

Recommended pass through the study plan

Name of the pass: **Doctoral study, structured combined study**

Faculty/Institute/Others:

Department:

Pass through the study plan: Doctoral studies, structured combined studies

Branch of study guaranteed by the department: Welcome page

Guarantor of the study branch:

Program of study: Welcome page

Type of study: unknown combined

Note on the pass: ~Každý student si volí rozložení předmětů do semestrů individuálně.

Coding of roles of courses and groups of courses:

P - compulsory courses of the program, PO - compulsory courses of the branch, Z - compulsory courses, S - compulsory elective courses, PV - compulsory elective courses, F - elective specialized courses, V - elective courses, T - physical training courses

Coding of ways of completion of courses (KZ/Z/ZK) and coding of semesters (Z/L):

KZ - graded assessment, Z - assessment, ZK - examination, L - summer semester, Z - winter semester

Number of semester: 1

| Code | Name of the course / Name of the group of courses (in case of groups of courses the list of codes of their members) Tutors, authors and guarantors (gar.) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|---------|---|------------------|------------------|-------|----------|------|
| XPKKPPP | Doktorské předměty XPkkppp XP02AMA, XP37AEM, (see the list of groups below) | Min. cours. 0 | Min/Max 30/50 | | | S |

List of groups of courses of this pass with the complete content of members of individual groups

| Kód | Name of the group of courses and codes of members of this group (for specification see here or below the list of courses) | Completion | Credits | Scope | Semester | Role |
|-----------|---|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|------|
| XPKKPPP | Doktorské předměty XPkkppp | Min. cours. 0 | Min/Max 30/50 | | | S |
| XP02AMA | Active Methods in Acoustics | XP37AEM | Acoustic and Electroacoustic Mea ... | XP37APF | Acoustics and Electroacoustics o ... | |
| XP37AR | Speech Acoustics | XP31ASN | Algorithms and Structures of Neu ... | XP31AEO | Electric Circuit Analysis | |
| XP04A2SZK | English Language | XP04AZK | English Language | XP04MIN | English Language 2 | |
| XP04A1ZK | English language 1 | XP04A1 | English language 1 | XP04A2ZK | English language 2 | |
| XP04A2 | English language 2 | XP34AT | TCAD Tools Applications | XP32AKR | Applied Cryptography | |
| XP17APL | Applied Optoelectronics in Medic ... | XP36ASP | Architecture of Symbolic Compute ... | XP37ARA | Architectural Acoustics | |
| XP31ART | Architectures for Real Time Impl ... | XP33BID | Bionics | XEP35CMS | Computational Methods for Materi ... | |
| XP04_1 | Czech language 1 | XP04C1ZK | Czech language 1 | XP04C2ZK | Czech language 2 | |
| XP04_2 | Czech language 2 | XP31DSP | Digital signal processing | XP36RGM | Reading group in data mining and ... | |
| XP13DFD | Data and Functional Analysis of ... | XP34ORD | Optical Radiation Detection and ... | XP36DRO | Diagnostics and Reconfiguration ... | |
| XP15DVN | Diagnostics of HV and EHV Insula ... | XP02DP | Electric Discharges and their Ap ... | XP32DZS | Digital Signal Processing in Tele ... | |
| XP33DID | Distributed Artificial Intellige ... | XP36DSY | Distributed Systems | XP37DRS | Satellite communication and navi ... | |
| XP14DES | Dynamics of Electric Machines | XP16ERU | Accounting | XP16EKO | Economics | |
| XP16MES | Economics and Management of Ener ... | XP16EME | Economics and Management of Ener ... | XP16MEU | Economics and Management of Ener ... | |
| XP37ELA | Elastoacoustics | XP15ES | Electrical Lighting | XP15ET | Electroheat | |
| XP02EVA | Physics for Electroenergetics | XP34ETS | Electrical Transport in Semicond ... | XP17ELD | Electrodynamics | |
| XP14EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility | XP38EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility of ... | XP15EH | Energy Economy | |
| XP15EZP | Control in Power Engineering | XP33ECD | Evolutionary Computing | XP15EXE | Expert Systems in Electrical Pow ... | |
| XP16FVT | Philosophical Problems of Scienc ... | XP16FIM | Financial Management | XP31FSK | Phonetic signals and their codin ... | |
| XP15FAK | Photometry and Colorimetry | XP37FOS | Photonic Imaging Systems | XP13FCD | Photovoltaics systems | |
| XP04F1ZK | French language 1 | XP04F1 | French language 1 | XP04F2ZK | French language 2 | |
| XP04F2 | French language 2 | XP01FA1 | Functional Analysis 1 | XEP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic | |
| XP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic | XP35FMD | Fuzzy Modelling and Control | XP37FZS | Fuzzy Signal Processing | |
| XP13FDD | Physic of Dielectrics | XP02FPL | Solid State Physics | XP13FPD | Semiconductor Physics | |
| XP37FHA | Physiological, Psychological and ... | XP37FHA1 | Physiological, Psychological and ... | XP37GAB | Genesis and Analysis of Biosigna ... | |
| XP33GAD | Geometrical Algebras | XP02HS | Noise Surveys | XP36HS | Hypermedia Systems and Internet ... | |
| XP33IMD | Informatics in Clinical Medicine | XP01ITZ | Integral Transforms and Z Transf ... | XP34IO | Integrated Optics | |
| XP12IMM | Engineering Methods in Mechanics | XP36JAI | Languages for Artificial Intelli ... | XP01KAS | Complexity and Combinatorial AI ... | |
| XP36KP | Communication Protocols | XP34CNO | Integrated Optics | XP16KVM | Quantitative Research Methods in ... | |
| XP01KVP | Quantum Computing | XP17LAE | Medical Applications of Electrom ... | XP37LN | Aircraft Navigation | |
| XP35LMI | Linear Matrix Inequalities | XP35LSD | Linear Systems | XP36LSM | Logical Simulation | |

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|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| XP33LPD | Logic and Logic Programming | XP38MPX | Magnetism in Engineering Practic ... | XP02MHD | Magneto hydrodynamics |
| XP16MAN | Management | XP16MAV | Production Management | XP16MAU | Accounting for management |
| XP16MAR | Marketing | XP16MAS | Marketing Strategies | XP01MST | Mathematical Statistics |
| XP01MTS | Mathematical Methods in Signal T ... | XP01MKR | Mathematics for cryptography | XP33MKD | Mathematics for Cybernetics - Se ... |
| XP01MTP | Matrix Calculus | XP15MPE | Mechatronics in Electrical Power ... | XP38MMN | Measurement of Nonelectric Quant ... |
| XP15MVN | High Voltage Measurement | XP17MVP | Methodology of Science | XP37MVP | Scientific Work Methodology |
| XP17MAPP | Analysis Methods for Passive Ele ... | XP38MDR | Methods of Signals Digitalizatio ... | XP38MPM | Methods for Precision Measuremen ... |
| XP14MIR | Microprocessor Control of Electr ... | XP34MSY | Microsystems | XP17MT | Microwave Technique |
| XP32MOS | Mobile Networks | XP33MOL | Modal Logics for Distributed Sys ... | XP13MSD | Modelling and Simulation of Tech ... |
| XP33ICT | Modern ICT for Industry and Smar ... | XP14MRP | Advanced Controlled Drives | XP37MSC | CNS Modern Systems |
| XP34APD | Advanced Power Semiconductor Dev ... | XP14MZR | New Control Methods for Electric ... | XP37MPS | Multimedia Signals Transmission |
| XP31NOS | Design and circuit structures of ... | XP31DIF | Digital filter synthesis | XP34PIC | Programmable IC Design |
| XP37NRO | CAD for RF and Microwave Circuit ... | XP35NES | Nonlinear Systems | XP04N1 | German language 1 |
| XP04N1ZK | German language 1 | XP04N2 | German language 2 | XP04N2ZK | German language 2 |
| XP36NSN | Neural Networks and Neurocompute ... | XEP33NEP | Neuroprosthetics | XP14MEN | New Trends in Converter Technolo ... |
| XP14APR | New Trends in Electric Device Ap ... | XP14TPR | New Trends in Electric Device Th ... | XEP33NUM | Numerical Analysis |
| XP33NUM | Numerical Analysis | XP01NLA | Numerical Linear Algebra | XP32NMR | Numerical Methodes of Electromag ... |
| XP17NME | Numerical Methods in Electromagn ... | XP35OFD | Estimation and Filtering | XP37ODS | Optical Design and Simulation |
| XP17OV | Optical Fibers | XP36PSV | Parallel Systems and Algorithms | XP01PDR | Partial Differential Equations |
| XP34PED | Advanced Electronic Devices | XP13PED | Plastics in Electrical Engineeri ... | XP02PT | Plasma Technologies |
| XEP36AGT | Advanced Computational Game Theo ... | XP39PMV | Advanced Methods of Visualizatio ... | XP36POA | Advanced Parallel Algorithms |
| XP34SRS | Semiconductor Radiation Sources | XEP33SAM | Understanding State of the Art M ... | XP33PPD | Practical Data Mining Problems |
| XP33PAD | Probabilistic Algorithms | XP33PMD | Probabilistic Models of Uncertai ... | XP37PKP | Biomedical Engineering in Clinic ... |
| XP36PAS | Algebraic Specifications Prototy ... | XP33PAM | Industrial application of multi- ... | XP13PSD | Flexible Production Systems |
| XP15PEE | Transmission of Electricity | XP38PSL | Aircraft Instrumentation | XP38PUC | |
| XP37RAD | Radioelectronics | XP36RSY | Reconfigurable Systems | XP35RRD | Robust Control |
| XP33RSK | Robust Statistics for Cybernetic ... | XP33ROD | Pattern Recognition | XP04R1ZK | Russian language 1 |
| XP04R1 | Russian language 1 | XP04R2 | Russian Language 2 | XP04R2ZK | Russian language 2 |
| XP16JAK | Quality Management | XP33RMD | Control of Mobile Robots | XP35CCM | Cooperative Control of Multi-age ... |
| XP32RTS | Telecommunications Systems Manag ... | XP15RE | Control of Power Systems | XEP17SWR | Scientific Writing |
| XP15SPS | Coupled Problems in Heavy Curren ... | XEP33VKR | Selected Topics in Pattern Recog ... | XP01SPJ | Syntax and semantics of a formal ... |
| XP39SPG | Computer Graphics Seminar | XP36SEP | Seminars on Architectures of Par ... | XP38SSB | Sensors and Buses |
| XP13SID | Software in Industrial Engineeri ... | XP13SSD | Special Methods of Devices Quali ... | XP37SRP | Radio Receivers Special Technolo ... |
| XP02SF | Statistical Physics | XP37SZS | Statistical Signal Processing | XP16STV | Product Strategy |
| XP36STR | Stringology | XEP33SML | Structured Model Learning | XP34STV | VLSI Structures and Technologies |
| XP15ZSS | Light sources and Equipment | XP33SCD | Man-Machine Systems | XP38SYS | Measurement and Data Acquisition ... |
| XP13SRD | Real Time Systems for Process Co ... | XP13SJD | Quality Control Systems | XP04S1ZK | Spanish language 1 |
| XP04S1 | Spanish language 1 | XP04S2ZK | Spanish language 2 | XP04S2 | Spanish language 2 |
| XP37TMP | Medical Instrumentation | XP13TND | Technology of Low Temperatures a ... | XP17TVC | Technique of Highly Sensitive Re ... |
| XP13TMD | Technological Aspects of Microco ... | XP13TPD | Technological Processes in Elect ... | XP34TOS | Technology of Optical Devices |
| XP37TEA | Theoretical Elettroacoustics | XP02TF1 | Theoretical Physics 1 | XP02TF2 | Theoretical Physics 2 |
| XP37TAS | Acoustic signal processing and t ... | XP01TGR | Graph Theory | XP01TJA | Languages, Automata and Grammars |
| XP15TOS | Theory of Light field | XP32TPZ | Teletraffic Theory | XP31TSS | Signal and system theory |
| XP02TZP | Theory of Sound Field | XP17TAM | Evaluation of Applicators for Mi ... | XP33TTM | Text mining |
| XP02UZ | Ultrasound and Quantum Acoustics | XP33UID | Artificial Intelligence | XP01UAG | Introduction to Algebraic Geomet ... |
| XP02UFL | Introduction to Laser Physics | XP01UNA | An introduction to nonassociativ ... | XP01USA | An introduction to superalgebras ... |
| XP15UEE | Electric Energy Use and Conserva ... | XP13VTK | Vacuum technology and cryogenics | XP37VRA | Research Seminars in Radioelectr ... |
| XP39VVR | Virtual reality | XP02VNP | Plasma Waves and Instabilities | XP16DEL | History of technology and econom ... |
| XP37VKF | Selected Parts from Photonics | XP38VKP | Selected Parts of Instrumentatio ... | XP01TEM | Selected chapters of the measure ... |
| XP33KSI | Sotware Engineering - Selected c ... | XP38VKZ | Selected Chapters of Signal Proc ... | XP38VDI | Selected Chapters of Diagnostics |
| XP36VPD | Selected Parts of Data Mining | XP01VPS | Selected topics in probability a ... | XP33PUD | Artificial Intelligence |
| XP17ANS | Selected Chapters from Antennas ... | XP02VPA1 | Selected Topics of Physics 1 | XP02VPA2 | Selected Topics of Physics B |
| XP02VPB | Selected Topics of Physics B | XP02VPO | Selected Topics of Optics | XP33ROZ | Selected Topics in Pattern Recog ... |
| XP16MVE | Selected Problems of Economy and ... | XP37SFA | Fundamentals of Physical Acousti ... | XP16STM | Selected Statistical Methods |
| XP39VPG | Computational Geometry | XP36VAP | Advaced Computer Architecture | XP12VVM | Development and Research of Mate ... |
| XP15VME | Research Methods in th Use of El ... | XP02ZFP | Fundamentals of the Plasma Physi ... | XP33ZPM | |
| XP33ZVD | Introduction to Computer Vision | XP01ZWT | Wavetet Transform. | XP37ZI | Information recording |
| XP31ZBS | Biological Signal Processing | XP37ZSN1 | Signal processing in satellite n ... | XP37ZSN2 | Signal processing in satellite n ... |
| XP33VID | 3D Computer Vision | | | | |

List of courses of this pass:

| Code | Name of the course | Completion | Credits |
|---|--------------------|------------|---------|
| XEP17SWR | Scientific Writing | ZK | 4 |
| This course is intended to help researchers organize and effectively communicate, in English, their scientific results. While the instructor is an Electrical Engineer, the approaches are applicable to all technical disciplines. | | | |

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| XEP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control. | ZK | 4 |
| XEP33NEP | Neuroprosthetics Neuroprosthetics is concerned with the use of artificial devices to replace or improve the function of the human nervous system. The neuroprosthetic device in most widespread use is the cochlea implant with approximately 150,000 in use worldwide. In this course we will look at the different technologies involved, particularly in terms of implant construction and materials and their practical use. We will also see how such implants interact with the human nervous system, forming a bidirectional gateway both to monitor signals on the nervous system and to directly stimulate the human brain. As well as witnessing the exciting development of the field we will consider neuroprosthetics in terms of practical restorative use, not only in Cochlea implants but also for visual and motor repair. We will however also look at the possibilities of Neuroprosthetics for general human enhancement and investigate how the presenters own self experimentation fits into the field. Whilst the course will focus on technical issues, it will be presented in a general way such that all students should be able to follow (i.e. a mathematical background is not a requirement). Indeed as this technology has immediate impact, societal, ethical and moral issues raised will also be discussed. The course is complementary to the lecture course given on Bionics: this set of lectures being specifically concerned with neural aspects - linking the human brain and nervous system with technology. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XEP33NUM | Numerical Analysis The course introduces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiations and integration, solution of transcendental and (ordinary and partial) differential equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors, practical skills with the methods and demonstration of their properties using Maple and computer graphics. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XEP33SAM | Understanding State of the Art Methods, Algorithms, and Implementations In the course, the PhD students will study selected sophisticated state of the art methods that have an efficient implementation publicly available. The course will focus on general methods that have been successfully used in a number of applications. The goal for the students is to understand the method, to understand the implementation, and to be able to use the implementation as a tool to solve other problems. The course will include two strands. The first strand will be similar to a reading group - the students will individually study a self-contained material, typically a published paper. In the second, practical component of the course, the students will use an implementation of the discussed methods to solve some particular task. | ZK | 4 |
| XEP33SML | Structured Model Learning This advanced machine learning course covers learning and parameter estimation for structured models like Markov Random Fields, Belief Networks and (stochastic) Deep Neural Networks. | ZK | 4 |
| XEP33VKR | Selected Topics in Pattern Recognition and Computer Vision The course deals with fundamental results from computer vision and pattern recognition. The course treats selected key results, as well as latest areas of research, especially those which substantially influence the development in the subject field. Education is performed in the form of a reading group. The course is mainly targeting PhD candidates, but is also available for Msc students with strong interest, possibly experience too, on a research topic that is relevant to the course. | ZK | 4 |
| XEP35CMS | Computational Methods for Materials Science The final goal of the course is to acquire advanced knowledge of Classical and Quantum Mechanics to design in-silico experiments within the Materials Science field. At the end of the course, the students will know: - the fundamentals of thermodynamics, newtonian and statistical mechanics, and how the relative formalism is implemented in order to calculate thermodynamical properties; - how the Schrödinger equation is setup and solved in order to calculate physical quantities; - how to combine the classical and quantum mechanics to model experimental results; and - a general protocol through which to design new materials at the atomic scale. By means of simulation laboratory experience, the students will eventually learn how to setup and run simulations, and how to analyse and present the results by using post-processing softwares. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XEP36AGT | Advanced Computational Game Theory | ZK | 4 |
| XP01FA1 | Functional Analysis 1 Banach algebras. Spectrum, complex homomorphisms and ideals. Gelfand transform. Functional calculus in Banach algebras. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01ITZ | Integral Transforms and Z Transform Basic types of integral transforms, linearity. Laplace transform, inversion, limit theorems. Fourier transform. Application to solving integral and differential equations. Introduction to distribution theory, Fourier and Laplace transforms of distributions. Linear dynamic systems, causality, passivity, convolution. Systems with bounded spectrum. Z-transform and difference equations. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01KAS | Complexity and Combinatorial Algorithms Time and space complexity of algorithms. P and NP problems and their solutions: exact solutions, heuristics, approximation schemes, probabilistic algorithm. Equivalences of problems. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01KVP | Quantum Computing Quantum computing represents a new programming paradigm. The safety of nowadays encypering techniques is based on enormous computation complexity of classical mathematical problems. This safety may be broken by quantum computers. The "building stones" of a quantum computer and quantum computers will be developed during the course. We will design fast factorization algorithms, fast database search, etc. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01MKR | Mathematics for cryptography Introduction to the theory of groups, finite fields, and polynomials over finite fields and their applications in cryptography. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01MST | Mathematical Statistics Random sampling, ordered sampling and their distributions. Sample statistics. Point estimates and interval estimates. Confidence intervals. Estimations, unbiased and consistent estimates. Hypothesis testing for distribution parameters. Hypothesis testing for equality of parameters. Nonparametric tests. Regression analysis. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01MTP | Matrix Calculus Similar matrices. Jordan blocks, Jordan canonical matrices. Real canonical form of a real matrix. Characteristic and minimal polynomial. Caley-Hamilton theorem. Functions of matrices, exponential matrix. Symetric, orthogonal and positive matrices. Diagonalization of symmetric, positive and circulant matrices. Singular value decomposition. Moore-Penrose pseudoinverse matrix. Generalized solution of systems of linear equations. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01MTS | Mathematical Methods in Signal Theory Continuous, discrete, periodic and almost periodic signals. Fourier series and Fourier integral. Band-limited signals. Theorems of Paley-Wiener and Shannon-Kotelnikov. Modulation. Analytic signals. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01NLA | Numerical Linear Algebra Background matrix algebra. Norms of vectors and matrices. Numerical linear algebra. Special systems. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Iterative methods. Matrix inversion. Singular value decomposition. Generalized solutions of linear systems. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01PDR | Partial Differential Equations Problems in partial differential equations of mathematical physics. Initial and boundary value problems. The method of characteristic functions, integral form and numerical methods. | ZK | 4 |
| XP01SPJ | Syntax and semantics of a formal language Syntax and semantics of a formal language. A simple imperative language, assignment command. Denotational and operational semantics, coherence theorem. Mathematical domain theory. Fixed points of functionals, recursive definitions. Lambda - notation. A simple functional language, denotational semantics. New functions definitions, recursive constructions. Operational semantics. Other approaches to semantics, continuation semantics. Axiomatic (Hoare's) semantics. Expressive power of a programming language. | ZK | 4 |

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| XP01TEM | Selected chapters of the measure theory | ZK | 4 |
| Basic properties of finitely additive and sigma-additive measures, classic results (the Radon-Nikodym theorem and the Carathéodory theorem), the extension of finitely additive measures (the Horn-Tarski technique, the Banach limit method, some questions of the lifting, etc.), the Hammer-Sobczyk theorem. | | | |
| XP01TGR | Graph Theory | ZK | 4 |
| Basic course in graph theory. Trees, their characterization, minimal spanning tree. Strongly connected components, rooted trees. Shortest paths, Floyd's algorithm. Euler graphs and their applications, Hamiltonian graphs and their applications. Chvatal's theorem. Flow in networks, admissible flows and admissible circulations. Matchings in general graphs and in bipartite graphs. Vertex cover and independent sets. Cliques. Colorings. Planar graphs. Graphs and vector spaces. The content of the course is modified according to the needs of students. | | | |
| XP01TJA | Languages, Automata and Grammars | ZK | 4 |
| Finite automata. Nerod theorem and its applications. Nondeterministic automata. Regular expressions and Kleene theorem. Grammars and their classification. Context-free grammars. Chomsky hierarchy. CYK algorithm for context-free grammars. Turing machines, decision problem. Algorithmically unsolvable problems. | | | |
| XP01UAG | Introduction to Algebraic Geometry | ZK | 4 |
| Affine varieties as the solution sets of systems of polynomial equations in more than one variable and their relationship with the ideals in polynomial rings, Dickson's lemma, Hilbert's basis theorem, Groebner's bases and their properties, Buchberger's algorithm for searching a Groebner's basis, elimination theory, Hilbert's Nullstellensatz, correspondence between varieties and radicals. | | | |
| XP01UNA | An introduction to nonassociative algebras | ZK | 4 |
| The basic course in the theory of nonassociative algebra. We introduce the notions of free nonassociative algebra, tensor algebra, bimodules and representations for algebras in a variety. We pay a big attention on the variety of alternative algebras and composition algebras. We define Lie, alternative and Jordan algebras, their universal enveloping algebras. | | | |
| XP01USA | An introduction to superalgebras. | ZK | 4 |
| The basic course in the theory of superalgebras. We introduce notions of a graded algebra, superalgebra, Grassmann envelope of a superalgebra. Consider varieties of superalgebras and identities in superalgebras. We pay a big attention on the variety of alternative and Jordan superalgebras. | | | |
| XP01VPS | Selected topics in probability and mathematical statistics | ZK | 4 |
| Students will learn the terms of probability and procedures of mathematical statistics that go beyond commonly taught methods. | | | |
| XP01ZWT | Wavelet Transform. | ZK | 4 |
| Hilbert spaces. Continuous wavelet transform. Time and frequency localization. Discrete wavelet transform. Riesz bases and frames. Multiresolution analysis. Applications to signal processing. | | | |
| XP02AMA | Active Methods in Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| Physical principles, interference, Huygens principle, sound field in ducts, wave-guides and enclosures. Active noise control in a duct. One or more secondary sources. Active control in enclosures, acoustic coupling, modes, local control. Feedback and feedforward strategy, analog and digital realisations, algorithms based on LMS, stability of algorithms, multichannel algorithms. Practical realisations of active systems. Active control of vibrations, transducers for active control. | | | |
| XP02DP | Electric Discharges and their Applications | ZK | 4 |
| Classification of electric discharges. Townsend's theory. Glow discharge. Processes on the surface of electrodes. Technological applications. Plasma displays. High-frequency and microwave discharge. Arc. Corona. Spark discharge. Lightning. Ball lightning. Z-pinch and its properties. Electromagnetic collapse. X-ray sources, controlled fusion. Generation of magnetic fields of Earth. | | | |
| XP02EVA | Physics for Electroenergetics | ZK | 4 |
| Lessons contain selected parts of physics for students of electric power engineering: Physical principles of gas discharges - glow, arc, spark and corona discharges and their applications. The students become acquainted with characteristics for magnetized, astrophysical and fusion energy generation. A part of the course is two excursions in laboratories CTU and Czech Academy of Sciences. | | | |
| XP02FPL | Solid State Physics | ZK | 4 |
| The course provides fundamentals of solid state physics at large. | | | |
| XP02HS | Noise Surveys | ZK | 4 |
| Sound field, noise and vibration measurement, noise legislation, hygiene control. Types of noise surveys, examples, types of noise sources. Noise mapping, principles and types of sources. Noise in working environment. Noise in buildings. Transport noise, airport noise. Technical principles of noise control. | | | |
| XP02MHD | Magnetohydrodynamics | ZK | 4 |
| Qualitative description of the behaviour of hot plasma in magnetic fields | | | |
| XP02PT | Plasma Technologies | ZK | 4 |
| XP02SF | Statistical Physics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of statistical physics. It is the third part of four-part lecture cycle. | | | |
| XP02TF1 | Theoretical Physics 1 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The lecture Theoretical Physics 1 is a basis for the following lectures of theoretical physics for the doctoral study. The main aim is theoretical Mechanics - to master the description of motion in curvilinear coordinates. | | | |
| XP02TF2 | Theoretical Physics 2 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The lecture is devoted to the fundamentals of quantum physics in Dirac formalism. It is the second part of four-part lecture cycle. | | | |
| XP02TZP | Theory of Sound Field | ZK | 4 |
| The aim of this course is deeper understanding the fundamentals of physical acoustics. The continuity equation, Euler and Navier-Stokes equations and the energy equation are derived from the prime laws of fluid dynamics. These equations are utilized for derivation of a linear wave equation under the acoustical approximation; its special solutions are discussed. General solutions of the wave equation and Helmholtz equation are formulated using the integrals of Kirchhoff-Helmholtz and Rayleigh. Using these integrals, some problems of acoustic radiation and diffraction are studied. Problem of the acoustic field description is further developed using the methods of Fourier acoustics. | | | |
| XP02UFL | Introduction to Laser Physics | ZK | 4 |
| The subject introduces the basics of laser physics. It explains the principle of laser operation, presents basic terms and describes in detail individual types of lasers, including their construction, characterizes the main properties of laser radiation and briefly indicates the possibilities of creating short pulses of radiation. The next part focuses on the use of lasers in various areas of human activity. It also lists safety principles for working with lasers. In the practical part, it is supplemented by visits to top workplaces (e.g. PALS, ELI, HiLASE) dealing with the given issue. | | | |
| XP02UZ | Ultrasound and Quantum Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| The purpose of these lectures is to familiarize doctoral students with the issues of ultrasonic waves needed for the design of a wide range of ultrasonic devices and to discuss in detail the parts that the doctoral student could use in his work. The subject of the offer is a range of classic and recently developed findings from research. | | | |
| XP02VNP | Plasma Waves and Instabilities | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Basic wave phenomena will be introduced in the first part of the lecture (dispersion relation, phase and group velocities, Fourier analysis). Fundamental plasma dispersion relations will be derived from the linearized MHD equations (magnetoacoustic waves - Alfvén, F and S wave; electromagnetic waves in plasma - O, X, R, L wave, CMA diagram). The second part of the lecture will be devoted to finite size waves, nonlinear phenomena (Landau damping) and solitons in plasma. | | | |
| XP02VPA1 | Selected Topics of Physics 1 | ZK | 4 |

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| XP02VPA2 | Selected Topics of Physics B | ZK | 4 |
| XP02VPB | Selected Topics of Physics B | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP02VPO | Selected Topics of Optics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Properties of light, wave equation, plane wave, polarization, reflection and refraction, natural and artificial anisotropy, optical modulators, coherence, interference, thin films, interferometers, diffraction, optical grating, holography, methods of visualization, normal and anomalous dispersion, optical image formation, optical devices, photometry, colorimetry, atoms radiation, stimulated emission, lasers. | | | |
| XP02ZFP | Fundamentals of the Plasma Physics | ZK | 4 |
| This course will provide you with a basic knowledge of plasma physics and of its applications. Plasma definition. Main plasma characteristics. Collisions of charged particles. Fluid model.. Magneto-hydrodynamics. Applications. | | | |
| XP04A1 | English language 1 | NIC | |
| The course revises general English from previous studies, further develops speaking skills, listening and recalling spoken English as well as note-taking skills. Provides basic scientific terminology (cause-effect relationship, definitions, classification, basic information on composing written documents). | | | |
| XP04A1ZK | English language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| The subject A1 ZK is only for those postgraduate students studying in older study program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying languages according to the newer study program . | | | |
| XP04A2 | English language 2 | NIC | |
| The art of composing written documents (papers, reports, articles, dissertations, official letters); oral presentations, reading skills (getting both general and detailed information); the art of understanding speech in a foreign language ; selected parts of difficult grammar; selected items focused on practical skills (reading mathematical symbols and expressions, writing CV). Oral presentations. | | | |
| XP04A2SZK | English Language | ZK | 0 |
| XP04A2ZK | English language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| Subject is only for those postgraduate students who study in older program valid up to Sept.2003 and did not ask for studying the new language program. | | | |
| XP04AZK | English Language http://www.fel.cvut.cz/anketa/aktualni/courses/XP04AZK | ZK | 0 |
| XP04C1ZK | Czech language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04C2ZK | Czech language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04F1 | French language 1 | NIC | |
| Basic knowledge of grammar and vocabulary, with the emphasis on technical style ; ability to understand technical texts on an intermediate level (tested on reading cca 60 pages of texts). Oral presentations - ability to talk on subjects studied by the postgraduate student. Writing cover letters , CV, answering advertisements etc. | | | |
| XP04F1ZK | French language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04F2 | French language 2 | NIC | |
| Very good proficiency both in grammar and lexical issues with emphasis on what is typical for technical style. Ability to be oriented in a more difficult text, reading comprehension of texts (cca 120 pages). Oral presentations, i.e. ability to talk about problems on a sufficiently good level. (both language and content level studied by postgraduates). Mastering language skills related to job applications, cover letters etc. | | | |
| XP04F2ZK | French language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04MIN | English Language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| English exam in form of defense of professional study in English. The task of the doctoral student before the committee to defend his professional work drafted and presented in English. As part of the subsequent discussion. PhD student is evaluated in presentation skills , mastery of the language in continuous speech and language skills quickly and correctly respond during the debate . Account is also the linguistic correctness of written text. | | | |
| XP04N1 | German language 1 | NIC | |
| Extending skills with the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering , eliciting basic information from the text. Reading and analysis of professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific topics, CV, job applications, conversation lessons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, professional and scientific work, the profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts. | | | |
| XP04N1ZK | German language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| Extending skills with the emphasis on professional language. Listening to authentic technical texts from areas of electrical engineering , eliciting basic information from the text. Reading and analysis of professional texts regarding the needs of postgraduate students. Training of various reading skills. Writing technical texts on specific topics, CV, job applications, conversation lessons for advanced students based on 5 video tapes about these topics: postgraduate studies, professions, internships abroad, professional and scientific work, the profession of an engineer. Revising and extending typical grammar for technical style, syntax of technical texts. | | | |
| XP04N2 | German language 2 | NIC | |
| The course is focused on extending and elaborating grammar and conversation, namely on professional language skills (reading + writing technical texts, preparing papers, reviews, presentations etc.)ations etc.) | | | |
| XP04N2ZK | German language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04R1 | Russian language 1 | NIC | |
| The course is suitable for intermediate students who have an equivalent command of the language as someone who has completed book Raduga. Course objective: Acquiring the language skills required to get by in everyday situations and a basic understanding of straightforward technical texts. | | | |
| XP04R1ZK | Russian language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04R2 | Russian Language 2 | NIC | |
| Writing technical texts including messages, summaries, business correspondence and dissertation theses; understanding lectures and other listening skills; note-taking; oral presentations; structures and pronunciation. Russian realia and the way of Russian life.Besides the course books, the supplementary texts and AV aids are used. | | | |
| XP04R2ZK | Russian language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04S1 | Spanish language 1 | NIC | 0 |
| Increasing active knowledge of Spanish language, including the language for specific purposes.Specific technical style characteristics focused on specific grammar and lexis.Listening comprehension, oral presentations, understanding the text-all based on intermediate level language. | | | |
| XP04S1ZK | Spanish language 1 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04S2 | Spanish language 2 | NIC | 0 |
| Basic language skills(listening,understanding a Spanish text of cca 120 pages, writing, speaking). The skills are practiced on writing letters, presentations both written and oral,news etc. Individual home preparation is necessary. Materials are chosen with regards to the study field of a postgraduate. High-level and fluent speech is demanded. | | | |
| XP04S2ZK | Spanish language 2 | ZK | 0 |
| XP04 1 | Czech language 1 | NIC | 0 |

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| XP04 2 | Czech language 2 | NIC | 0 |
| XP12IMM | Engineering Methods in Mechanics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Review methods solution of problems in rigid bodies mechanics, hydromechanical , thermodynamic and electromechanical systems. Dynamics of combined systems with using methods of vectorial and analytical mechanics, assembling of mathematical model and resources for simulation. Identification of system parameters with respect to passive resistances and energy losses. Physical similarity and analogy, dimensional analysis, dimensionless parameters, PI-terms, fundamentals of experimental research | | | |
| XP12VVM | Development and Research of Materials | Z,ZK | 5 |
| Research of composite materials wth specific electrical properties. Diagnostics of materials in electrotechnology. Polymers. Phase transitions. Thin and thick conductive layers on polymers. Organic solar cells. Models of function of biomaterials. | | | |
| XP13DFD | Data and Functional Analysis of Production Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Technological system of production enterprise and its structure. Relationship of technological system to other systems. Tools of control and information of enterprise, distributed systems. Methodology of analysis of enterprise. Date base of technical preparation of production. Methodology of functional analysis of enterprise. Methods of data and material flows analysis. Methods of analysis of user interface of enterprise IS. Object oriented methodology of analysis of enterprise. Methods of time analysis of enterprise. Use of Petri nets for analysis of enterprise. Documentation and standards for data and functional analysis. Automation of analysis methods, CASE tools. | | | |
| XP13FCD | Photovoltaics systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The course discusses the most important problems of principle, technology of production and final use of photovoltaic systems for power generation. Topics: Solar energy and basic principles of conversion. Photovoltaic effect, photovoltaic cells. Optimization of cell structure in terms of optical and electrical properties of individual layers. V-A characteristics of photovoltaic cells. Determination of the maximum theoretically achievable energy conversion efficiency of a given structure. Photovoltaic modules. Technological processes of production of basic types of photovoltaic cells and modules. Characterization and diagnostic methods, analysis of failure types, influence on durability. Photovoltaic systems (autonomous, connected to the grid). Components of photovoltaic systems. Simulation of yield for a given type of climate and season. Trends in applications of photovoltaic systems and economic aspects. | | | |
| XP13FDD | Physic of Dielectrics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Types and mechanizmus of polarization. Dielectric absorption. Electrical conductivity of insulators. Dielectrics in static electrical field. Dielectrics in time-dependent electrical field. Frequency dispersion of polymers. Thermal dispersion of polymers. Optical properties of dielectrics. Dielectrics losses. Electrical strength of insulators. Electrical properties of thin dielectrics films. Ageing of insulators. Properties of feroelectrics. Main and joined phenomena in dielectrics. | | | |
| XP13FPD | Semiconductor Physics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the course is to deepen the knowledge of the properties of semiconductor materials and structures that are important for a deeper understanding of the semiconductor components technology . | | | |
| XP13MSD | Modelling and Simulation of Technological Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Program tools of computer modelling and simulation. Programs processing port diagrams or block diagrams. Text edited systems and examples. Graphic edited systems and examples - SIMULINK. Modelling of electric and electronic systems. Models of power semiconductor devices, modelling of power semiconductor systems. Examples of simulations. Modelling of mechanical and electromechanical systems, hydraulic systems and thermal systems. Examples of simulations. | | | |
| XP13PED | Plastics in Electrical Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Exploitation plastics in electrical manufacturing. Exercise plastics in the production of the cables, structural members etc. The specialty requirements on the plastic materials (conductance, the mechanic rigidity, of shape constancy). Composite materials from out plastics. Technology treatment of plastics. Degradation of plastics impact of environment(climatic and the mechanic stability and chemical resistance). The plastic waste. Recycling of plastics. Impact of production and the used up plastics on the environment. | | | |
| XP13PSD | Flexible Production Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Evolutionary stages of automation. Flexible automation. Basic components of FMS. Machining centres, flexible manufacturing cells and islands. Option, allocation and control of tools. Control of FMS and its components. Interfaces. Systems of automatical self checking of quality. CNC machines appropriate for FMS. Manipulators and robots as the components of FMS. Transport and its control. CNC for the control of FMS. Flexible assembling systems. Automated plants of future, conception and tasks. Efficiency of FMS. Personal problems. | | | |
| XP13SID | Software in Industrial Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Introduction to using of IBM compatible personal computers, their architecture. Using of application programs for mathematics, graphics, text processing, database and CAD, examples of software systems. Introduction to user interface based on Microsoft Windows. | | | |
| XP13SJD | Quality Control Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The concept of quality and reliability. Basic quality management systems. ISO 9000, TQM, Kaizen. Basic characteristics of ISO 9000. Quality manual. Quality loop. Factor experiments and their role in quality. Mathematical model based on factor experiments. Optimization of mathematical model. Six Sigma quality management system and its implementation. Basic tools of the Six Sigma system. Reliability as a subset of quality. Mathematical distributions used in the field of reliability. Usage and maintenance coefficient. Backup - types and mathematical description. Accelerated reliability testing. Processing and analysis of experimental data. | | | |
| XP13SRD | Real Time Systems for Process Control | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Introduction to using of real time control paradigm. Architecture of real time systems. State transition diagram of real time systems. Semaphore and deadlock. Using of real time systems in control of technological systems. | | | |
| XP13SSD | Special Methods of Devices Quality Evaluation | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The evaluation of the principal values determining the quality of the passive and active devices. Measuring methods, their evaluation , identification of systematic faults. The description of the tested device, two ports parameters of the device. Matching of the device to the measuring circuit. The noise of the electronic circuits, optimal noise and power matching. Non-linearity of the "linear" circuits, intermodulation distortion, measuring of the non-linearity and intermodulations. | | | |
| XP13TMD | Technological Aspects of Microcomputer Design | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Industrial microcomputers, modular design and hardware solution. The data storage technology. The data storage media. The device protection against environmental influence. The cooling and air condition of equipments. The human machine interface - input and output devices. The ergonomic design of microcomputers and special devices. The quality of microcomputer systems, criteria. The quality control of design and services, the quality of software. The legal aspects of microcomputer use. The contemporary trends in industrial microcomputers. | | | |
| XP13TND | Technology of Low Temperatures and Superconductivity | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Thermodynamic principles of cooling. Equipments for achievement of low temperatures, liquifying of gases. Ultralow temperatures. Properties of isotopes of He and selected gases. Physical properties of solids at low temperatures. Principles of superconductivity theory, transport currents, stability of superconductivity state, weak superconductivity, tunneling phenomena. Properties and technology of metallic and high temperature superconductors. Thermal insulation of low temperature equipments. Low temperature thermometry. Accessories and work in low temperature laboratory. The use of low temperature technology in practice. | | | |
| XP13TPD | Technological Processes in Electronic Manufacturing | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Development of technology of packaging. Contemporary methods of packaging of components SOP, DIP, SIP, ZIP, QFP and others, properties, advantages, disadvantages. Comparison of packages from the viewpoint of environmental resistivity. Classification of multichip modules. Multichip modules of different types: MCM-L, MCM-C, MCM-D, PMCM. Substrates for multichip modules. Technology of contacting og dies. Electrical design of MCMs. Thermal design of MCMs. Physical design of MCMs. Parameters for evaluation of MCMs. Reliability of MCMs. Design tools. Programmable modules. Applications of MCMs. | | | |
| XP13VTK | Vacuum technology and cryogenics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Physics of gas. Voluminous processes. Surface processes. Processes circulative to wall. Vacuum pumps. Measurements in vacuum techniques. Principles of cooling and constructions of real equipments for achievement of low temperatures. Properties and behavior of matters at low temperatures. Transport of heat and insulating systems used in cryogenics. Low temperature thermometry. Laboratory training and seminars are focused to obtain a basic practical proficiencies and the other knowledges in vacuum technology and cryogenics. | | | |

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| XP14APR | New Trends in Electric Device Apply | ZK | 3 |
| XP14DES | Dynamics of Electric Machines | ZK | 4 |
| Electric machines play an important role in a number of areas, such as e-mobility, renewable energy sources utilization, robotics and automation. The main objective of the course is to provide the students with deep understanding of the principles, operation, and analysis of rotating electric machinery. Mathematical models based on the theory of space phasors or FEM will be developed for various types of electric machines (induction machines, electrically excited synchronous machines, permanent magnet synchronous machines). Thorough understanding of electrical machine theory on such a level is necessary, for instance, for design of modern control methods of electric drives or construction of electric machines. | | | |
| XP14EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility | ZK | 4 |
| Interference sources. Interference coupling. Shielding. Earthing. Nonlinear consumers. Harmonics in electric converters in steady and transient conditions. Suppression of negative converter influences on the network. Compensation and filtration. | | | |
| XP14MEN | New Trends in Converter Technology | ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the study is to introduce students to the principles and functions of latest topologies of power semiconductor electric energy converters, taking into account the scope of their PhD thesis. Content of the subject is the optimization of the power conversion parameters in power semiconductor converter systems. The subject is oriented mainly on new trends in the use of new principles, topologies, functions and possibilities of application of power semiconductor converters realized on the basis of modern power semiconductor devices and using increasingly powerful control microcomputers. The topics are focused on pulse width modulation methods for voltage and current control, modes of operation of converters with unity power factor, active control of the current curve and the voltage curve, as well as the overall quality of electric energy transmission. The problems of analysis and synthesis of matrix converters, multi-level converters, resonant converters as well as problems related to their practical use are also solved. | | | |
| XP14MIR | Microprocessor Control of Electric Drives | ZK | 3 |
| Control computer, digital signal processor (DSP), digital signal microcontroller (DSC), architecture, computational resources, fixed point, fraction, floating point arithmetic, interrupt system, DMA controller, special blocks, ADC, event memory, FIFO, CAM, Multiport RAM, impulse signal generation, serial communication, methods, buses, protocols, synchronization, multiprocessor systems, parallel processing, RT systems, solution methods, systems: INT, BG-FG, FSA, CC, preemptive RTOS, tasks, queues, semaphors, critical section, control computer programming methods, control computer resources application in scalar and vector control of electric drives. | | | |
| XP14MRP | Advanced Controlled Drives | ZK | 3 |
| XP14MZR | New Control Methods for Electric Drives | ZK | 4 |
| The aim of the course is to introduce students to the latest issues of control and regulation of electric drives, taking into account the focus of their doctoral work. Its purpose is to optimize electromechanical energy conversion parameters in electric drive systems and relevant power electronics, in particular by using modern control and regulation algorithms. The course is mainly focused on electric AC drives, especially drives with asynchronous and synchronous motors. | | | |
| XP14TPR | New Trends in Electric Device Theory | ZK | 3 |
| XP15DVN | Diagnostics of HV and EHV Insulating Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Failure rate of operation, fault sources and mechanisms. Indoor and outdoor insulation of electrical equipment. Diagnostic methods, using in operation. Choice of methods for diagnostic systems. Application of database systems for electrical machines and equipment of HV and EHV. Application of systems with element of artificial intelligence in electro diagnostics. | | | |
| XP15EH | Energy Economy | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Energy economy, part of national economy. Terminology of energy economy. The energy systems. Forecast of energy consumption. Energy balance in production field, Energy balance in buildings. Energy economy and its impact to environment. Energy economy on the organization level. The control of energy economy. Basic problems of energy policy. | | | |
| XP15ES | Electrical Lighting | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Visual sensory processes. Light micro climate design. Daylight, artificial and mixed lighting. Visual performance. Visual comfort. Colorimetry. Light sources. Luminaire characteristics. Lighting systems. Exterior and interior lighting. Lumen method. Integrated and remote controlled lighting systems. | | | |
| XP15ET | Electroheat | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The definition of fundamental equations of heat and mass transfer in electromagnetic field in continuum. Thermal effects of electromagnetic field. The definition of the problems of induction, dielectric and arc heating. Similarity and analogy of equations and their use. Numerical methods in electroheat. | | | |
| XP15EXE | Expert Systems in Electrical Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Data processing and evaluation. Expert systems in electrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Application of rule-based expert systems and neural networks in electrical power engineering and diagnostics of insulating systems. Creation of expert systems for electrical power engineering and electro diagnostics. | | | |
| XP15EZP | Control in Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Overview of environmental problems. The role of power engineering. Global climate change. The greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide emissions. Impact of nuclear power plants. Impact of hydro power plants. Renewable energy sources. Methods and technology for decreasing of impact to environment. Electric power transmission and the environment. The control of power energy system | | | |
| XP15FAK | Photometry and Colorimetry | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Principle of photometric methods. Standards of luminance and luminous flux. Receivers of radiation and modification of their characteristics. Photometric distance. Measurement of light source parameters. Luminaire parameters. Measuring of indoor lighting systems. Measuring of outdoor luminance and illuminance. Colour vision theory. Chromaticity. Colour. Colorimeter space. Colour rendering-index. Chromaticity system. Diagram of chromatic. Colorimeter. Spectroscopy | | | |
| XP15MPE | Mechatronics in Electrical Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Basic model modules, models and control systems of steam generators, steam and water turbines and nuclear reactor. Dynamics and control of STATCOM and power factor compensators. | | | |
| XP15MVN | High Voltage Measurement | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Types of testing voltages and high voltage generators. Measurement cables, attenuators. Disturbances of HV measurement. Measurement of impulse voltages by voltage dividers, types of dividers. Dividers for measurement of fast transients, calibration of dividers. Measurement of DC high voltages, HV resistors and dividers. Measurement of AC high voltages, instruments for measurement of RMS voltages. Instruments for measurement of voltage peak values. Measurement of high current, shunt reactors, Rogowski coil. Measurement of current on potential by utilization of optical-fibre waveguides. Voltage tests of transformers. HV measurement of dielectrics. | | | |
| XP15PEE | Transmission of Electricity | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Types of networks and transmission systems. Multiple overhead lines. Symmetrical components. Calculation of load flow. Analysis of faulted power systems, different types of shunt and series faults and simultaneous faults. Special transients in the integrated power systems. Distance and comparison protection relays, principles and applications. EMC and interferences in power networks, prediction and limitation of disturbances due to non-linear loads. Static stability of the power system and its criteria. Dynamic stability of the power system and its criteria. Methods for increasing of the stability in power systems. Multimachine transient stability. Reliability of the power transmission systems. | | | |
| XP15RE | Control of Power Systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Objective functions of power system control, feasibility and algorithms of optimization methods, handling of constrain conditions. Hierarchy and decomposition of system controlling tasks. System state estimation. Load forecasting and load curve covering. Unit commitment. Optimization of operation with respect to net topology constrains. Control of voltage and reactive powers balance. Control of frequency and active powers balance. Optimal power flow. Dynamical models of power stations and systems. Solution of extraordinary states.. Dispatch, system and subsidiary services. | | | |
| XP15SPS | Coupled Problems in Heavy Current and Power Engineering | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Concept of a coupled problem, classification of the coupled problems typical for heavy current and power applications. Mathematical description of the relevant physical fields, links between corresponding partial differential equations. Characteristics of electromagnetic-thermal problems (with respecting eventual thermoelasticity), electromagnetic-thermal-hydrodynamic | | | |

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| and electromagnetic-mechanical problems and also problems based on a combination of the electromagnetic field and electric circuits. Formulation of their mathematical and computer models and algorithms of their solution. Information about available SW, its existing capabilities and perspectives. | | | |
| XP15TOS | Theory of Light field | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Theory of light field. Mathematical description of emission of unsymmetrical luminaires. Photometry of distant and close point. New characteristics of space properties of illumination. Flux method calculation of integral characteristics. Light field of surface type and cube type luminaire. Light flux distribution from point source. Distribution of light flux of linear source. Distribution of light flux of surface source. Interreflection theory. Design of indoor illumination using PC. | | | |
| XP15UEE | Electric Energy Use and Conservation | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP15VME | Research Methods in the Use of Electrical Energy | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Introduction into the mathematics of continuum physics. Physical conservation laws. The laws of electromagnetic field. Similarity theory in thermo-aerodynamics. Similarity theory in electromagnetic field. Mathematical modeling. Analytical solutions of electromagnetic field. Discrete parameters and their relation with field parameters. Numerical access to deterministic mathematical modeling of fields. Non-deterministic modeling. Experiment and data processing, practical examples. | | | |
| XP15ZSS | Light sources and Equipment | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP16DEL | History of technology and economic | ZK | 2 |
| XP16EKO | Economics | ZK | 4 |
| Basic economic terms. Principles of microeconomics, consumer behaviour and producer behaviour. Profit maximization. Perfectly competitive market. Market failure, monopoly. Principles of macroeconomics, aggregate demand and aggregate supply. Labour market. Money market and capital market. Macroeconomic policy of the government as a factor protecting and correcting the market. Comment: The subject is a necessary precondition for understanding other economic and managerial disciplines. | | | |
| XP16EME | Economics and Management of Energetics | ZK | 4 |
| Organizational structure of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs of energy. Governmental energy policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects. | | | |
| XP16ERU | Accounting | ZK | 4 |
| Principles of accounting. International accounting standards (IFRS). Methodology of accounting. Cost, revenues, profit and cash flow. Balance sheet, profit and loss account. Analysis of company's financial position. | | | |
| XP16FIM | Financial Management | ZK | 4 |
| Principles of finance, present value and alternative cost of capital, net present value, present value of bonds and stocks, investment decision making and net present value, return and alternative cost of capital, risk and return, lease or buy decision, inflation and return, real options, financial options, option valuation, hedging, short term finance, cash flow finance. | | | |
| XP16FVT | Philosophical Problems of Science and Technology | ZK | 2 |
| The course is engaged in the evolution of principal ideas on which the science and technology are founded. Philosophical aspects of physics and mathematics are deeper examined. Actual themes linked to the so called "Postmodernism" and to the alternative ways of understanding and their social coherences are discussed. | | | |
| XP16JAK | Quality Management | ZK | 4 |
| Quality assurance in the organization. Statistical methods in quality management. Models of quality systems. Economic issues in quality assurance. Implementation of requirements of ISO 9001 standard. Certification of products and production systems. Recommendations for quality management in the organization. | | | |
| XP16KVM | Quantitative Research Methods in Management | ZK | 4 |
| Application of software SPSS for advanced statistical methods as multiple regression and correlation, analysis of variance, factor analysis, cluster analysis and its using in marketing research and management. | | | |
| XP16MAN | Management | ZK | 4 |
| Principles of management and its innovation, modern ways of management, responsibility of managers, manager's ethics, successful manager thinking and behaviour. | | | |
| XP16MAR | Marketing | ZK | 4 |
| The role and functions of the marketing management. Marketing research and marketing information system. Concepts of marketing strategy. The use of product life cycle and portfolio. Product and service policy, pricing and contraction policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix. | | | |
| XP16MAS | Marketing Strategies | ZK | 4 |
| Broadening of basic knowledge of marketing. The analysis of marketing strategies in different market situations. The firm's behavior under competition and competitive advantage. Case studies in the field of product policy, price and condition policy, communication policy and distribution policy. | | | |
| XP16MAU | Accounting for management | ZK | 4 |
| The principles of managerial accounting. Relations to the organisational structure of the enterprise and to the production process. Budgets, use for management. Calculations and cost analyses. Productivity and measurement of productivity in the production process. The managerial information systems. | | | |
| XP16MAV | Production Management | ZK | 4 |
| The role of production process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with respect to production typology. Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods. | | | |
| XP16MES | Economics and Management of Energy Systems | ZK | 4 |
| Strategic questions of electric power sector, gas systems and central heating systems functions. Marginal revenue in electric power system. Marginal costs of electricity, heat and gas. Power elements optimization, subsystem and system optimization in generation and transportation of different kinds of energy. Reliability in energy delivery. International cooperation in power industry. Energy price regulation and its consequences | | | |
| XP16MEU | Economics and Management of Energetics | ZK | 4 |
| Organizational structure of electric power sector, heating and gas sector. Principles of integrated source planning. Revenues, costs, prices and tariffs of energy. Governmental energy policy. Development of international cooperation in power industry and its economic and ecology aspects. | | | |
| XP16MVE | Selected Problems of Economy and Management of Energy | ZK | 4 |
| The role of production process in promoting the marketing concept of the firm and the competitive advantage. The system of operational planning with respect to production typology. Standardized basis of production management, standardization. Controlling, production management methods. | | | |
| XP16STM | Selected Statistical Methods | ZK | 4 |
| Descriptive statistics. Transformation of random variables. Approximation of theoretical distributions. Interval estimates. Hypothesis testing. Simple and multiple regression. Analysis of time series. Index number. | | | |
| XP16STV | Product Strategy | ZK | 4 |
| Product and service policy, pricing and contraction policy, communication, distribution. Marketing mix. Innovations. Concepts of marketing strategy. Reverse marketing. Product management. The strategic marketing simulation Markstrat. | | | |
| XP17ANS | Selected Chapters from Antennas and Propagation | ZK | 4 |
| Summary of antennas and modern antenna technology. Selected problems of antennas and propagation for fixed and mobile communication, earth and satellite services. Frequency management for different services and communication. Topics of near a far field antenna measurement, compact antenna measurement. Measurement of signal level for specific services. Antenna anechoic chambers design. | | | |

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| XP17APL | Applied Optoelectronics in Medicine | ZK | 4 |
| Scope and aims of non-invasive measurement techniques in medical diagnostics. Fundamental physiology of the vascular system, hemodynamics, skin anatomy and perfusion. Computer simulation of the cardiovascular system. UV, VIS and IR spectroscopy. Fundamental optics of the eye and color analysis. Optical parameters of biological tissue. Dispersion of light, Design of optical sensors, Optical visualisation principles of translumiscetion and tomography, Optoelectronic systems in medicine. | | | |
| XP17ELD | Electrodynamics | ZK | 4 |
| XP17LAE | Medical Applications of Electromagnetic Field | ZK | 4 |
| Future possibilities of EM Field medical applications. Principals and technical equipment for EM thermotherapy, hyperthermia applicators. Calculation of 3D SAR and temperature distribution. Details of microwave thermotherapy apparatus are given, especially from the point of view of applicators for local, intracavitary and regional treatment. Non-invasive thermometry (NMR, ultrasound and radiometry) and special compatible applicators are described. | | | |
| XP17MAPP | Analysis Methods for Passive Elements of Microwave and Millimeter-wave Technique | ZK | 4 |
| Computation of transmission lines parameters. Computation of microwave circuits scattering parameters, analysis of planar antennas. Survey of basic methods for analysis of passive circuits with the stress on methods: spectral domain, integration equation, finite differences, finite elements, mode matching, transversal resonance. Survey of basic theorems of electromagnetic fields, moment method, disturbance method. | | | |
| XP17MT | Microwave Technique | ZK | 4 |
| Microwave transmission lines and its circuit elements including hybrid and monolithic integrated circuits technology. Resonators and other type of passive microwave elements (e.g. attenuators, couplers, isolators and circulators, modulators etc.) and active microwave circuits (e.g. oscillators, mixers and amplifiers), microwave filters, microwave measurement. CAD of microwave circuits. | | | |
| XP17MVP | Methodology of Science | ZK | |
| XP17NME | Numerical Methods in Electromagnetic Field | ZK | 4 |
| Poissonous, Helmholtz and wave equations. Analytical, semianalytical, seminumerical and numerical methods. Matrix equations and algorithms: Mode Matching Technique, Point Matching Method, Method of Moments, Multiple MultiPoles, Boundary Element Method, Finite Difference Method, Finite Element Method, Finite Integration Method. Stability of solution. Solution of matrix equations: direct methods, Gauss-JordanOs elimination, pivotation, LU-decomposition, banded and sparse matrix, conjugate-gradient method. | | | |
| XP17OV | Optical Fibers | ZK | 4 |
| Waveguiding in optical fibers, attenuation and dispersion, step-index fibers, gradient fibers, single and f1 fibers, optical cables, splices and connectors, optical fibers measurements, fabrication, nonlinear phenomena in optical, fibers, fibers for sensors. | | | |
| XP17TAM | Evaluation of Applicators for Microwave Thermotherapy | ZK | 4 |
| Lectures are focussed on methodology of evaluation of microwave applicators, which means measurements of SAR distribution in water phantom and measurements of temperature distribution in various types of agar phantoms. Further design and optimisation of measuring probes is discussed, methodology of probes calibration and measured data evaluation are described. Numerical modelling of microwave applicators by aid of software product FEMLAB, comparison of mathematical and experimental models. | | | |
| XP17TVC | Technique of Highly Sensitive Receivers | ZK | 4 |
| Design of highly sensitive microwave receivers, mm - wave and submm - wave receivers. Electromagnetic spectrum and noise properties of the Earth atmosphere and surface. Microwave, millimetre wave communication. Semiconductors for microwave and millimetre wave bands, SIS detectors, mixers, infrared receivers. High frequency radiometers technology, measurement of noise parameters. Multispectral radiometry and remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation - interference, EMC theory and measurement. | | | |
| XP31AEO | Electric Circuit Analysis | ZK | 4 |
| Circuit models of devices and structures. Methods of analysis and algorithms for linearized circuit models in time domain and frequency domain. Transient analysis. Periodic steady state analysis. Analysis of nonlinear circuits in time and frequency domains. Parametric models. Circuits with non-linear energy storing elements. Circuit analysis with the help of professional software packages. | | | |
| XP31ART | Architectures for Real Time Implementation | ZK | 4 |
| Architectures of central processing units and synthesis of data paths for DSP. Implementation strategies of DSP algorithms. Influence of algorithm modification on the implementation processing time. Sequential and parallel processing. Numerical characteristics of algorithms. Implementation alternatives, dedicated hardware and programmable signal processors. Architectures of digital signal processors with fixed point and floating points. Developments tools for real time processing. Analysis of real time implementation of FFT, digital filters and special algorithms for communications. | | | |
| XP31ASN | Algorithms and Structures of Neurocomputers | ZK | 4 |
| Information about the basic principles and possibility of the application of the neural informative technology for the signal processing are the main topic. The lectures are devoted to the introduction into the artificial neural networks (ANN) theory and applications, to the choice and the optimisation of the structures and the neural network applications at the signal processing are investigated in detail. Some neural network applications in the biomedical engineering and hardware realization of the KSOM are described. | | | |
| XP31DIF | Digital filter synthesis | ZK | 4 |
| LTI systems and digital signals. Impulse response, step response, convolution. Elements of z-transform and Fourier transform. Difference equation, transfer function, magnitude, phase and group delay. Design methods for finite impulse response (FIR) digital filters - windowing and frequency sampling methods, optimal design algorithms. Analytic design of FIR filters, half-band and narrow-band filters. Design methods for infinite impulse response (IIR) digital filters. Bilinear transformation. Analytic design methods in digital z-domain. All-pass sections as building blocks for signal processing. Group delay equalization, phase shift and notch filters. Wave digital filters. | | | |
| XP31DSP | Digital signal processing | ZK | 4 |
| This course builds on the basic courses of digital signal processing in master's degree, develops and deepens the knowledge corresponding to the needs of doctoral studies in the area of 1-D signal processing. It covers spectral and cepstral analysis, parametric methods, optimal LTI filters, frequency analysis, methods of analysis of relations between time series. | | | |
| XP31FSK | Phonetic signals and their coding | ZK | 4 |
| The subject introduces the processing of speech signals. Within the subject students should manage from basic to advanced and modern algorithms of speech analysis, synthesis, coding or enhancement. Further reasonable part is focused on speech recognition, where students will get to know modern and advanced technique in task as small and large vocabulary speech recognition or speaker recognition. Special attention is devoted to usage of classification techniques based on GMM, DTW, HMM, ANN/DNN, WFST, JFA, i-vectors, etc. | | | |
| XP31NOS | Design and circuit structures of electronic systems | ZK | 4 |
| The course deals with important applications of analogue technique. The subject is divided into the three basic parts. The first part is devoted to amplifiers and analog functional blocks for measurement and signal processing. Special application amplifiers, nonlinear and parametric analog functional blocks and fast analog circuits operating in current mode are also discussed. The second part is devoted to linear analog systems, their characteristics, description and synthesis capabilities. There are discussed: the types of filters and their field of application, methods of filter synthesis and their optimization with regard to real properties and value variances of the circuit elements, implementation of active filters, including discrete-time filters, i.e. switched capacitor (SC) and switched-current (SI) circuits. The last part deals with computer-aided circuit design. The principles of modeling of the analyzed system, including models of functional blocks and circuit elements are discussed together with simulation result processing and their utilization for circuit design and optimization. | | | |
| XP31TSS | Signal and system theory | ZK | 4 |
| Signals and transformations - Laplace and Z-transforms, Fourier transform, cepstra, wavelet transforms. Signal parameterization - AR, MA, ARMA models, LPC cepstrum. Signal classification - spectral distances, Markov models, neural nets, signal prediction. | | | |
| XP31ZBS | Biological Signal Processing | ZK | 4 |
| The course deals with the processing of biosignals and advanced methods of processing resulting from current research in solving common projects in cooperation with top institutions (medical faculties, institutes of the ASCR, foreign universities). The subject concept allows us to respond flexibly to new directions and knowledge in the field. | | | |

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| XP32AKR | Applied Cryptography Introduction to Cryptography.Mathematics Foundations of Cryptography.Related Problems of Number Theory.Public Key Parameters. Pseudorandom Bits and Sequences. Stream Ciphers. Block Ciphers.Public Key Enciphering. Hash Functions and Data Integrity. Entity Identification and Autentication.Digital Signatures. Key Management Protocols.Key Management Techniques.Effective Implementations of Supporting Algorithms. Patent Pending and Standards. | ZK | 4 |
| XP32DZS | Digital Signal Processing in Telecommunications | ZK | 4 |
| XP32MOS | Mobile Networks The course familiarizes students with evolution and standardization of mobile networks and mainly provides a detailed description of network architectures and discusses basic principles used in mobile networks. The course as well depicts trends and the future development of mobile networks. | ZK | 4 |
| XP32NMR | Numerical Methodes of Electromagnetic Tasks Solution The subject deals with analysis of electromagnetic field distribution through both air and other environment. It offers a view deep inside to popular numerical methods as Finite Difference Method, Boundary Element Method and Finite Element Method. Handling the software is obvious nowadays; nevertheless, the mayor attention is paid to understanding the mathematical background of the used apparatus and understanding the physical principles of the solved tasks in symbiosis to particular used software. | ZK | 4 |
| XP32RTS | Telecommunications Systems Management Telecommunications Systems Management is a discipline which deals problems of interactions of technical and business aspects of management of telecommunication networks and services provided. | ZK | 4 |
| XP32TPZ | Teletraffic Theory The aim of the course is to present an overlook of dimensioning of telecommunications networks on the basis of results of the queuing theory (QT). Introduce possibilities of simulation and modeling networks both from the point of view of grade of service GoS and quality ofservice QoS as well. Results of the QT are applied on different service systems and telecommunication networks deploying and operating at time being.Theoretical knowledge about models of service systems can be utilized for dimensioning of different service systems in real life - not only in the telecommunication. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33BID | Bionics Relationship: biology + technology = bionics. Bionics Classification. An overview of biological principles and its technological parallels: reproduction, growth, movement, breathing, heart action, digestion, excrementation, thermoregulation, vision, hearing, taste, smell, sense of touch, speech, memory. Neural and neuronal systems. Motion control. Biosensors and sensors for robotics. Information transfer in biotechnological systems. Biosystems modelling. Biosystems diagnostics. Orientation and navigation. Functional supports, internal and external substitutes, bioprotheses. Artificial organs and its control. Intelligent interaction and communication in biotechnical systems. Intelligent input and output filters. Support system for creative thinking. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33DID | Distributed Artificial Intelligence In winter semester 2023/24 the course runs for the last time. In future years, it will not be opened anymore. Distributed problem solving. Multiagent planning. Cooperation. Coordination. Communication. Communication strategies, message passing. Various AI approaches, case studies. Types of agent behavior. Negotiation. Organizational structuring. Partial global planning. Blackboard systems. Client-server systems. Peer-to-peer systems. Implementation aspects of distributed knowledge-based systems. Learning in multiagent systems. Meta-agent. Agents acquaintance models, social knowledge, reflectivity in MAS. Coalition formation, team work. Formal models of agent architecture. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33ECD | Evolutionary Computing Introduction to evolutionary computing in contrast to classical computing techniques, Genetic algorithms (GA) for optimisation. The Simple Genetic Algorithm (SGA) and its behaviour. GA Convergence, negative phenomena. GA and constrained tasks, special representations. Genetic Programming (GP), relationship to GA. GP typical tasks, GP and machine learning. GA and GP applications. Special methods for improving GA performance. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33FLO | Fuzzy Logic Basics of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic. Measures on collections of fuzzy sets. Principles of fuzzy control. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33GAD | Geometrical Algebras Algebraic structures used in geometry: Groups and linear spaces, ordered groups and fields, othogonal groups, Clifford algebras, etc. Discussion of potential applications in image processing. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33ICT | Modern ICT for Industry and Smart Grids | ZK | 4 |
| XP33IMD | Informatics in Clinical Medicine Medical data processed by automatized systems. Specific problems of medical informatics. Computer supported documentation in doctor's work. Hospital information systems. Requirements on information system projects from the point of view of medicine. Introduced hospital information systems. Diagnosis theory, computer aided diagnosis. Knowledge-based systems and their application in medicine. Database systems, biomedical databases. Computers in clinical biochemical laboratories. Computers in metabolic and intensive care. Computer aided therapy planning. Standardiyation and communication between information systems in medicine. Specialized computer networks. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33KSI | Sotware Engineering - Selected chapters | ZK | 4 |
| XP33LPD | Logic and Logic Programming Mathematical logics and its relation to technical disciplines. Formal system and its essential properties - validity, completeness. Syntax and semantics, basic definitions. Compactness theorem. First order language and its interpretation. Theory and its model, Herbrand's model. Herbrand's theorem, Gödel's completeness theorem and their practical implications. Limits of computability and probability. Logic programming and Prolog language. Metodology of logic programming. Introduction of extralogical features and metapredicates. New trends - constraint logic programming (CLP)and inductive logic programming (ILP). Some practical examples of complex logic programs and practical applications. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33MKD | Mathematics for Cybernetics - Selected Topics Overview of modern mathematics. Ordering, lattices, Boolean algebras, representations. Topological spaces. Metric spaces, completeness, fixed-point theorem with applications, fractals. Linear spaces, constructions with linear spaces. Systems of linear equations, spectral theory. Matrix calculus, matrix inequalities. Least squares and singular value decomposition. Tensor product. Elementary theory of Hilbert spaces. Introduction to category theory. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33MOL | Modal Logics for Distributed Systems A model of knowledge in distributed environment and "muddy children puzzle". Introduction of modal operators and their semantics based on possible-worlds model. Properties of knowledge. Correspondence between axioms and properties of possibility relation in the model. Knowledge in MAS. Common knowledge and agreement. | ZK | 4 |
| XP33NUM | Numerical Analysis The course introduces to basic numerical methods of interpolation and approximation of functions, numerical differentiation and integration, solution of transcendent and (ordinary and partial) differential equations and systems of linear equations. Emphasis is put on estimation of errors, practical skills with the methods and demonstration of their properties using Maple and computer graphics. | Z,ZK | 4 |
| XP33PAD | Probabilistic Algorithms A survey of basic notions of statistic and probability. An analysis of the notion of non-deterministic algorithm. Effectivity criteria for non-deterministic algorithms. Theoretical apparatus of probabilistic algorithms. The probability of failure. Loss function. The expected risk. Probabilistic analysis of deterministic algorithms. Criteria for application of probabilistic algorithms. Probabilistic algorithms and their practical importance. | ZK | 2 |
| XP33PAM | Industrial application of multi-agent systems | ZK | 4 |

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| XP33PMD | Probabilistic Models of Uncertainty in AI | ZK | 4 |
| Basic (discrete) probability. Foundations of graph theory. Triangulated graphs and their characteristics. Information as a measure of dependence. Conditional independence (Factorization Lemma, Block Independence Lemma). Knowledge representation by multidimensional distributions. Qualitative knowledge represented by dependence structures. Graphical Markov models and Bayesian networks. Decomposable models for computation in Graphical Markov models. Examples of application. | | | |
| XP33PPD | Practical Data Mining Problems | ZK | 4 |
| The course is focused on solving of practical data mining problems. Lectures deal with data transformation, pre-processing and verification, selection of a suitable data mining algorithm and data mining process evaluation and results interpretation. The attention is paid to solving of an individual data mining problem based on real-life data under supervision of the lecturer. | | | |
| XP33PUD | Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| Natural language communication with a computer, phases of processing, syntactic analysis, grammars including DCG. Understanding a sentence, semantic support of analysis and efficient memory organization. Knowledge engineering and knowledge elicitation. Machine learning -review of methods and tools. PAC learning. Learning in 1st order logic, ILP. Planning and scheduling. | | | |
| XP33RMD | Control of Mobile Robots | ZK | 4 |
| Design of Intelligent Mobile Robots. Known Control Architectures. Top-Down and Bottom-Up Approaches. Overview and Comparison. Distributed Autonomous Motion Control. Modelling. Realisation. Neighbourhood Mapping. Needed Sensors. Ground of Ethology. Imprinting. Taxe. Stimuli, Receptors. Multiple Motivated Behaviour. Reactive and Planning Behaviour. Integration. Community Robots Structure. Task- or Behaviour-Oriented Robots. Ways and Realisation of Robots Co-operation, Motivation, Observation, Perception, Communication and Imitation. Multi-Agent reinforcement Learning. Q-Learning. Action Selection Mechanism, Learning Method, Exploration Strategy. Emotional Learning. Evolutionary Approach to Synthetic Biology. Artificial Life. Virtual World Different Approaches. Robots Competition, RoboCup, Strategy Selection, Implementation. Open Problems. | | | |
| XP33ROD | Pattern Recognition | ZK | 4 |
| See https://cw.fel.cvut.cz/wiki/courses/xp33rod/start | | | |
| XP33ROZ | Selected Topics in Pattern Recognition | ZK | 4 |
| Prerequisites: basic course in pattern recognition (e.g. P33ROD, 33RPZ). Selected topics: Anderson's problem, Kozince algorithm, kernel perceptron, nonlinear Fisher discriminant. Vapnik's learning theorz. Deterministic learning. Unsupervised learning: Robbins algorithm and empirical Bayesian approach. Expectation-minimization algorithm. Recognition of sequences and directed acyclic graphs. Markov models. Combination of weak classifiers: boosting and bagging. AdaBoost. | | | |
| XP33RSK | Robust Statistics for Cybernetics | ZK | 4 |
| Statistical methods are basic tools of control and decision making theory. Classical statistical methods (e.g. MLE) are usually very sensitive to deviations from our idealized model. Thus many methods which are robust have been developed. It means that these methods are not so sensitive to small deviations from an underlying model. So we briefly explain the parametric concept of estimation and then we introduce the robust approach, some basic robust estimators of location (e.g. trimmed mean, Hampel estimator) and measures of robustness (influence function, breakdown point). | | | |
| XP33SCD | Man-Machine Systems | ZK | 4 |
| History of man-machine systems development. Human operator tasks. Manual control, supervisory control cognitive control. Typical structure of a control system. Distribution of priorities in control between operator and machine. Control levels after Rasmussen. Skill based, role based and knowledge based operator behavior models. Fuzzy models. Cognitive models. Operator psychology. Mental models. Human-machine interaction. Intelligent interface. Factors influencing operator behavior. Stress. Mental load. Human error detection. Man-machine system reliability. Man-machine systems simulators. User-centered system design. | | | |
| XP33TTM | Text mining | ZK | 4 |
| XP33UID | Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| Basic terminological issues. Knowledge representation: production systems, predicate logics, semantic nets, frames, and scenarios. Problem solving, state space search. Admissibility and informedness of the search algorithms. Expert systems for diagnostics and planning tasks. Uncertainty processing. Hajek's algebraic theory. Creation of knowledge bases. Knowledge acquisition, induction from examples. Distributed expert systems with the blackboard architecture, multi-agent systems. Backgrounds of pattern recognition. | | | |
| XP33VID | 3D Computer Vision | ZK | 4 |
| Introduction to perspective geometry, perspective camera. Fundamental and essential matrices, their robust estimation, camera calibration. Correspondence problem, structure from motion. The stereoscopic vision problem, cyclopean representation, disparity, disparity gradient limit, ordering constraint, four basic formulations of the dense correspondence problem. Surface model reconstruction from stereovision, error propagation, examples. Physics of image reflection, image irradiance equation, basic reflectance models. The shape from Lambertian shading problem. Local shading analysis. Overview of other Shape-from-X methods. Up-to-date info at https://cw.felk.cvut.cz/doku.php/courses/xp33vid/start | | | |
| XP33ZPM | | ZK | 4 |
| XP33ZVD | Introduction to Computer Vision | ZK | 4 |
| The subject does not exist anymore. Its last lecture run in the academic year 2021/2022. | | | |
| XP34APD | Advanced Power Semiconductor Devices and ICs | ZK | 4 |
| Physical and technological structures. Development trends. Parameters and applications. Bipolar structures. MOS structures. BiMOS structures. PN diodes. Schottky diodes. Bipolar transistors. MOS and IGBT transistors. Thyristors (including GTO and MCT). Secondary breakdown, mechanism, safe area. Smart-power devices. High voltage ICs, operation, principles, applications | | | |
| XP34AT | TCAD Tools Applications | ZK | 4 |
| Fundamentals of the computer-aided technological design. Device simulators Atlas and Sentaurus: principle, applications. Basic equations. Boundary conditions. Numerical methods. Recombination models. Avalanche ionisation models. Mobility models. Hands-on exercises on SUN workstations according to the tasks of students' individual theses. | | | |
| XP34CNO | Integrated Optics | ZK | 4 |
| Theoretical and technological principles of IO Basic materials for IO. Light propagation in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Prismatic and gratule coupling elements. Graticule structures. Modal spectroscopy. Fundamental physical effects and interactions for IO. Preparation of dielectric waveguides and structures. Passive waveguide structures. Electro-optical modulators. Applicable measurement methods. Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconductor integrated opto-electronic structures. | | | |
| XP34ETS | Electrical Transport in Semiconductors | ZK | 4 |
| Electron and hole transport in semiconductor crystals. Effective mass, mobility Boltzmann's transport equation. Scatter mechanisms, frequency. Scattering on phonons, ionised impurities, velocity saturation. Relaxation time approximation Carrier transport in a strong electric field, velocity saturation. Carrier transport in magnetic field. Carrier transport in nanometre structures. Quantum transport, density matrix, Green's and Wigner's functions. Resonance tunnelling, transport of electrons in superlattices. Single electron transport, Coulomb's blockade. Ballistic transport. Quantum Hall's effect. Simulation of transport effects. | | | |
| XP34IO | Integrated Optics | ZK | 4 |
| Light propagation in waveguide structures. Methods of waveguide structure design. Waveguide coupling elements. Gratings structures at waveguides. Fundamental physical effects and interactions for IO. Design and preparation of dielectric and polymer waveguides and structures. Optical waveguide gratings. Passive waveguide structures. Electro-absorption, electro-optical and thermo-optical effects and their use for IO. Structures for control of optical radiation. . Devices based on nonlinear effects. Semiconductor integrated structures, optical amplifiers. Optical components for informatics and sensors, multiplexing and optical processing. Applicable measurement methods, principles of nanophotonics and integrated optics application. | | | |

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| XP34MSY | Microsystems Fundamental concepts and classification of microsystems. Micro-sensors. Micro-actuators. Signal processing within the system. MEMS (micro-electrical-mechanical structures). MOES (micro-optical-electrical structures). MEMOS (micro-electrical-mechanical-optical structures). Microsystem design. Microsystem modelling. Manufacturing technologies. Materials. Industrial applications. Medical applications. | ZK | 4 |
| XP34ORD | Optical Radiation Detection and Detectors Spectrum of electromagnetic radiation, radiometric and photometric units. Detection of optical radiation. Ideal detectors, internal and external photo-effect. External photo-effect detectors, photomultipliers. Internal photo-effect detectors, PN junction. PIN photodiode, physical principles, properties. Avalanche photodiode, physical principles, properties. Photo-resistors, physical principles, properties. Thermal energy conversion detectors. Bolometers, thermocouples. Pyroelectric detectors. Some other detector types. Optical receivers, design principles, properties, noise. Solar cells, properties. Measurement methods, applications. | ZK | 4 |
| XP34PED | Advanced Electronic Devices Energy band engineering. Quantum well, wire, point. 2D electron gas based devices (HEMT, MOD FET). Devices based on resonance double-barrier tunnelling. 3D structures. Quantum device applications (memories, generators, multipliers). Heterogeneous structures. Microwave devices, HBT, Gunn diodes. Microwave device applications. Heterogeneous devices with internal optical coupling. Cryotronic devices. Recording media. IC development trends. | ZK | 4 |
| XP34PIC | Programmable IC Design The aim of the course is to acquaint students with advanced methods of design, synthesis and verification of programmable systems and systems with high integration on the chip. Students will learn the basic building elements, architecture and design procedures used to implement complex integrated systems, methods of describing them, and procedures their synthesis. They will learn verification strategy, design and analysis of tests. This project-oriented course would with the use of state-of-the-art EDA tools to implement a comprehensive programmable integrated system whose application would be linked to the topic of the dissertation. | ZK | 4 |
| XP34SRS | Semiconductor Radiation Sources Stimulated emission in semiconductors. Homogeneous and heterogeneous junction, double heterostructure lasers and LEDs. Non-coherent LED's, super-luminescence diodes. Electromagnetic fields in semiconductor lasers. Types of lasers and their properties. Waveguide lasers, DFB and BFR structures. SQW and MQW lasers, quantum wells. Tunable injection lasers. Spectral line width and line stability. Radiating characteristic, coupling of the radiation source to a waveguide. Bi-stable and memory elements and switches. Semiconductor injection, waveguide amplifiers and wave converters. Lasers and non-coherent diodes for optical communications. Measurement methods, applications. | ZK | 4 |
| XP34STV | VLSI Structures and Technologies Functional structures of the IC's. Bipolar and unipolar structures. BiCMOS structures. 3D structures. Sub-micron structures. Memory structures. Testing structures. VLSI technological processes. Advanced semiconductor technology. IC design, design of technology. Design rules. Reliability, yield. Outlooks and limitations of IC development | ZK | 4 |
| XP34TOS | Technology of Optical Devices Preparation of optoelectronic materials and structures. Diagnostic and testing methods. Design and preparation of double heterostructures. Preparation of semiconductor waveguides. Preparation of LED's, lasers, photo-resistors. Preparation of QW structures. Design of dielectric waveguide structures. Preparation of dielectric waveguide structures. Design and preparation of optical radiation distributing structures. Design and preparation of optical radiation control structures. Measurement methods. Testing methods. Examples of semiconductor structures. Examples of dielectric structures. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35CCM | Cooperative Control of Multi-agent systems Cooperative distributed control is a relatively novel and rapidly developing area of control theory and engineering. Instead of centralized, large systems are considered composed of autonomous subsystems, with local computation and communication capabilities. The broad aim is solving classical problems e.g. stabilization, tracking, estimation and optimization, via local communication and team cooperation robust to changes in communication topology and disturbance. Relevant topics of classical control theory are revisited and a brief review of background mathematics needed for the course is also provided. The potential use of multi-agent cooperation in challenging applications involving environment to be controlled or observed is discussed. Theory: Review of qualitative properties of dynamical systems, Motivation for distributed multi-agent systems, Elements of algebraic graph theory, Distributed estimation and control, Consensus and synchronization of linear/nonlinear, continuous/discrete-time systems, Cooperative stability, optimality and robustness, Distributed optimization: multi-player game theory, Interactions with environment. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35FMD | Fuzzy Modelling and Control The goal of the subject is to introduce the up-to-date trends and results in the area of modelling and control of nonlinear systems based on fuzzy logic and neural networks. This includes especially analysis and synthesis of Takagi-Sugeno fuzzy systems, utilization of fuzzy systems and neural networks in control of nonlinear systems by approximation of unknown functions appearing in the description of the system, and design of adaptive fuzzy systems both direct and indirect. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35LMI | Linear Matrix Inequalities Semidefinite programming or optimization over linear matrix inequalities (LMIs) is an extension of linear programming to the cone of positive semidefinite matrices. LMI methods are an important modern tool in systems control and signal processing. Theory: Convex sets represented via LMIs; LMI relaxations for solution of non-convex polynomial optimization problems; Interior-point algorithms to solve LMI problems; Solvers and software; LMIs for polynomial methods in control. Control applications: robustness analysis of linear and nonlinear systems; design of fixed-order robust controllers with H-infinity specifications. For more information, see http://www.laas.fr/~henrion/courses/lmi | ZK | 4 |
| XP35LSD | Linear Systems This course builds upon the master program lectures on Dynamical Systems Theory. The structure and properties of linear multi-input multi-output systems are studied. The significance of these results for the design of linear controls is demonstrated. The presentation focuses on pole placement techniques, linear state regulation and estimation, and LQG control design. State-space and transfer-function design techniques are compared. The lectures are supported by laboratory experiments using Matlab, Control System Toolbox, and Polynomial Toolbox. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35NES | Nonlinear Systems This course constitutes a continuation of the master level course "Nonlinear systems" being opened during winter semester. It is devoted to the detailed study of nonlinear systems structure from the control design point of view. It is based on state space description of nonlinear systems. Model transformations will be studied to simplify them and thereby facilitate the controllers design. It gives mathematical conditions for the existence of these transformations. Nonlinear analogues of controllability and observability will be introduced and studied as well and their relation to detectability and stabilizability investigated. Finally, elements of nonlinear output regulation as well as of nonlinear robust and adaptive design will be presented. Exercises will be, in particular, based on MATLAB and SIMULINK use. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35OFD | Estimation and Filtering Methodology: experiment design, structure selection and parameter estimation. Bayesian approach to uncertainty description. Posterior probability density function and point estimates: MS, LMS, ML and MAP. Robust numerical implementation of least squares estimation for Gaussian distribution. Parameter estimation and state filtering - Bayesian approach. Kalman filter for white noise. Properties of Kalman filter. Kalman filter for colored/correlated noise. | ZK | 4 |
| XP35RRD | Robust Control Advanced course on selected topics in robust control. | ZK | 4 |
| XP36ASP | Architecture of Symbolic Computers Symbolic expressions and abstract programs, lambda calculus, formal basis for abstract programming, self-interpretation, SECD abstract machine, memory management, demand-driven evaluation, Lisp implementations, predicate logic and its inference engine, Prolog inference engine and dynamic algebras, Warren abstract machine, optimisation, Prolog implementations, parallel inference engines. | ZK | 4 |
| XP36DRO | Diagnostics and Reconfiguration of Programmable Circuits The subject is aimed to help PhD students to understand better methods of reliability and availability improvement of SOC and NOC circuits built on FPGAs and ASICs. | ZK | 4 |

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| XP36DSY | Distributed Systems | ZK | 4 |
| Communication mechanisms - message exchange, procedural communication (RPC, ORB), distributed shared memory. Process algebras - CSP, CCS, and pi-calculus, cooperating automata, Petri nets. Distributed execution, global state, causality, logical time. Algorithms of: exclusive access, leader election, deadlock detection/prevention, termination. Faults, resiliency, quorum algorithms, replication. Mobility, search in distributed systems - DHT. | | | |
| XP36HS | Hypermedia Systems and Internet Computing | ZK | 4 |
| Hypermedia systems, basic models. Intelligent searching, adaptive navigation, personalization of access to web applications. Web intelligence, semantic web. Web engineering, main topics and the ways out. Internet computing. Modern technologies for web applications design. | | | |
| XP36JAI | Languages for Artificial Intelligence | ZK | 4 |
| The course offers a deep insight into the two programming languages that are most frequently used in the domain of artificial intelligence (Lisp, Prolog). It exhibits programming paradigms used to build typical AI algorithms and gives some basics concerning the implementation of the two languages. | | | |
| XP36KP | Communication Protocols | ZK | 4 |
| Communication protocol principles, SDL language, protocol architecture: ISO OSI, error control, data-link layer protocols: X.25, higher layer protocols (TCP, TP4), communicating finite state machines, implementation tools (FSM language ESTELLE, regular grammars), use of Petri nets, specification language LOTOS, protocol transformation, design, synthesis, validation and verification of protocols. | | | |
| XP36LSM | Logical Simulation | ZK | 4 |
| General introduction to simulation: fundamental ideas and principles of simulation systems, synchronous and asynchronous simulation. Simulation system VHDL and its use for simulation of digital circuits: data types, entities, architectures, sequential environment (processes, functions, procedures), signals and their attributes, resolution function, parallel environment (data-flow description, blocks, structural description), configuration of structural models. Students who completed course 36SIM cannot enroll. | | | |
| XP36NSN | Neural Networks and Neurocomputers | ZK | 4 |
| Theoretical background, paradigm classification and artificial neural networks learning methods. Student is supposed to propose and test the application of an artificial neural network for a partial issue concerning his dissertation theme during the semester. Procedure and results would be concluded in the preliminary publication form designed to be presentable on a scientific forum. | | | |
| XP36PAS | Algebraic Specifications Prototyping | ZK | 4 |
| Algebraic specification, syntax and semantics of a specification language (OBJ3), structured specifications, generic specifications, implementation of an algebraic specification, interpretation using Prolog, translation into Lisp, term rewriting systems, abstract rewriting machine, prototyping of a specification, prototyping in OBJ3, conversion to procedural language (C++). | | | |
| XP36POA | Advanced Parallel Algorithms | ZK | 4 |
| Design and analysis of time-, and cost-efficient PRAM algorithms and parallel algorithms for distributed memory machines. The collection of algorithms includes: advanced parallel scan algorithms, distributed list ranking, Cole's MergeSort, optimal mesh sort, connected components, tree contraction and tree evaluation, pattern matching in texts. | | | |
| XP36PSV | Parallel Systems and Algorithms | ZK | 4 |
| Complexity measures and scalability of parallel algorithms. Parallel computer architectures, models, PRAM, APRAM. Direct and indirect interconnection networks, embeddings, simulations. Communication algorithms - routing, switching techniques, deadlock problem, permutation routing, collective communication operations. Fundamental parallel algorithms - reduction, prefix computation, Euler tour technique. Parallel sorting. Parallel linear algebra algorithms. Parallel combinatorial search. Parallel complexity theory Graduates of engineering studies in specialization Computer Science and Informatics FEE CTU cannot register. | | | |
| XP36RGM | Reading group in data mining and machine learning | ZK | 4 |
| Data mining (DM) aims at revealing non-trivial, hidden and ultimately applicable knowledge in large data. Data size and data heterogeneity make two key data mining technical issues to be solved. The main goal is to understand the patterns that drive the processes generating the data. Machine learning (ML) focuses at computer algorithms that can improve automatically through experience and by the use of data. It often puts emphasis on performance that the algorithms reach. The distinction between DM and ML is not strict as machine learning is often used as a means of conducting useful data mining. For this reason, we cover both the areas in the same course. The main goal of the course is to get acquainted with advanced and modern topics in the field. | | | |
| XP36RSY | Reconfigurable Systems | ZK | 4 |
| Systems that have reconfigurability as a part of normal function. Technology of reconfiguration., partially reconfigurable devices. Reconfiguration control and management, collaboration with operating systems, software support. Design and verification of reconfigurable systems, algorithms, EDA tools. Reconfiguration in System on Chip (SoC). Codesign issues in SoC. Seminars, experiments with reconfigurable devices, case study, literature research. | | | |
| XP36SEP | Seminars on Architectures of Parallel Computers | ZK | 4 |
| Overview of architectures of high-performance computers and trends in technologies. Memory coherence and sequential consistency models. Shared-memory architectures: buses and switches, bus-based cache coherence protocols and synchronization mechanisms. Virtual shared memory architectures: distributed cache-coherence protocols. Synchronization mechanisms - barriers. Clusters: fast communication networks and protocols. | | | |
| XP36STR | Stringology | ZK | 4 |
| Processing of strings and sequences. General, ordered alphabet. Generalized and weighted strings. Finite and infinite alphabet. Searching in text, dictionaries and languages. Exact and approximate matching. Forward and backward matching. Searching in compressed text. Searching in more-dimensional text. Searching for longest common factors and subsequences. Searching for regularities in text. Construction of covering of text. Representation of text, prefix, suffix and factor automata, suffix trees and arrays. | | | |
| XP36VAP | Advanced Computer Architecture | ZK | 4 |
| Instruction level parallelism (pipelined, superpipelined and superscalar systems). Basic limitations to parallelism (structural, data and control hazards). Instruction fetch and execution methods (in order, out of order). Register data flow, software and hardware solutions, interlocking, scoreboard, control stack. Memory reuse, register renaming. Modern RISC processors. Parallel systems, performance evaluation, HPC, supercomputers. Shared memory multiprocessors (bus, switch, switched memory). Interconnection structures. Cache coherence mechanisms for multiprocessor systems. MIMD systems UMA, NUMA, COMA. Distributed memory multiprocessors (crossbar switch). Data flow systems, multithreading. Accelerators, special architectures. | | | |
| XP36VPD | Selected Parts of Data Mining | ZK | 4 |
| Data mining aims at revealing non-trivial, hidden and ultimately applicable knowledge in large data. This course focuses on two key data mining issues: data size and their heterogeneity. When dealing with large data, it is important to resolve both the technical issues such as distributed computing or hashing and general algorithmic complexity. In this part, the course will be motivated mainly by case studies on web and social network mining. The second part will discuss approaches that merge heterogeneous prior knowledge with measured data. Bioinformatics will make the main application field here. It is assumed that students have completed the master course on Machine Learning and Data Analysis (A4M33SAD). | | | |
| XP37AEM | Acoustic and Electroacoustic Measurements | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Measurement of acoustic pressure, measuring microphones. Measurement of acoustic impedance. Fundamental audiometric measurements, artificial ear. Measurement of acoustic power. Methods of calibration of measuring microphones. Method of reciprocity. Method of reciprocity in the field of the spherical wave, in the diffusion sound field. Calibration methods for accelerometers and sensors of velocity and displacement. Measurement of mechanical impedance, impedance head, artificial mastoid. Electrostatic transducer and its application for electroacoustic measurements. Measurement of thin membranes and air-gaps. Acoustic intensity measurement. Measurements of acoustic transmitters. | | | |
| XP37APF | Acoustics and Electroacoustics of Solid State | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Waves in elastic isotropic unbounded continuum. Wave equation. Scalar and vector potential. Plane harmonic uniform and non-uniform wave. Energy and power in plane harmonic wave. Plane wave in half-space, reflection and refraction of a plane wave at an interface between two solids. P-wave, SV and SH waves. Rayleigh waves. Waves in wave -guides in | | | |

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| solids. Wave propagation in cylindrical wave-guide. Solid-state waveguides of non-uniform cross-section. Piezoelectricity. Equivalent circuits of piezoelectric transducers for generation of volume and surface waves. | | | |
| XP37AR | Speech Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| Vocal tract, anatomy, physiology. Vocal cords, production of speech. Types of phonemes. Speech analysis and synthesis. Automatic recognition of speech. | | | |
| XP37ARA | Architectural Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| Wave theory, geometrical and statistical acoustics. Acoustical lining and sound absorption. Objective room acoustic parameters. Subjective criteria for auditory quality of halls. Room acoustics measurement technique. Physical modelling and numerical simulation of sound propagation. Electroacoustic sound reinforcement. Acoustical properties of buildings: absorption of sound, sound insulation. Simple and complex constructions. Criteria for sound insulation properties of building constructions. Measurement in acoustics of constructions. Calculations in room acoustics. | | | |
| XP37DRS | Satellite communication and navigation systems | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Satellite communication - overview. Systems for fixed and mobile service. Satellite networks: Intelsat, Eutelsat, Inmarsat, Intersputnik, Astra. Orbits (LEO, MEO, GEO, HEO) and parameters of satellite communication channel. Energetic budget of satellite link. Satellite link design. Frequency bands. Modulations and multiplexes: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA. Spread spectrum communication. Systems VSAT, DAMA, DVB-S, S-UMTS. Multimedia satellite services. Satellite navigation systems: GPS, GLONASS and GALILEO. Satellite communication and navigation systems integration - CNS systems. | | | |
| XP37ELA | Elastoacoustics | ZK | 4 |
| The course deals with interactions of elastic structures with gaseous medium, namely vibrations of plates, radiation impedances, modal equations, influence of walls surrounding acoustic space, finite element method, calculation of eigenfrequencies. | | | |
| XP37FHA | Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| Anatomy of the hearing organ, hearing theory, hearing field, loudness, masking, pitch of sound, temporal thresholds, distortion in the hearing organ, adaptation, fatigue and impairment of hearing system. Binaural hearing, objective and subjective properties of musical signals, statistical and dynamical analysis. Perception of simple tones and complex sounds, consonancy and dissonancy. Psychoacoustics of transmission of the musical signal. Methods of psychoacoustic measurements, their validity, repeatability. Planning and realization of listening tests, methods of statistical analysis of results, interpretation. | | | |
| XP37FHA1 | Physiological, Psychological and Musical Acoustics 1 | ZK | 4 |
| Properties of musical signal in temporal and frequency domains, methods of sound synthesis, timbre and interpretation of sound spectra, objective assessment of timbre, theory of sound quality, introduction to acoustics of speech and singing, physical.-acoustic principles of musical instruments, tuning, dynamics, timbre of the tone, radiation properties of musical instruments, introduction to methodology of measurement of musical instruments. | | | |
| XP37FOS | Photonic Imaging Systems | ZK | 4 |
| Image and its representation. Energetic image description. Principles of image acquisition, transferring and storing. Image entropy function, 2 dimensional autocorrelation curve and probability image description. Novel compression techniques. Image reproduction, matrix description. Light diffraction. 2D transfer functions - PSF, MTF, PSF, MTF of real imaging and detection systems. 2D transfer systems and their signal distortion, image aberration and their correction, toleration analysis of optical system. Receivers and transmitters for special application. Photonic processors, computers and memories. | | | |
| XP37FZS | Fuzzy Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 4 |
| PhD students education and their research activities are focused on the problems of utilize fuzzy logic and neural network for optimization algorithm used at numerical signal processing as adaptive filtration, diagnostic of the signal, control phase lock and so on. | | | |
| XP37GAB | Genesis and Analysis of Biosignals | ZK | 4 |
| The subject deals with genesis and description of the most important biological signals of both electric and non-electric nature. Properties of the biosignal, essential for the consequential signal processing, are studied. Finally, simple and advanced methods of biosignals pre-processing, analysis and evaluation are presented for each the biosignal. | | | |
| XP37LN | Aircraft Navigation | ZK | 4 |
| XP37MPS | Multimedia Signals Transmission | ZK | 4 |
| Generalized communication system scheme. Extended knowledges in radio transmitters and radio receivers. Radio transmitters and receivers system design. Satellite communication systems. Public cellular radiotelephone systems. Terrestrial and satellite digital broadcasting. Analog and digital radiorelay systems. Metallic communication systems. Noncoherent and coherent optoelectronic communication systems. Modulation and multiplexing in optoelectronic systems. Cable television networks, interactive television systems. Mobile radiocommunications development trends. Electromagnetic compatibility. | | | |
| XP37MSC | CNS Modern Systems | ZK | 4 |
| XP37MVP | Scientific Work Methodology | ZK | 4 |
| Targeting and motivation of scientific work, exploitation of literature and other information resources, accessible databases, fundamentals of project preparation, examples of scientific projects, formal requirements (PhD Thesis, article, conference), patents and patent search, Internet exploitation, discussion groups, WWW presentations, project presentation. | | | |
| XP37NRO | CAD for RF and Microwave Circuits | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Current models of semiconductor devices and transmission lines implemented in the PSpice class and similar programs. Hierarchy of the models of other elements of RF and microwave circuits. Enhancing the model accuracy with artificial neural networks (ANN). Advanced algorithms for analysis and optimization of RF and microwave circuits. Model parameter extraction. | | | |
| XP37ODS | Optical Design and Simulation | ZK | 4 |
| XP37PKP | Biomedical Engineering in Clinical Practice | ZK | 4 |
| Solving methods of practical problems that a biomedical engineer has to overcome in the clinical practice. Position of BME in research and in the clinical practice. Guidelines for animal and clinical experiments - design, conducting and evaluation, statistical analysis used in medicine. Thermodynamics of gas mixtures. Humidification of ventilation gases. Evaporisers of anaesthetical substances. Systems with compressible fluids. Measurement of physical parameters in rigid and compliant systems. Basic parts of pneumatic systems in medicine (jet generators, generators of airflow and pressure, gas blenders, etc.). Modelling and analysis of biological systems using electrical analogy, practical applications. Analysis of body fluids. Electrochemical, optical, biochemical sensors. Haematology analysers. Interference, corrections of measured values, standardisation in medicine. Electrostimulation. of internal organs and skeletal muscles. Electrodes and circuits for biopotential measurement and electrical stimulation. Indirect measuring methods of biological and physical values. | | | |
| XP37RAD | Radioelectronics | ZK | 4 |
| XP37SFA | Fundamentals of Physical Acoustics | ZK | 4 |
| Classical theory of elasticity, Cartesian tensors. Theory of small deformations, dynamic equations of isotropic elastic medium. Microscopic model of fluids. Cinematics of fluids. Dynamics of viscous fluids. Stationary flow of viscous fluid. | | | |
| XP37SRP | Radio Receivers Special Technology | ZK | 4 |
| Introduction to advanced radio receivers technology. Basic structure classical and modern software defined radio receivers. Technical parameters radio receivers. Specific features radiobroadcasting and television receivers. Professional radiocommunication receivers and transceivers. Diversity techniques. Spread spectrum radio receivers. Low noise narrowband and broadband amplifiers. Oscillators and frequency synthesizers. Mixers and demodulators. Radio receivers system design. | | | |
| XP37SZS | Statistical Signal Processing | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Parameter estimation and detection theory. General properties and fundamental limits. ML, LS, Bayes (MAP,MSE), NP, MM estimators and detectors. Adaptive filter theory (Kalman, RLS). Iterative detection and parameter estimation. | | | |

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| XP37TAS | Acoustic signal processing and theory | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Acoustic signal classification, sources, description of properties. Statistical analysis of acoustic signals. Spectral analysis of signals, Fourier transform application. Time-frequency analysis, Short-time Fourier Transform, Wavelet transform, Wigner-Ville distribution. Cepstral analysis and its application in acoustics. Discrete signal processing and its effect to sound perception. Oversampling, noise shaping. Granulation noise, dithering, signal requantization. Acoustic signal acquisition and data pre-processing. Impulse measurements of electro-acoustic systems. System analysis using swept and time delayed acoustic signals. Pseudorandom signals and their application in acoustic system analysis. Digital processing of musical signals. | | | |
| XP37TEA | Theoretical Electroacoustics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Vibrating systems in fluids and solids. Systems of lumped and distributed parameters in solids. Equivalent circuits of membranes and plates. Reciprocal transducers with magnetic and electric field. Non-reciprocal transducers (opto and thermoacoustical transducers, piezoresistive transducer). Electromechanical and electroacoustical transducers with lumped and distributed elements. Radiation, radiation impedance. Acoustic transmitters, directivity. Acoustic receivers. Acoustical systems with lumped and distributed elements. Acoustic waveguides, air-gaps. Coupled systems. | | | |
| XP37TMP | Medical Instrumentation | ZK | 4 |
| The subject deals with principles and properties of medical systems for analysis of body fluids, blood gas analysis, medical minors of basic life functions (ECG, pulse oxymetry EEG, etc.), thermodynamic principles of anaesthetic equipment and equipment for artificial lung ventilation, haematological analysers and other medical apparatuses. | | | |
| XP37VKF | Selected Parts from Photonics | ZK | 4 |
| Anatomy and physiology of vision. Integral photonic sensors. Panoramic (image) photonic sensors. Integral photonic displays. Panoramic photonic displays. Electron optics. Image converters. Special photonic elements. Basic elements of optical systems. Fundamentals of illumination. Fiber-optics elements and systems. Optical methods of information processing. Optical (photonic) processors. | | | |
| XP37VRA | Research Seminars in Radioelectronics and Acoustics | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The course is intended for PhD students of the radioelectronics and acoustics specialization. It develops the presentation skills and serves as a platform for discussion and defence of students' research results. | | | |
| XP37ZI | Information recording | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Magnetic recording theory. FM signal recording. Video information recording systems. High density recording, tape recorder thin heads. Impulse recording and reproduction. Digital recording on CD-audio, DAT. Digital recording on CD-ROM, CD-video. WORM, CD-R recording. Erasable magneto-optical recording on MD. Digital video recording. Coding, data compression. | | | |
| XP37ZSN1 | Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 1 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Distance measurement with pseudorandom signals and with carrier. Position determination based on measured distances. Time delay discriminator. Schema of range navigation receiver. GDOP, PDOP, HDOP, VDOP. GPS system, precision. Glonass and its precision. GALLILEO. Comparison of these systems. | | | |
| XP37ZSN2 | Signal processing in satellite navigation systems 2 | Z,ZK | 4 |
| Doppler satellite navigation systems, structure of receiver and precision of position measurement. Shortcomings of satellite systems: limited access and integrity, RAIM and GIC, augmentation. Differential systems DGPS and DGLONASS, RTCM-104 standard. Systems SKY-FIX, FUGRO, RACAL, WAAS, EGNOS. GALILEO and its prospective. GPS III. | | | |
| XP38EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility of Data Acquisition Systems | ZK | 4 |
| EMC - basic terms. Measurement of electromagnetic emission and immission. EMC standards. Modelling of disturbing signals. Electromagnetic disturbance in laboratory and industry. Design of DAQ systems with regard to EMC. EMC of data transmitting lines. | | | |
| XP38MDR | Methods of Signals Digitalization and Reconstruction | ZK | 4 |
| The up-to-date and unconventional methods of analog preprocessing of typical sensors signals, selection of optimal digitization methods and optimization of hardware solution including of processing of measurement results to achieve high accuracy and effective suppression of disturbing signals. | | | |
| XP38MMN | Measurement of Nonelectric Quantities | ZK | 4 |
| Physical principles of sensors. Measurement of temperature, pressure, flow, movement, position and other physical quantities. Chemical sensors and analyzers, biosensors, metal detectors, detection of explosives. New types of signal conditioning circuits. Sensor Applications in industry, transport and consumer electronics. Security and military applications. Sensor design and technology. Signal processing in sensor systems, intelligent sensors. | | | |
| XP38MPM | Methods for Precision Measurement of Electrical Quantities and Measurement Data Processing | ZK | 4 |
| Quantum standards of electrical quantities. Collective standards. Inductive ratio devices for precision electrical measurements and possibilities of improving their metrological parameters. Modern methods for precision measurement of active and passive electrical quantities. Evaluation of measurement errors and uncertainties. Metrological reliability. Statistical analysis of measurement data. | | | |
| XP38MPX | Magnetism in Engineering Practice | ZK | 4 |
| Students will be introduced into the magnetic materials, magnetic sensors and engineering magnetism including FEM design and magnetic measurements and testing. The content of this advanced course can be modified according to the students' needs. | | | |
| XP38PSL | Aircraft Instrumentation | ZK | 4 |
| The subject acquaints students with the current technology used in aircraft with respect to instruments, systems and sensors working in the low-frequency field and with methods for basic processing of system data. The course includes a detailed description of aircraft instrumentation and its resistance to external influences, a description of aircraft power sources and power electrical engineering, analysis of instruments and systems for measurement of engine and aerometric quantities, and a description of emergency and operational diagnostics. It thus develops the background related to nowadays technology and methodology utilized on aircraft. The course provides a detailed overview of quantitative and qualitative research and analytical methods and their integration into signal/data processing and aircraft system design principles. The last part of the course discusses the current publishing activities in the field of aircraft instrumentation. | | | |
| XP38PUC | | ZK | 2 |
| XP38SSB | Sensors and Buses | ZK | 4 |
| The student will be introduced into the advanced topics of engineering sensors and sensor networks. Topics include: Sensor applications, physical principles, sensor types and important parameters, the concept of smart sensors, measurement systems, analog circuits for sensor signal processing, sensor error correction, calibration and diagnostics, noise and disturbance immunity. | | | |
| XP38SYS | Measurement and Data Acquisition Systems | ZK | 4 |
| The subject introduces the principles and technical means of data acquisition in the laboratory and industrial environment. Attention is paid to both hardware and software aspects of the integration of systems for data acquisition and process control. Laboratory exercises are designed in part in the form of classical tasks, partly in the form of problem-oriented tasks in the field of programming of automated measurement systems and control of measurement processes. | | | |
| XP38VDI | Selected Chapters of Diagnostics | ZK | 4 |
| This course introduces advanced concepts of fault detection, isolation and diagnostics, signal analysis methods for machine condition monitoring, and principles and instrumentation of non-destructive testing, the corresponding advanced signal processing, and self-acting evaluation in order to improve reliability, availability, maintenance, and life-time. | | | |
| XP38VKP | Selected Parts of Instrumentation | ZK | 4 |
| The course is dedicated to principle, properties and applications of selected special measuring instruments. It deals mainly with calibrators and other sources of calibration signals, devices for measurement of extremely low voltage and current signals, lock-in amplifiers, power analyzers and electronic loads, devices used for EMC measurements, real-time spectrum analyzers, metallic and optical reflectometers and radio testers (Bluetooth, NMT, GSM, UMTS). A special part is devoted to sampling measurement methods and virtual instrumentation. | | | |

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| XP38VKZ | Selected Chapters of Signal Processing | ZK | 4 |
| The course is dedicated to advanced signals processing methods used in contemporary electronic devices and measuring instruments. It concerns e.g. the other types of integral transformation (except Fourier), stochastic methods, processing of the multimedia signal, suppressing of unwanted effect, methods used for quality increasing of multimedia signal transmission, etc. | | | |
| XP39PMV | Advanced Methods of Visualization | ZK | 4 |
| Scientific visualization based on physical models. Scientific visualization and volume rendering. Volume graphics. Information visualization. Interaction in scientific visualization environment. Scientific visualization in WWW environment. Particle models and visualization of technological processes. Computational fluid dynamics. | | | |
| XP39SPG | Computer Graphics Seminar | Z,ZK | 4 |
| The computer graphics seminar will cover selected research topics in computer graphics such as efficient rendering techniques, modeling of surface materials and their optical properties, simulation of natural phenomena, geometrical modeling and animation. In the seminar we will also discuss computer graphics techniques used in related research disciplines such as image processing, computer vision and human computer interaction based on the particular topics of PhD theses of the participating students. The goal of the course is to introduce the selected topics to the students and by analyzing selected highly influential research publications to further develop the research capabilities of the students. | | | |
| XP39VPG | Computational Geometry | ZK | 4 |
| Principles of computational geometry (CG), data structures and paradigms, methods of geometric search, convex polygons and hulls, applications of convex hull, proximity problems, Voronoi diagrams, triangulation, efficient intersection algorithms, intersection of semispaces and polygonal regions, geometry of rectangles, dual mappings and spaces, convex hull in dual space, algorithms of computer graphics and CG. Students who completed course 36VGE cannot enroll. | | | |
| XP39VR | Virtual reality | ZK | 4 |
| Advanced methods in the VRML language. Standard and non-standard extensions to the VRML language. Programming of external applications with EAI interface. Multi-user virtual reality. Distant cooperation in virtual environment. Hardware and software support for virtual reality systems. QuickTime VR. Specification X3D. | | | |

For updated information see <http://bilakniha.cvut.cz/en/FF.html>

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