK	5
	ith hardware resources used to ensure security of computer systems including embedded ones. Students become familiar with the opera	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
	eatures of modern processors, and storage media protection through encryption. They will gain knowledge about vulnerabilities of HW res		
attacks and tampe	ering with hardware during manufacture. Students will have an overview of contact and contactless smart card technology including a	pplications and rela	ated topics
51.15.0.01	for multi-factor authentication (biometrics). Students will understand methods of efficient implementations of ciphers.		
BI-IDO.21	Introduction to DevOps	Z,ZK	5 The source
	vith the topic of DevOps and prepares future developers and administrators for a modern culture of development and operation of syst support software development, testing and compilation. It also focuses on tools for automating infrastructure management and build		
	introduction to technologies that will then be discussed in more detail in related follow-up courses. The student will also get acquaint		
	used in practice.		
BI-IOS	Fundamentals of iOS Application Development for iPhone and iPad	KZ	4
	This course is presented in Czech.		
BI-IOT.21	Internet of Things	Z,ZK	5
	s on an overview of technologies and development tools used in the field of the Internet of Things (IoT). Lectures are devoted to an over cation technologies designed primarily for this area, and appropriate programming methods. They include an overview of IoT archited		
	computer labs, students will gain practical experience with developing simple IoT systems using common development environments		
a. cac	software - Arduino, Raspberry Pi OS).	(	
BI-JPO.21	Computer Units	Z,ZK	5
Students deepen	their basic knowledge of digital computer units acquired in the obligatory course of the program (BIE-SAP), get acquainted in detail v	vith the internal stru	
•	nputer units and processors and their interactions with the environment, including accelerating arithmetic-logic units and using appropriate the state of the sta	•	
· ·	e organization of main memory and other internal memories (addressable, LIFO, FIFO and CAM) will be discussed in detail, including		
	lel and serial data transmissions. They will also get acquainted with the methodology of controller design, with the principles of comm d the architecture of the bus system. The problems will be practically evaluated in the labs and with the help of the educational micropro	=	
the environment an	and programmable hardware design kits (FPGA).	grammod process	or orridiator
BI-KAB.21	Cryptography and Security	Z,ZK	5
Students will und	lerstand the mathematical foundations of cryptography and gain an overview of current cryptographic algorithms. They will be able to	use cryptographic	keys and
=	ems based on them and learn the basics of safe use of symmetric and asymmetric cryptographic systems and hash functions in appl		
	actical skills in using standard cryptographic methods with an emphasis on security and will also get acquainted with the basic proced		
BI-KOM.21	Conceptual Modelling sed on developing abstract thinking and precise formulation skills using conceptual models. Students learn skills of discerning key te	Z,ZK	5
	cify correct relations in complex systems of social reality, mostly enterprises and institutions. Students learn basics of ontological struc		- 1
-	r learn how to express business rules and constraints using the OCL language and foundations of OWL/RDF semantic data represent	-	
learn the foundation	ns of enterprise engineering, being a discipline for conceptual modelling of enterprises and institutes and their processes. The DEMO n	nethod and the BPN	MN notation
	ll be taught. The course is designed with the respect to continuation in software implementations. Recommended optional follow-up or		
BI-KOT	Programing in Kotlin	Z,ZK	4
	n, statically-styled object-functional language that exploits the extensive Java language ecosystem while delivering a number of advar Illy Java compliant and allows for mixed projects that preserve existing parts written in Java, and continue with the development of a r		
The language is to	with minimum of boiler-plate code. Last but not least, Kotlin is suitable for designing of DSLs (Domain-Specific Languages)	-	olional way
BI-KSA	Cultural and Social Anthropology	ZK	2
	course aims to acquaint students with the basics of social and cultural anthropology as a scientific discipline dealing with the diversity		
anthropological res	search from our "exotic" cultures (topics: kinship, religion, social exclusion, migration, globalization, , material culture, language, health	n, history, death, et	c) will be
	shown. The course is presented in Czech.		_
BI-LA1.21	Linear Algebra 1	Z,ZK	5
	students to the basic concepts of linear algebra, such as vectors, matrices, vector spaces. We will define vector spaces over the field fields. We will present the concepts of basis and dimension and learn to solve systems of linear equations using the Gaussian eliminates.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ith linear manifolds. We define the regularity of matrices and learn to find their inversions using GEM. We will also learn to find eigenv		
	matrix. We will also demonstrate some applications of these concepts in computer science.	· ·	
BI-LA2.21	Linear Algebra 2	Z,ZK	5
	p edm tu rozší í znalosti z p edm tu BI-LA1, kde se pracovalo pouze s vektory ve form n-tic ísel. Zde si zavedeme vektorový pros		
	ké s pojmem skalární sou in a lineární zobrazení, což nám dovolí ukázat souvislost s lineární algebrou, geometrií a po íta ovou graf		
bude numericka iini	eární algebra, kde si ukážeme potíže s ešením soustav lineárních rovnic na po íta i a možnosti, jak se s tímto problémem vypo ádat Ukážeme si také aplikace lineární algebry v r zných oborech.	is u Tazem na 102i	Mauy Mauc.
BI-LOG.21	Mathematical Logic	Z,ZK	5
	s on the basics of propositional and predicate logic. It starts from the semantic point of view. Based on the notion of truth, satisfiability		-
logical consequenc	ce of formulas are defined. Methods for determining the satisfiability of formulas, some of which are used for automated proving, are	explained. This rela	tes to the P
•	and Boolean functions in propositional logic. In predicate logic, the course further deals with formal theories, such as arithmetics, and		
	n to mathematical logic is demonstrated on the axiomatic system of propositional logic and its properties. Gödel's incompleteness the		
BI-MA1.21 We begin the cours	Mathematical Analysis 1  See by introducing students to the set of real numbers and its properties, and we note its differences with the set of machine numbers.	Z,ZK	5
	se by introducing students to the set of real numbers and its properties, and we note its differences with the set of machine numbers. The real variable. We gradually introduce the notions of limits of sequences and functions, continuous functions, and derivatives of functions.		
	ot-finding problems (iterative method of bisection and Newton's method), construction of cubic interpolation (spline), and formulation and		
	ssue of finding extrema of functions). The course is closed with the Landau's asymptotic notation and methods of mathematical description		-
BI-MA2.21	Mathematical Analysis 2	Z,ZK	6
•	tes the theme of analysis of real functions of a real variable initiated in BI-MA1 by introducing the Riemann integral. Students will learn	_	
	n method.The next part of the course is devoted to number series, and Taylor polynomials and series. We apply Taylor's theorem to the scribed accuracy. Then we study the linear recurrence equations with constant coefficients, the complexity of recursive algorithms, an	•	
ranonona with a pre	noonbod doodrady. Then we diddy the interfection equations with constant coefficients, the complexity of recursive digonithis, and	a no anaiyoio uoilly	and mastel

theorem. Finally, we introduce the student to the theory of multivariate functions. After establishing basic concepts of partial derivative, gradient, and Hessian matrix, we study the analytical method of localization of local extrema of multivariate functions as well as the numerical descent method. We conclude the course with the integration of multivariate functions. RI-MDF 21 Modern Data Formats The goal of the course is to give an overview of commonly used data formats for typical types of data. There will be a description of each data type and the data formats used for that data type along with tools available to work with such data. After finishing the course, the students should know how to work with common data, e.g. on the Web. Multimedia and Graphics Applications Students get acquainted with multimedia technologies and applications for 2D/3D bitmap and vector graphics. During the course, current tools for working with images, videos, 3D graphics and animation will be introduced. Students learn several basic techniques of creation and editing content in computer graphics, introduction to graphic formats, and compression technologies. They learn to use multimedia transmission and representation systems, including real-time multimedia processing. They understand the principle of operation and use of graphics processing cards. They gain a number of practical skills, such as vectorizing raster images, retouching photos, or creating 3D models. **BI-MIT** Mikrotik technologies The main motivation of the subject stands in the introduction of the RouterOS operating system and some network Mikrotik technologies which are commonly used by the small and middle internet service providers (ISPs). The students learn how to use and create the architectures of the network solutions which are based on the metallic, optical or wireless links and how to administrate and practically deploy them. The successful completion of this subject requires the previous knowledge of elementary computer networks concepts like protocols and technologies of the data-link, network and transport layer of the OSI model. BI-ML1.21 Machine Learning 1 Z,ZK 5 The goal of this course is to introduce students to the basic methods of machine learning. They get theoretical understanding and practical working knowledge of regression and classification models in the supervised learning scenario and clustering models in the unsupervised scenario. Students will be aware of the relationships between model bias and variance, and know the fundamentals of assessing model quality. Moreover, they learn the basic techniques of data preprocessing and multidimensional data visualization. In practical demonstrations, pandas and scikit libraries in Python will be used. BI-ML 2.21 Machine Learning 2 The goal of this course is to introduce students to the selected advanced methods of machine learning. In the supervised learning scenario, they, in particular, learn kernel methods and neural networks. In the unsupervised learning scenario students learn the principal component analysis and other dimensionality reduction methods. Moreover, students get the basic principles of reinforcement learning and natural language processing. **BI-MMP** Multimedia team project ΚZ This course is presented in Czech. BI-MPP.21 Methods of interfacing peripheral devices Z.ZK 5 The course is focused on methods for interfacing of peripheral devices. Interfacing of real peripheral devices is focused on techniques based on Universal serial bus (USB). The course includes both PC side and peripheral devices side. Labs are practically oriented. Students gain experience with implementation of relevant parts of USB devices, Linux and Windows drivers, simple application development, and APIs of selected devices. BI-MVT.21 Modern Visualisation Technologies Z.ZK 5 The goal of the course is to give an overview of modern visualization technologies and their principles, namely technologies related to virtual and augmented reality, visualization on high resolution displays (e.g., SAGE and video mapping) and their applications in practice. Several lectures deal with the content creation for the mentioned technologies, namely fractal and procedural visualization, scientific data visualization, and 3D model scanning. BI-OOP.21 Object-Oriented Programming Z,ZK 5 Object-oriented programming has been used in the last 50 years to solve computational problems by using graphs of objects that collaborate together by message passing. In this course students get acquainted with the main principles of object-oriented programming and design, used in modern programming languages. The emphasis is on practical techniques for developing software, which includes testing, error handing, refactoring, and application of design pattern. **BI-OPT** Introduction to Optical Networks Students get basic overview of optical networking technology with the emphasis on practical utilization in Internet and in network infrastructures, on possible problems with deployment of optical network technology and on their solutions. The course will include the history of optical communications, an overview of passive components (optical fibres, multiplexors, dispersion compensators, and others), and an overview of active components (optical switches and amplifiers, high-speed coherent transmission systems). The course will also cover the most up-to-date topics presented at premium research conferences, such as ECOC or OFC. Attention will also be paid to new applications, such as the accurate time on Internet, ultrastable frequency transfer, or sensor networks. The labs will focus on real work with optical components and on measurement of their parameters. Students will solve real tasks from practice. **BI-ORL** ΚZ 5 Operations Research and Linear Programming The subject aims to introduce students to the issues of operational research and primarily to the practical application of linear programming as a fundamental optimization technique. Operational research primarily focuses on the use of engineering methods (with a mathematical background) to solve practical problems (such as management). Operating Systems In this course that is a follow-up of the Unix-like operating systems course students deepen their knowledge in areas of OS kernels, process and thread implementations, race conditions, critical regions, thread scheduling, shared resource allocation and deadlocks, management of virtual memory and data storages, file systems, OS monitoring. They are able to design and implement simple multithreaded applications. General principles are illustrated on operating systems Solaris, Linux, or MS Windows Programming and Algorithmics 1 Students gain the ability to formulate algorithms for solving basic problems and write them in the C language. They understand data types (simple, structured, pointers), expressions, statements, functions, concept of recursion. They learn to analyse simple cases of algorithm complexity. They know fundamental algorithms for searching, sorting, and manipulating with linked lists and trees. BI-PA2.21 Programming and Algorithmics 2 Z,ZK Students know the instruments of object-oriented programming and are able to use them for specifying and implementing abstract data types (stack, queue, enlargeable array, list, set, table). They learn these skills using the C++ programming language and are introduced to all C++ features needed in object-oriented programming (e.g., template programming, copying/moving of objects, operator overloading, inheritance, polymorphism). Law and Informatics ZK BI-PAI.21 The aim of the course is to introduce students into the basic legal instruments that they will encounter in their practice. Students will gain knowledge of doing business in the Czech Republic and will be alerted to the pitfalls that await them in business from the point of view of law. They will understand the process of concluding contracts in real and Internet environment, will know their responsibilities in working with the Internet, will be familiar with the institutes of intellectual property law, and will be able to use commercial license types and open-source licenses. Emphasis will also be put on the legal protection of data on the Internet, the registration of Internet domains and protection against their misuse. Students will also be alerted to such behaviour in the field of IT that can be classified as criminal under the Czech law. The course will also include analyses of real cases from practice. BI-PGA.21 Programming of Graphic Applications The course will present the possibilities of current professional open-source tools for image editing, video editing, 3D animation (GIMP, Blender) and their use for visualization of specific data (3D scenes, mathematical data). Emphasis will be placed on the possibilities of further enhancement of the presented software tools, both using built-in scripting languages and by implementation of plugins.

BI-PGR.21	Computer graphics programming	Z,ZK	5
After attending this	curse, students can program a simple interactive 3D graphical application like a computer game or scientific visualization, design the	scene, add textur	es imitating
geometric details a	nd materials (like wall surface, wood, sky), and set up the lighting. At the same time, they understand the fundamental principles and ter	ms used in comput	er graphics,
such as graphical	pipeline, geometric transformations, or lighting model. They gain knowledge allowing orientation in computer graphics and representir	ng solid fundament	als for your
professional develo	pment, e.g., GPU programming and animations. They get used to techniques utilized in geometric modeling, modeling curves and surfac	es, and scientific v	isualization.
BI-PHP.1	Programing in PHP	KZ	4
The course is ta	ught in Czech Main goal of the course is an introduction to PHP - language and technology. Students will learn also best practices a	and will use tool th	at eases
	PHP. The course is recommended for students of BIE-WSI-WI.2015 branch of study and do not have required knowledge to register f		
·	register for this course in their 3rd semester of study.		•
BI-PJP.21	Programming Languages and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
	asic compiling methods of programming languages. They are introduced to intermediate representations used in current compilers G		
	ion of a translation of a text that conforms a given syntax, to a target code and also to create a compiler based on the specification. T		•
	only a programming language but any text in a language generated by a given LL input grammar.		
BI-PJS.1	JavaScript Programming	KZ	4
	course is an introduction to Javascript programming. Students will learn also best practices and will use tool that eases development		
•	tudents of BIE-WSI-WI.2015 branch of study and do not have required knowledge to register for BIE-TWA.1. They should register for the	•	
rocommonaca ioi c	of study.		
BI-PJS.21	·	KZ	5
	JavaScript Programming		
	introduction to Javascript programming. Students will also learn best practices and get acquai nted with tools that make code develo	-	
BI-PJV	Programming in Java	Z,ZK	4
	This course is presented in Czech. However, there is an English variant in the program Informatics (B1801 / 4753).		
BI-PKM	Introduction to mathematics	Z	4
	This course is presented in Czech.		
BI-PMA	Programming in Mathematica	Z,ZK	4
Students will be wo	rking with modern technical and scientific software. Students will learn how to use different programming styles (functional programm	ning, rule-based pr	ogramming,
	etc.), how to create dynamic interactive applications and visualisations, data processing and presentations.		
BI-PNO.21	Practical Digital Design	KZ	5
_	rerview of the contemporary digital design flow and learn practical skills to use synchronous design techniques. They understand the		_
-	on technologies FPGA and ASIC. Students demonstrate practical use of the design techniques in the course project using modern in		
	tools.	, ,	3
BI-PPA.21	Programming Paradigms	Z.ZK	5
	rith basic paradigms of high-level programming languages, including their basic execution models, benefits, and disadvantages of par	,	_
	figm and its basic principles are explained in details. Logic programming is introduced as another way of declarative programming. Th		
	s and on Lisp (Racket) and Prolog programming languages. Moreover, usage of these principles is demonstrated on modern mainstr		
	such as C++ and Java.	, , , , ,	33
BI-PRR.21	Project management	Z,ZK	5
	urse is to introduce students into the basic concepts and principles of project management, i.e. methods of planning, teamwork, anal		_
	cation, argumentation and meeting management. Students will practice project management techniques (e.g. SWOT analysis, risk as	-	
	purce schedule, resource balancing, network graphs) and creation of project documentation. The course is designed especially for st		-
	nowledge outside IT, consider starting their own company, or have ambitions to work in middle or senior management positions in lar		
3	also suitable for all those who will develop software or hardware in the form of team projects.	9	
BI-PRS.21	Practical Statistics	KZ	5
	e introduced to methods of applied statistics. They will learn how to work with various types of data, perform analyses, and choose mod		_
	gression and correlation analysis, analysis of variance and non-parametric methods. Students will learn to use the statistical software	-	
Will Officernpace to	methods on data from real problems.	Trana wiii appiy i	no otaaloa
BI-PS2	Programming in shell 2	Z,ZK	4
	eneral overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In additi		
Students gain a ge	into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.	on, they gain a det	per maigni
DI DOLO4		7 71/	
BI-PSI.21	Computer Networks ces students to the principles of computer networking. It covers basic technologies, protocols, and services commonly used in local r	Z,ZK	5
	s will be amended by proseminars that introduce students into network programming and demonstrate the abilities of advanced netw		
	s will be afficited by procentifials that introduce students into network programming and demonstrate the abilities of advanced network devices in the lab within the environment of the operating systems Linux at	•	students
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BI-PST.21	Probability and Statistics	Z,ZK	5
	the basics of probabilistic thinking, the ability to synthesize prior and posterior information and learn to work with random variables. T	ney will be able to	
	om variable distributions and solve applied probabilistic problems in informatics and computer science. Using the statistical induction	•	-+
esumations of unk	nown distributional parameters from random sample characteristics. They will also be introduced to the methods for testing statistical	•	etermining
	nown distributional parameters from random sample characteristics. They will also be introduced to the methods for testing statistical the statistical dependence of two or more random variables.	hypotheses and d	
BI-PYT.21	nown distributional parameters from random sample characteristics. They will also be introduced to the methods for testing statistical the statistical dependence of two or more random variables.  Python Programming	hypotheses and d	5
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BI-SAP.21	Computer Structure and Architecture	Z,ZK	5
•	acquainted with the basic architecture and units of a digital computer, understand the structure, function, and implementation of arith unication, methods of data transfers between the units. The logic design and the implementation of a program-controlled simple proces	•	
memory, 70 comm	in the labs using programmable circuits (FPGA), a single-chip microcomputer, and modern design (EDA) tools.	ssor is practically in	прієтненцец
BI-SCE1	Computer Engineering Seminar I	Z	4
	mputer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to		
	dividually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the	=	
articles and other p	orofessional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teacher semester.	rs. The topics are n	ew for each
BI-SCE2	Computer Engineering Seminar II	Z	4
The Seminar of Co	mputer Engineering is a (s)elective course for students who want to deal with deeper topics of digital design, reliability and resistance to		
	dividually within the subject. Each student or group of students solves some interesting topic with the selected supervisor. Part of the	•	
articles and other p	orofessional literature and/or work in K N laboratories. The capacity of the subject is limited by the possibilities of the seminar teacher semester.	rs. The topics are n	ew for each
BI-SIP.21	Network Programming	Z	5
	fundamental topics of programming network applications. It consists of 4 parts. The introductory part is focused on low-level program	nming using BSD s	-
· ·	oted to designing communication protocols and their verification. The third part introduces the principles and applications of middlews	_	
introduces basic	modern models of distributed computing - P2P and blockchain. All topics will be first explained theoretically and then practices in co- programming language environment.	mputer labs using a	a chosen
BI-SKJ.21	Scripting Languages	Z,ZK	4
	peneral overview of available scripting languages, their syntax, semantics, programming style, data structures, pros and cons. In additi	'	
	into shell and some other particular scripting languages and will get practical experience with shell script programming.		
BI-SOJ	Machine Oriented Languages	Z,ZK	4
	irse will gain an ability to create their own programs in the assembly language of the most common PC platform focusing on optimal us	•	
and emcient coope	ration of software with hardware. Next, there will be discussed x86 specifics of the majority of OSes from the application point of view lin  This knowledge will be used during reverse engineering, optimization, and evaluation of code security.	iked to nigher level	languages.
BI-SP1.21	Team Software Project 1	KZ	5
Students gain h	ands-on experience with the analysis, design, and prototyping of a large-scale software system. Theoretical support is provided in the	e BIE-SWI course t	that runs
=	nat teaches students necessary techniques and principles. Teams consisting of 4-6 students will work on a specific project. The teach		
project leader, regu	ularly consults with the team (at the seminars) both the formal and material aspects of the software design. The resulting software art and finished in the BIE-SP2 course.	efact will be further	r developed
BI-SP2.21	Team Software Project 2	KZ	5
_	Is-on experience with the iterative development process while working on a large-scale software project. The first iteration is the result	l l	- 1
	ollow-up, the functionality, testing, and documentation of the software system being developed will be emphasized. Students will work	· ·	eople. The
	er, in the role of the team and project leader, regularly consults with the team (at the seminars) the formal as well as material aspects		
BI-SPS.21 The aim of the cou	Administration of Computer Networks and Services rse is to deepen the theoretical knowledge of network technologies and protocols in the environment of network servers administrate	Z,ZK   d under the operati	5 ing systems
	s. The course syllabus requires the knowledge at the level of courses BIE-PSI, BIE-VPS, and BIE-OSY. Practical skills will be gained by		
	with real network infrastructure.		
BI-SQL.1	Language SQL, advanced	KZ	4
	nknowledge obtained in BI-DBS. Students become familiar with advanced relational and non-relational features of SQL language. In pa queries, OLAP support, object-relational constructions. Part of the course is dedicated to practical database optimization from the point of		
	exes, clusters, index-organized tables, and materialized views. as well as from the point of view query optimization. Execution plan ar		
will be discusse	d. Lectures will usually discuss SQL standard, but many features will be demonstrated on Oracle DBMS. Seminars are based on Oracle	acle DBMS and par	rtially on
	PostgreSQL.		_
BI-SRC.21	Real-time systems  ne basic knowledge in the real-time (RT) system theory and in the design methods for RT systems including the dependability issues	Z,ZK	5
	perimentally verified in computer labs. The course is mainly focused on embedded RT systems, therefore the design kits in the lab are		- 1
·	course.		
BI-ST1	Network Technology 1	Z	3
The subject is or	iented to providing the students basic information and practical skills from the area of digital and IP networks. The subject is acredited	d under the Cisco I	Netacad -
BI-ST2	CCNA1 - R&S Introduction to Networks.  Network Technology 2	Z	3
DI-012	This course is presented in Czech.	_	3
BI-ST3	Network Technology 3	Z	3
	r enhance their knowledge acquired from previous BI-ST1 and BI-ST2 courses. Principles of routing and switching presented during E		
get further extend	ded in the course. Students will be able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased efficiency, predi	ctability, extension	beyond a
BI-ST4	simple topology, security, etc.  Network Technology 4	Z	3
	rectwork Technology 4 er enhance their knowledge already acquired from previous BI-ST1, BI-ST2, and BI-ST3 courses. Principles of routing and switching	_	-
	ot further extended in BI-ST3. Students were able to start fine-tune protocols' settings to gain certain advantages like increased effici		
	topology, security, etc. This module teaches students to configure and fine-tune Wide Area Networks and to experience a completely	= -	
	e Access) which radically differs from well-known Ethernet (broadcast) type of networks. Students will also manage router and switch nergency procedures. Also the security aspect is treated; students will learn possible intra- and inter-network attacks and the mitigatic	· ·	
. 200 . 01100, 0110 611	network running.	a, o milio maii	
BI-STO	Storage and Filesystems	Z,ZK	4
The student will lea	irn principles and current solutions of storage systems architecture. The module explains principles of data store, protection, and archi	ving, as so as stor	age scaling,
DI 01/7 04	load balancing and high availability.	7 71/	
BI-SVZ.21	Machine vision and image processing are becoming a common part of life by being universally available. Related to this phenomenon is the need to process and evaluate in	Z,ZK	5 The course
	s to different types of camera systems and a variety of methods for image and video processing. The course is focused on practical use	_	
	problems of practice that the graduates may encounter.		

BI-SWI.21 Software Engineering Z,ZK 5 Students get acquainted with methods of analysis and design of larger software projects that are typically designed and implemented in teams. They consolidate and practically verify their knowledge during the analysis and design of larger software systems that will be developed in the concurrent course BIE-SP1. Students get hands-on experience with CASE tools using the visual language UML for modeling and solving software problems. Students learn the basics of object-oriented analysis, architecture design and testing. Within the course, students also gain a theoretical basis in the field of project management, estimation of costs of software projects, and methods of their development. Applications of Security in Technology BI-TAB.21 5 The goal of the course is to introduce students to selected topics from cybersecurity technical applications that are utilized in different industries. Students get a broader overview of cybersecurity applications and extend their knowledge from the cryptology, the secure code, and system, network, and hardware security. **BI-TDA** Test driven architecture The course is focused on practical examples of how to develop, test, and deploy software with tools like GitLab, Docker, Kubernetes, and more that are well known in the DevOps world. This course has a strong connection on courses like BI(E)-SI1 and BI(E)-SI2. The main goal of this course is to learn by examples that occur in the semester project. Documentation and Presentation The course is focused on the basics of creating electronic documentation with emphasis on the creation of technical reports of a larger scope, typically final university theses. Students learn to create text of a technical report in the LaTeX system, process an electronic presentation using the LaTeX Beamer system, and practically present it in front of classmates and the teacher. The course is intended primarily for those students who have chosen the topic of their bachelor's thesis or will choose it within the first 14 days of teaching. Within the exercises of the course, an active approach to the creation of individual parts of the bachelor's thesis is assumed. TeX and Typography Z.ZK This course is presented in Czech. This course gives basics of programming in TeX (plain TeX, ConTeXt, LaTeX, OpTeX, LuaTeX). Te second part of the course focuses on typographic rules. BI-TIS.21 Information Systems Z.ZK 5 The goal of this course is to familiarise students with the information systems topic and information systems implementation principles. During the course, students are introduced to "on the market" existing types of systems and their usage in specific industry segments. Students are familiarised with the CRM, ERP, MRP and other types of information systems. The fundamental part of the course is the introduction to key ideas of an information system selection, evaluation of information system benefits, ways of information systems implementation and information system implementation based on the project management principles. The emphasis is on the initial customer analysis, customer insight and ability to decide whether it is better to implement any existing information system or to develop a new one from scratch. These factors determine the information system implementation success. At the end of the course information systems security, operation, support, maintenance, legislation impacts, and government information systems topics are discussed. Java Technology The goal is to provide knowledge and skills for developing information systems and applications through concepts used in software development and experience with libraries and tools from Java language ecosystem. At the course end, the students are able to develop software systems in Java platform. BI-TPS.21 Computer Networks Technologies 5 The course introduces students with basic and advanced technologies, components, and interfaces of contemporary computer networks at the physical layer with the overlap to the link layer. The lectures provide theoretical foundations of these technologies and explain relevant physical principles. In the labs, the respective technologies will be demonstrated and with the most important ones students will get hands-on experience. Thematically, the course covers both local and long-range optical networks, Ethernet, modern wireless networks, always with focus on high-speed networks. BI-TS1 Theoretical Seminar I Ζ 4 Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar. BI-TS2 Theoretical Seminar II Ζ Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar. BI-TS3 Theoretical Seminar III Ζ Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar. BI-TS4 Theoretical Seminar IV Theoretical seminar is intended for students which want to come in deeper contact with contemporary theoretical computer science. It is mostly a classical reading group. The students are treated individually and concern themselves with interesting topics from the latest research in the area. Therefore, an integral part of the course is a work with scientific papers and other scholarly literature. The capacity is limited by the the potentials of the teachers of the seminar. BI-TUR.21 User Interface Design Students gain a basic overview of methods for designing and testing common user interfaces. They get experience to solve the problems where software and other products do not communicate with the user optimally, since the needs and characteristics of users are not taken into account during product development. Students gain an overview of methods that bring users into the development process to ensure optimal interface for them. Design of Web Applications The basic course of web application development. Initially, the students become familiar with HTTP and its possibilities and partly with some properties of language describing the structure (HTML) and presentation of document on the Web (CSS). These skills provide the necessary basis for the development of Web applications, which will be demonstrated in modern libraries facilitate the development of Web pages applications. Server side will be demonstrated on PHP technology using frameworks Symfony 2, Doctrine 2. Developments on the client side will be demonstrated using a JavaScript language with library jQuery and possibly MV\* framework React BI-TZP.21 Technological Fundamentals of Computers Students get acquainted with the fundamentals of digital and analog circuits, as well as basic methods of analyzing them. Students learn how computer structures look like at the lowest level. They are introduced to the function of a transistor. They will understand why processors generate heat, why cooling is necessary, and how to reduce the consumption; what the limits to the maximum operating frequency are and how to raise them; why a computer bus needs to be terminated, what happens if it is not; how a computer power supply looks like (in principle). In the labs, students model the behavior of basic electrical circuits in SW Mathematica. Z,ZK BI-UKB.21 Introduction to Cybersecurity 5 The goal of the course is to provide students with the introduction of basic concepts in modern approach to cybersecurity. Students will get a basic overview of threats in cyberspace and attacker techniques, security mechanisms in networks, operating systems and applications, as well as of basic cyberspace regulations BI-ULI Introduction to Linux Students become familiar with the basics of the Linux operating system using e-learning form. They learn to work with the command line and become familiar with basic commands and techniques of a Unix-like system. Topics can be studied first theoretically and then practically verified in a virtual machine (terminal)

BI-UOS.21 Unix-like Operating Systems 5 Unix-like operating systems represent a large family mostly open-source codes that kept bringing during the history of computers efficient innovative functions of multiuser operating systems for computers and their networks and clusters. The most popular OS today, Android, has a unix kernel. Students get overview of basic properties of this OS family, such as processes and threads, access rights and user identity, filters, or handling files in a file system. They learn to use practically these systems at the level of advanced users who are not only able to utilize powerful system tools that are available to users, but are also able to automatize routine agenda using the unix scripting interface, called shell. Selected Applications of Combinatorics BI-VAK.21 7 The course aims to introduce students in an accessible form to various branches of theoretical computer science and combinatorics. In contrast to the basic courses, we approach the issue from applications to theory. Together, we will first refresh the basic knowledge needed to design and analyze algorithms and introduce some basic data structures. Furthermore, with the active participation of students, we will focus on solving popular and easily formulated problems from various areas of (not only theoretical) informatics. Areas from which we will select problems to be solved will include, for example, graph theory, combinatorial and algorithmic game theory, approximation algorithms, optimization and more. Students will also try to implement solutions to the studied problems with a special focus on the effective use of existing tools. BI-VDC.21 Virtualization and Data Centers Z,ZK 5 The aim of the course is to familiarize students with technology basis of cloud computer systems. It shows principles and techniques used in design and implementation of data center infrastructure, such as various kinds of virtualization and high availability of servers, storages, and software layers. The course guides through data center technologies from private to public and hybrid clouds. Student learn current trends in the architecture of IT infrastructure and its configuration for classic and cloud applications. Students will understand the design, validation, and operation of complex infrastructures for modern applications with respect to scalability and protection against overloads, outages, and data losses. BI-VES.21 **Embedded Systems** 5 Students learn to design embedded systems and develop software for them. They get basic knowledge of the most common microcontrollers and embedded processors, their integrated peripheral circuits, programming methods, and applications. They get practical skills with development kits and tools. **BI-VHS** Virtual game worlds ZK 4 The course leads students to create a complex virtual world. The course is a continuation of basic graphical courses (MGA, PGR, BLE....). This current students knowledge is furthermore complemented by the theory of game design, principles of writing dialogues and characters in order to create a functional and complex virtual world. The course can be followed by the course MI-PVR with the task of converting scenes and their dynamics into a fully virtual environment suitable for VR devices. BI-VIZ.21 Data Visualization The course offers an overview of the types and characteristics of data as well as suitable visualization methods. This will aid the students in understanding data, their content and their application in areas such as data mining and machine learning. Within the course, students will be introduced to exploratory data analysis, preprocessing, and ways of visualizing different kinds of data such as text, social networks, time series or basic image data processing. Students will get hands-on experience in applications of selected methods to real-world examples in the Python programming language. BI-VMM Selected Mathematical Methods Z.ZK We start reviewing geometric properties of linear spaces with inner product. Next, we introduce and analyze the discrete Fourier transform (DFT) and its fast implementation (FFT) Further we deal with differential calculus of functions involving multiple variables. We present methods for the localization of extreme values of functions. For this purposes, we study normed linear spaces and quadratic forms. In addition, we introduce the least square method. The last part of the course is devoted to optimization and duality. The linear programming and the Simplex method is analyzed in more detail. BI-VPS.21 Selected Topics in Computer Networking The course builds upon the Computer Networks course (BI-PSI), obligatory for the program. Students will learn in detail principles, protocols, and technologies used in modern computer networks from local area networks up to Internet, with focus on switching, routing, security, and virtualization. The emphasis will be on gaining practical experience with real network devices in the lab and learning important methods of local area and wide area networks from the viewpoint of functionality, performance, and security. Virtual reality I Introduction to Virtual Reality (VR), virtual reality operating system and virtual reality creation. Another objective is to meet the rules and requirements of virtual worlds communication. The course focuses on the ways of teaching using virtual reality technologies and interactive activities in educational virtual 3D worlds. It improves computational thinking, empathy and shared social activities. BI-VR2 Virtual reality II K7 Continuation of the course Virtual Reality I. The new course focuses on collaborative telepresence, spatial computing and social life of avatars. The objective is to develop applications for computer science and gamification in various social metaverse and desktop engines. BI-VWM.21 Searching the Web and Multimedia Databases Z,ZK Students get basic overview about search techniques in the web environment that is interpreted as a very large distributed and heterogeneous storage of documents. In particular, students acquire information about search techniques in text and hypertext documents (the web pages themselves) and about feature extraction from web pages. They get detailed knowledge of similarity search in multimedia databases (generally in collections of unstructured data). They also learn techniques for programming web search engines for the mentioned data types (documents). BI-ZIVS Intelligent Embedded System Fundamentals ΚZ Intelligent embedded system fundamentals course is focused on high-level technology embedded systems integrating artificial intelligence. The aim of the course is to teach students modern humanoid robot control and development of applications in a graphical development environment. Lectures provide fundamentals of motion control, sensor reading, application interfaces, robot navigation and development tools. In labs, students program a set of basic task by using the robot simulator and real hardware to get practical experience with these technologies. **BI-ZNF** PHP Framework Nette - basics ΚZ 3 Students will gain the basics of PHP framework Nette. They will learn how to practically work with MVP architecture and various libraries of this Czech popular framework. The resulting knowledge should serve for the efficient creation of a web backend in PHP language. BI-ZPI Process engineering Students will learn fundamentals of process engineering in this subject. Students will get necessary foundations for understanding formal principles of process modelling and they will learn basics of the used notations (UML, BPMN, BORM). The focus in this subject lies in training of practical skills of formalisation and modelling of business processes using modern CASE tools. The role of process engineering for information systems development is discussed as well as its importance in the overall context of information and business strategy of an enterprise. **BI-ZRS** Basics of System Control 7.7K The course gives an introduction to the field of automatic control. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will focus our attention particularly on control of engineering and physical systems. We will provide basic information from the feedback control of linear dynamical SISO systems, description methods of system models, basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Students will learn the methods of creating a description of the system model, the basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also given to sensors and actuators in control loops, issues of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters, and certain aspects of the industrial implementation of continuous and digital controllers and PLC control. BI-ZRS.21 Basics of System Control Z.ZK The course gives an introduction to the field of automatic control. Students will gain knowledge in this rapidly evolving field of great future. We will focus our attention particularly on control of engineering and physical systems. 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basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification, simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Students will learn the methods of creating a description of the system model, the basic linear dynamic systems analysis and design verification and simple PID feedback, PSD, and fuzzy controllers. Attention is also given to sensors and actuators in control loops, issues of stability in control systems, single and continuous adjustment of the controller parameters, and certain aspects of the industrial implementation of continuous and digital controllers and PLC control. BI-ZS10 Bachelor internship abroad for 10 credits Ζ 10 Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship, Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS, Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line. BI-ZS20 Bachelor internship abroad for 20 credits 7 20 Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship, Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line. BI-ZS30 Bachelor internship abroad for 30 credits Each student can once within his / her bachelor's study programme have a foreign internship at a foreign university or other foreign scientific and/or research institution. Before the internship the Dean of the FIT, or the vice-dean for study affairs assesses the professional content. The student must provide evidence of the professional content and extent of the internship. Auxiliary courses BI-ZS10, BI-ZS20, BI-ZS30 are used used for the evidence and evaluation of the internship in IS KOS. Every 10 credits correspond to 4 weeks of full-time employment with a foreign institution. The maximum number of credits a student can earn for one internship is 30 credits. This amount can be divided into two subjects if the internship exceeds the academic year's dead-line. BI-ZSB.21 Basics of System Security 7.7K 5 The goal of the course is to provide introduction to basic concepts in security of computer systems. Further, the course introduces the basics of forensic analysis and related topics such as malware analysis or incident response. After finishing the course student will get both theoretical and practical knowledge in the area of modern operating systems security, as well as skills needed for independent work in the area of operating system security incident analysis. BI-ZUM.21 Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals Z,ZK 5 Basic course on introduction to artificial intelligence with emphasis on symbolic techniques. The design of an intelligent agent and the techniques needed to create it will be discussed, especially at the decision-making level. The intelligent agent in the context of the course can be represented for example by a physical robot, but also by a non-physical entity, such as a virtual assistant or a character in a computer game. We will not only introduce the basics, but also show the current state-of-the-art during the course. BI-ZWU Introduction to Web and User Interfaces Z,ZK 4 This course is presented in Czech. BIE-CSI Z Introduction to Computer Science 2 This is an introductory class on Elementary Computer Science for broad audiences: bachelor students in computer science, students majoring in other fields but interested in computer science, high-school students, anybody with a background in basic math and the desire to understand the absolute basics of computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce and relate basic principles of computer science for students to understand, early on, what computer science is, why things such as high-level programming languages and tools are done the way they are, and even how, on a basic yet representative and practically relevant level. After taking the class, students are able to answer not just basic computer science questions but also questions about themselves such as which courses to take next and which books to follow up with, ideally realizing if they are interested in computer science more than expected, or even less than before. **BIE-EEC** English language external certificate 4 The BIE-ECC course can be recognized for any active semester after the submission of a certificate certificate that demonstrates their proficiency in English comparable to or exceeding the B2 level of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages. Introduction to Mathematics 2 BIF-IMA2 2 Students refresh and extend knowledge of elementary functions and their properties. Students understand basic mathematical principles and they are able to apply them in particular examples. **BIE-SEG** Systems Engineering 7 0 This is an introductory class on systems engineering for bachelor students in computer science. The goal of the class is to introduce basic principles of operating systems for students to understand processor and memory virtualization. Seeing and actually understanding virtualization is the overarching theme of the class. After taking the class, students are able to understand the difference between processes and threads as well as emulation and virtualization, what virtual memory is and how it works, what concurrency is, as opposed to parallelism, and how processes and threads synchronize efficiently to overcome concurrency for communication. Artificial Intelligence Fundamentals Students are introduced to the fundamental problems in the Artificial Intelligence, and the basic methods for their solving. It focuses mainly on the classical tasks from the areas of state space search, multi-agent systems, game theory, planning, and machine learning. Modern soft-computing methods, including the evolutionary algorithms and the neural networks, will be presented as well. **Applied Functional Programming** This course is presented in Czech. Functional programming represents one of the traditional programming paradigms. Traditional and novel functional programming languages are on the rise nowadays and the functional paradigm becomes an important construct of traditionally imperative languages (C++, C#, Java). As such, mastering this paradigm becomes a necessary competence of a software engineer: the theory and especially the practice. NI-DDM ΚZ **Distributed Data Mining** 4 Course focuses on state-of-the-art approaches for distributed data mining and parallelization of machine learning algorithms. Students will gain hands on experience with large scale data processing framework Apache Spark and with existing distributed DM / ML algorithms. They will learn principles of their parallel implementations and will be capable to propose approaches to parallelize other algorithms. The course is prezented in czech language. NI-DSP Z,ZK **Database Systems in Practes** 4 This course is presented in Czech. Z,ZK NI-DZO **Digital Image Processing** 4 This course presents a comprehensive overview of modern methods for interactive editing of digital images and video. It mainly deals with practical algorithms that are both easy to implement and have an interesting theoretical basis. Visually attractive applications provide better understanding of basic theoretical background that is also valuable outside the domain of digital image processing. This course will introduce algorithms solving the following practical applications: edge-aware editing, tone mapping, HDR compression, de-blurring in frequency domain, abstraction, hybrid images, gradient domain editing, seamless image stitching and cloning, digital photo-montage, color-to-gray conversion, context enhancement, interactive as-rigid-as-possible image deformation, free-form image registration, texture synthesis, interactive segmentation, colorization, painting, adding depth, alpha matting.

NI-IAM	Internet and Multimedia	Z,ZK	4
	e is focused on principles and modern technologies for network transmissions of audiovisual (AV) signals. The syllabus includes acq		
•	signals (output), network communication protocols, device interfaces, codecs, data formats and stereoscopy. We will look at practical u		
	hissions. Within the labs, students will practically assemble AV transmission chains using HW and SW technologies and verify the effective of the control of	-	
the quality and late	ncy of AV transmissions. Students will learn how to build Internet infrastructure for end-to-end AV transmissions from the recording the for audience.	scene up to the p	resentation
NI-LSM	Statistical Modelling Lab	KZ	5
	ented on a single and multi-target tracking. The student both learns the existing methods and tries to implement them. The stress is p		
available information	on and its modeling using numpy and scipy. The second half of the semester is focused on the design of methods and algorithms, and	d analyses of their	properties.
	At this point, the subject is on the border of own research and may result in the topic of final work (diploma or bachelor thesis		
NI-MOP	Modern Object-Oriented Programming in Pharo	KZ	4
	gramming is currently one of the most widespread paradigms of software creation, especially enterprise information systems, where it plex modern applications. In this course, we build on the knowledge acquired in the course BI-OOP and aim to further deepen the skills		
	in modern pure object system Pharo (https://pharo.org). The course focuses on individual approach to students, their development ne		
	ng object programming skills, which are generally applicable in other OO languages, students will also gain the opportunity to work of		
technologies in ter	ms of semestral work with the possibility of cooperation with practice and related bachelor, diploma, postgraduate our direct involvem	ent in the Pharo C	onsortium.
NI-MPL	Managerial Psychology	ZK	2
NI-MSI	Mathematical Structures in Computer Science	Z,ZK	4
Mathematical se	mantics of programming languages. Data types as continuous lattices, Scott topology. Procedures as continuous mappings. The Scott	model of lambda	calculus.
NI-OLI	Introduction to category theory.  Linux Drivers	Z,ZK	4
_	ے است کے اسکا کی کا اسکا کی کا اسکا کی کا اسکا کی کا اسکا کی جائے کے پہنچا کا جائے کا پہنچا کا جائے کا پہنچا ک By system is an important operating system for personal computer and also for embedded systems. Systems on chip and combining po		
	ability of peripheral subsystems requiring specific software drivers. This course is an advanced course in the Linux driver developmen	•	
со	urse provides knowledge of Linux operating system architecture, principles of development of various types drivers, including practical	al experience.	
NI-PDD	Data Preprocessing	Z,ZK	5
	repare raw data for further processing and analysis. They learn what algorithms can be used to extract information from various data s		• •
time series, etc., a	and learn the skills to apply these theoretical concepts to solve specific problems in individual projects - e.g., extraction of characterist	ics from images or	r from web
NI-PSD	pages.  Public Services Design	KZ	4
_	pduce students to specifics of UX, Service design and development for public sector. We will look into the design and development pr	I	
	nd designesr) as well as clients. In small teams students will work on projects from partner organizations and will try out collaboration		-
	Course is aimed at students-designers as well as clients.		
NI-PSL	Programming in Scala	Z,ZK	4
	uces the modern programming language Scala which exploits object-functional paradigm. Scala comprises advance language feature		-
advance standard	brary. Scala enables to use of applications functional patterns e.g. H-List, Monads, etc. Scala is used by many powerful frameworks and Scalaz, etc.	libraries e.g. Play,	Cassandra,
NI-REV	Reverse Engineering	Z.ZK	5
	quainted with the essentials of reverse engineering of computer software. They will learn how processes start and what happens before	, ,	
is called. Students	will understand how executable files are organized and how they interact with 3rd party libraries. Another part of the course is dedicated	ated to reverse eng	jineering of
* *	ten in C++. Students will also understand principles of disassemblers and obfuscation techniques. A part of the course will also be de		
debuggers and de	bugging work and which methods can be used to detect it. One of the lectures will be dedicated to the latest trends on the computer the course is on the seminars, where students will solve practically oriented tasks from the real world.	malware scene. Th	ne focus of
NI-SYP	Parsing and Compilers	Z,ZK	5
	ן ipon the knowledge of fundamentals of automata theory, formal language and formal translation theories. Students gain knowledge of va		
	of LR parsing and are introduced to special applications of parsers, such as incremental and parallel parsing.		.,,
NI-TSP	Testing and Reliability	Z,ZK	5
Students will gain I	knowledge about circuit testing and about methods for increasing reliability and security. They will get practical skills to be able to prepare	oare a test set with	the help of
the intuitive path se	ensitization and to use an ATPG for automatic test generation. They will be able to design easily testable circuits and systems with but	It-in-self-test equip	ment. They
NI-VCC	will be able to compute, analyze, and control the reliability and availability of the designed circuits.	7.71/	
	Virtualization and Cloud Computing  n knowledge of architectures of large computer systems that are used in data centers and computer infrastructure of companies and	Z,ZK	5 sy will get
_	tualization principles, tools and technologies that serve to facilitate and automate configuration, testing and monitoring, and to efficie	_	
performance parameters of modern computer systems. Theoretically and practically, they will get acquainted with containerization as the most effective technology today for the			
management of complex computer systems and with specific technologies of cloud systems. Finally, they will learn the principles and gain practical skills in the use of modern integration			
NII V 2 / 2	and development tools (Continuous integration and development).	77.	
NI-VYC	Computability	Z,ZK	4
TV1	Classical theory of recursive functions and effective computability.	Z	
TV2	Physical Education  Physical Education	Z	0
TV2K1	Physical Education Physical Education 2	Z	1
TVKLV	Physical Education 2  Physical Education Course	Z	0
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For updated information see <a href="http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html">http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html</a> Generated: day 2024-05-17, time 11:08.

TVV

TVV0

Physical education

Physical education